Annual Securities Report

(The 48th fiscal year)

ACOM CO., LTD.

Annual Securities Report

This document has been outputted and printed by adding a table of contents and page numbers to the data contained in the Annual Securities Report which has been submitted through the usage of Electronic Disclosure for Investors' NETwork (EDINET) that is stipulated in Article 27-30-2 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan.

This document is a translation of the Annual Securities Report (original text: Japanese) submitted to the Prime Minister pursuant to Article 24-1 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act. It does not bear any responsibility pertaining to the aforementioned Financial Instruments and Exchange Act regarding the content of the English text. We recommend that the determination of the authenticity of the content be based on the Japanese text of the Annual Securities Report. The independent auditor's reports are not translated and not included in this document.

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[Document Submitted]	Annual Securities Report ("Yukashoken Hokokusho")
[Article of the Applicable Law Requiring Submission of This Document]	Article 24, Paragraph 1 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan
[Submitted to]	Director, Kanto Local Finance Bureau
[Date of Submission]	June 19, 2025
[Accounting Period]	The 48th Fiscal Year (from April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)
[Company Name]	ACOM Kabushiki-Kaisha
[Company Name in English]	ACOM CO., LTD. (the "Company")
[Position and Name of Representative]	Masataka Kinoshita, President & CEO
[Location of Head Office]	9-1, Higashi Shinbashi 1-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo
[Phone No.]	03-6865-0001 (main)
[Contact for Communications]	Akifumi Kinoshita, Executive Officer, Chief General Manager of Accounting Department
[Nearest Contact]	9-1, Higashi Shinbashi 1-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo
[Phone No.]	03-6865-0001 (main)
[Contact for Communications]	Akifumi Kinoshita, Executive Officer, Chief General Manager of Accounting Department
[Place Where Available for Public	Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc.
Inspection]	(2-1, Nihonbashi Kabutocho, Chuo-ku, Tokyo)

Part I Information on the Company

I. Overview of the Company

1. Key Financial Data and Trends

(1) Consolidated financial data, etc.

			(Millions of y	ven, unless oth	erwise stated
Fiscal period	44th fiscal year	45th fiscal year	46th fiscal year	47th fiscal year	48th fiscal year
Period of account	March 2021	March 2022	March 2023	March 2024	March 2025
Operating revenue	266,316	262,155	273,793	294,730	317,742
Ordinary profit	100,014	35,441	87,485	86,715	58,919
Profit attributable to owners of parent	78,864	55,678	54,926	53,091	32,124
Comprehensive income	81,545	59,673	71,409	72,242	56,241
Net assets	515,128	563,963	619,837	674,175	709,035
Total assets	1,219,109	1,263,296	1,297,316	1,417,403	1,486,409
Net assets per share (yen)	310.02	339.51	370.92	400.87	417.18
Basic earnings per share (yen)	50.34	35.54	35.06	33.89	20.51
Diluted earnings per share (yen)	-	-	-	-	-
Shareholders' equity ratio (%)	39.84	42.10	44.79	44.31	43.97
Return on equity (%)	17.51	10.94	9.87	8.78	5.01
Price earnings ratio (times)	10.23	8.98	9.10	11.89	18.62
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	113,179	46,089	(1,318)	(36,759)	876
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(4,566)	(4,032)	(2,692)	(6,178)	(6,478)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(108,786)	(50,162)	(12,933)	57,163	(6,410)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	82,233	74,242	57,666	71,900	60,157
Number of employees [Average number of fixed-term employees not included in the above numbers] (persons)	5,424 [103]	5,317 [113]	5,333 [122]	5,404 [131]	5,498 [127]
			• •		

(Note) Diluted earnings per share is not stated because there is no dilutive security.

(2) Financia	l data etc.	of the Filing	Company
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fiscal year March 2021	fiscal year		fiscal year	fiscal year
	March 2022	fiscal year March 2023	-	March 2025
197,986	194,670	200,679	215,467	233,250
81,254	17,962	70,417	66,986	40,036
70,915	48,082	48,985	46,290	25,922
63,832	63,832	63,832	63,832	63,832
1,596,282	1,566,614	1,566,614	1,566,614	1,566,614
422,847	461,531	496,416	525,474	531,03
1,034,887	1,080,514	1,090,256	1,184,819	1,236,083
269.91	294.60	316.87	335.42	338.9
6.00 [3.00]	7.00 [3.00]	10.00 [5.00]	12.00 [6.00]	14.00 [7.00
45.27	30.69	31.27	29.55	16.5
-	-	-	-	
40.86	42.71	45.53	44.35	42.9
18.12	10.87	10.23	9.06	4.9
11.38	10.39	10.20	13.63	23.0
13.25	22.81	31.98	40.61	84.5
2,112 [87]	2,111 [96]	2,071 [104]	2,042 [113]	2,08 [109
118.68	75.63	77.90	99.73	98.1
[142.13]	[144.96]	[153.38]	[216.79]	[213.44
546	529	360	409	43
	81,254 70,915 63,832 1,596,282 422,847 1,034,887 269.91 6.00 [3.00] 45.27 40.86 18.12 11.38 13.25 2,112 [87] 118.68 [142.13] 546 366	81,254 $17,962$ $70,915$ $48,082$ $63,832$ $63,832$ $1,596,282$ $1,566,614$ $422,847$ $461,531$ $1,034,887$ $1,080,514$ $269,91$ 294.60 6.00 7.00 $[3.00]$ $[3.00]$ 45.27 30.69 40.86 42.71 18.12 10.87 11.38 10.39 13.25 22.81 $2,112$ $2,111$ $[87]$ $[96]$ 118.68 75.63 $[142.13]$ $[144.96]$ 546 529 366 276	81,254 $17,962$ $70,417$ $70,915$ $48,082$ $48,985$ $63,832$ $63,832$ $63,832$ $1,596,282$ $1,566,614$ $1,566,614$ $422,847$ $461,531$ $496,416$ $422,847$ $461,531$ $496,416$ $1,034,887$ $1,080,514$ $1,090,256$ 269.91 294.60 316.87 6.00 7.00 10.00 $[3.00]$ $[3.00]$ $[5.00]$ 45.27 30.69 31.27 40.86 42.71 45.53 18.12 10.87 10.23 11.38 10.39 10.20 13.25 22.81 31.98 $2,112$ $2,111$ $2,071$ $[87]$ $[96]$ $[104]$ 118.68 75.63 77.90 $[142.13]$ $[144.96]$ $[153.38]$ 546 529 360	81,254 $17,962$ $70,417$ $66,986$ $70,915$ $48,082$ $48,985$ $46,290$ $63,832$ $63,832$ $63,832$ $63,832$ $1,596,282$ $1,566,614$ $1,566,614$ $1,566,614$ $422,847$ $461,531$ $496,416$ $525,474$ $1,034,887$ $1,080,514$ $1,090,256$ $1,184,819$ 269.91 294.60 316.87 335.42 6.00 7.00 10.00 12.00 $[3.00]$ $[3.00]$ $[5.00]$ $[6.00]$ 45.27 30.69 31.27 29.55 $ 40.86$ 42.71 45.53 44.35 11.38 10.39 10.20 13.63 13.25 22.81 31.98 40.61 $2,112$ $2,111$ $2,071$ $2,042$ $[87]$ $[96]$ $[104]$ $[113]$ 118.68 75.63 77.90 99.73 $[142.13]$ $[144.96]$ $[153.38]$ $[216.79]$ 366 276 301 315

(Note) 1. Diluted earnings per share is not stated because there is no dilutive security.

2. The highest and lowest share prices were those recorded on the First Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange before April 3, 2022, and on the Standard Market of the Tokyo Stock Exchange after April 4, 2022.

3. Of the annual dividend of 14.00 yen per share for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025, the year-end dividend of 7.00 yen per share is subject to approval at the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders scheduled to be held on June 20, 2025.



4. Total shareholder return changes over the latest five years are as follows:

2. ACOM History

	JM History	
	Year/Month	ACOM History
Γ	1978 Oct.	"ACOM CO., LTD." was founded with share capital of 500 million yen as the business of
		consumer finance, and established its office in Nihonbashi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo.
	1978 Dec.	Acquired 69 consumer finance outlets and receivable-outstanding from "Maruito Co., Ltd." and
		"Joy Co., Ltd.," and started consumer finance business.
	1979 Dec.	Installed an automatic teller machine (ATM), which provides a 24-hour/365-day service, at the
		Ginza branch (located in Ginza, Chuo-ku), as the first in the industry.
	1983 Dec.	Registered to Kanto Local Finance Bureau as a money-lending company along with
		enforcement of "Money-Lending Business Control and Regulations Law".
	1992 Mar.	Absorbed "N. S.K. Shinpan Co., Ltd." and started the business of installment sales finance, golf
		membership mortgage loan, and commercial loan.
	1993 July	Installed "MUJINKUN," automatic contract machine, at the Shinjuku branch and the Hakata
	1000	branch as the first in the industry.
	1993 Oct.	Listed ACOM stock on the over-the-counter market at Japan Securities Dealers Association.
	1994 Dec.	Listed ACOM stock on the second section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange.
	1996 Sept.	Established "SIAM A&C CO., LTD." as a joint venture of hire purchase business in Kingdom
		of Thailand.
	1996 Sept.	Listed ACOM stock on the first section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange.
	1998 July	Acquired principal membership of MasterCard International and obtained a license to issue
	1000	credit cards.
	1999 Apr.	Started issuing MasterCard® and advanced into credit card business.
	2000 Oct.	Acquired all shares of "JUKI CREDIT CO., LTD."
	2000 Nov.	Established "A B PARTNER CO., LTD." as the business of temporary employment agencies
	2001.1.6	and back-office services.
	2001 Mar.	Invested capital in "IR Loan Servicing, Inc." (present, a consolidated subsidiary) to advance
	2001 4	into the servicing business.
	2001 Aug.	Established "Tokyo-Mitsubishi Cash One Ltd." with "The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi, Ltd."
		(present, "MUFG Bank, Ltd."), "The Mitsubishi Trust and Banking Corporation" (present, "The
		Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking Corporation"), "DC CARD Co., Ltd." (present, "Mitsubishi
	2001 Sant	UFJ NICOS Co., Ltd."), and "JACCS CO., LTD."
	2001 Sept. 2004 Mar.	"JUKI CREDIT CO., LTD." changed its corporate name to "JCK CREDIT CO., LTD."
	2004 Mar.	Reached an agreement with respect to a strategic business and capital alliance with "Mitsubishi
	2005 Jan.	Tokyo Financial Group, Inc." (present, "Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc.").
	2003 Jan.	Partially acquired shares of "Tokyo-Mitsubishi Cash One Ltd." and changed its corporate name into "DC Cash One Ltd."
	2005 Jan.	Established "RELATES CO., LTD.," which operated entrusted call center functions from banks.
	2005 Juli. 2005 Mar.	Acquired all shares of "MTB Capital Co., Ltd." and changed its corporate name to "AC
	2005 Widi.	Ventures Co., Ltd."
	2005 Apr.	"SIAM A&C CO., LTD." changed its corporate name to "EASY BUY Public Company
	2005 Api.	Limited" (present, a consolidated subsidiary).
	2007 Apr.	"JCK CREDIT CO., LTD." succeeded to installment sales finance business split up from
	2007 mp.	ACOM and changed its corporate name into "AFRESH CREDIT CO., LTD."
	2007 Dec.	Jointly acquired "PT. Bank Nusantara Parahyangan, Tbk." In Republic of Indonesia with "The
		Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd." (present, "MUFG Bank, Ltd.")
	2008 Feb.	Acquired all shares of "IR Loan Servicing, Inc."
	2008 Sept.	Agreed upon further strengthening strategic business and capital alliance with "Mitsubishi UFJ
	1	Financial Group, Inc." and "The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd." (present, "MUFG Bank,
		Ltd.")
	2008 Dec.	Became a consolidated subsidiary of "Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc." as the parent
		company.
	2009 Apr.	"RELATES CO., Ltd." was dissolved due to absorption-type merger with "MU Communication
		Co., Ltd." (present, an equity-method affiliate), a subsidiary of "The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi
		UFJ, Ltd." (present, "MUFG Bank, Ltd."), where "MU Communication Co., Ltd." was the
		surviving company.
	2009 May	"DC Cash One Ltd." was dissolved due to absorption-type merger with the Company where the
		Company was the surviving company.
	2010 Aug.	"A B PARTNER CO., LTD." was dissolved due to absorption-type merger with "IR Loan
		Servicing, Inc.," where "IR Loan Servicing, Inc." was the surviving company.

Year/Month	ACOM History
2012 Apr.	"AC Ventures Co., Ltd.," was dissolved due to absorption-type merger with the Company where
	the Company was the surviving company.
2013 Sept.	Established "MU Credit Guarantee Co., LTD.," which operates in the guarantee business
2014 0	(present, a consolidated subsidiary).
2014 Sept.	"AFRESH CREDIT CO., LTD." was dissolved due to absorption-type merger with "IR Loan
2015 D	Servicing, Inc." where "IR Loan Servicing, Inc." was the surviving company.
2015 Dec.	Acquired all shares of "MU Credit Guarantee Co., LTD."
2017 July	Established "ACOM CONSUMER FINANCE CORPORATION," a joint venture which
	operates the unsecured loan business (present, a consolidated subsidiary), in the Republic of the
	Philippines.
2019 May	"PT. Bank Nusantara Parahyangan, Tbk." In the Republic of Indonesia merged with "PT Bank
	Danamon Indonesia, Tbk." (the surviving company), a consolidated subsidiary of "Mitsubishi
	UFJ Financial Group, Inc."
2021 July	Established ACOM (M) SDN. BHD., an unsecured loan business, in Malaysia (present, a
	consolidated subsidiary).
2022 Apr.	Established GeNiE Inc. to start an unsecured loan business promoting embedded finance
	(present, a consolidated subsidiary).
2022 Apr.	Shifted to the Standard Market of the Tokyo Stock Exchange (TSE) following the TSE's
	transition to new market segmentation.
2022 Dec.	Moved headquarters location to Higashi Shinbashi, Minato-ku, Tokyo.

3. Description of Business

ACOM is a consolidated subsidiary of Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc. (hereinafter, "MUFG"), and MUFG is the "Parent company" of ACOM.

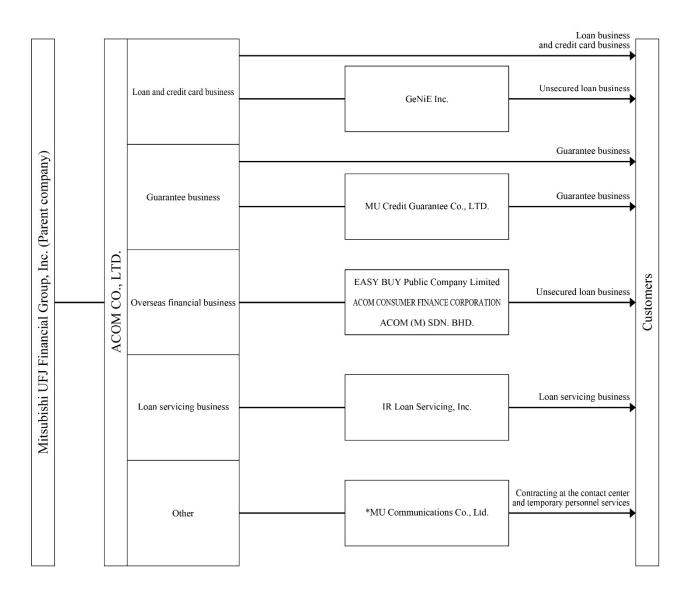
The Company Group consists of ACOM and 6 subsidiaries and 1 affiliate. The Company Group's main lines of business are loan and credit card business, guarantee business, overseas financial business and loan servicing business.

The table below explains the positioning of group companies and their relevant segments.

The following four segments are consistent with those stated in [Notes], (1) Consolidated Financial Statements in 1. Consolidated Financial Statements, etc. of V. Financial Information.

Segment	Company Name	Business Outline	
Loan and credit card	ACOM CO., LTD.	Loan business and credit card business	
business	GeNiE Inc.	Unsecured loan business	
Guarantee business	ACOM CO., LTD.	Cuerrates husiness	
Guarantee business	MU Credit Guarantee Co., LTD.	Guarantee business	
	EASY BUY Public Company Limited	Unsecured loan business and installment loan business (installment sales finance business) in Kingdom of Thailand	
Overseas financial business	ACOM CONSUMER FINANCE CORPORATION	Unsecured loan business in Republic of the Philippines	
	ACOM (M) SDN. BHD.	Unsecured loan business in Malaysia	
Loan servicing business	IR Loan Servicing, Inc.	Loan servicing business	
Others	MU Communications Co., Ltd.	Contracting at the contact center and temporary personnel services	

The diagram below illustrates the businesses of the ACOM Group companies.



Not otherwise stated: Consolidated subsidiary *: Equity-method affiliate

4. Information on Subsidiaries and Associates

		D.11		holding	oting rights or held	
Company name	Location	Paid in capital (Million yen)	Principal business	Ratio of voting rights holding (%)	Ratio of voting rights held (%)	Relationship
(Parent company) Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc. (Note) 3	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	2,141,513	Bank holding company	-		Business management, business and capital alliance Directors with concurrent positions: 1
(Consolidated subsidiaries) GeNiE Inc.	Chuo-ku, Tokyo	250	Loan and credit card business	100.00	-	Loan of operating funds to the company Directors with concurrent positions: 1
MU Credit Guarantee Co., LTD.	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	300	Guarantee business	100.00	-	Directors with concurrent positions: 1
EASY BUY Public Company Limited (Note) 4, 5	Bangkok, Kingdom of Thailand	(Million THB) 6,000	Overseas financial business	71.00	-	Directors with concurrent positions: 1
ACOM CONSUMER FINANCE CORPORATION (Note) 4	Pasig, Republic of the Philippines	(Million PHP) 3,000	Overseas financial business	80.00	-	Directors with concurrent positions: 1
ACOM (M) SDN. BHD. (Note) 6	Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia	(Million RM) 32	Overseas financial business	100.00	-	Directors with concurrent positions: 1
IR Loan Servicing, Inc.	Chiyoda- ku, Tokyo	520	Loan servicing business	100.00	-	Partial assignment of loan receivables from the company
(Equity-method affiliate) MU Communications Co., Ltd.	Shibuya-ku, Tokyo	1,020	Other	23.15	-	Consulting contracts with companies with which the Company has dispatched workers and/or forged guarantee tie-ups

(Notes) 1. Name of business segments of consolidated subsidiaries in the box of "Principal business" are the same as those stated in the segment information.

- 2. The ratio of voting rights holding (held) indirectly is shown in parentheses "()" in the boxes of "Ratio of voting rights holding or held."
- 3. The Company files Securities Reports.
- 4. EASY BUY Public Company Limited falls under a specified subsidiary.
- 5. EASY BUY's operating revenue (excluding intragroup operating revenue among consolidated subsidiaries) accounted for 10% or more of the total operating revenue for the consolidated financial statements.

Key profit/loss information: (1) Operating revenue

- ue 63,553 million yen (14,779 million THB)
- (2) Ordinary profit 20,408 million yen (4,746 million THB)
- (3) Profit
- 15,738 million yen (3,660 million THB)
- (4) Net assets 187,196 million yen (40,344 million THB)
- (5) Total assets 258,139 million yen (55,633 million THB)
- 6. In January 2025, The Company made an additional capital investment of 48 million Malaysian ringgit in ACOM (M) SDN. BHD. With the approval of the relevant authorities obtained in the same month, the amount of share capital was increased from 32 million Malaysian ringgit to 80 million Malaysian ringgit.

5. Employees

(1) Consolidated Companies

As of March 31, 2025

Name of business segments	Number of employees
Loan and credit card business	1,474 [76]
Guarantee business	289 [22]
Overseas financial business	3,163 [3]
Loan servicing business	130 [8]
Corporate wide (shared)	442 [18]
Total	5,498 [127]

(Notes) 1. The number of employees represents the number of workers employed by the consolidated companies (excluding employees from intragroup to extra-group companies and including those from extragroup to intragroup companies) but excludes fixed-term employees.

2. The bracketed figure is the average number of fixed-term employees during the current fiscal year.

3. The employees in Corporate wide (shared) section are those belonging to the administration department of the Filing Company and thus do not fall into any business segment.

(2) Information on the Filing Company

	1		As of March 31, 2025
Number of employees	Average age (Years old)	Average length of service (Years)	Average annual salary (Thousands of yen)
2,088 [109]	41.2	15.2	6,901

Name of business segments	Number of employees
Loan and credit card business	1,444 [76]
Guarantee business	202 [15]
Corporate wide (shared)	442 [18]
Total	2,088 [109]

(Notes) 1. The number of employees represents the number of workers employed by the Company (excluding employees transferred to external companies and including employees transferred into the Company) but excludes fixed-term employees.

2. Bonus and extra remuneration are included in the average annual salary.

3. The bracketed figure is the average number of fixed-term employees during the current fiscal year.

4. The employees in the Corporate wide (shared) section are those belonging to the administration department of the Head Office and thus do not fall into any business segment.

(3) Status of labor union

Relationship between management and labor union is stable.

(4) Ratio of female managers, rate of male employees taking childcare leave and gender pay gap The Filing Company

Current fiscal year							
Ratio of female			Gender pay gap (%) (Note 3)				
managers (%) (Note 1)	employees taking childcare leave (%) (Note 2)	Allemplovees	Of which regular employees	Of which part-time and fixed-term employees			
9.3	96.7	70.5	70.3	79.0			

(Notes) 1. The rate is calculated according to the provisions of the "Act on the Promotion of Women's Active Engagement in Professional Life" (Act No. 64 of 2015).

- 2. The rate is calculated based on the percentage of employees taking childcare leave under Article 71-6, Paragraph 1 of the "Ordinance for Enforcement of the Act on Childcare Leave, Caregiver Leave, and Other Measures for the Welfare of Workers Caring for Children or Other Family Members" (Ordinance of the Ministry of Labor No. 25 of 1991), in accordance with the provisions of the "Act on Childcare Leave, Caregiver Leave, and Other Measures for the Welfare of Workers Caring for the Welfare of Workers Caring for Children or Other Family Members" (Act No. 76 of 1991).
- 3. The rate is calculated as the average annual salary of female employees divided by the average annual salary of male employees multiplied by 100%. In addition, the average annual salary is calculated as the total amount of salaries divided by the number of employees. The same standard is applied to employees' salary regardless of gender. The main reason for the differences in salary is the difference in the ratio of male and female managers.

II. Business Overview

1. Management Policy, Business Environment, and Issues to be Addressed

The forward-looking statements included in the following description are based on the Company Group's judgment as of the end of the fiscal year.

(1) Basic management policy

The Company Group has established our "Circle of Trust" spirit of foundation and a corporate philosophy that "ACOM, based on the spirit of human dignity and in putting customers first, is contributing to the realization of an enjoyable and affluent personal life, and to improving lifestyle, through creative and innovative management" as universal values and beliefs, and strives to engage in activities that are "meeting the expectation of all stakeholders" based on our vision, which embodies these ideas.

Vision

Meeting the expectations of all stakeholders

Customers

Respond to the customer's desires of "what they want" and "the services they would like to get" with speed and mind of customers first in Japan and overseas.

Alliance

Contribute to the enhancement of corporate value of our alliance partners by providing our accumulated know-how.

Employees

Make our employees and their families happier tomorrow than today.

Shareholders/Investors

Achieve stable and continuous returns through sustained growth in corporate value.

Society

Contribute to the realization of a sustainable society through corporate activities.

Partners

Build a strong relationship of trust and mutual development.

(2) Targeted management indices

With regard to the management indices the Company Group targets, the Company Group will place an emphasis on return on equity (ROE), return on assets (ROA), earnings per share, conventional shareholders' equity ratio and the shareholders' equity ratio calculated by adding total assets to the balance of guaranteed receivables in order to increase shareholders' value and maintain stable management.

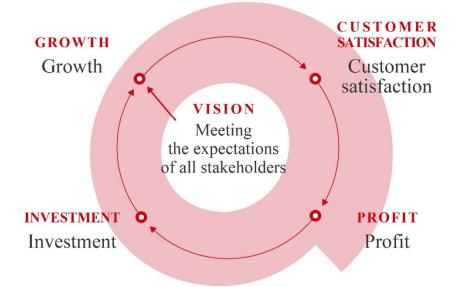
(3) Management strategy in the medium-to-long term

The business environment surrounding the Company Group is expected to continue facing an intensifying competitive environment, as well as changes in the social structure including the drop in birthrate coupled with aging society.

Under these circumstances, the Company Group will focus on attracting new customers by rebuilding brand perception in the loan and credit card business segment; strengthening collaboration with existing partners in the guarantee business segment; and pursuing further expansion into new countries in the Asian region in the overseas financial business segment, by drawing on the expertise it has nurtured in diverse areas, including the consumer finance business in Japan and abroad, and low-cost operations through concentration of operations and other initiatives. Also, based on the medium- term management policy outlined below, we will aim to thrive with society by addressing social issues incorporated in SDGs through a range of efforts such as the promotion of diversity and health & productivity management.

Medium-term Policy

Accelerating the Growth Cycle to Achieve Our Vision



(4) Issues to be addressed

In formulating a new three-year medium-term management plan beginning with the fiscal year ending March 31, 2026, we have set forth "Accelerating the Growth Cycle to Achieve Our Vision" as our medium-term policy. In order to continuously meet the expectations of all stakeholders, "Growth" is essential, not only for our Group as a whole, but also for each of talent. To achieve such growth, it is necessary to make "Investments" in both our businesses and our employees. Furthermore, to enable such investments, it is required to achieve continuous "Profit" expansion. These profits are generated through "Customer Satisfaction," both among our customers and alliance partners. In turn, in order to deliver such satisfaction, "Growth" is again indispensable. We refer to this cycle as the "Growth Cycle." Further, we will focus on what we should address in order to expand the scope of each business, as well as seek to enhance corporate value.

In addition, we have adopted our Basic Policies on Sustainability, aiming to reconcile solutions to social issues with enhancing corporate value. Furthermore, we have selected five materialities (key areas) in which we can solve the social issues that we are uniquely suited to solve, and contribute to progress in society in the course of our corporate activities. They are based on the corporate philosophy that embodies the universal values we must give the highest priority, and on the expectations of our stakeholders.

[Materiality (key areas)]



During the fiscal year under review, to contribute to the realization of a sustainable society, we sought to enhance materiality-based initiatives and proactively strived to disclose information through the Company's website and other channels, under the leadership of the Sustainability Promotion Office, a sub-organization of the Finance Department. Please refer to "2. Policy and Initiatives on Sustainability" for the details.

In order to fulfill the social responsibility and mission expected of the Company and become a company that grows together with society, the Company aims to enhance corporate value in the future.

For the medium-term management plan starting from the fiscal year ending March 31, 2026, the Group has set the targets for its consolidated outstanding balance, 1,314.9 billion yen in the balance of the loan and credit card business, and 1,696.0 billion yen in the balance of the guarantee business, totaling 3,010.9 billion yen in the domestic market; and in overseas markets, targets of 53.1 billion Thai baht in the balance of the loan business for EASY BUY Public Company Limited in the Kingdom of Thailand, 2.1 billion Philippine pesos in the balance of the loan business for ACOM CONSUMER FINANCE CORPORATION in the Republic of the Philippines, and 0.1 billion Malaysian ringgit in the balance of loan business for ACOM (M) SDN. BHD. in Malaysia.

Targets and other forward-looking statements are based on information currently available to the Company and on certain assumptions deemed to be reasonable, and do not constitute a promise by the Company that the anticipated results will be achieved. The actual results may differ due mainly to the impacts of changes in external environments unexpected by the Company.

Under the medium-term management plan, the Company will continue working to expand business and address the following issues.

(Loan and credit card business)

In the loan and credit card business, the Company will appropriately and speedily grasp the rapidly evolving digital landscape, and will strive to further expand the scope of our business operations by promoting efforts such as expanding transactions with existing customers, strengthening its ability to attract new customers, and maintaining the soundness of our credit profile. In addition, in order to expand embedded finance services at GeNiE Inc. in alliance with a partner that has end users, we will deliver new experiences to the customers using the partner's services by providing them with financial services. Moreover, the Company is committed to increasing its brand strength through a range of activities, including "Challenge What You Want to Start," a project aimed at creating a society where everyone in Japan can try something new, launched in November 2021, as well as other activities contributing to society.

(Guarantee business)

In the guarantee business, we will expand the scope of our business operations by realizing guarantee partnerships with non-financial companies that serve customers in need of credit card loans and newly entering into alliance in the guarantee business with financial institutions, and will also further deepen collaboration with existing partners through in-depth communication with them. To meet the increasingly complex needs of each and every financial institution, the Company Group will make the best use of its expertise gained from its loan and credit card business to enhance and improve service functions, while working to ensure appropriate screening and responding to the customers' needs for sound financing.

(Overseas financial business)

In the overseas financial business, we will strive to expand the market share of EASY BUY Public Company Limited in the Kingdom of Thailand, and maintain the soundness of its loan portfolio, while concentrating our efforts on making ACOM CONSUMER FINANCE CORPORATION in the Republic of the Philippines and ACOM (M) SDN. BHD. in Malaysia the second and third pillars of profit in the overseas financial business.

We will also steadily pursue research and analysis activities aimed at realization of starting operations in other Asian countries with a view to expanding our overseas finance business.

2. Policy and Initiatives on Sustainability

The Company is promoting initiatives on sustainability to contribute to the realization of a sustainable society, aiming to solve social issues and enhance corporate value.

The section "Policy and Initiatives on Sustainability" contains information on the filing company, ACOM CO., LTD. In addition, forward-looking statements are based on our judgments made as of the end of the current fiscal year.

(1) Governance

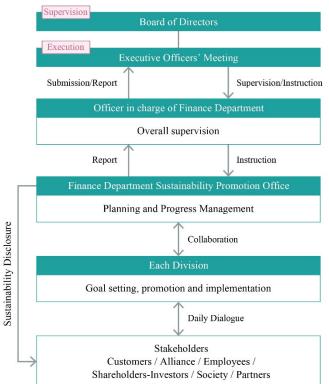
(i) Basic Policy on Sustainability

The Company has formulated its Basic Policy as follows: Based on our founding spirit of "Circle of Trust," and through our corporate philosophy of "The Spirit of Human Dignity," "Customers First," and "Creative and Innovative Management," we aim to solve social issues and enhance corporate value, thereby contributing to the realization of a sustainable society.

(ii) The Sustainability Promotion Organization

The Company has established the Sustainability Promotion Office under the Finance Department to examine and formulate companywide sustainability plans. Key matters are deliberated and decided at the Executive Officers' Meeting and Board of Directors meeting, and through this, we are working to develop the Company's sustainability promotion organization.

[Sustainability Promotion Organization]



(2) Strategy

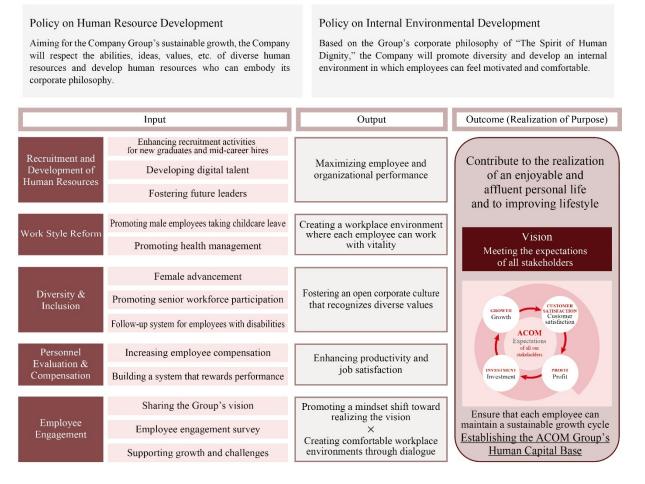
The Company is engaged in various activities to contribute to the realization of a sustainable society. Among these activities, the Company considers "human capital" to be a critical item for sustainability in view of the scale of impact on the Company's business.

When identifying a critical item, the Company decides it at the Executive Officers' Meeting and Board of Directors meeting based on the sustainability promotion organization, as described in "(1) Governance." The Company will continue to review the critical items for sustainability while paying close attention to changes in the social conditions and business environment in the future.

(i) Human capital

The Company promotes its operating activities with an aim toward "Contributing to the realization of an enjoyable and affluent personal life, and to improving lifestyle," based on the stipulations of our corporate philosophy of "The Spirit of Human Dignity," "Customers First," and "Creative and Innovative Management," under our founding spirit of "Circle of Trust." In order to reach our vision of meeting the expectations of all stakeholders, we believe it essential to maintain sustainable growth for both the company and each employee, and we are promoting our human resource strategy based on our "Policy on Human Resource Development" and "Policy on Internal Environmental Development."

· Overview of the Human Resource Strategy



(ii) Specific initiatives

(Recruitment and Development of Human Resources)

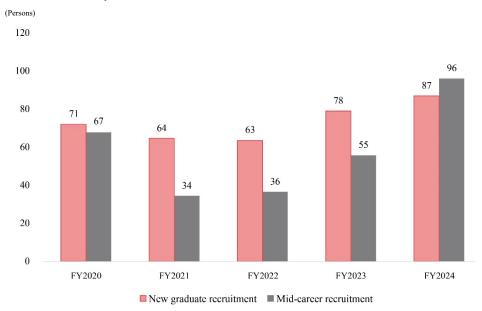
(a) Enhancing recruitment activities for new graduates and mid-career hires

Under the situation where competition between companies is intensifying and changes in needs are accelerating, in order to implement "creative and innovative management" and meet the expectations of stakeholders, we believe it is necessary to create a new value by fusing abilities, ideas, values, etc. of diverse human resources. Based on this thought process, we are promoting recruitment activities for new graduates and mid-career hires to secure the necessary human resources to carry out business strategies and further enhance corporate value. We engage in creating working environments which provide job satisfaction and workplace comfort. Our recruitment activities for new graduates were ranked second place in the "Credit, Consumer Credit, Leasing, and Other Finance" category of the "MyNavi/Nikkei 2026 Ranking of Popular Employers for University Graduates." We will strive to improve job satisfaction and workplace comfort and to reinforce the foundation of human resources in the future.

In our recruitment activities for mid-career employees, we actively recruit human resources with specialized skills to speedily respond to operational issues and seek further expansion in each business domain. We will strive to ensure diversity and maximize organizational capabilities in the future.

• Trends in new graduate and mid-career recruitment

(Notes) New graduate recruitment is the number of employees who join the company on April 1 of the next fiscal year



(b) Developing digital talent

For the purpose of developing human resources that contribute to digital promotion, the Company has been implementing "a digital human resource development program" since April 2023. In the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025, we selected 24 employees who applied for this program and provided them with basic digital training (third round). In addition, for the 39 employees selected based on their performance in the basic digital training (from the first through third rounds), we have been providing advanced training (data analysis, programming, AI, UI/UX, etc.) to develop core human resources for digital promotion.

In addition, with the aim of improving digital literacy across a broad range of employees, we have supported continuous learning by providing accounts for video learning services to employees who joined the program or in positions above Manager to continue learning.

(c) ACOM Leadership Principles (promoting development of leaders)

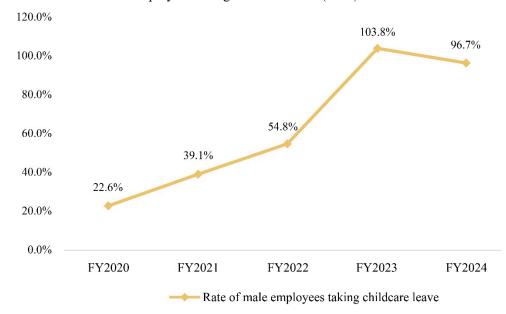
The leaders of the Company are human resources who can lead our organization to sustainable growth and have the capacity as managers with excellent administrative skills and the ability to support the growth of members. We are committed to developing such outstanding leaders. In April 2023, we formulated the "ACOM Leadership Principles" as requirements for leaders. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025, we held a total of nine "Leadership Café" sessions across three locations, providing leaders with opportunities for casual dialogue centered on these requirements for leaders.

In addition to this initiative, we are implementing a variety of support measures aimed at fostering growth and new insights among current and next-generation leaders. These include external training opportunities such as business school programs and AI-assisted coaching.

(Work Style Reform)

(a) Promoted male employees taking childcare leave

With the goal of achieving a 100% childcare leave utilization rate among male employees, during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025, we carried out efforts such as providing information for managers to promote understanding of childcare leave for male employees and introducing information tools related to DEI and healthcare, in order to create an environment that facilitates childcare leave for male employees and to promote its utilization.



• Trends in rate of male employees taking childcare leave (Note)

(Note) Number of male employees who took childcare leave during the fiscal year / Number of male employees whose spouses gave birth during the fiscal year (calculated as of the end of each fiscal year)

- Major childcare related programs

Fertility support	Pregnancy	Childbirth	Cl	nildcare
Life support leave Leave related to fertility treatments, etc.		Maternity leave Childcare leave at the time of childbirth	Childcare leave	After returning to work
	Leave for maternity and childcare support Available for use in cases of physical discomfort during pregnancy, etc.	Leave for maternity and childcare support Available when it is necessary to assist with childbirth or childcare		Return-to-work interview
				Return-to-work support allowance
				Shortened working hours (6 or 7 hours)
				Nursing care leave
				Accumulated paid leave (for family care, etc.)
				Leave for gradual nursery school adaptation
				Childcare time (for children under 3 years old)
	Establishment of internal	consultation desks and provision of information-sha	ring tools related to DEI and hea	Itheare

(b) Promoting health management

We believe that the physical and mental health of employees leads to happiness for employees and progress for the company. Under the Declaration of Health and Productivity Management, our officers, the Human Resource Department, the Hygiene Committee, industrial physicians, the ACOM Health Insurance Association, etc. are cooperating so that we can engage in the creation of a working environment where employees can work with vitality.

As a result of this endeavor, the Company has been recognized as a Superior Health Management Corporation by the Nippon Kenko Kaigi for the fourth consecutive year.

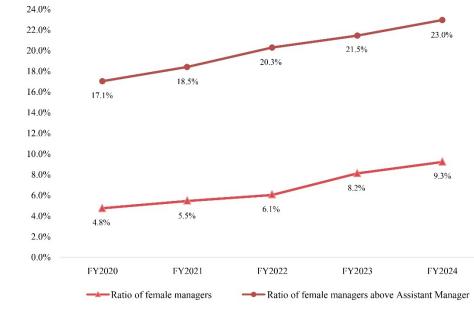
For more details on these initiatives, please refer to the Company's website.

https://www.acom.co.jp/corp/english/csr/theme/staff/

(Diversity & Inclusion)

(a) Female advancement

The Company established the "Woman Career Program" in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, a training program to support female employees recognize the need for autonomous career development and their challenges. In the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025, we conducted the third round of the "Woman Career Program." As of the current point in time, 50 women have participated in this program. Joining this program has led directly to further action, including 11 participants who have applied for selective training that is available for the purpose of developing future management candidates.



Trends in ratio of female managers and ratio of female managers above Assistant Manager

(b) Promoting senior workforce participation

To create an environment in which senior employees with specialized skills can thrive, we have introduced a system that determines compensation based on the level of specialization required for the duties they perform.

(c) Follow-up system for employees with disabilities

To ensure that employees with disabilities feel motivated and comfortable in the work environment, we have established a support framework that includes conducting an annual workplace survey and holding multiple interviews each year with both their supervisors and the Human Resources Department.

- (Personnel Evaluation & Compensation)
 - (a) Increasing employee compensation

Based on the revenue and results generated, we are working to enhance overall treatment of employees, including increasing employee compensation, through appropriate methods that take into account the Company's circumstances. With regard to base salary increases, we have implemented three such increases in recent years (April 2023, April 2024, and April 2025).

- Compensation increase rate (base salary growth rate) *1

1	, ,	
Apr. 2023	Apr. 2024	Apr. 2025
5.2% *2	4.9%	4.1%

*1 The increase rate includes regular salary increases.

*2 Base salary increases, excluding regular salary increases were brought forward from payment of October 2022.

(b) Building a system that rewards performance

We aim to build an organization in which each employee can demonstrate even higher performance by enhancing motivation and job satisfaction through a system that better rewards individual effort and achievement. In the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025, in addition to responding to compensation increases, we revised our bonus system to better reflect individual performance than in the past. In the fiscal year ending March 31, 2026, we plan to increase the performance-based portion of bonuses, with the annual bonus increase rate expected to be 7.7%.

(Employee engagement)

(a) Sharing the Group's vision

On developing the medium-term management plan (fiscal year ended March 31, 2023 to fiscal year ended March 31, 2025), the Company reviewed and revised its vision and has made clearer its commitment to each of its stakeholders. In addition, the Company created a Vision Book and distributed it to all employees. Since September 2022, this Vision Book has been used in the Vision Ingraining Program, which designed to provide an opportunity for the officers and employees to discuss the Company's vision. In the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025, which marks the third year of the initiative, we carried out a program in which employees engaged in group discussions aimed at fostering behavior aligned with our vision, and developed and implemented specific action plans, referred to as "Group Declarations," to realize that vision.

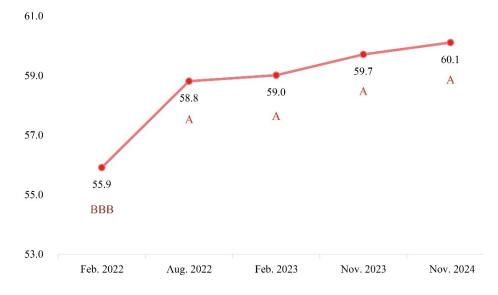
(b) Employee engagement survey

Since 2019, we have been conducting employee engagement surveys (through Motivation Cloud provided by Link and Motivation Inc.) that measure employee expectations and satisfaction and provides a fixed-point observation of the state of engagement in the organization. In addition, we were ranked in the top 10 in the Large Companies (for companies with fewer than 5,000 employees) category in the Best Motivation Company Award organized by Link and Motivation for the sixth consecutive year. Based on the results of these survey, we are working to improve engagement for our employees and the organization while maintaining communication between officers, chief general managers, and the Human Resources Department.

• Trends in engagement scores and ratings

Received an engagement score of 60.1, an A rating, in the most recent evaluation conducted in November 2024

- * 50.0 is considered to be the average engagement score (deviation value).
- * Engagement ratings are grouped into 11 ranks, from AAA (scores above 67.0) to DD (scores under 33.0).
- * Figures stated represent the entire Company, including employees to domestic Group companies and overseas Group companies.



(c) Supporting growth and challenges

The Company believes that providing incentives for employees to take on challenges and aiming to be an organization that practices "Creative and Innovative Management" leads to enhancing corporate value. We have been holding a business contest "DRIVE" across the ACOM Group since the fiscal year ended March 31, 2024. In the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025, which marked the second round of the program, we received 71 applications. In addition to general business proposals, the contest accepted entries related to all types of improvements and functional variations, promoting a structure that provides the opportunity for any employee to look forward toward new challenges.

(3) Risk management

The Company believes that it can create new business opportunities through timely and appropriate efforts and disclosure to resolve issues related to the environment, society, etc. On the other hand, insufficient efforts or disclosure may lead to risks such as damaging its brand value.

For example, although timely and appropriate promotion and disclosure of initiatives on digital transformation and human resource development can strengthen competitiveness, delay in such initiatives may lead to risks such as damage to the Company's brand value and a decline in competitiveness.

Therefore, under the overall supervision of the director in charge of the Finance Department, each division identifies, evaluates and manages risks and opportunities through daily dialogue with stakeholders, while deliberation, decision, supervision, and instruction are made at the Executive Officers' Meeting and Board of Directors meeting, based on its sustainability promotion organization. Please refer to "3. Risks Related to Business [Top risks]" for details of risk events that the management recognizes could have significant impacts on business in the future in the Company's business environment.

(4) Indicators and targets (ACOM non-consolidated)

The Company Group considers "human capital" to be a critical item for sustainability as described in "(2) Strategy" above.

As for the indicators related to the "Policy on Human Resource Development," including securing diversity of human resources and the "Policy on Internal Environmental Development," the Company is working on specific initiatives, in addition to data management of relevant indicators. However, not every consolidated subsidiary engages in these initiatives, making it difficult to state on a consolidated basis. Therefore, targets and results for the following indicators represent those of the filling company, which operates the main business in the consolidated group.

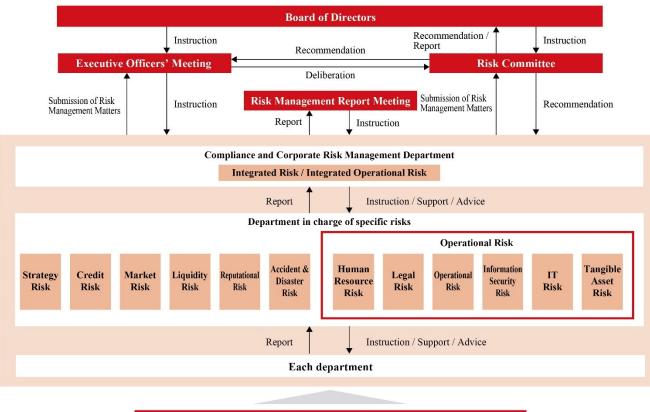
Indicator	Target	Result (Current fiscal year)	
Rate of achievement of recruitment plan	Maintain at 100%	111%	
Rate of male employees taking childcare leave (Note)	Maintain at 100%	96.7%	
Ratio of female managers above Assistant Manager	26.5% by March 2028	23.0%	
Ratio of female managers	11.0% by March 2028	9.3%	

(Note) Number of male employees who took childcare leave during the fiscal year / Number of male employees whose spouses gave birth during the fiscal year (calculated as of the end of each fiscal year)

3. Risks Related to Business

[Risk management system of the Company]

As the management environment surrounding the Company changes, risks to be managed are becoming more complex and diverse. Under such circumstance, the Company recognizes that one of the most important management issues is to enhance and strengthen the Company's risk management system to fully recognize risks, maintain sound management, and ensure stable profitability and growth. The Company identifies, evaluates, and controls risks through the departments and sections in charge of risks to be managed as stipulated in the Risk Management Regulations, and these risks are managed by the Compliance and Risk Management Department in an integrated manner. Activities for managing risks arising in execution of business operations are discussed and reported at the Compliance and Risk Management Report Meeting. With respect to risk management activities in business operations, reports are presented at Risk Management Reporting Meetings. The Risk Committee deliberates on important matters related to risk management, monitors the status of risk management and other activities, and reports the results or makes recommendations to the Board of Directors.



[Risk management system]

Internal Audit (Internal Audit Department)

The Company determines the magnitude of risks based on the probability of risk scenarios and the degree of their impact, and identifies the risk events that require the most attention as top risks. For the identified top risks, the Company assesses increases and signs of such risks and takes necessary countermeasures to control them.

In addition, in the event that a risk materializes, the Company has a system in place to respond promptly. Top risks are preliminarily reviewed at the Executive Officers' Meeting, discussed by the Risk Committee, and resolved by the Board of Directors each fiscal year.

[Top risks]

Risk events	Risk scenarios
Decrease in revenues from business	Decreases in revenues from the loan and credit card business, the guarantee business, and the overseas financial business
Increase in credit costs	Increases in provision for bad debts for the loan and credit card business, the guarantee business, and the overseas financial business
Materialization of IT risk	 Situations in which the Company's business continuity is affected by delay in the planning and development of important IT system projects Material impact of IT system failures on customer transactions
Occurrence of cyberattack damage	Leakage of customer information, and the suspension of service to customers, etc. due to cyberattacks
Shortage of human resources	Decreased competitiveness due to shortage of necessary human resources
Impact of external factors	Situations in which the Company's business performance is materially affected by external factors such as natural disaster, epidemic, and terrorist attacks
Interest repayment	Larger-than-expected amount of interest repayment resulting in an additional provision for loss on interest repayment
Materialization of conduct risk	Situations that may significantly affect stakeholders from the viewpoint of consumer protection, maintenance of market integrity, etc.
Deterioration of fund procurement	Deteriorated cash flows of the Company due to rising market interest rates, declining operating results of the Company, rating downgrades, etc.

Of the risks associated with the businesses and others of the Company Group, we have listed major items that could materially affect the decision of investors based on the analysis of the top risks stated above.

This section includes forward-looking statements that are based on assumptions made as of the submission date of this securities report if not stated otherwise.

(1) Decrease in business revenue

The Company Group has positioned the loan and credit card business, the guarantee business, and the overseas financial business as its three core businesses, and is working on a range of initiatives in a bid to increase revenues from these businesses in a stable and sustainable manner. For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025, operating revenue came in at 317,742 million yen (up 7.8% year-on-year), of which revenue from the loan and credit card business amounted to 169,464 million yen (up 8.6% year-on-year), revenue from the guarantee business amounted to 76,332 million yen (up 7.8% year-on-year), and revenue from the overseas financial business amounted to 65,449 million yen (up 5.7% year-on-year). These three core businesses represented 98.0% of the consolidated operating revenue.

Risks that could drive down revenues from these businesses are as follows:

(i) Loan and credit card business

Revenue from the loan and credit card business fluctuates depending on increases/decreases in the number of customer accounts, increases/decreases in the loan balance per customer account, the average contracted interest rates received from customers, and other factors. Therefore, external factors related to these elements could affect the segment's business performance.

In addition, a decrease in competitiveness with rival companies due to a lack of ability to provide IT services that suit to customers' needs could also affect the segment's business performance.

Such external factors include changes in judicial rulings and legal regulations applicable to the consumer finance industry, intensified competition with rival companies, entry of new companies, a slowdown in consumer spending in the wake of large-scale accidents, disasters and the spread of epidemics.

The loan and credit card business represented 53.3% of total operating revenue, and in light of the fact that a decrease in revenues from this business segment would have a significant impact, the Company is striving to attract new customers, improve product/service functions and take other initiatives.

In addition, the Group has systems to regularly manage and analyze changes in interest on operating loans

from the plan and report these changes and various countermeasures to the Risk Management Report Meeting and the Risk Committee, and appropriately controls risks.

(ii) Guarantee business

Revenue from the guarantee business fluctuates depending on increases/decreases in the number of guarantee accounts, increases/decreases in the balance per account, guarantee commission rates from partnering financial institutions, and other factors. Therefore, external factors related to these matters could affect the business performance of the Company and MU Credit Guarantee Co., LTD.

Such external factors include changes in judicial rulings and legal regulations applicable to financial institutions such as banks and a slowdown in consumer spending in the wake of large-scale accidents, disasters and the spread of epidemics.

The guarantee business represented 24.0% of total operating revenue, and in light of the fact that a decrease in revenue from this business segment would have a significant impact, the Company and MU Credit Guarantee Co., LTD. worked on measures to enhance partnerships with existing partners, continued appropriate screening, provided the results of analysis about loan portfolio and the effect of advertisement, and offered various support to existing partners with a view to enhancing their business results and stabilizing their growth.

In addition, the Group has systems to regularly manage and analyze changes in revenue of the guarantee business from the plan and report these changes and various countermeasures to the Risk Management Report Meeting and the Risk Committee, and appropriately controls risks.

(iii) Overseas financial business

Revenue from the overseas financial business fluctuates depending on increases/decreases in the number of customer accounts, increases/decreases in the loan balance per customer account, the contracted interest rates received from customers and other factors. Therefore, external factors related to these matters could affect the business performance of EASY BUY Public Company Limited (hereinafter "EASY BUY") in the Kingdom of Thailand and ACOM CONSUMER FINANCE CORPORATION (hereinafter "ACF") in the Republic of the Philippines, in addition to ACOM (M) SDN. BHD. (hereinafter "ACM") in Malaysia.

Such external factors include changes in the impact of interstate conflicts and resulting economic sanctions, judicial rulings and legal regulations applicable in countries where these companies operate, intensified competition with rival companies, a slowdown in consumer spending in the wake of large-scale accidents, disasters and the spread of epidemics, as well as fluctuations in foreign exchange rates.

The overseas financial business represented 20.6% of total operating revenue, and in light of the fact that a decrease in revenue from this business segment would have a significant impact, the Company is striving to attract new customers, improve product/service functions and taking other initiatives at three subsidiaries: EASY BUY, ACF and ACM.

In addition, the Group has systems to regularly manage and analyze changes in operating revenue of EASY BUY, the largest consolidated subsidiary in the overseas finance business, from the plan, and report these changes and various countermeasures to the Risk Management Report Meeting and the Risk Committee, and appropriately controls risks.

(2) Increase in credit costs

For accounts receivable - operating loans, accounts receivable – installment and right to reimbursement, which constitute the majority of total assets of the Company Group, we have recognized provision for bad debts (the sum of provision of allowance for doubtful accounts and provision for loss on guarantees, etc.) and estimated values of collaterals pledged, etc. However, an increase of payment delays might occur as a result of decline in customers' creditworthiness due to potential future changes in economic conditions, the market environment, and the social structure in Japan as well as revisions in legislation. Such events could require further increases in provision for bad debts, and as a result, may have a negative effect on the business performance of the Company Group.

Therefore, the Group will regularly monitor customers' creditworthiness to maintain the soundness of the loan portfolio.

(3) Materialization of IT risk

The Company Group has a large-scale computer system and processes personal data and other information using a communication network and systems at each of our business locations, as well as those of our customers and other external parties connected to our group, and strives to appropriately manage and handle information.

However, the Group may not be able to completely prevent system outages, malfunctions or unauthorized use of systems, falsification or leakage of electronic data, or the suspension of support services by telecommunications carriers and computer system companies in the event of delay in the planning and development of critical IT system projects, system failures, cyber-attacks, unauthorized access, computer virus infections, disasters, or other exogenous events.

In such cases, the provision of customer services and our group's business operations may be hindered, trust in our group may be damaged, and our business performance may be affected.

To ensure the stable operation of its systems, the Company Group has made efforts to prevent system failures and other problems by monitoring throughout system planning, development, and operation, and has put in place management structure and procedures to reallocate resources and prepare for unforeseen events, as well as training and other measures.

(4) Occurrence of cyberattack damage

In recent years, amid the advancement of digital technologies and rising geopolitical risks, cyberattacks have been becoming increasingly sophisticated and complex on a daily basis. Cyberattack-related risks include not only system shutdowns, but also the potential leakage of customer information and other sensitive data.

If cyberattack damages are materialized, the provision of customer services and the Company Group's business operations may be hindered, trust in the Company Group may be impaired, and our business performance may be adversely affected.

The Company Group has established a cyberattack response system that functions in both normal and emergency situations in order to prevent the occurrence of damage caused by cyberattacks. As specific security measures, we are promoting the development of procedures and manuals related to cyberattacks, the collection of vulnerability information and implementation of corresponding countermeasures, as well as regular training and drills.

(5) Shortage of human resources

If the necessary human resources cannot be adequately secured due to the external environment, such as the shrinking workforce and the mobilization of human resources, it could have an impact on the Company Group's sustainable growth.

Promoting diversity based on the corporate philosophy, we respect the abilities, ideas and values of our diverse human resources and engage in making a working environment where employees can feel job satisfaction and comfort.

We strive to improve job satisfaction and workplace comfort through various initiatives, including increases in base salary and bonuses, improvements to personnel systems and employee benefits such as allowances and leaves, initiatives to ingrain the Vision, support for self-development.

In addition, we engage in developing human resources by recruiting excellent and promising new graduates and mid-career employees and enhancing the training system including selective training and digital human resource development program based on the Policy on Human Resource Development.

(6) Situations in which the Company's business performance is materially affected by external factors, accidents, and disasters, etc.

Natural disasters, such as earthquakes, volcanic eruptions, wind and flood damage, conflicts, terrorist attacks,

and epidemics in the highest concentrated areas of our business bases such as the Tokyo metropolitan area could cause damage to our facilities and equipment or physical damage to employees or customers, and as a result, could have a negative effect on the performance and business continuity of the Company Group.

To prepare for unforeseen events such as these, the Group has established a business continuity plan and prepared a backup system that includes call centers and core systems.

As for responses in the event of disasters, the Group strives to develop and strengthen systems to ensure the continuity of critical business operations by ensuring an appropriate stockpile of emergency supplies and regularly conducting education and training to ensure the effectiveness of such responses.

(7) Interest repayment

The interest rates charged on some loan products by the Company, in which customers entered into contracts before June 17, 2007, exceed the interest rate ceilings specified in the Interest Rate Restriction Act.

Although the interest exceeding the interest ceilings specified in the Interest Rate Restriction Act is stipulated to be invalid, before the revised Money Lending Business Act was fully reinforced on June 18, 2010, it was determined under the Interest Rate Restriction Act that debtors who had voluntarily paid said excessive interest could not request for interest reimbursement. In addition, Article 13 of the supplementary provisions of the Money Lending Business Act before its full enforcement stipulated that such payment of interest exceeding the interest ceilings could be deemed an effective interest repayment under the condition that certain requirements be satisfied.

However, the verdict handed down by the Supreme Court on January 13, 2006, stated that in the case of a delayed repayment of the agreed interest, to which a contractual clause of "forfeiture of benefit of time" was attached, said payment of the interest exceeding the interest ceilings could be considered enforced without satisfying the "deemed repayment requirements," which need specific voluntariness in payment. Consequently, by reason of the above verdict of the Supreme Court, several consumers have taken legal action against consumer finance companies, calling for a reimbursement of payments made, in some recent court precedents, the plaintiffs' demands were accepted.

In case our customers request a reduction in the loan amount or reimbursement of excess interest paid, the Company may accept to write off such loan or reimburse payments. Though the costs of write-off and reimbursing repayments (hereinafter referred to as "loss on interest repayment") have steadily decreased, close attention should be paid to the number of requests for interest repayment. Future potential for loss on interest repayment, further booking of the provision for loss on interest repayment, and court rulings from lawsuits demanding refunds of interest paid that put the Company and other money lenders at a clear disadvantage, could have an impact on the Company's business performance.

Considering that loss on interest repayment has been consistently decreasing each fiscal year since the fiscal year ended March 31, 2011, the peak period, it is thought that the possibility of a sharp increase in interest repayment is limited. However, future trends need to be closely monitored on an ongoing basis, as loss on interest repayment is susceptible to the impacts of changes in the external environment.

In addition, with respect to loss on interest repayment, we reassess the provision for loss on interest repayment at the end of each fiscal year by forecasting future trends based on historical data. If the provision is deemed insufficient, additional provisions are recorded. Furthermore, we conduct appropriate risk control by monitoring on a quarterly basis whether there have been any significant changes from the future trends forecasted at the time of the most recent reassessment.

(8) Materialization of conduct risk

A loss of confidence from customers and the consumer finance market due to inappropriate behavior by officers and employees or deviation from social norms could have an impact on the Company Group's business performance.

The Company Group has established the ACOM Group Code of Ethics and Code of Conduct, which set forth the basic values and policies we must be aware of when practicing compliance and the standards for behavior we must observe in order to put these values and policies into practice. Through training programs for officers and employees, the Company has been striving to foster a culture of correct behavior.

In addition, the Company takes measures to prevent violations of laws and regulations and internal and external misconduct, and is engaged in consumer education activities, stricter credit operations, and transaction monitoring to protect customers.

(9) Deterioration of fund procurement

The Company Group secures the necessary funds for its operations and liabilities repayments through borrowings from financial institutions, etc. and financing from capital markets, including via bond and commercial paper issues.

On the other hand, there is a possibility that its existing main banks and lenders will change their current lending policy due to a potential reorganization of the financial industry or other factors. Furthermore, there is no assurance that capital markets will always be available as a reliable financing resource in the future.

In addition, if the funding environment were to deteriorate due to a sharp rise in market interest rates, a decline in the Company's business performance, or a downgrade in its credit rating, there is a risk that the necessary funds may not be secured or that funding may have to be obtained at significantly higher interest rates than usual, which could adversely affect the business performance of the Company Group.

Accordingly, in order to ensure appropriate and sound business operations, the Company Group promotes the diversification of funding sources, such as corporate bonds and commercial papers, and maintains an adequate level of cash on hand. In addition, the Company Group works to mitigate liquidity risk by establishing liquidity backup facilities such as commitment lines. Furthermore, the Company Group manages interest rate fluctuation risk appropriately by maintaining a certain proportion of fixed-rate funding and adjusting the balance between short- and long-term funding in accordance with market conditions.

In order to smoothly raise funds from capital markets, as of March 31, 2025, the Company has acquired ratings of AA- for long-term debt from Rating and Investment Information, INC. (R&I), AA- for long-term debt and J-1+ for commercial papers from Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd. (JCR). 4. Analyses of Consolidated Business Results, Financial Position and Cash Flows by the Corporate Managers

The forward-looking statements included in the following description are based on our judgment as of the end of the fiscal year.

(1) Business results

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025, the Japanese economy kept showing a gradual recovery partly due to various government policies as the employment and income environment continued to improve. However, there are some risks that could push down Japan's economic momentum due to fluctuations in financial markets and economies in various countries. The impact of those factors on consumer spending and financial markets needs to be closely monitored.

Overseas, economic conditions in the Kingdom of Thailand, where we operate the business, continue to grow gradually led by the expansion in consumer spending and exports. Likewise, steady economic growth is expected in the Republic of the Philippines, where we also operate the business, due to a recovery in consumer spending and exports, and in Malaysia due to a recovery of inbound demand and consumer spending.

The demand for funds keeps being in good conditions in the nonbank business sector in Japan, however, future trends need to be closely monitored as the sector is significantly impacted by consumer spending. Although requests for interest repayment are decreasing, future trends need to be closely monitored on an ongoing basis, as requests for interest repayment are susceptible to the impacts of changes in the external environment.

In such an environment, the Company Group has been promoting its operating activities under the mediumterm management plan, in which the final year was the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025. This plan sets forth the vision of "Meeting the expectations of all our stakeholders" and defines the initiatives to be undertaken over the three-year period as its medium-term policy toward realizing this vision.

	Prior fiscal year (result)	Current fiscal year (result)	YoY	
	Amount (Millions of yen)	Amount (Millions of yen)	Amount (Millions of yen)	%
Operating revenue	294,730	317,742	23,012	7.8
Loan and credit card business	156,036	169,464	13,428	8.6
Guarantee business	70,787	76,332	5,544	7.8
Overseas financial business	61,892	65,449	3,557	5.7
Loan servicing business	5,864	6,517	652	11.1
Operating profit	86,347	58,561	(27,785)	(32.2)
Loan and credit card business	41,771	14,033	(27,737)	(66.4)
Guarantee business	22,673	23,657	984	4.3
Overseas financial business	22,374	19,355	(3,019)	(13.5)
Loan servicing business	1,182	1,277	95	8.0
Ordinary profit	86,715	58,919	(27,795)	(32.1)
Profit attributable to owners of parent	53,091	32,124	(20,967)	(39.5)

(i) Analyses on year-on-year basis

(Note) The amounts of operating revenue and operating profit for the prior fiscal year (result) and the current fiscal year (result) are different from the sum of financial service businesses. For details of the differences, please refer to "4. Reconciliation between the total amounts of reported segments and amounts in the consolidated financial statements of Segment Information, in [Segment information] in [Notes] under 1. Consolidated Financial Statements, etc. of V. Financial Information."

Consolidated operating revenue for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025, increased to 317,742 million yen (up 7.8% year-on-year) mainly due to an increase in interest on operating loans resulting from an increase in accounts receivable - operating loans and the impact of the depreciation of Japanese yen. On the other hand, operating profit decreased to 58,561 million yen (down 32.2% year-on-year), mainly due to the recording of 40,033 million yen in provision for loss on interest repayment based on the recalculation in light of the recent

trend in requests for interest repayment, ordinary profit decreased to 58,919 million yen (down 32.1% year-on-year), and profit attributable to owners of parent decreased to 32,124 million yen (down 39.5% year-on-year).

Please refer to "(2) Overview of business results in each financial service business" for the details.

	Current fiscal year (plan)	Current fiscal year (result)	Compared to plan	
	Amount (Millions of yen)	Amount (Millions of yen)	Amount (Millions of yen)	%
Operating revenue	313,500	317,742	4,242	1.4%
Loan and credit card business	168,500	169,464	964	0.6%
Guarantee business	76,800	76,332	(467)	(0.6)%
Overseas financial business	62,100	65,449	3,349	5.4%
Loan servicing business	6,100	6,517	417	6.8%
Operating profit	87,100	58,561	(28,538)	(32.8)%
Ordinary profit	87,500	58,919	(28,580)	(32.7)%
Profit attributable to owners of parent	55,600	32,124	(23,475)	(42.2)%

(ii) Analyses on comparison with plan target

(Note) The amounts of operating revenue for current fiscal year (result) are different from sum of financial service businesses. For details of the differences, please refer to "4. Reconciliation between the total amounts of reported segments and amounts in the consolidated financial statements of Segment Information, in [Segment information] in [Notes] under 1. Consolidated Financial Statements, etc. of V. Financial Information."

Consolidated operating revenue for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025 was 4,242 million yen better than the plan target (up 1.4%) primarily due to a better-than-planned increase in accounts receivable -operating loans and foreign exchange impacts on the depreciation of the yen. Consolidated operating profit was 28,538 million yen below the plan target (down 32.8%) primarily due to the unplanned recording of 40,033 million yen in provision for loss on interest repayment. Ordinary profit was 28,580 million yen below the plan target (down 32.7%). Profit attributable to owners of parent was 23,475 million yen below the plan target (down 42.2%).

Please refer to "(2) Overview of business results in each financial service business" for the details.

(2) Overview of business results in each financial service business

(i) Loan and credit card business

In the domestic loan and credit card business, we made efforts to strengthen our ability to attract new customers and maintain the soundness of our loan portfolio.

As a measure to strengthen our ability to attract new customers, we have worked on initiatives to enhance the brand appeal of "Hajimete-no (First time at) ACOM" through activities such as revamping our television commercials and launching the "Challenge What You Want to Start" project.

In addition to these marketing activities, we have endeavored to maintain the soundness of our loan portfolio and improve the customer-reception quality of our employees by reinforcing the development of human resources through training for credit control, and customer reception including the improvement of the accuracy of credit screenings.

In addition, GeNiE Inc., a subsidiary of the Company, launched its embedded finance services in October 2024. We will continue its efforts to strengthen the business foundation.

In the loan business, accounts receivable - operating loans at the end of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025 increased to 936,015 million yen (up 6.5% year-on-year), amid a sign of recovery in consumer spending. In the credit card business, accounts receivable - installment increased to 137,371 million yen (up 12.3% year-on-year) driven by an increase in transaction volume.

As a result, the segment's operating revenue for the current fiscal year totaled 169,464 million yen (up 8.6% year-on-year) mainly due to higher accounts receivable - operating loans and accounts receivable – installment.

Operating profit decreased to 14,033 million yen (down 66.4% year-on-year) mainly due to the recording of 40,033 million yen in provision for loss on interest repayment.

(ii) Guarantee business

In the guarantee business, we worked to deepen communication with existing partners and continued appropriate screening. Specifically, we have worked on reinforcing our partners' abilities to attract new customers through joint advertisements in which multiple partners use common advertisement materials and on providing support for a variety of sales measures and improvement of business efficiency, etc. through temporary transfer of personnel for technical guidance. In addition to these initiatives, we have continued to strive to develop new partners including non-financial companies.

The balance of guaranteed receivables for the current fiscal year increased to 1,364,525 million yen (up 6.7% year-on-year), amid a sign of recovery in consumer spending.

As a result, the segment's operating revenue for the current fiscal year totaled 76,332 million yen (up 7.8% year-on-year) due to an increase in the balance of guaranteed receivables and a revision of guarantee fee rates, and operating profit totaled 23,657 million yen (up 4.3% year-on-year).

(iii) Overseas financial business

In the overseas financial business, we carried out business operations in the pursuit of reconciling the expansion of scale and provision of appropriate credit for relevant businesses.

EASY BUY Public Company Limited (hereinafter "EASY BUY"), a subsidiary of the Company which engages in the loan business in the Kingdom of Thailand, actively conducted marketing activities under the Umay+ brand with the aim of enhancing the brand image and gathering and acquiring new customers, thereby building the top-brand position in the country. In addition, it has worked to promote digitalization through efforts such as organizing data within its mobile application.

ACOM CONSUMER FINANCE CORPORATION, a subsidiary of the Company which engages in the loan business in the Republic of the Philippines, has been working on improving the quality of loans through efforts such as promoting the acquisition of preferred customers.

ACOM (M) SDN. BHD., a subsidiary of the Company established in Malaysia, has been working to establish its business operations and strengthen sales since starting its business in September 2023, and will continue its efforts to enhance the business foundation going forward. In addition, we have also promoted necessary surveys in other Asian countries to explore the feasibility of business development.

The balance of the overseas financial business at the end of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025, increased to 266,794 million yen (up 9.7% year-on-year) due to foreign exchange impact on the depreciation of the yen, although the outstanding balance in local currency basis decreased due to restrictions on household debt of Kingdom of Thailand.

As a result, the segment's operating revenue for the current fiscal year was 65,449 million yen (up 5.7% year-on-year) due to the foreign exchange impact on the depreciation of the yen. However, operating profit decreased to 19,355 million yen (down 13.5% year-on-year) as a result of an increase in operating expenses mainly due to an increase in provision for bad debts.

(iv) Loan servicing business

In the loan servicing business, as the servicer market's contraction trend slows, IR Loan Servicing, Inc., a subsidiary of the Company, worked to enhance its sales and collection capabilities, such as focusing on strengthening relationships with existing business partners and upgrading collection methods, particularly for retail.

As a result, the segment's operating revenue for the current fiscal year totaled 6,517 million yen (up 11.1% year-on-year), owing to an increase in the proceeds from purchased receivables. Operating profit totaled 1,277 million yen (up 8.0% year-on-year).

(3) Analysis of financial position

Compared with the end of the prior fiscal year, total assets increased by 69,005 million yen, total liabilities increased by 34,145 million yen, and net assets increased by 34,860 million yen as of March 31, 2025. Details of changes in assets, liabilities and net assets are as follows:

(Assets)

Current assets increased by 78,585 million yen and non-current assets decreased by 9,579 million yen. Consequently, total assets increased by 69,005 million yen. The breakdown of major increases in current assets is as follows: accounts receivable - operating loans (up 80,530 million yen) and accounts receivable - installment (up 15,048 million yen). The factors increasing accounts receivable - operating loans include foreign exchange impacts. The breakdown of major changes in non-current assets is as follows: deferred tax assets (down 11,252 million yen) and an increase in software (up 2,589 million yen). The combined total of allowance for doubtful accounts recorded under current assets and non-current assets increased by 8,117 million yen.

(Liabilities)

With regard to the liabilities account, changes in current and non-current liabilities were an increase of 23,492 million yen and an increase of 10,653 million yen, respectively, resulting in an increase of 34,145 million yen in total liabilities. The breakdown of major increases in liabilities includes the outstanding balance of funds procured mainly in the form of loans and bonds payable (up 23,797 million yen) and provision for loss on interest repayment (up 17,653 million yen).

(Net assets)

In terms of net assets, shareholders' equity increased by 11,758 million yen due to an increase in retained earnings, accumulated other comprehensive income increased by 13,792 million yen due in part to an increase in foreign currency translation adjustment, and non-controlling interests increased by 9,309 million yen. As a result, total net assets increased by 34,860 million yen, and the shareholders' equity ratio decreased by 0.3 percentage points to 44.0%.

(4) Status of cash flows

Cash and cash equivalents (hereinafter, "funds") at the end of the current fiscal year decreased by 11,742 million yen from the end of the prior fiscal year to 60,157 million yen. The changes in the respective cash flows and the reasons thereof are as follows:

(Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities)

With respect to net cash provided by operating activities, funds saw an increase of 876 million yen (up 37,636 million yen year-on-year), mainly reflecting 58,641 million yen in profit before income taxes, an increase of 5,727 million yen in allowance for doubtful accounts, an increase of 17,653 million yen in provision for loss on interest repayment, and funds-decreasing factors such as an increase of 51,211 million yen in accounts receivable - operating loans, an increase of 14,963 million yen in accounts receivable - installment, income taxes paid of 15,434 million yen.

(Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities)

With respect to net cash used in investing activities, funds saw a decrease of 6,478 million yen (down 300 million yen year-on-year). This was primarily due to funds-decreasing factors such as the purchase of intangible assets of 6,130 million yen.

(Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities)

With respect to net cash used in financing activities, funds saw a decrease of 6,410 million yen (down 63,574 million yen year-on-year). This was primarily due to dividends paid amounting to 20,364 million yen, as well as the fact that the total amount of proceeds from loans and issuance of bonds was 15,323 million yen more than the amount of repayments of borrowings and payments at maturity of bonds.

With regard to the financial resources of capital, the Company Group raised funds by way of borrowings from

financial institutions, bond issuance, etc. With regard to the liquidity of funds, the Group has secured sufficient liquidity through various fundraising measures, along with a commitment line agreement and overdraft agreement concluded with a major bank.

(5) Significant accounting estimates and assumptions used for the estimates

The consolidated financial statements of the Company Group are prepared on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in Japan. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Group uses estimates and assumptions that have an impact on the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. However, the figures based on these estimates and assumptions may differ from the actual results.

Significant accounting estimates and assumptions used when preparing the consolidated financial statements are stated in "(Significant accounting estimates) of Notes under 1. Consolidated Financial Statements, etc. of V. Financial Information" including calculation of provision for loss on interest repayment, calculation of allowance for doubtful accounts and calculation of deferred tax assets.

Business segment		Prior fiscal year		Current fiscal year		
		(From April 1, 2023		(From April 1, 2024		
		to March 31, 2024)		to March 31,2025)		
			Amount	Proportion	Amount	Proportion
			(Millions of yen)	(%)	(Millions of yen)	(%)
		Loan business	140,260	47.6	151,243	47.6
	Japan	Credit card business	15,769	5.3	18,210	5.7
		Guarantee business	70,787	24.0	76,332	24.0
Financial service		Loan servicing business	5,864	2.0	6,517	2.1
businesses		Others	158	0.1	2	0.0
	L	Loan business	61,811	21.0	65,360	20.6
	Overseas	verseas Installment loan business	78	0.0	75	0.0
Total		294,730	100.0	317,742	100.0	

(6) Consolidated operating results

(i) Operating revenue by business segment

(Note) Category of business above applies the category of business stated in [Segment information] in [Notes] under 1. Consolidated Financial Statements, etc. of V. Financial Information.

- (ii) Transaction volume and outstanding receivables at the end of the fiscal year for the financial service business segments
 - a. Transaction volume

		Prior fiscal	year	Current fiscal year		
		(From April 1		(From April 1, 2024		
	Business segment	to March 31,	2024)	to March 31,	2025)	
		Amount	Proportion	Amount	Proportion	
		(Millions of yen)	(%)	(Millions of yen)	(%)	
	Loan business	450,922	64.3	475,829	63.7	
Japan	Credit card business	71,451	10.2	73,143	9.8	
	Loan servicing business	3,286	0.5	4,178	0.6	
Ouersees	Loan business	175,089	24.9	193,376	25.9	
Overseas	Installment loan business	965	0.1	1,007	0.1	
Total		701,715	100.0	747,536	100.0	

(Notes) 1. Category of business above applies the category of business stated in [Segment information] in [Notes] under 1. Consolidated Financial Statements, etc. of V. Financial Information.

2. Details and transaction volume of the above financial service business segments are as follows: Loan business Provision of loans directly to customers. The scope of this segment's transaction volume is the amount of loans to customers during the period. Credit card business Provision of general financial services through the use of credit cards, based on comprehensive credit administration. The scope of transaction volume is the total amount of credit extended for shopping through the use of credit cards during the period. Loan servicing business The amount of purchased receivables. Installment loan business Provision of financial services without using credit cards. Each transaction of this service involves customer screening and review. The scope of transaction volume is the sum of credit amount and commission fees.

b. Receivables outstanding

		Prior fiscal	year	Current fiscal year		
	Business segment	(As of March 3	1, 2024)	(As of March 31, 2025)		
	Business segment	Amount	Proportion	Amount	Proportion	
		(Millions of yen)	(%)	(Millions of yen)	(%)	
	Loan business	879,032	70.2	936,025	69.4	
Japan	Credit card business	122,303	9.8	137,371	10.2	
	Loan servicing business	8,212	0.6	9,388	0.7	
Ottomagaaa	Loan business	242,522	19.3	266,060	19.7	
Overseas	Installment loan business	754	0.1	734	0.0	
Total		1,252,825	100.0	1,349,580	100.0	

(Note) Category of business above applies the category of business stated in [Segment information] in [Notes] under 1. Consolidated Financial Statements, etc. of V. Financial Information.

(iii) Number of outlets

Category	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)	
Outlets	781	694	

(iv) Number of customer accounts

Business segment		Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
	Loan business	1,790,412	1,908,282
Japan	Credit card business	822,470	913,072
	Loan servicing business	425,676	445,448
0	Loan business	1,471,348	1,437,615
Overseas	Installment loan business	11,935	10,742

(Notes) 1. Category of business above applies the category of business stated in [Segment information] in [Notes] under 1. Consolidated Financial Statements, etc. of V. Financial Information.

2. The number of customer accounts by business segment shown above is as follows:

Loan business	Number of accounts with outstanding accounts receivable - operating loans
Credit card business	Number of "MasterCard®" holders
Loan servicing business	Number of accounts with outstanding purchased receivables
Installment loan business	Number of contracts with outstanding accounts receivable - installment

(v) Breakdown of accounts receivable - operating loans

a. By loan type

Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)					Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)						
Loan type		Number of loan contracts	(%)	Outstanding balance (Millions of yen)	(%)	Average contracted interest rate (%)	Number of loan contracts	Proportion (%)	Outstanding balance (Millions of yen)	Proportion (%)	Average contracted interest rate (%)
	Unsecured loans (excluding housing loans)	3,260,945	100.0	1,119,458	99.8	17.29	3,345,203	100.0	1,200,295	99.8	17.40
Consumer loans	Secured loans (excluding housing loans)	808	0.0	2,081	0.2	11.23	689	0.0	1,776	0.1	11.20
sume	Housing loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Con	Subtotal	3,261,753	100.0	1,121,540	100.0	17.28	3,345,892	100.0	1,202,071	100.0	17.39
cial	Unsecured loans	1	0.0	0	0.0	15.00	1	0.0	0	0.0	15.00
Commercial loans	Secured loans	6	0.0	14	0.0	9.03	4	0.0	12	0.0	9.35
Comn loans	Subtotal	7	0.0	14	0.0	9.25	5	0.0	13	0.0	9.57
	Total	3,261,760	100.0	1,121,554	100.0	17.28	3,345,897	100.0	1,202,085	100.0	17.39

b. By industry

	Prior fi	scal year (As	of March 31,	2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)			
Industry	Number of loan contracts	Proportion (%)	Outstanding balance (Millions of yen)	Proportion (%)	Number of loan contracts	Proportion (%)	Outstanding balance (Millions of yen)	Proportion (%)
Agriculture, forestry and fishery	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Construction	1	0.0	4	0.0	1	0.0	4	0.0
Manufacturing	1	0.0	0	0.0	-	-	-	-
Electricity; gas; heat supply; water supply Information and	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
communications Transport and postal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
services								
Wholesale and retail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance and insurance	1	0.0	1	0.0	1	0.0	1	0.0
Real estate, and goods rental and leasing Accommodation, and	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
food and beverage services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Education and educational support	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Healthcare and welfare	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Multiple services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other services (Does not fall under any other category)	4	0.0	8	0.0	3	0.0	8	0.0
Individuals	3,261,753	100.0	1,121,540	100.0	3,345,892	100.0	1,202,071	100.0
Specified nonprofit organization	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	3,261,760	100.0	1,121,554	100.0	3,345,897	100.0	1,202,085	100.0

(Note) Commercial loans to sole proprietors are included in corresponding categories other than "Individuals."

c. By collateral type

	Prior fis (As of Marc	cal year ch 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)		
Collateral	Outstanding balance (Millions of yen)	Proportion (%)	Outstanding balance (Millions of yen)	Proportion (%)	
Securities	-	-	-	-	
[Stocks included in the above]	[-]	[-]	[-]	[-]	
Credit	-	-	-	-	
[Deposits included in the above]	[-]	[-]	[-]	[-]	
Merchandise	-	-	-	-	
Real estate	2,095	0.2	1,788	0.1	
Foundations	-	-	-	-	
Others	-	-	-	-	
Subtotal	2,095	0.2	1,788	0.1	
Guarantee	-	-	-	-	
Unsecured	1,119,459	99.8	1,200,296	99.9	
Total	1,121,554	100.0	1,202,085	100.0	

d. By loan term

		Prior fisc	al year (As	of March 31,	2024)	Current fi	scal year (A	s of March 3	1, 2025)
Loan period		Number of loan contracts	Proportion (%)	Outstanding balance (Millions of yen)	Proportion (%)	Number of loan contracts	Proportion (%)	Outstanding balance (Millions of yen)	Proportion (%)
	Revolving	3,076,755	94.3	1,062,914	94.8	3,160,033	94.4	1,142,735	95.1
	Due within 1 year	1,687	0.0	168	0.0	3,834	0.1	458	0.0
	Due after 1 year through 5 years	158,758	4.9	46,503	4.1	160,497	4.8	46,179	3.8
Unsecured loans	Due after 5 years through 10 years	18,409	0.6	6,235	0.6	16,434	0.5	7,911	0.7
cured	Due after 10 years through 15 years	5,258	0.2	3,584	0.3	4,333	0.1	2,964	0.2
Unse	Due after 15 years through 20 years	60	0.0	41	0.0	54	0.0	36	0.0
	Due after 20 years through 25 years	15	0.0	9	0.0	14	0.0	8	0.0
	Due after 25 years	4	0.0	1	0.0	5	0.0	1	0.0
	Subtotal	3,260,946	100.0	1,119,459	99.8	3,345,204	100.0	1,200,296	99.9
	Revolving	624	0.0	1,578	0.2	537	0.0	1,360	0.1
	Due within 1 year	4	0.0	12	0.0	3	0.0	4	0.0
	Due after 1 year through 5 years	38	0.0	53	0.0	31	0.0	48	0.0
oans	Due after 5 years through 10 years	83	0.0	207	0.0	72	0.0	190	0.0
Secured loans	Due after 10 years through 15 years	32	0.0	74	0.0	29	0.0	76	0.0
Sec	Due after 15 years through 20 years	7	0.0	17	0.0	5	0.0	14	0.0
	Due after 20 years through 25 years	26	0.0	150	0.0	16	0.0	93	0.0
	Due after 25 years	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Subtotal	814	0.0	2,095	0.2	693	0.0	1,788	0.1
	olving	3,077,379	94.3	1,064,493	94.9	3,160,570	94.5	1,144,095	95.2
	within 1 year	1,691	0.0	181	0.0	3,837	0.1	463	0.0
	after 1 year 1gh 5 years	158,796	4.9	46,557	4.2	160,528	4.8	46,227	3.8
Due	after 5 years 1gh 10 years	18,492	0.6	6,443	0.6	16,506	0.5	8,102	0.7
Due throu	after 10 years 1gh 15 years	5,290	0.2	3,658	0.3	4,362	0.1	3,041	0.3
throu	after 15 years 1gh 20 years	67	0.0	58	0.0	59	0.0	50	0.0
throu	after 20 years 1gh 25 years	41	0.0	160	0.0	30	0.0	101	0.0
Due	after 25 years	4	0.0	1	0.0	5		1	0.0
	Total	3,261,760	100.0	1,121,554	100.0	3,345,897	100.0	1,202,085	100.0
Aver	age term per contract		-					-	

(Note) "Average term per contract" is not calculated since revolving loan contracts are included in the table above.

(vi) Breakdown of funds

		scal year ch 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)		
Funding sources, etc.	Outstanding balance (Millions of yen)	Average interest rate (%)	Outstanding	Average interest rate (%)	
Borrowings from financial institutions, etc.	468,603	0.66	473,237	0.95	
Others	194,725	0.72	214,402	0.80	
[Corporate bonds, CPs]	[194,725]	[0.72]	[214,402]	[0.80]	
Total	663,329	0.68	687,639	0.90	
Owners' equity	752,795	-	802,876	-	
[Share capital]	[63,832]	[-]	[63,832]	[-]	

(Note) "Owners' equity" was calculated by deducting total liabilities, the amount of non-controlling interests in the "net assets" section, and the planned amount of dividend from total assets, and then adding the total amount of reserves (including reserves under special laws).

(vii) Operating results of the Filing Company

- a. The number of outlets and customer accounts by business segment
 - (a) The number of outlets and automated teller machines

Category	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
Unstaffed outlets	671	585
Automatic contract machines	671 locations [685]	585 locations [587]
ATMs	49,779	64,497
Proprietary	684	569
Tie-up	49,095	63,928
[Number of tie-up companies]	15	15

(Note) In addition to the above 585 loan business outlets, based on the Money Lending Business Act, we registered 1 service center (1 as of March 31, 2024) for the various applications and registration acceptance via automatic contract machines and other means as outlets.

(b) Number of customer accounts

Business segment	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)	
Loan business	1,790,395	1,897,011	
Credit card business	822,470	913,072	

(Note) The number of customer accounts by business segment shown above is as follows:

Loan businessNumber of accounts with outstanding accounts receivable - operating loansCredit card businessNumber of "MasterCard®" holders

b. Breakdown of operating revenue

Operating revenue by business segment

	1	Business segment	Prior fis (From April 1, 2023	2	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)			
			Amount (Millions of yen)	Proportion (%)	Amount (Millions of yen)	Proportion (%)		
Lo	Loan business		140,260	65.1	151,176	64.8		
	Unsecured loans Consumer loans		140,008	65.0	150,968	64.7		
			140,008	65.0	150,968	64.7		
		Commercial loans	0	0.0	0	0.0		
	Se	ecured loans	252	0.1	208	0.1		
Cı	redi	it card business	15,769	7.3	18,210	7.8		
Gı	Guarantee business Others Total		59,208	27.5	63,626	27.3		
Ot			229	0.1	237	0.1		
			215,467	100.0	233,250	100.0		

c. Transaction volume and outstanding receivables at the end of the fiscal year for the financial service business segments

(a) Transaction volume

Busin	ess	segment	Prior fise (From Apr to March 3	il 1, 2023	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)		
			Amount (Millions of yen)	Proportion (%)	Amount (Millions of yen)	Proportion (%)	
	Unsecured loans			86.3	473,608	86.6	
		Consumer loans	450,914	86.3	473,608	86.6	
Loan business		Commercial loans	-	-	-	-	
	Se	cured loans	7	0.0	7	0.0	
	Subtotal		450,922	86.3	473,616	86.6	
Credit card business		71,451	13.7	73,143	13.4		
	Total			100.0	546,759	100.0	

(Note) Details and transaction volume of the above Financial Service business segments are as follows: Loan business Provision of loans by the Filing Company directly to customers. The scope of this segment's transaction volume is the amount of loans to

scope of this segment's transaction volume is the amount of loans to customers during the period.

Credit card business

Provision of general financial services through the use of credit cards, based on comprehensive credit administration. The scope of transaction volume is the total amount of credit extended for shopping through the use of credit cards during the period.

(b) Receivables outstanding

			Prior fise	cal year	Current fis	scal year
			(As of Marc	h 31, 2024)	(As of March	n 31, 2025)
Busir	ness	segment	Outstanding		Outstanding	
			balance	Proportion (%)	balance	Proportion (%)
			(Millions of yen)		(Millions of yen)	
	Uı	nsecured loans	876,926	87.6	932,307	87.0
		Consumer loans	876,925	87.6	932,306	87.0
Loan business		Commercial loans	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Se	ecured loans	2,095	0.2	1,788	0.2
		Subtotal	879,021	87.8	934,096	87.2
Credit card busine	Credit card business		122,303	12.2	137,371	12.8
Total			1,001,325	100.0	1,071,468	100.0

d. Increase/decrease and outstanding balance of accounts receivable - operating loans

_	Prior fiscal	year (As of Mar	ch 31, 2024)	Current fiscal	year (As of Mar	ch 31, 2025)
Item	Total amount (Millions of yen)	Unsecured loans (Millions of yen)	Secured loans (Millions of yen)	Total amount (Millions of yen)	Unsecured loans (Millions of yen)	Secured loans (Millions of yen)
Beginning balance	810,958	808,441	2,516	879,021	876,926	2,095
Loans made during the period	450,922	450,914	7	473,616	473,608	7
Collection during the period	350,105	349,716	388	383,684	383,406	278
Transfer of claims on bankruptcy and reorganization, etc.	396	396	-	495	486	9
Write-off of bad debts during the period	32,356	32,316	39	34,361	34,333	27
Final balance	879,021	876,926	2,095	934,096	932,307	1,788
Average loans receivable	841,912	839,593	2,319	905,905	903,957	1,947

e. Breakdown of accounts receivable - operating loans

(a) By loan type

		Prior f	Current	fiscal ye	ear (As of Ma	rch 31, 20	025)				
	Loan type	Number of loan contracts	(%)	Outstanding balance (Millions of yen)	Proportion (%)	Average contracted interest rate (%)	Number of loan contracts	Proportion (%)	Outstanding balance (Millions of yen)	Proportion (%)	Average contracted interest rate (%)
oans	Unsecured loans (excluding housing loans)	1,789,580	100.0	876,925	99.8	15.49	1,896,317	100.0	932,306	99.8	15.59
Consumer loans	Secured loans (excluding housing loans)	808	0.0	2,081	0.2	11.23	689	0.0	1,776	0.2	11.20
č	Housing loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Subtotal	1,790,388	100.0	879,007	100.0	15.48	1,897,006	100.0	934,082	100.0	15.58
rcial s	Unsecured Loans	1	0.0	0	0.0	15.00	1	0.0	0	0.0	15.00
Commercial loans	Secured loans	6	0.0	14	0.0	9.03	4	0.0	12	0.0	9.35
Coi	Subtotal	7	0.0	14	0.0	9.25	5	0.000	13	0.0	9.57
	Total	1,790,395	100.0	879,021	100.0	15.48	1,897,011	100.0	934,096	100.0	15.58

(b) By industry

	Prior fi	scal year (As	of March 31,	2024)	Current	fiscal year (A	s of March 31	, 2025)
Industry	Number of loan contracts	Proportion (%)	Outstanding balance (Millions of yen)	Proportion (%)	Number of loan contracts	Proportion (%)	Outstanding balance (Millions of yen)	Proportion (%)
Agriculture, forestry and fishery	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Construction	1	0.0	4	0.0	1	0.0	4	0.0
Manufacturing	1	0.0	0	0.0	-	-	-	-
Electricity; gas; heat supply; water supply	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Information and communications	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transport and postal services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wholesale and retail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance and insurance	1	0.0	1	0.0	1	0.0	1	0.0
Real estate, and goods rental and leasing Accommodation, and	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
food and beverage services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Education and educational support	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Healthcare and welfare	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Multiple services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other services (Does not fall under any other category)	4	0.0	8	0.0	3	0.0	8	0.0
Individuals	1,790,388	100.0	879,007	100.0	1,897,006	100.0	934,082	100.00
Specified nonprofit organization	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,790,395	100.0	879,021	100.0	1,897,011	100.0	934,096	100.0

(Note) Commercial loans to sole proprietors are included in corresponding categories other than "Individuals."

				scal year ch 31, 2024)				iscal year ch 31, 2025)	
Se	ex and age	Number of loan contracts	Proportion (%)	Outstanding balance (Millions of yen)	Proportion (%)	Number of loan contracts	Proportion (%)	Outstanding balance (Millions of yen)	Proportion (%)
	18-19 years	535	0.0	47	0.0	4	0.0	0	0.0
	20-29	400,430	22.4	151,258	17.3	426,946	22.5	163,519	17.5
	30-39	295,132	16.5	167,571	19.1	311,689	16.4	179,843	19.3
Male	40-49	227,511	12.7	155,776	17.8	232,510	12.3	159,121	17.1
	50-59	196,568	11.0	145,618	16.6	203,303	10.7	150,188	16.1
	60 years and older	127,897	7.1	68,631	7.8	136,434	7.2	73,350	7.9
	Subtotal	1,248,073	69.7	688,904	78.6	1,310,886	69.1	726,024	77.9
	18-19 years	334	0.0	28	0.0	3	0.0	0	0.0
	20-29	182,321	10.2	53,703	6.1	196,279	10.4	59,432	6.4
	30-39	111,278	6.2	39,645	4.5	123,771	6.5	45,119	4.8
Female	40-49	98,214	5.5	37,514	4.3	103,637	5.5	39,751	4.3
Female	50-59	90,940	5.1	36,590	4.2	97,239	5.1	39,269	4.2
	60 years and older	58,420	3.3	20,538	2.3	64,502	3.4	22,709	2.4
	Subtotal	541,507	30.3	188,021	21.4	585,431	30.9	206,282	22.1
	Total	1,789,580	100.0	876,925	100.0	1,896,317	100.0	932,306	100.0

(c) Breakdown of unsecured consumer loans receivable by consumers' sex and age

(d) By collateral type

	Prior fis			iscal year	
	(As of Marc	ch 31, 2024)	(As of March 31, 2025)		
Collateral	Outstanding		Outstanding		
	balance	Proportion (%)	balance	Proportion (%)	
	(Millions of yen)		(Millions of yen)		
Securities	-	-	-	-	
[Stocks included in the above]	[-]	[-]	[-]	[-]	
Credit	-	-	-	-	
[Deposits included in the above]	[-]	[-]	[-]	[-]	
Merchandise	-	-	-	-	
Real estate	2,095	0.2	1,788	0.2	
Foundations	-	-	-	-	
Others	-	-	-	-	
Subtotal	2,095	0.2	1,788	0.2	
Guarantee	-	-	-	-	
Unsecured	876,926	99.8	932,307	99.8	
Total	879,021	100.0	934,096	100.0	

(e) By loan amount

				scal year rch 31, 2024)				fiscal year ch 31, 2025)	
	Loan amount	Number of loan contracts	Proportion (%)	Outstanding balance (Millions of yen)	Proportion (%)	Number of loan contracts	Proportion (%)	Outstanding balance (Millions of yen)	Proportion (%)
	Due within 100,000 yen	306,661	17.1	18,778	2.1	313,083	16.5	18,660	2.0
Unsecured loans	Due over 100,000 yen through 300,000 yen	438,007	24.5	91,585	10.4	478,126	25.2	100,793	10.8
scured	Due over 300,000 yen through 500,000 yen	569,986	31.9	246,618	28.1	598,063	31.5	257,850	27.6
Unse	Due over 500,000 yen	474,927	26.5	519,943	59.2	507,046	26.7	555,003	59.4
	Subtotal	1,789,581	100.0	876,926	99.8	1,896,318	100.00	932,307	99.8
	Due within 1 million yen	223	0.0	118	0.0	197	0.0	107	0.0
	Due over 1 million yen through 5 million yen	504	0.0	1,314	0.1	418	0.0	1,089	0.1
loans	Due over 5 million yen through 10 million yen	75	0.0	504	0.1	70	0.0	478	0.1
Secured loans	Due over 10 million yen through 50 million yen	12	0.0	157	0.0	8	0.0	114	0.0
Sec	Due over 50 million yen through 100 million yen	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Due over 100 million yen	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Subtotal	814	0.0	2,095	0.2	693	0.0	1,788	0.2
	Total	1,790,395	100.0	879,021	100.0	1,897,011	100.0	934,096	100.0
	age loans receivable per ract (Thousands of yen)	-	-	490	-	-	-	492	-
	Unsecured loans	-	-	490	-	-	-	491	-
	Secured loans	-	-	2,574	-	-	-	2,581	-

(f) By loan term

		Prior fis	cal year (As	of March 31,	2024)	Current f	iscal year (A	s of March 3	, 2025)
	Loan term	Number of loan contracts	Proportion (%)	Outstanding balance (Millions of yen)	Proportion (%)	Number of loan contracts	Proportion (%)	Outstanding balance (Millions of yen)	Proportion (%)
	Revolving	1,656,026	92.5	829,608	94.4	1,764,522	93.0	886,307	94.9
	Due within 1 year	1,206	0.1	140	0.0	1,349	0.1	190	0.0
	Due after 1 year through 5 years	108,606	6.1	37,307	4.3	109,609	5.8	34,887	3.7
Unsecured loans	Due after 5 years through 10 years	18,406	1.0	6,232	0.7	16,432	0.9	7,909	0.8
cured	Due after 10 years through 15 years	5,258	0.3	3,584	0.4	4,333	0.2	2,964	0.3
Unse	Due after 15 years through 20 years	60	0.0	41	0.0	54	0.0	36	0.0
	Due after 20 years through 25 years	15	0.0	9	0.0	14	0.0	8	0.0
	Due after 25 years	4	0.0	1	0.0	5	0.0	1	0.0
	Subtotal	1,789,581	100.0	876,926	99.8	1,896,318	100.00	932,307	99.8
	Revolving	624	0.0	1,578	0.2	537	0.0	1,360	0.1
	Due within 1 year	4	0.0	12	0.0	3	0.0	4	0.0
	Due after 1 year through 5 years	38	0.0	53	0.0	31	0.0	48	0.0
oans	Due after 5 years through 10 years	83	0.0	207	0.0	72	0.0	190	0.0
Secured loans	Due after 10 years through 15 years	32	0.0	74	0.0	29	0.0	76	0.0
Seci	Due after 15 years through 20 years	7	0.0	17	0.0	5	0.0	14	0.0
	Due after 20 years through 25 years	26	0.0	150	0.0	16	0.0	93	0.0
	Due after 25 years	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Subtotal	814	0.0	2,095	0.2	693	0.0	1,788	0.2
Revo	olving	1,656,650	92.5	831,187	94.6	1,765,059	93.0	887,668	95.0
	within 1 year	1,210	0.1	153	0.0	1,352	0.1	195	0.0
throu	after 1 year 1gh 5 years	108,644	6.1	37,361	4.3	109,640	5.8	34,936	3.7
throu	after 5 years 1gh 10 years	18,489	1.0	6,440	0.7	16,504	0.9	8,100	0.9
throu	after 10 years 1gh 15 years	5,290	0.3	3,658	0.4	4,362	0.2	3,041	0.3
throu	after 15 years 1gh 20 years	67	0.0	58	0.0	59	0.0	50	0.0
	after 20 years 1gh 25 years	41	0.0	160	0.0	30	0.0	101	0.0
	after 25 years	4	0.0	1	0.0	5	0.0	1	0.0
	Total	1,790,395	100.0	879,021	100.0	1,897,011	100.0	934,096	100.0
Avera	age term per contract		-	-			-	-	

(Note) "Average term per contract" is not calculated since revolving loan contracts are included in the table above.

(g) By interest rate

		(4		scal year ch 31, 2024))		Current fi s of Marc	scal year h 31, 2025)	
	Interest rate		Proportion (%)	Outstanding balance (Millions of yen)	Proportion (%)	Number of loan contracts	1	Outstanding balance (Millions of yen)	Proportion
	Below 10.0% p.a.	129,964	7.3	55,791	6.4	125,966	6.6	55,199	5.9
ans	From 10.0% to 15.0% p.a.	367,462	20.5	394,102	44.8	390,138	20.6	419,915	45.0
Unsecured loans	From 15.0% to 18.0% p.a.	1,292,155	72.2	427,032	48.6	1,380,214	72.8	457,192	48.9
secur	From 18.0% to 20.0% p.a.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Un	Above 20.0% p.a.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Subtotal	1,789,581	100.0	876,926	99.8	1,896,318	100.0	932,307	99.8
IS	Below 10.0% p.a.	211	0.0	703	0.1	188	0.0	618	0.1
d loar	From 10.0% to 15.0% p.a. From 15.0% to 18.0% p.a.		0.0	1,392	0.1	505	0.0	1,170	0.1
ecure			-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ň	Subtotal		0.0	2,095	0.2	693	0.0	1,788	0.2
	Total	1,790,395	100.0	879,021	100.0	1,897,011	100.0	934,096	100.0

f. Breakdown of funds

(a) Breakdown by funding sources

		cal year ch 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)		
Funding sources	Outstanding balance (Millions of yen)	Average interest rate (%)	Outstanding balance (Millions of yen)	Average interest rate (%)	
Borrowings from financial institutions, etc.	423,425	0.44	430,085	0.76	
Others	164,989	0.49	194,914	0.62	
[Corporate bonds, CPs]	[164,989]	[0.49]	[194,914]	[0.62]	
Total	588,414	0.46	624,999	0.71	
Owners' equity	625,591	-	651,845	-	
[Share capital]	[63,832]	[-]	[63,832]	[-]	

(Note) "Owners' equity" was calculated by deducting total liabilities and the planned amount of dividend from total assets, and then adding the total amount of reserves (including reserves under special laws).

(b) Breakdown by financial institution

Financial institution			Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)				Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)			
		Beginning balance	Amount procured (Millions of yen)	Amount repaid	Final balance	Beginning balance (Millions of yen)	Amount procured	Amount repaid	Final balance	
	City banks, etc.	293,114	173,000	152,255	313,859	313,859	136,000	138,120	311,739	
	Regional banks	47,501	27,200	14,019	60,682	60,682	25,800	17,796	68,685	
	Trust banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Foreign banks	1,000	-	-	1,000	1,000	-	1,000	-	
Borrowings	Life insurance companies	2,600	500	820	2,280	2,280	500	320	2,460	
	Non-life insurance companies	1,500	I	I	1,500	1,500	-	-	1,500	
	Business corporations (leasing and financing companies, etc.)	264	-	160	104	104	200	104	200	
	Other financial institutions	29,200	21,500	6,700	44,000	44,000	10,000	8,499	45,501	
	Subtotal	375,179	222,200	173,954	423,425	423,425	172,500	165,839	430,085	
Commercial	Commercial papers		251,991	257,000	29,989	29,989	232,924	208,000	54,914	
Corporate bonds (including current portion of bonds payable)		95,000	65,000	25,000	135,000	135,000	45,000	40,000	140,000	
Subtotal		129,998	316,991	282,000	164,989	164,989	277,924	248,000	194,914	
	Total	505,177	539,191	455,954	588,414	588,414	450,424	413,839	624,999	

(Notes) 1. "City banks, etc." includes SBI Shinsei Bank, Limited and Aozora Bank, Ltd.

2. "Other financial institutions" includes syndicated loans.

5. Critical Agreements, etc.

Material contracts entered into before April 1, 2024, are omitted in accordance with the Article3, Paragraph 4 of the "Cabinet Office Ordinance for Partial Amendment of the Cabinet Office Ordinance on the Disclosure of Corporate Affairs, etc. and Cabinet Office Order on Disclosure of Information on Regulated Securities."

6. Research and Development Activities

Not applicable

III. Equipment and Facilities

1. Status of Capital Expenditures, etc.

During this fiscal year, there were no noteworthy capital investments, etc.

2. Situation of Major Equipment

The major equipment in the Company Group is the following:

(1) The Filing Company

						As of M	arch 31, 2025
				Number of employees			
Business Place (Location)	Name of business segments	Details of major facilities and equipment	Buildings and structures	Equipment	Leased assets	Total	[Number of fixed- term employees not included in the above numbers] (persons)
Head Office (Note) 1(Minato-ku, Tokyo)	Corporate wide (shared)	Other facilities and equipment	177	28	12	218	402 [18]
Contact Center (Yokohama City, Kanagawa) and 671	Loan and credit card business	Contact center, unstaffed outlets	1,314	777	-	2,092	1,113 [51]
other unstaffed outlets, data centers, etc.	Corporate wide (shared)	Data centers	49	947	943	1,940	-

(Notes) 1. Part of the building has been on lease and the leasing fee is 404 million yen.

- 2. The rent for part of the building and land on lease other than the above (Note) 1 is 2,802 million yen.
- 3. There are no major facilities that are not operating.
- (2) Domestic subsidiaries

Not applicable

(3) Overseas subsidiaries

Not applicable

- 3. Plans for Equipment Introduction, Disposals, etc.
 - (1) Major equipment introduction, etc. Not applicable
 - (2) Major equipment disposal, etc. Not applicable

f March 21 2025

IV. Information on the Filing Company

1. Information on the Company's Shares

- (1) Total number of shares, etc.
 - (i) Total number of shares

Class	Total number of shares authorized to be issued		
Common stock	5,321,974,000		
Total	5,321,974,000		

(ii) Issued shares

Class	As of the end of the current fiscal year (March 31, 2025)	As of the submission date (June 19, 2025)	Stock exchange on which the Company is listed	Description
Common stock	1,566,614,098	1,566,614,098	Tokyo Stock Exchange Standard Market	These are the Company's standard shares with no restricted rights. One unit of stock constitutes 100 common shares.
Total	1,566,614,098	1,566,614,098	-	-

(2) Status of the stock acquisition rights

- (i) Details of stock option plans Not applicable
- (ii) Rights plans Not applicable
- (iii) Other stock acquisition rights Not applicable
- (3) Status in the exercise of bonds with stock acquisition rights with exercise price amendment Not applicable
- (4) Changes in the total number of shares issued and the amount of share capital and other

Date	the total number of shares issued	Balance of the total number of shares issued (Thousands of shares)	Changes in share capital (Millions of	Balance of share capital (Millions of yen)	Changes in legal capital surplus (Millions of yen)	Balance of legal capital surplus (Millions of yen)
June 3, 2021 (Note)	(29,668)	1,566,614	-	63,832	-	72,322

(Note) Pursuant to the resolution at the Board of Directors meeting held on May 20, 2021, the Company cancelled its treasury shares on June 3, 2021, resulting in a decrease of 29,668,702 shares in the total number of shares issued.

(5) Status of shareholders

As of March 31, 2025

	Status of shares (the number of minimum unit is 100 shares)								
Classification	Government Japanese		Financiai		Foreign corporations, etc.				Status of shares below
	and local municipalities	nd local and business corporations	Others	Individuals	Individuals, others	Total	unit (Shares)		
Number of shareholders	0	18	33	90	239	32	16,240	16,652	-
Number of shares held (Units)	0	2,152,387	100,192	11,351,680	607,735	690	1,453,060	15,665,744	39,698
Ratio of shares held (%)	0.00	13.74	0.64	72.46	3.88	0.00	9.28	100.00	-

(Notes) 1. 120 shares of treasury shares are included in one unit in "Individuals, others" and 20 shares in the "Status of shares below unit" box.

2. The number of shares in the "Other Japanese corporations" box includes 30 units of shares under the name of Japan Securities Depository Center, Inc.

(6) Major shareholders

s) wajor shareholders		As o	f March 31, 202
Name	Address	Number of shares held (Thousands of shares)	Percentage of shares held to the total number of issued shares (excluding shares of treasury shares (%)
Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc.	1-4-5, Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	588,723	37.57
Maruito Shokusan Co., Ltd.	1-2-3 Minato-machi, Naniwa-ku, Osaka City, Osaka	273,467	17.45
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account)	8-1 Akasaka 1-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo	130,967	8.35
Maruito Co., Ltd.	1-2-3 Minato-machi, Naniwa-ku, Osaka City, Osaka	125,533	8.01
Foundation of Kinoshita Memorial Enterprise	6-2-14 Motomachi-dori, Chuo-ku, Kobe City, Hyogo	92,192	5.88
Maruito Shoten Co., Ltd.	1-2-3 Minato-machi, Naniwa-ku, Osaka City, Osaka	38,733	2.47
Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking Corporation	1-4-5, Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	31,572	2.01
Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account)	1-8-12 Harumi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo	17,548	1.12
Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account 4)	1-8-12 Harumi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo	16,504	1.05
MASA & COMPANY Co., Ltd.	5-14-4, Minamiazabu, Minato-ku, Tokyo	11,000	0.70
Subtotal	-	1,326,242	84.65

(Note) In "Number of shares held," figures less than one thousand are truncated.

(7) Status of voting rights

(i) Issued shares

As of March 31, 2025
- ,

Classification	Number of shares (Shares)	Number of voting rights (Units)	Details
Shares without voting rights	-	-	-
Shares with limited voting rights (treasury shares, etc.)	-	-	-
Shares with limited voting rights (others)	-	-	-
Shares with full voting rights (treasury shares, etc.)	(Treasury shares) Common stock 100	-	-
Shares with full voting rights (others)	Common stock 1,566,574,300	15,665,743	-
Shares less than one unit	Common stock 39,698	-	-
Total number of shares issued	1,566,614,098	-	-
Total voting rights held by all shareholders	-	15,665,743	-

(Notes) 1. The number of shares of common stock in the "Shares with full voting rights (others)" box includes 3,000 shares (30 units of voting rights) held by Japan Securities Depository Center, Inc.

- 3,000 shares (30 units of voting rights) held by Japan Securities Depository Center, Inc.2. The number of shares of common stock in the "Shares less than one unit" box includes 20 shares of treasury shares held by the Company.
- (ii) Treasury shares, etc.

As of March 31, 2025

		Number of	Number of		Percentage of
		shares held	shares held		shares held to
Shareholder	Address of shareholder	under own	under the names	Total (Shares)	the total number
		name of others	of others		of issued shares
		(Shares)	(Shares)		(%)
(Treasury shares) ACOM CO., LTD.	1-9-1, Higashi- Shinbashi, Minato-ku, Tokyo	100	-	100	0.00
Total	-	100	-	100	0.00

- 2. Status of Acquisition of Treasury Shares, etc. Class of stocks, etc.: Common stock
 - (1) Status of the acquisition of treasury shares resolved at shareholders' meetings Not applicable
 - (2) Status of the acquisition of treasury shares resolved at the meetings of the Board of Directors Not applicable
 - (3) Details of the acquisition of treasury shares not based on the resolutions of shareholders' meetings or the meetings of the Board of Directors Not applicable
 - (4) Status of the disposition and holding of acquired treasury shares

	Current f	iscal year	Current term		
Category	Number of shares (Shares)	Total amount disposed (Thousands of yen)	Number of shares (Shares)	Total amount disposed (Thousands of yen)	
Acquired treasury shares for which subscribers were solicited	-	-	-	-	
Acquired treasury shares that was disposed of	-	-	-	-	
Treasury shares transferred due to merger, stock exchange, stock delivery or corporate separation	-	-	-	-	
Others	-	-	-	-	
Number of shares of treasury shares held	120	-	120	-	

(Note) "The number of shares of treasury shares held" during the current term does not include the number of shares acquired for purchase of shares less than one unit from June 1, 2025, to the submission date of the Annual Securities Report.

3. Basic Policy on Dividends

With regard to a basic policy regarding the profit distribution, the Company is committed to maintaining stable and continuous dividend payments to shareholders.

With respect to the year-end dividend for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025, the Company plans to pay a dividend of 7 yen per share, subject to approval at the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders scheduled to be held on June 20, 2025.

As for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2026, an annual dividend of 20 yen per share is planned. This consists of an interim dividend of 10 yen and a year-end dividend of 10 yen.

The Company intends to use its internal reserves to enhance its financial base.

The Company's Articles of Incorporation stipulate that the Company may pay interim dividends.

The Group intends to strive for its long-term stable growth in the future.

(Note) Dividends whose record date falls in the current fiscal year are as follows:

Date of resolution	Total amount of dividends (Millions of yen)	Dividend per share (Yen)
Resolution at the Board of Directors meeting held on November 11, 2024	10,966	7
Resolution at the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 20, 2025 (Planned)	10,966	7

4. Corporate Governance

(1) Overview of Corporate Governance

(i) Basic Policy on Corporate Governance

The Company Group, guided by its lifelong "Circle of Trust" spirit, maintains an ongoing corporate commitment to respecting other people, putting the customer first, and conducting creative and innovative management. Based on this commitment, we are seeking to deepen mutual trust between our stakeholders and ourselves and thus progress in partnership with society.

In order to meet the expectations of stakeholders and build stronger trust, we will strengthen corporate governance as a key management priority. To this end, we will take steps to enhance the soundness, transparency, and efficiency of our operations and achieve sustained increases in our shareholder value.

We recognize that effective internal control systems are essential to creating an appropriate corporate governance framework. Based on this recognition, we are encouraging all members of our organization to join forces in building internal control systems and assuring their effectiveness, under the leadership of the management. At the same time, we are constantly evaluating, verifying, and improving the effectiveness of internal control mechanisms already in place.

(ii) Corporate Governance Structure

a. An overview of corporate governance structure and reasons for employing said structure

The Company is a company with an Audit and Supervisory Committee and aims to enable swift decisionmaking and enhance the Board of Directors' supervisory functions by significantly delegating decisionmaking on critical business executions to directors from the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors, in turn, performs thorough monitoring and other measures on delegated matters.

The Company aims to improve the transparency and objectivity of its management by having an Audit and Supervisory Committee composed mainly of outside directors conduct audit and supervisory functions.

As of the date of submission of this Annual Securities Report (June 19, 2025), the organs installed by the Company are as follows:

(a) Board of Directors

The Board of Directors of the Company consists of ten members: President & CEO Masataka Kinoshita who chairs the Board, Directors Shigeyoshi Kinoshita, Hiroshi Naruse, Takashi Kiribuchi, Tomomi Uchida, Tadashi Yamamoto, and Michelle Tan (Outside Director), and Audit and Supervisory Committee Members Toshihiko Yamashita (Outside Director), Akihiro Kiyooka, and Takuji Akiyama (Outside Director).

The Board deliberates and decides important business management matters, such as management strategies and business planning, and basic policies for building corporate governance and internal control systems, while ensuring objective and rational judgment. Furthermore, the Board delegates decision-making on matters related to the execution of business operations other than matters to be resolved at the Board of Directors to President and Director, and monitors and supervises the execution of duties by thorough monitoring and other measures on delegated matters.

It meets at least once every quarter, in principle, and more as deemed necessary.

During the current fiscal year, the Company held a total of 12 Board of Directors meetings. Status of attendance at meetings of each Board of Directors member is as follows:

Name	Number of meetings held	Number of meetings attended	Number of attendance
Shigeyoshi Kinoshita	12	12	100%
Hiroshi Naruse	12	12	100%
Masataka Kinoshita	12	12	100%
Takashi Kiribuchi	12	12	100%
Tomomi Uchida	12	12	100%
Tadashi Yamamoto	12	11	91.7%
Michelle Tan (*1)	8	8	100%
Toshihiko Yamashita	12	12	100%
Kazuo Fukumoto (*2)	4	4	100%
Akihiro Kiyooka (*1)	8	8	100%
Takuji Akiyama	12	12	100%

(*1) This member was appointed to the position of Director as of June 21, 2024. Thus, the status of attendance includes attendance at Board of Directors meetings held during the period following her/his appointment.

(*2) This member has retired from the position of Director as of June 21, 2024. Thus, the status of attendance includes attendance at Board of Directors meetings held during the period prior to his retirement.

The Board of Directors has determined the following items mainly as details to be deliberated in the current fiscal year.

[Details of management strategy-related matters]

- · Items relating to single-year management plans
- Items relating to next medium-term management plans
- Items relating to interim and year-end dividends
- [Details of business management-related matters]
- Items relating to Basic Policy of Establishing ACOM Group's Internal Control System
- Items relating to compliance with the Corporate Governance Code
- Items relating to enhancement of committees under the Board of Directors

[Details of financial results and accounting-related matters]

- · Items relating to financial statements
- · Items relating to business reports
- [Details of human resources-related matters]
- Items relating to the selection of the positions of Representative Directors and Directors
- Items relating to basic compensation, performance-linked compensation and stock price-linked compensation for Directors

(b) Audit and Supervisory Committee

The Audit and Supervisory Committee consists of three members: Toshihiko Yamashita (Outside Director) who chairs the committee, Akihiro Kiyooka and Takuji Akiyama (Outside Director).

It meets regularly to receive reports concerning important audit-related matters, hold discussions, and pass resolutions.

To support the Audit and Supervisory Committee's duties, the Company established "the Administration for Audit and Supervisory Committee" and assigned persons to assist its duties. Employees to assist the Audit and Supervisory Committee will be exclusively in charge of work that assists the Audit and Supervisory Committee, and will not be subject to instructions and orders from the Directors (excluding those serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members) and other operational organizations. Assignment, transfer, evaluation and disciplinary action of such employees are decided after consultation with the Audit and Supervisory Committee.

(c) Committees

i. Appointment and Remuneration Committee

The Appointment and Remuneration Committee consists of six members: President & CEO Masataka Kinoshita who chairs the committee, Representative Directors Shigeyoshi Kinoshita and Hiroshi Naruse, and Audit and Supervisory Committee Members Toshihiko Yamashita (Outside Director), Akihiro Kiyooka and Takuji Akiyama (Outside Director).

The Appointment and Remuneration Committee reviews and proposes the appointment of candidates and remuneration for Directors (excluding those serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members) for resolution at the Board of Directors Meeting.

The Appointment and Remuneration Committee meets three times a year, in principle, and more as deemed necessary.

During the current fiscal year, the Company held a total of 4 Appointment and Remuneration Committee meetings. Status of attendance at meetings of each Appointment and Remuneration Committee member is as follows:

Name	Number of meetings held	Number of meetings attended	Number of attendance
Shigeyoshi Kinoshita 4		4	100%
Hiroshi Naruse	4	4	100%
Masataka Kinoshita	4	4	100%
Toshihiko Yamashita	4	4	100%
Kazuo Fukumoto (*1)	3	3	100%
Akihiro Kiyooka (*2)	1	1	100%
Takuji Akiyama	4	4	100%

(*1) This member has retired from the position of Director as of June 21, 2024. Thus, the status of attendance includes attendance at Appointment and Remuneration Committee meetings held during the period prior to the retirement.

(*2) This member was appointed to the position of Appointment and Remuneration Committee Member as of June 21, 2024. Thus, the status of attendance includes attendance at Appointment and Remuneration Committee meetings held during the period following to the appointment.

The Appointment and Remuneration Committee has determined the following items mainly as details to be deliberated in the current fiscal year.

- Items relating to Evaluation of Directors
- Items relating to candidates for Directors and Representative Directors of subsidiaries
- Items relating to the selection of the positions of Representative Directors and Directors

- Items relating to basic compensation, performance-linked compensation and stock price-linked compensation for Directors
- Items relating to the status of training for management and candidates for management

ii. Conflict of Interest Advisory Committee

The Conflict of Interest Advisory Committee consists of three independent persons, chaired by independent director (outside) Toshihiko Yamashita, the independent director (outside) Takuji Akiyama, and lawyer from Nozomi Sogo Attorneys at Law, Hitoshi Shimbo. The Committee deliberates on critical transactions, etc. where the controlling shareholders' interest conflicts with minority shareholders' from the perspective of protecting the interests of minority shareholders and makes recommendations to the Board of Directors, etc.

The Conflict of Interest Advisory Committee meets, in principle, each time there is a critical transaction, etc. where controlling shareholder's interest conflicts with the minority shareholders' interest.

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025, there were no such transactions; however, one meeting of the Conflicts of Interest Advisory Committee was held to report this result, and all committee members attended.

iii. Compliance Committee

The Compliance Committee consists of five members: chaired by Outside Director Michelle Tan, experts from outside the Company Yasunari Takaura, Outside Director Toshihiko Yamashita and Representative Directors Hiroshi Naruse and Masataka Kinoshita. The Committee deliberates and discusses important matters related to compliance, and makes recommendations to the Board of Directors as necessary.

The Compliance Committee meets four times a year, in principle, and more as deemed necessary.

iv. Risk Committee

The Corporate Risk Committee consists of seven members: Deputy Chairman Hiroshi Naruse who chairs the committee, Representative Directors Shigeyoshi Kinoshita and Masataka Kinoshita, and Audit and Supervisory Committee Members Toshihiko Yamashita (Outside Director), Akihiro Kiyooka and Takuji Akiyama (Outside Director), and an executive officer who concurrently serve as director in charge of Compliance and Corporate Risk Management Department Masatoshi Nabeoka.

The Corporate Risk Committee deliberates and discusses important items related to risk management and makes proposals and reports to the Board of Directors as deemed necessary. The Committee also monitors the status of risk management and other matters and reports the results to the Board of Directors.

The Corporate Risk Committee meets once every quarter, in principle, and more as deemed necessary.

v. Information Disclosure Committee

The Information Disclosure Committee consists of seven members: Deputy Chairman Hiroshi Naruse who chairs the committee, Director Takashi Kiribuchi, Audit and Supervisory Committee Member Akihiro Kiyooka, and executive officers who concurrently serve as directors in charge of the relevant departments, Tomomi Uchida, Masaru Kuroda, Masatoshi Nabeoka and Kazuki Morishita.

To ensure accurate, timely and appropriate information disclosure, the Committee deliberates on matters such as statutory disclosure materials based on the Companies Act and Financial Instruments and Exchange Act, timely disclosure materials based on the Securities Listing Regulations, and matters related to the development of information disclosure systems.

The Information Disclosure Committee meets twice every quarter, in principle, and more as deemed necessary.

(d) Executive Officers' Meeting ,etc.

The Executive Officers' Meeting consists of eleven members: President & CEO Masataka Kinoshita who serves as the chair, Representative Directors Shigeyoshi Kinoshita and Hiroshi Naruse, executive officers who serve concurrently as directors Takashi Kiribuchi, Tomomi Uchida, Michihito Onodera, Masashi Yoshiba, Masaru Kuroda, Yuji Kinoshita, Masatoshi Nabeoka and Kazuki Morishita.

In the presence of Audit and Supervisory Committee Members, the Executive Officers' Meeting discusses and makes decisions related to the execution of important business operations delegated by the Board of Directors to the President and Director, and deliberates management policies and management plans in advance for resolution at the Board of Directors Meeting in accordance with basic policies determined by the Board of Directors.

The Executive Officers' Meeting assembles three times a month, in principle, and more as deemed necessary.

* The Company has proposed the following agenda items (matters to be resolved) for the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders scheduled to be held on June 20, 2025: "Election of Seven Directors (Excluding Those Serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members)" and "Election of Three Directors Serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members." If these proposals are approved and adopted, the structure of the Company's corporate governance structure will be as follows.

Please note that the positions of officers and the chairs of the respective committees are described based on the resolutions to be adopted at the meeting of the Board of Directors and the Audit and Supervisory Committee scheduled to be held immediately after the aforementioned Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders.

<Board of Directors>

It is scheduled to consist of ten members: President & CEO Masataka Kinoshita who will chair the Board, Directors Shigeyoshi Kinoshita, Hiroshi Naruse, Takashi Kiribuchi, Tomomi Uchida, Tadashi Yamamoto, and Michelle Tan (Outside Director), and Audit and Supervisory Committee Members Kikuo Asano (Outside Director), Akihiro Kiyooka, and Takuji Akiyama (Outside Director).

<Audit and Supervisory Committee>

It is scheduled to consist of three members: Kikuo Asano (Outside Director) who will chair the committee, Akihiro Kiyooka and Takuji Akiyama (Outside Director).

<Appointment and Remuneration Committee>

It is scheduled to consist of six members: President & CEO Masataka Kinoshita who will chair the committee, Representative Directors Shigeyoshi Kinoshita and Hiroshi Naruse, and Audit and Supervisory Committee Members Kikuo Asano (Outside Director), Akihiro Kiyooka and Takuji Akiyama (Outside Director).

<Conflict of Interest Advisory Committee>

It is scheduled to consist of three independent persons, an independent director (outside) Kikuo Asano who will chair the committee, an independent director (outside) Takuji Akiyama, and a lawyer from Nozomi Sogo Attorneys at Law, Hitoshi Shimbo.

<Compliance Committee>

It is scheduled to consist of five members: Outside Director Michelle Tan who will chair the committee, expert from outside the Company Yasunari Takaura, Outside Director Kikuo Asano and Representative Directors Hiroshi Naruse and Masataka Kinoshita.

<Risk Committee>

It is scheduled to consist of five members: Deputy Chairman Hiroshi Naruse who will chair the committee, Representative Directors Shigeyoshi Kinoshita and Masataka Kinoshita, and Audit and Supervisory Committee Members Kikuo Asano (Outside Director), Akihiro Kiyooka and Takuji Akiyama (Outside Director), and an executive officer concurrently serving as director in charge of Compliance and Corporate Risk Management Department Masatoshi Nabeoka.

<Information Disclosure Committee>

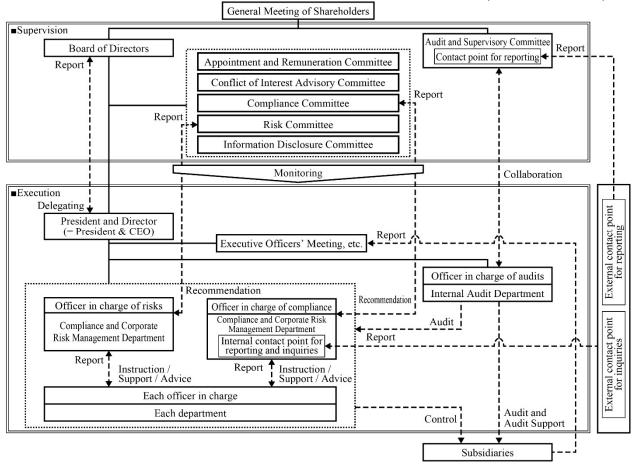
It is scheduled to consist of six members: Deputy Chairman Hiroshi Naruse who will chair the committee, Director Takashi Kiribuchi, Audit and Supervisory Committee Member Akihiro Kiyooka, and executive officers concurrently serving as directors in charge of the relevant departments, Masaru Kuroda, Masatoshi Nabeoka and Kazuki Morishita.

<Executive Officers' Meeting, etc.>

It is scheduled to consist of 10 members: President & CEO Masataka Kinoshita who will serve as the chair, Representative Directors Shigeyoshi Kinoshita and Hiroshi Naruse, executive officers who serve concurrently as directors Takashi Kiribuchi, Masashi Yoshiba, Michihito Onodera, Masaru Kuroda, Yuji Kinoshita, Masatoshi Nabeoka and Kazuki Morishita.

b. Corporate governance structure and internal control system structure

(As of June 19, 2025)



c. Other corporate governance related matters

(a) Basic stance on internal control system and the improvement of such system

The Company resolved as described below to improve its internal control system to ensure the appropriateness of its business activities, in accordance with Article 399-13, Paragraph 1, Item 1-(ii) and Item 1-(iii) of the Companies Act, as well as Article 110-4 of the Enforcement Regulations of the Companies Act.

The Company strives to periodically evaluate the status of improvement of the internal control system, take remedial measures as necessary, review the system to respond to changes in the business environment, etc. and improve the effectiveness of the internal control system.

[Basic Policy of Establishing ACOM Group's Internal Control System]

- 1. System to ensure that execution of duties by the Directors and employees of the Company and its subsidiaries complies with laws, regulations and the Articles of Incorporation of the Company
 - (1) The Company and its subsidiaries regard compliance as the highest priority in the corporate management, and establishes the ACOM Group Code of Ethics and Code of Conduct, while developing the rules for compliance and various internal rules and making employees fully aware of them.
 - (2) The Company and its subsidiaries establish a committee on compliance, etc. and place officers in charge of compliance and departments with across-the-board responsibilities for compliance.
 - (3) The Company and its subsidiaries formulate compliance plans, while managing their progress.
 - (4) The Company and its subsidiaries establish contact points for reporting and inquiry by employees concerning the act of violations or possible violations of compliance.
 - (5) In accordance with the ACOM Group Code of Ethics and the Company Group's basic policy with respect to antisocial forces, the Company and its subsidiaries develop a system to prevent relations with antisocial forces and ensure appropriate business operations.
 - (6) The Company and its subsidiaries shall be aware of the possibility that financial services they offer may be used for financial crimes, including money laundering and terrorism financing and will develop a system to detect, deter and prevent the crimes.
 - (7) The Company shall establish a system for accurate, timely, and appropriate disclosure of information by establishing a policy on information disclosure and a committee to deliberate on information disclosure.
 - (8) In accordance with the Company Group's basic policy for internal control over financial reporting, the Company shall strive to develop and operate internal control over financial reporting to ensure transparency, accuracy, and reliability of financial reporting.
 - (9) The Company establishes an internal audit department and ensures its independence and specialties. It also develops an internal audit system in accordance with the rules on internal audit to ensure the soundness and appropriateness of its business activities. In order to contribute to the development of internal controls at the subsidiaries of the Company, an internal audit department of the Company audits the subsidiaries and assists the subsidiaries with their audits.
- 2. System concerning storage and management of information on the execution of duties by Directors of the Company and its subsidiaries
 - (1) In accordance with the rules for confidential information management and related rules, the Company and its subsidiaries establish procedures for managing documents related to the execution of duties by the Directors (including electromagnetic records), store and manage such information in an appropriate manner, ensuring that such documents are available for inspection by directors when necessary.
 - (2) The Company and its subsidiaries place officers in charge of information management and establish departments with across-the-board responsibilities for information management.
 - (3) In order to maintain the appropriateness of information storage and management, the Company and its subsidiaries appoint personnel responsible for information security management, determine the roles of respective organizations, officers and employees, and store and manage information in a systematic manner. The Company and its subsidiaries regularly verify the status of information storage and management.
- 3. Rules concerning loss risk management and other systems of the Company and its subsidiaries
 - (1) The Company and its subsidiaries establish a system for proper and efficient risk management in accordance with the rules for risk management.
 - (2) In order to manage risks in an integrated manner, the Company and its subsidiaries establish a committee on risk management, etc. and officers and responsible departments in charge of risk management.
 - (3) The Company and its subsidiaries formulate risk management plans, while managing their progress.
 - (4) The Company and its subsidiaries establish a system to minimize economic losses and loss of credibility and to continue or swiftly resume business operations in cases where risks that may have significant internal or external impacts arise.
- 4. System to ensure efficient execution of duties by the Directors of the Company and its subsidiaries
 - (1) The Company Group formulates management policies and management plans of the Company Group and carries out business management based on appropriate methods.
 - (2) The Board of Directors delegates decision-making on matters related to the execution of business operations other than matters to be resolved at the Board of Directors to President and Director. The Company establishes the Executive Officer's Meeting presided over by President and Director and other bodies to discuss and decide on delegated matters.
 - (3) The Company and its subsidiaries, based on internal rules, etc., determine the division of duties by each organization and the criteria of decision making for each position so as to make decisions more quickly and execute duties more efficiently.

- 5. System to ensure the propriety of business carried out by the group consisting of the Company, parent company and subsidiaries
 - (1) While maintaining independence as a publicly-traded company, the Company coordinates with the parent company in accordance with the rules for consultation and reporting with the parent company. The Company Group also establishes the Group's business management systems in accordance with the parent company's policy for its group management so as to contribute to the appropriate business operations of both of the groups.
 - (2) The Company establishes departments for managing its subsidiaries, and manages its subsidiaries in accordance with the rules for management of subsidiaries, etc. The subsidiaries of the Company report important matters related to management and business execution to the Executive Officers' Meeting of the Company.
 - (3) Since the transactions with Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc., the parent company, and its subsidiaries may cause conflicts of interest between the controlling shareholder and minority shareholders, the Company establishes a committee to deliberate and make recommendations to the Board of Directors on important transactions, etc. that may cause conflicts of interest between the controlling shareholder and minority shareholders.
- 6. System for employees to assist the Audit and Supervisory Committee of the Company in the execution of their duties(1) The Company establishes the Administration for Audit and Supervisory Committee to assist in the Audit and
 - Supervisory Committee's duties, and assign assistants for the Audit and Supervisory Committee. (2) The number of employees to assist the Audit and Supervisory Committee and their requirements are decided after discussion with the Audit and Supervisory Committee.
 - (3) Employees to assist the Audit and Supervisory Committee will be exclusively in charge of work that assists the Audit and Supervisory Committee, and are not subject to instructions and orders from the Directors (excluding those serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members) and other operational organizations.
 - (4) Assignment, transfer, evaluation and disciplinary action of employees who assist the Audit and Supervisory Committee are decided after discussion with the Audit and Supervisory Committee.
- 7. System for reporting to the Audit and Supervisory Committee of the Company

The Company reports the following matters at the Company and its subsidiaries to the Audit and Supervisory Committee. In addition, the Company will not treat any person who has reported to the Audit and Supervisory Committee unfavorably as a reprisal to such reports.

- (i) Matters which may significantly damage the company
- (ii) Material breach of laws and regulations, etc.
- (iii) Implementation status and results of an internal audit
- (iv) Status of whistleblowing and the details of cases reported
- (v) Other matters that the Audit and Supervisory Committee ask the company to report
- 8. Other systems to ensure that audits are effectively implemented by the Audit and Supervisory Committee of the Company
 - (1) The Company ensures a system that allows Audit and Supervisory Committee Members selected by the Audit and Supervisory Committee to: attend the Executive Officers' meetings, and other important meetings and committees; and have access to the important documents concerning the execution of duties, such as statutory documents.
 - (2) President and Director have regular meetings with Audit and Supervisory Committee Members selected by the Audit and Supervisory Committee to exchange opinions on issues with which the Company should deal, issues concerning the execution of duties, and primary issues on audits. They also take actions regarding the matters that the Audit and Supervisory Committee deems necessary to be addressed.
 - (3) Directors (excluding those serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members) and employees respect the rules of the Audit and Supervisory Committee and other rules, including audit policies, and cooperate with the Audit and Supervisory Committee for inspection and consultation requests.
 - (4) The internal audit department establishes a cooperation system with the Audit and Supervisory Committee in order to contribute to ensuring the effectiveness of audits by the Audit and Supervisory Committee.
 - (5) In cases where the internal audit department recognizes any breach or possible breach of laws and regulations (whether or not it is in breach of internal regulations), which is allegedly involving Directors (excluding those serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members), the internal audit department shall report to the Audit and Supervisory Committee before reporting to Directors (excluding those serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members).
 - (6) The Audit and Supervisory Committee specifies a budget for expenses acknowledged by the Audit and Supervisory Committee to be necessary for the execution of their duties. Any expenses expended urgently or extraordinarily beyond the budget can be claimed after the event.

(b) Development of risk management system

For details of development of risk management system at the Company, please refer to "[Risk management system of the Company] in 3. Risks Related to Business of II. Business Overview."

(iii) Number of Directors and Resolution Requirement for Election of Directors

The Articles of Incorporation stipulate that the number of Directors (excluding those serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members) shall be ten or less and that the number of Directors serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members shall be five or less.

The Articles of Incorporation stipulates that voting on resolutions for election of directors shall take place under the presence of shareholders who represent one-third or more of total voting rights, and the majority of the votes of those shareholders and those which are not contingent upon cumulative votes shall be the requisite for adoption of the resolution.

(iv) Purchase of Treasury Shares

Pursuant to Article 165, Paragraph 2 of the Companies Act, the Company has included in its Articles of Incorporation a clause allowing purchase of its own shares via the market, subject to a resolution of the Board of Directors. Such inclusion was made to permit flexible share buybacks according to the Company's business and financial conditions and other circumstances.

(v) Liability Exemption for Directors

a. Provisions of the Articles of Incorporation

To ensure that directors can adequately carry out the duties they are entrusted with, the Company has stipulated in its Articles of Incorporation to provide liability exemption for directors as follows:

- (A) The Company may allow the exemption of Directors (including former Directors), by decision of the Board of Directors and within the limits allowed by the law, from liability resulting from dereliction of duty, pursuant to Article 426, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act.
- (B) The Company may conclude an agreement with each Director (excluding those with authority on business execution, etc.) to limit his/her liability resulting from dereliction of duty, pursuant to Article 427, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act; provided, however, that the limit of the amount under this agreement shall be within the amount stipulated in the law.

b. Limited Liability Agreement

The Company has concluded a limited liability agreement with each of the four non-executive Directors (two of whom are Outside Directors), which limits the liability for damage under Article 423, Paragraph 1, of the Companies Act to the minimum amount stipulated in the law, in accordance with the provision of Article 427, Paragraph 1, of the Act.

c. Directors and Officers (D&O) Liability Insurance Contract

The Company has entered into a directors and officers (D&O) liability insurance contract with an insurance company as stipulated in Article 430-3 of the Companies Act to cover legal damages and litigation expenses incurred by the insured.

Provided, however, liability incurred by directors and officers themselves who have committed criminal offenses such as bribery or any intentional misconduct is not covered as a measure not to impair the appropriateness of the execution of duties by directors and officers.

The insurance contract insures the Company's Directors and Executive Officers, including persons who have already retired from the above positions and officers who have been newly elected during the term of the insurance contract. Insurance premiums for all of the insured are fully paid by the Company.

(vi) Interim Dividend

Pursuant to Article 454, Paragraph 5 of the Companies Act, the Company may, by a resolution of the Board of Directors, pay interim dividends each year with September 30 as the base date.

(vii) Special Resolutions at the General Meeting of Shareholders

For purpose of maintaining smooth operation of the General Meeting of Shareholders, the Articles of Incorporation stipulates that special resolutions pursuant to Article 309, Paragraph 2 of the Companies Act, shall be passed if at least two-thirds of voting rights are cast in favor, if shareholders representing at least one-third of eligible votes are present.

(2) Directors and Audit and Supervisory Committee Members

- (i) List of Directors and Audit and Supervisory Committee Members
- a. As of June 19, 2025 (the date of submission of this Annual Securities Report), the status of the Company's Directors and Audit and Supervisory Committee Members is as follows.

Male: 9 Female: 1	(Ratio of females to	Directors and Audit a	nd Supervisory Corr	mittee Members: 10%)
Whate. \mathcal{I} , i childle. I	(Ratio of females it	Directors and Audit a	na Supervisory Con	minuce internoters. 1070)

Title and position	Name	Date of birth		Career summary	Term	Number of shares of the Company held (Thousands)
			April 1973	Joined Marubeni Corporation		
			April 1978	Joined Japan Consumer Finance Co., Ltd.		
			December 1980	Joined the Company		
			February 1983	Director and Chief General Manager, General Affairs Dept. of the Company		
			May 1984	Director and Chief General Manager, Accounting Dept. of the Company		
			August 1986	Managing Director of the Company		
			June 1988	Managing Director and Head of Business Promotion Division of the Company		
Chairman	Shigeyoshi Kinoshita	April 14, 1949	October 1991	Representative and Senior Managing Director of the Company	(Note) 3	3,507
			October 1992	Representative and Senior Managing Director, and Head of the Loan Sales Division of the		
			October 1996	Company Deputy President of the Company		
			June 2000	Representative Director and President of the		
			June 2003	Company President and Chief Executive Officer of the		
				Company		
			June 2010	Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company		
			June 2021	Chairman of the Company (to present)		
			April 1981	Joined The Mitsubishi Trust and Banking		
			June 2008	Corporation Executive Officer, Assistant Director and		
			June 2000	General Manager, Trust Assets Planning Division of Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking		
			June 2008	Corporation Director and President of Mitsubishi UFJ		
			May 2010	Global Custody S.A. Executive Officer and General Manager, System Planning Division of Mitsubishi UFJ		
			June 2010	Trust and Banking Corporation Executive Officer of Mitsubishi UFJ Financial		
			April 2011	Group, Inc. Representative Director and President of		
Deputy Chairman in charge of:	TT: 1.57	D 1 (10-0	June 2011	Mitsubishi UFJ Trust Systems Co., Ltd. Managing Director of Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and		
Compliance Dept. and Internal Audit Dept.	Hiroshi Naruse	December 4, 1958	June 2013	Banking Corporation Senior Managing Director of Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking Corporation	(Note) 3	-
			June 2013	Managing Executive Officer of Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc.		
			June 2014	Representative Director and President of MU Trust Apple Planning Company, Ltd.		
			June 2016	Director, Deputy President and Executive Officer of Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking		
			May 2018	Corporation Senior Managing Corporate Executive of		
			April 2019	Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc. Representative Director, President of The		
			April 2021	Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. Advisor to The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd.		
			June 2021	Ltd. Deputy Chairman of the Company (to present)		

Title and position	Name	Date of birth		Career summary	Term	Number of shares of the Company held
			April 2003	Joined ABeam Consulting Ltd.		(Thousands)
			September 2005	Joined the Company		
			October 2009	General Manager, Credit Supervision Division		
		January 2010	of the Company General Manager, Corporate Planning			
		April 2010	Department of the Company General Manager, Guarantee Business Dept. of			
		April 2012	the Company General Manager, Business Promotion Dept. of			
			April 2013	the Company Chief General Manager, Business Planning Dept. of the Company		
			April 2014	Executive Officer and Chief General Manager, Business Planning Dept. of the Company		
President and Chief Executive Officer	Masataka Kinoshita	September 19, 1977	June 2014	Executive Managing Officer, Deputy Head of Credit Business Promotion Division and Chief General Manager, Business Planning Dept. of	(Note) 3	1,203
			April 2015	the Company Executive Managing Officer and Deputy Head of Credit Business Promotion Division of the Company		
			June 2015	Managing Director of the Company		
		June 2015	Executive Managing Officer and Head of Credit Business Promotion Division of the Company			
		June 2016	Executive Managing Officer of the Company			
			June 2017	Deputy President of the Company		
			June 2017	Deputy Chief Executive Officer of the Company		
			June 2021	President of the Company (to present)		
			June 2021	Chief Executive Officer of the Company (to present)		
			March 1982	Joined the Company		
			April 2004	General Manager, System Dept. of the Company		
			July 2005	General Manager, Public Relations Dept. of the Company		
			October 2005	Chief General Manager, Public Relations Dept. of the Company		
Deputy President			April 2011	Chief General Manager, Treasury Dept. of the Company		
and Deputy Chief Executive Officer Head of System			April 2015	Executive Officer and Chief General Manager, Treasury Dept. of the Company		
Development & Administration			June 2017	Executive Officer and Chief General Manager, Corporate Planning Dept. of the Company		
Division in charge of: Corporate	Takashi	O-t-1 - 25 10/1	June 2020	Managing Director of the Company	AL LO 2	17
Planning Dept., System	Kiribuchi	October 25, 1961	June 2020	Executive Managing Officer and Chief General Manager, System Development &	(Note) 3	16
Development Dept., System Operation Dept., System Planning Office and			April 2021	Administration Division of the Company Executive Managing Officer and Head of System Development & Administration Division of the Company		
System Management Office			June 2021	Division of the Company Senior Managing Director of the Company		
			June 2021	Senior Executive Managing Officer and Head of System Development & Administration		
			June 2023	Division of the Company Deputy President of the Company (to present)		
			June 2023	Deputy Chief Executive Officer and Head of System Development & Administration Division of the Company (to present)		

Title and position	Name	Date of birth		Career summary	Term	Number of shares of the Company held (Thousands)
Senior Managing Director and Senior Executive Managing Officer in charge of: General Affairs Dept., Credit Supervision Dept. and Compliance for Credit Supervision Office	Tomomi Uchida	December 27, 1961	October 1982 April 2003 October 2005 April 2007 December 2007 October 2008 April 2011 April 2013 June 2015 June 2016 June 2016 June 2018 October 2018 October 2018 June 2019 April 2020 June 2021 June 2021 June 2021 May 2022 April 2024	Joined the Company General Manager, Business Promotion Dept. III of the Company General Manager, Business Promotion Dept. II of the Company Chief General Manager, Credit Business Management Dept. of the Company Chief General Manager, Marketing Dept. of the Company Head of East Japan Branch of the Company Chief General Manager, Business Promotion Dept. of the Company Executive Officer and Chief General Manager, Business Promotion Dept. of the Company Executive Officer, Deputy Head of Credit Business Promotion Division, and Chief General Manager, Business Promotion Dept. of the Company Executive Managing Officer, Deputy Head of Credit Business Promotion Division, and Chief General Manager, Business Promotion Dept. of the Company Executive Managing Officer and Deputy Head of Credit Business Promotion Division of the Company Executive Managing Officer, Head of Credit Business Promotion Division of the Company Executive Managing Officer, Head of Credit Supervision Division, and Chief General Manager, Credit Supervision Dept. I of the Company Executive Managing Officer, Head of Credit Supervision Division, and Chief General Manager, Credit Supervision Dept. I of the Company Executive Managing Officer, Head of Credit Supervision Division, and Chief General Manager, Credit Supervision Dept. II of the Company Managing Director of the Company Executive Managing Officer and Head of Credit Supervision Division of the Company Senior Managing Director of the Company Director of GeNiE Inc. (to present) Senior Executive Managing Officer of the Company (to present)	(Note) 3	3

Title and position	Name	Date of birth		Career summary	Term	Number of shares of the Company held (Thousands)
			April 1992	Joined The Bank of Tokyo, Ltd.		(Thousands)
			May 2017	Deputy General Manager, East Asia Planning Division, East Asia Headquarters of The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd.		
			April 2018	Deputy General Manager, East Asia Planning Division, East Asia Headquarters of MUFG Bank, Ltd.		
			May 2018	General Manager, Credit Policy & Planning Division of MUFG Bank, Ltd.		
			May 2018	General Manager, Credit Policy & Planning Division of Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group Inc.		
			June 2018	Executive Officer, General Manager, Credit Policy & Planning Division of MUFG Bank, Ltd.		
			June 2018	Executive Officer, General Manager, Credit Policy & Planning Division of Mitsubishi UFJ		
			April 2021	Financial Group, Inc. Executive Officer, General Manager, Corporate Planning Division of MUFG Bank, Ltd.		
			April 2021	Executive Officer, General Manager, Corporate Planning Division of Mitsubishi UFJ Financial		
			April 2022	Group Inc. Managing Executive Officer & CSO (in charge of Corporate Planning Division excluding		
				Finances & Resources Management, Global Business, and Chairmanship Bank Office) & in		
Director	Tadashi Yamamoto	May 23, 1969	A	charge of CPM and Corporate Administration Division, of MUFG Bank, Ltd.	(Note) 3	-
			April 2022	Managing Executive Officer & Group Deputy CSO of Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc.		
			June 2022	Member of the Board of Directors, Managing Executive Officer & CSO (in charge of		
				Corporate Planning Division excluding Finances & Resources Management, Global		
			Business, and Chairmanship Bank Office) & in charge of CPM and Corporate Administration			
			April 2023	Division, of MUFG Bank, Ltd. Member of the Board of Directors, Managing		
				Executive Officer, Unit Head, and CDTO (CEO), Digital Service Unit (in charge of Digital Service Planning Division) of MUFG		
			April 2023	Bank, Ltd. Managing Corporate Executive, Group Head and CDTO, Digital Service Business Group of		
		June 2023	Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc. Director of the Company (to present)			
			April 2024	Managing Corporate Executive, Group Head and CDTO, Retail & Digital Business Group of Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc. (to		
			April 2024	present) Member of the Board of Directors, Managing Executive Officer, Unit Head, and CDTO		
				(CEO), Retail & Digital Business Group (in charge of Digital Service Planning Division) of MUFG Bank, Ltd. (to present)		

Title and position	Name	Date of birth		Career summary	Term	Number of shares of the Company held (Thousands)
Director	Michelle Tan	July 30, 1961	April 1997 April 1997 April 2005 June 2007 April 2010 June 2013 June 2013 June 2018 October 2022 June 2024 March 2025	Director of The Society for the Consumers of Kansai Assistant Professor, Faculty of Law and Policy Studies of Tezukayama University Professor, Faculty of Law and Policy Studies of Tezukayama University Chief Director of NPO Japan Consumer Network (JACONET) Professor, Faculty of Law of Tezukayama University Trustee of The Society for the Consumers of Kansai (to present) Director of IntaSect Research Institute, Inc. (Currently, IntaSect Global Solutions) (to present) President of OSAKA CONSUMERS' CO- OPERATIVE UNION Director of Ethical Business Research Institute (to present) Director of the Company (to present)	(Note) 3	held (Thousands)
Director, Full-time Audit and Supervisory Committee Member	Toshihiko Yamashita	December 25, 1955	April 1979 January 2004 April 2006 April 2008 April 2008 July 2010 April 2012 July 2012 April 2014 June 2014 June 2015 April 2016 July 2010 April 2014 June 2015 April 2016 July 2016 June 2018 April 2019 July 2019 April 2023 June 2023	Pty Ltd. Joined Meiji Life Insurance Company President of Meiji Yasuda America Incorporated General Manager, Real Estate Investment Department of Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company General Manager, Investment Planning & Research Department of Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company Director (Non-executive) of Meiji Dresdner Asset Management Co., Ltd. Executive Officer, General Manager, Investment Planning & Research Department of Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company Executive Officer of Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company Managing Executive Officer, Chief Executive, Investment Division of Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company Senior Managing Executive Officer, Chief Executive, Investment Division of Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company Auditor (part-time) of The Yamaguchi Bank, Ltd. Director, Audit and Supervisory Committee Member (part-time) of The Yamaguchi Bank, Ltd. Director, Deputy President, Chief Executive, Investment Division of Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company Audit & Supervisory Board Member (part- time) of Nippon Kayaku Co., Ltd. Director of Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company Representative Director and Chairman of the Board of Meiji Yasuda Asset Management Company Ltd. Executive Advisor of Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company Representative Director and Chairman of the Board of Meiji Yasuda Asset Management Company Ltd. Executive Advisor of Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company Director, Full-time Audit and Supervisory Committee Member of the Company (to present)	(Note) 4	

Title and position	Name	Date of birth		Career summary	Term	Number of shares of the Company held (Thousands)
Director, Full-time Audit and Supervisor Committee Member	Akihiro Kiyooka	December 4, 1967	April 1990 April 2006 October 2009 April 2011 April 2013 April 2014 June 2015 April 2017 June 2017 April 2019 April 2019 June 2019 June 2019 June 2019 April 2020 April 2024 June 2024	Joined National Mutual Insurance Federation of Agricultural Cooperatives Joined the Company Director and General Manager, Business Administration Department of IR Loan Servicing, Inc. General Manager, Treasury Department of the Company General Manager, Corporate Planning Department of the Company Chief General Manager, Finance Department of the Company Executive Officer and Chief General Manager, Finance Department of the Company Executive Officer (Special mission, General Affairs Department) of the Company Executive Officer (Special mission, Corporate Planning Department) of the Company Executive Officer of IR Loan Servicing, Inc. President and CEO of IR Loan Servicing, Inc. Chief Executive Officer of IR Loan Servicing, Inc. Executive Officer (Special mission, Credit Supervision Division) of the Company Executive Officer (Special mission, Credit Supervision Division) of the Company Director, Full-time Audit and Supervisory Committee Member of the Company (to present)	(Note) 4	15
Director, Audit and Supervisory Committee Member	Takuji Akiyama	February 17, 1958	March 1982 April 1986 August 2018 September 2018 February 2019 June 2021	Joined Tohmatsu & Aoki Audit Corporation (currently Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC) Registered as a certified public accountant Retired from Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC Representative of Takuji Akiyama CPA Office (to present) Outside Auditor of IWAKI & CO., LTD. (currently Astena Holdings Co., Ltd.) (to present) Director, Audit and Supervisory Committee Member of the Company (to present)	(Note) 4	-

(Notes) 1. Director Michelle Tan, Director serving as Full-time Audit and Supervisory Committee Member Toshihiko Yamashita and Director serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Member Takuji Akiyama are Outside Directors.

- 2. Director serving as Full-time Audit and Supervisory Committee Member Toshihiko Yamashita chairs the Audit and Supervisory Committee.
- 3. The term of office for Directors (excluding those serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members) is from the end of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2024, to the conclusion of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025.
- 4. The term of office for Directors serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members is from the end of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, to the conclusion of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025.

- 5. In accordance with the provisions of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the term of office of a Director serving as an Audit and Supervisory Committee Member Akihiro Kiyooka shall expire when the term of office of his predecessor Director serving as an Audit and Supervisory Committee Member would expire, due to the appointment following the resignation of the predecessor. The term of office of the predecessor is from the end of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023 to the conclusion of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025.
- 6. President Masataka Kinoshita is a biological son of Chairman Shigeyoshi Kinoshita.
- 7. We have an executive officer system in order to establish a corporate structure to quickly and accurately respond to issues of management by expanding the scope of corporate governance, strengthening the function of the Board of Directors, separating decision making from business execution, and reinforcing the function of audit.

Title	Name	Position
Inte	Name	
Senior Executive Managing Officer	Michihito Onodera	 Head of Guarantee Business Division Guarantee Business Management Dept., Guarantee Business Promotion Dept. I, Guarantee Business Promotion Dept. II and Compliance for Guarantee Business Office
Senior Executive Managing Officer	Masashi Yoshiba	 In charge of Human Resources Dept. and Business Process Management Dept.
Executive Managing Officer	Masaru Kuroda	 In charge of Overseas Business Management Dept. and Accounting Dept.
Executive Managing Officer	Yuji Kinoshita	 Head of Credit Business Promotion Division In charge of Business Promotion Dept., East Japan Business Promotion Dept., West Japan Business Promotion Dept. and Compliance for Credit Business Promotion Office Vice in charge of Credit Supervision Dept. and Compliance for Credit Supervision Office
Executive Managing Officer	Masatoshi Nabeoka	• In charge of Compliance and Risk Management Dept.
Executive Managing Officer	Kazuki Morishita	In charge of Finance Dept. and Business Planning Dept.Chief General Manager of Finance Dept.
Executive Officer	Hitoshi Yokohama	Guarantee Business Division (Special Mission)
Executive Officer	Takeo Noda	Overseas Business Management Dept. (Special Mission)
Executive Officer	Akifumi Kinoshita	Chief General Manager of Accounting Dept.
Executive Officer	Osamu Morimoto	Chief General Manager of Corporate Planning Dept.
Executive Officer	Tomohiro Nakazawa	Chief General Manager of System Development Dept.
Executive Officer	Masayuki Kurita	Chief General Manager of Overseas Business Management Dept.
Executive Officer	Masato Takami	Overseas Business Management Dept. (Special Mission)
Executive Officer	Wataru Yoshioka	Chief General Manager of Business Planning Dept.
Executive Officer	Hideo Nomura	Chief General Manager of Internal Audit Dept.

Executive officers who are not Directors as of June 19, 2025, are as follows:

8. In preparation for the contingency that the number of Directors serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members falls below the required number stipulated in laws and ordinances, the Company has appointed a Substitute Director serving as an Audit and Supervisory Committee Member as stipulated under the provisions in Article 329, Paragraph 3 of the Companies Act. Career summary of the Substitute Director serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Member is as follows:

Name	Date of birth		Career summary		
		April 1983	Appointed Prosecutor, the Tokyo District Public Prosecutor's Office		
		April 1990	Assistant Judge, Tokyo District Court		
		April 1993	Prosecutor, the Tokyo District Public Prosecutor's Office		
Hitoshi Shimbo	July 10, 1952	June 1995	Registered as an attorney-at-law (Daini Tokyo Bar Association) (to present)	-	
		June 1995	Joined Nozomi Sogo Attorneys at Law (to present)		
		March 2009	Outside Company Auditor, EMCOM Holdings Co., Ltd.		
		April 2012	Managing Director, Kanto Federation of Bar Associations		

	April 2012	Vice President, Daini Tokyo Bar Association	
	April 2012	Managing Director, Japan Federation of Bar Associations	
	April 2013	Mediator, Nuclear Damage Compensation Dispute Resolution Centre (to present)	
	June 2015	Outside Director of the Company	

b. The Company has proposed the following agenda items (matters to be resolved) for the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders scheduled to be held on June 20, 2025: "Election of Seven Directors (Excluding Those Serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members)," "Election of Three Directors Serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members," and "Election of One Substitute Director Serving as an Audit and Supervisory Committee Member." If these proposals are approved and adopted, the status of the Company's Directors and Audit and Supervisory Committee Members will be as follows. Please note that the titles and positions of the Directors are stated based on the resolutions, including their respective positions, to be adopted at the meeting of the Board of Directors scheduled to be held immediately after the aforementioned Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders.

Title and position	Name	Date of birth		Career summary	Term	Number of shares of the Company held (Thousands)
Chairman	Shigeyoshi Kinoshita	April 14, 1949	April 1973 April 1978 December 1980 February 1983 May 1984 August 1986 June 1988 October 1991 October 1992 October 1996 June 2000 June 2003 June 2010 June 2021	Joined Marubeni Corporation Joined Japan Consumer Finance Co., Ltd. Joined the Company Director and Chief General Manager, General Affairs Dept. of the Company Director and Chief General Manager, Accounting Dept. of the Company Managing Director of the Company Managing Director and Head of Business Promotion Division of the Company Representative and Senior Managing Director of the Company Representative and Senior Managing Director, and Head of the Loan Sales Division of the Company Deputy President of the Company Representative Director and President of the Company President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company Chairman of the Company (to present)	(Note) 3	3,507

Male: 9, Female: 1 (Ratio of females to Directors and Audit and Supervisory Committee Members: 10%)

Title and position	Name	Date of birth		Career summary	Term	Number of shares of the Company held
			April 1981 June 2008	Joined The Mitsubishi Trust and Banking Corporation Executive Officer, Assistant Director and General Manager, Trust Assets Planning Division of Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking		(Thousands)
			June 2008 May 2010	Corporation Director and President of Mitsubishi UFJ Global Custody S.A. Executive Officer and General Manager, System Planning Division of Mitsubishi UFJ		
			June 2010	Trust and Banking Corporation Executive Officer of Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc.		
Deputy Chairman in charge of:			April 2011 June 2011	Representative Director and President of Mitsubishi UFJ Trust Systems Co., Ltd. Managing Director of Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and		
Compliance Dept. and Internal Audit	Hiroshi Naruse	December 4, 1958	June 2013	Banking Corporation Senior Managing Director of Mitsubishi UFJ	(Note) 3	-
Dept.			June 2013	Trust and Banking Corporation Managing Executive Officer of Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc.		
			June 2014	Representative Director and President of MU Trust Apple Planning Company, Ltd.		
			June 2016	Director, Deputy President and Executive Officer of Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking		
			May 2018	Corporation Senior Managing Corporate Executive of Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc.		
			April 2019	Representative Director, President of The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd.		
			April 2021	Advisor to The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd.		
			June 2021	Deputy Chairman of the Company (to present)		
			April 2003 September 2005	Joined ABeam Consulting Ltd. Joined the Company		
			October 2009	General Manager, Credit Supervision Division		
			January 2010	of the Company General Manager, Corporate Planning		
			April 2010	Department of the Company General Manager, Guarantee Business Dept. of the Company		
			April 2012	General Manager, Business Promotion Dept. of the Company		
			April 2013	Chief General Manager, Business Planning Dept. of the Company		
			April 2014	Executive Officer and Chief General Manager, Business Planning Dept. of the Company		
President and Chief	Masataka		June 2014	Executive Managing Officer, Deputy Head of Credit Business Promotion Division and Chief		
	Kinoshita	September 19, 1977	April 2015	General Manager, Business Planning Dept. of the Company Executive Managing Officer and Deputy Head of Credit Business Promotion Division of the	(Note) 3	1,203
			June 2015	Company Managing Director of the Company		
			June 2015	Executive Managing Officer and Head of Credit Business Promotion Division of the Company		
			June 2016	Company Executive Managing Officer of the Company		
			June 2017	Deputy President of the Company		
			June 2017	Deputy Chief Executive Officer of the Company		
			June 2021	President of the Company (to present)		
			June 2021	Chief Executive Officer of the Company (to present)		

Title and position	Name	Date of birth		Career summary	Term	Number of shares of the Company held (Thousands)
Deputy President and Deputy Chief Executive Officer Head of System Development & Administration Division in charge of: Corporate Planning Dept., System Development Dept., System Operation Dept., System Planning Office and System Management Office	Takashi Kiribuchi	October 25, 1961	March 1982 April 2004 July 2005 October 2005 April 2011 April 2015 June 2017 June 2020 April 2021 June 2021 June 2021 June 2023 June 2023	Joined the Company General Manager, System Dept. of the Company General Manager, Public Relations Dept. of the Company Chief General Manager, Public Relations Dept. of the Company Chief General Manager, Treasury Dept. of the Company Executive Officer and Chief General Manager, Treasury Dept. of the Company Executive Officer and Chief General Manager, Corporate Planning Dept. of the Company Managing Director of the Company Executive Managing Officer and Chief General Manager, System Development & Administration Division of the Company Executive Managing Officer and Head of System Development & Administration Division of the Company Senior Executive Managing Officer and Head of System Development & Administration Division of the Company Senior Executive Managing Officer and Head of System Development & Administration Division of the Company Deputy President of the Company (to present) Deputy Chief Executive Officer and Head of System Development & Administration Division of the Company (to present)	(Note) 3	16
Senior Managing Director and Senior Executive Managing Officer in charge of: Human Resource Dept. and Business Process Management Dept.	Masashi Yoshiba	March 26, 1963	November 1987 April 2012 April 2014 April 2015 June 2015 April 2017 April 2020 June 2021 June 2024 June 2025	Joined the Company General Manager, East Japan Business Promotion Dept. Senior Manager, Business Management Group of the Company General Manager, Credit Business Promotion Division, Chief General Manager, Compliance for Credit Business Promotion Office of the Company General Manager, West Japan Business Promotion Department of the Company Chief General Manager, West Japan Business Promotion Department of the Company Executive Officer and Chief General Manager, Compliance Department of the Company Executive Officer and Chief General Manager, Business Process Management Department of the Company Executive Managing Officer of the Company Senior Executive Managing Officer of the Company (to present) Senior Managing Director of the Company (schedule)	(Note) 3	3

Title and position	Name	Date of birth		Career summary	Term	Number of shares of the Company held (Thousands)
			April 1992	Joined The Bank of Tokyo, Ltd.		
			May 2017	Deputy General Manager, East Asia Planning Division, East Asia Headquarters of The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd.		
			April 2018	Deputy General Manager, East Asia Planning Division, East Asia Headquarters of MUFG Bank, Ltd.		
			May 2018	General Manager, Credit Policy & Planning Division of MUFG Bank, Ltd.		
			May 2018	General Manager, Credit Policy & Planning Division of Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group Inc.		
			June 2018	Executive Officer, General Manager, Credit Policy & Planning Division of MUFG Bank, Ltd.		
			June 2018	Executive Officer, General Manager, Credit Policy & Planning Division of Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc.		
			April 2021	Executive Officer, General Manager, Corporate Planning Division of MUFG Bank, Ltd.		
		May 23, 1969	April 2021	Executive Officer, General Manager, Corporate Planning Division of Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group Inc.		
			April 2022	Managing Executive Officer & CSO (in charge of Corporate Planning Division excluding Finances & Resources Management, Global		
Director	Tadashi			Business, and Chairmanship Bank Office) & in charge of CPM and Corporate Administration	(Note) 3	-
	Yamamoto		April 2022	Division, of MUFG Bank, Ltd. Managing Executive Officer & Group Deputy CSO of Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc.		
			June 2022	Member of the Board of Directors, Managing Executive Officer & CSO (in charge of		
				Corporate Planning Division excluding Finances & Resources Management, Global Business, and Chairmanship Bank Office) & in		
				charge of CPM and Corporate Administration Division, of MUFG Bank, Ltd.		
			April 2023	Member of the Board of Directors, Managing Executive Officer, Unit Head, and CDTO		
				(CEO), Digital Service Unit (in charge of Digital Service Planning Division) of MUFG Bank, Ltd.		
		April 2023	Managing Corporate Executive, Group Head and CDTO, Digital Service Business Group of Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc.			
		June 2023	Director of the Company (to present)			
		April 2024	Managing Corporate Executive, Group Head and CDTO, Retail & Digital Business Group of Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc. (to			
			April 2024	present) Member of the Board of Directors, Managing Executive Officer, Unit Head, and CDTO		
				(CEO), Retail & Digital Business Group (in charge of Digital Service Planning Division) of MUFG Bank, Ltd. (to present)		

Title and position	Name	Date of birth		Career summary	Term	Number of shares of the Company held (Thousands)
Director	Michelle Tan	July 30, 1961	April 1997 April 1997 April 2005 June 2007 April 2010 June 2013 June 2013 June 2018 October 2022 June 2024	Director of The Society for the Consumers of Kansai Assistant Professor, Faculty of Law and Policy Studies of Tezukayama University Professor, Faculty of Law and Policy Studies of Tezukayama University Chief Director of NPO Japan Consumer Network (JACONET) Professor, Faculty of Law of Tezukayama University Trustee of The Society for the Consumers of Kansai (to present) Director of IntaSect Research Institute, Inc. (Currently, IntaSect Global Solutions) (to present) President of OSAKA CONSUMERS' CO- OPERATIVE UNION Director of Ethical Business Research Institute (to present) Director of the Company (to present)	(Note) 3	-
			March 2025 April 1982	Director of Intasect Global Solutions Australia Pty Ltd. Joined Meiji Life Insurance Company		
			April 2005 April 2012 April 2013 June 2013	General Manager, Profit Management & Actuarial Department of Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company Executive Officer, General Manager, Profit Management & Actuarial Department of Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company Executive Officer of Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company President of The Institute of Actuaries of Japan		
			July 2013 April 2015	Managing Executive Officer of Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company Senior Managing Executive Officer of Meiji		
Director, Audit and Supervisory Committee Member	Kikuo Asano	February 13, 1959	April 2017	Yasuda Life Insurance Company Representative Director and President of Meiji Yasuda Real Estate Management Company Limited	(Note) 4	-
			November 2018	Deputy Chairperson of Pension Actuarial		
			June 2019	Subcommittee of Social Security Council Outside Director of The Juroku Bank, Ltd. (currently Juroku Financial Group, Inc.)		
			April 2023	Representative Director and Chairman of Meiji Yasuda Real Estate Management Company Limited		
			April 2024	Representative Director and Chairman of Meiji Yasuda System Technology Company Limited (to present)		
			June 2025	Director, Audit and Supervisory Committee Member of the Company(Schedule)		

Title and position	Name	Date of birth		Career summary	Term	shares of the Company held (Thousands)
Director, Full-time Audit and Supervisor Committee Member	/ Akihiro Kiyooka	December 4, 1967	April 1990 April 2006 October 2009 April 2011 April 2013 April 2014 June 2015 April 2017 June 2017 April 2019 April 2019 June 2019 June 2019 April 2020 April 2024 June 2024	Joined National Mutual Insurance Federation of Agricultural Cooperatives Joined the Company Director and General Manager, Business Administration Department of IR Loan Servicing, Inc. General Manager, Treasury Department of the Company General Manager, Corporate Planning Department of the Company Chief General Manager, Finance Department of the Company Executive Officer and Chief General Manager, Finance Department of the Company Executive Officer (Special mission, General Affairs Department) of the Company Executive Officer (Special mission, Corporate Planning Department) of the Company Executive Officer (Special mission, Corporate Planning Department) of the Company Executive Officer of IR Loan Servicing, Inc. President and CEO of IR Loan Servicing, Inc. Chief Executive Officer of IR Loan Servicing, Inc. Executive Officer (Special mission, Credit Supervision Division) of the Company Executive Officer (Special mission, Credit Supervision Division) of the Company Executive Officer (Special mission, Credit Supervision Division) of the Company Executive Officer (Special mission, Credit Management Department) of the Company Director, Full-time Audit and Supervisory Committee Member of the Company (to present)	(Note) 4	15
Director, Audit and Supervisory Committee Member	Takuji Akiyama	February 17, 1958	March 1982 April 1986 August 2018 September 2018 February 2019 June 2021	Joined Tohmatsu & Aoki Audit Corporation (currently Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC) Registered as a certified public accountant Retired from Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC Representative of Takuji Akiyama CPA Office (to present) Outside Auditor of IWAKI & CO., LTD. (currently Astena Holdings Co., Ltd.) (to present) Director, Audit and Supervisory Committee Member of the Company (to present)	(Note) 4	-

(Notes) 1. Director Michelle Tan, Director serving as Full-time Audit and Supervisory Committee Member Kikuo Asano and Takuji Akiyama are Outside Directors.

- 2. Director serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Member Kikuo Asano chairs the Audit and Supervisory Committee.
- 3. The term of office for Directors (excluding those serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members) is from the end of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025, to the conclusion of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2026.
- 4. The term of office for Directors serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members is from the end of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025, to the conclusion of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2027.

- 5. President Masataka Kinoshita is a biological son of Chairman Shigeyoshi Kinoshita.
- 6. We have an executive officer system in order to establish a corporate structure to quickly and accurately respond to issues of management by expanding the scope of corporate governance, strengthening the function of the Board of Directors, separating decision making from business execution, and reinforcing the function of audit.

Title	Name	Position
Senior Executive Managing Officer	Michihito Onodera	 Head of Guarantee Business Division Guarantee Business Management Dept., Guarantee Business Promotion Dept. I, Guarantee Business Promotion Dept. II and Compliance for Guarantee Business Office
Executive Managing Officer	Masaru Kuroda	In charge of Overseas Business Management Dept. and Accounting Dept.
Executive Managing Officer	Yuji Kinoshita	 Head of Credit Business Promotion Division In charge of Business Promotion Dept., East Japan Business Promotion Dept., West Japan Business Promotion Dept., Compliance for Credit Business Promotion Office, Credit Supervision Dept. and Compliance for Credit Supervision Office
Executive Managing Officer	Masatoshi Nabeoka	 In charge of General Affairs Dept. and Compliance and Risk Management Dept.
Executive Managing Officer	Kazuki Morishita	In charge of Finance Dept. and Business Planning Dept.Chief General Manager of Finance Dept.
Executive Officer	Hitoshi Yokohama	Guarantee Business Division (Special Mission)
Executive Officer	Takeo Noda	Overseas Business Management Dept. (Special Mission)
Executive Officer	Akifumi Kinoshita	Chief General Manager of Accounting Dept.
Executive Officer	Osamu Morimoto	Chief General Manager of Corporate Planning Dept.
Executive Officer	Tomohiro Nakazawa	Chief General Manager of System Development Dept.
Executive Officer	Masayuki Kurita	Chief General Manager of Overseas Business Management Dept.
Executive Officer	Masato Takami	Overseas Business Management Dept. (Special Mission)
Executive Officer	Wataru Yoshioka	Chief General Manager of Business Planning Dept.
Executive Officer	Hideo Nomura	Chief General Manager of Internal Audit Dept.

7. In preparation for the contingency that the number of Directors serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members falls below the required number stipulated in laws and ordinances, the Company has appointed a Substitute Director serving as an Audit and Supervisory Committee Member as stipulated under the provisions in Article 329, Paragraph 3 of the Companies Act. Career summary of the Substitute Director serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Member is as follows:

Name	Date of birth		Career summary		
		April 1983	Appointed Prosecutor, the Tokyo District Public Prosecutor's Office		
		April 1990	Assistant Judge, Tokyo District Court		
		April 1993	Prosecutor, the Tokyo District Public Prosecutor's Office		
		June 1995	Registered as an attorney-at-law (Daini Tokyo Bar Association) (to present)		
		June 1995	Joined Nozomi Sogo Attorneys at Law (to present)		
Hitoshi Shimbo	July 10, 1952	March 2009	Outside Company Auditor, EMCOM Holdings Co., Ltd.	-	
		April 2012	Managing Director, Kanto Federation of Bar Associations		
		April 2012	Vice President, Daini Tokyo Bar Association		
		April 2012	Managing Director, Japan Federation of Bar Associations		
		April 2013	Mediator, Nuclear Damage Compensation Dispute Resolution Centre (to present)		
		June 2015	Outside Director of the Company		

(ii) Outside Directors

a. As of the date of submission of this Annual Securities Report (June 19, 2025), the Company has three Outside Directors. Their relationships with the Company and reasons for appointment are as shown in the chart below. The Company has formulated the following "Independence Standards for Outside Directors," which focuses on ensuring the independence of Independent Outside Directors.

Name of Outside Director	Relations with the Company and Reasons for Appointment
Michelle Tan	 No special interests in the Company She has conducted comparative research, etc. on consumer protection systems in Japan and Australia, and has many years of experience and extensive knowledge as an expert on international consumer policy. It is anticipated that she will perform her duties as an Outside Director appropriately from a neutral and global perspective as she has abundant knowledge of domestic and international consumer protection trends, gained through her career as a professor at Tezukayama University and Chief Director at non-profit organization Japan Consumer Network (JACONET), etc. As an Outside Director, she is expected to provide advice to be made from a standpoint of accelerating the Company's sustainable growth and striving towards enhancement of medium- to long-term corporate value based on her insight, and to supervise the management from an independent viewpoint through important decision-making at the Board of Directors meetings. As she meets all requirements for "Independence Standards for Outside Directors" the Company has formulated, she has been designated as an independent director.
Toshihiko Yamashita	 No special interests in the Company He has a wealth of knowledge and experience acquired in the finance industry over many years, and accomplishments as a corporate manager. He also has achievements as Auditor, Director and Audit and Supervisory Committee Member outside of the Company. Therefore, the Company believes that he can supervise and provide appropriate advice for the management of the Company from an external viewpoint based on his knowledge and experience. He is expected to play the role as an Outside Director to provide advice on management policies and improvements to be made from a standpoint of accelerating sustainable growth and striving towards enhancement of medium-to long-term corporate value based on his insight, and to supervise the management from an independent viewpoint through the appointment and dismissal of its members and other important decision-making at the Board of Directors" the Company has formulated, he has been designated as an independent director.
Takuji Akiyama	 No special interests in the Company He is expected to supervise and audit the management of the Company from a neutral and objective viewpoint based on his advanced expertise and abundant experience gained in finance and accounting audits through his career as a certified public accountant over many years. Although he has not been directly involved in corporate management other than as an outside company auditor, it is anticipated that he will perform his duties as an Outside Director appropriately for the aforementioned reasons. He is expected to play the role as an Outside Director to provide advice on management policies and improvements to be made from a standpoint of accelerating sustainable growth and striving towards enhancement of medium-to long-term corporate value based on his insight, and to supervise the management from an independent viewpoint through the appointment and dismissal of its members and other important decision-making at the Board of Directors' the Company has formulated, he has been designated as an independent director.

"Independence Standards for Outside Directors"

The Company appoints Independent Outside Directors who meet all requirement items 1 through 7 below. 1. Meet all requirements stipulated under Article 2, Paragraph 15 of the Companies Act;

- 2. Do not fall under any of items (1) through (3) below.
 - (1) Major creditors of the Company¹ or their executors of operations, and were executors of operations in the last three years;
 - (2) Those for whom the Company is a major business partner² or their executors of operations, and were executors of operations in the last three years;
 - (3) Major business partners of the Company³ or their executors of operations, and were executors of operations in the three years;
- 3. Are not consultants, accountants or legal experts who receive, in terms of the average for the past three years, ¥10 million or more of monetary or other property benefits other than executive remunerations from the Company, nor belong to accounting or law firms where the Company is a major business partner⁴;
- 4. Are not Directors, officers or executive officers of the Company or its subsidiaries, nor spouses or relatives within the second degree of kinship of those whom the Company judges their independences are not ensured as provided in items 2 and 3;
- 5. Are not current major shareholders⁵ of the Company or their executors of operations;
- 6. Those who do not belong to auditing firms of the Company or its subsidiaries, nor were in charge of auditing operations of the Company or its subsidiaries as employees of said auditing firms in the last three years;
- 7. Were not executors of operations at the parent company and/or fellow subsidiary of the Company in the last ten years.

(Notes)

- 1. "Major creditors of the Company" refers to those the Company procures 3% or more of its consolidated amount of borrowings.
- 2. "Those for whom the Company is a major business partner" refers to those the Company accounted for 2% or more of their consolidated sales.
- 3. "Major business partners of the Company" refers to those who accounted for 2% or more of the Company's consolidated operating revenue.
- 4. "Accounting or law firms where the Company is a major business partner" refers to those the Company for 2% or more of their consolidated sales.
- 5. "Major shareholders" refers to those who hold 10% or more of the Company's total voting rights.

b. The Company has proposed the following agenda items (matters to be resolved) for the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders scheduled to be held on June 20, 2025: "Election of Seven Directors (Excluding Those Serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members)" and "Election of Three Directors Serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members." If these proposals are approved and adopted, the number of Outside Directors of the Company will be three. Their relationships with the Company and reasons for appointment are as follows.

Name of Outside Director	Relations with the Company and Reasons for Appointment
Michelle Tan	 No special interests in the Company She has conducted comparative research, etc. on consumer protection systems in Japan and Australia, and has many years of experience and extensive knowledge as an expert on international consumer policy. It is anticipated that she will perform her duties as an Outside Director appropriately from a neutral and global perspective as she has abundant knowledge of domestic and international consumer protection trends, gained through her career as a professor at Tezukayama University and Chief Director at non-profit organization Japan Consumer Network (JACONET), etc. As an Outside Director, she is expected to provide advice to be made from a standpoint of accelerating the Company's sustainable growth and striving towards enhancement of medium- to long-term corporate value based on her insight, and to supervise the management from an independent viewpoint through important decision-making at the Board of Directors meetings. As she meets all requirements for "Independence Standards for Outside Directors" the Company has formulated, she has been designated as an independent director.
Kikuo Asano	 No special interests in the Company He has a wealth of knowledge and experience acquired in the finance industry over many years, and accomplishments as a corporate manager and Outside Director. He also has considerable expertise in finance and accounting, having been engaged in related operations in his previous position. Therefore, the Company believes that he can supervise and provide appropriate advice for the management of the Company from an external viewpoint based on his knowledge and experience. He is expected to play the role as an Outside Director to provide advice on management policies and improvements to be made from a standpoint of accelerating sustainable growth and striving towards enhancement of medium-to long-term corporate value based on his insight, and to supervise the management from an independent viewpoint through the appointment and dismissal of its members and other important decision-making at the Board of Directors" the Company has formulated, she has been designated as an independent director.
Takuji Akiyama	 No special interests in the Company He is expected to supervise and audit the management of the Company from a neutral and objective viewpoint based on his advanced expertise and abundant experience gained in finance and accounting audits through his career as a certified public accountant over many years. Although he has not been directly involved in corporate management other than as an outside company auditor, it is anticipated that he will perform his duties as an Outside Director appropriately for the aforementioned reasons. He is expected to play the role as an Outside Director to provide advice on management policies and improvements to be made from a standpoint of accelerating sustainable growth and striving towards enhancement of mediumto long-term corporate value based on his insight, and to supervise the management from an independent viewpoint through the appointment and dismissal of its members and other important decision-making at the Board of Directors" the Company has formulated, she has been designated as an

(3) Status of Audits

- (i) Status of Audits by the Audit and Supervisory Committee
 - a. Organization, members, and procedures of audit by the Audit and Supervisory Committee

As of the date of submission of this Annual Securities Report, the Audit and Supervisory Committee consists of three Audit and Supervisory Committee Members, of whom two are selected as a Full-time Audit and Supervisory Committee Member. The Company has selected two Outside Audit and Supervisory Committee Members who have been registered as independent directors with the Tokyo Stock Exchange in accordance with its regulations. Furthermore, with a view to enhancing the effectiveness of audits, all Audit and Supervisory Committee Members have been selected as Selected Audit and Supervisory Committee Members who are authorized to investigate pursuant to Article 399-3 of the Companies Act. Akihiro Kiyooka has years of experience in accounting departments, and Takuji Akiyama has abundant experience as a certified public accountant, whereby both of them accumulated abundant knowledge on finance and accounting.

The Company has proposed as an agenda item (matter to be resolved) for the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders scheduled to be held on June 20, 2025, "Election of Three Directors Serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members." If this proposal is approved and adopted, the Audit and Supervisory Committee will continue to consist of three members, two of whom will be Outside Directors serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members.

b. Status of Activities of the Audit and Supervisory Committee and Audit and Supervisory Committee Members

	8	1 2		
Category	Name	Number of meetings held	Number of meetings attended	Number of attendance
Full-time Audit and Supervisory Committee Member of the Company (Outside)	Toshihiko Yamashita	14	14	100%
Full-time Audit and Supervisory Committee Member of the Company (*1)	Kazuo Fukumoto	4	4	100%
Full-time Audit and Supervisory Committee Member of the Company (*2)	Akihiro Kiyooka	10	10	100%
Audit and Supervisory Committee Member of the Company (Outside)	Takuji Akiyama	14	14	100%

During the current fiscal year, the Group held a total of 14 Audit and Supervisory Committee meetings. Status of attendance at meetings of each Audit and Supervisory Committee Member is as follows:

- (*1) This member has retired from the position of Director as of June 21,2024. Thus, the status of attendance includes attendance at Audit and Supervisory Committee meetings held during the period prior to the retirement.
- (*2) The number of Audit and Supervisory Committee meetings attended by Akihiro Kiyooka is based on those held after his appointment as Audit and Supervisory Committee Member of the Company on June 21, 2024.

The Audit and Supervisory Committee has determined the following material audit items as details to be deliberated, and has formulated an audit plan.

- Status of implementation of the operation of the Group governance system
- Status of implementation of the ingraining and qualitative improvement of risk management system
- Status of implementation of qualitative improvement of cybersecurity management framework
- Status of implementation of the qualitative improvement of internal audit

- Status of response to breach of laws and regulations, whistleblowing, unforeseen circumstances, and deficiencies detected through internal audit and other matters
- Status of implementation of the qualitative improvement of information disclosure
- Sufficiency of provision for loss on interest repayment and allowance for doubtful accounts, etc.

Audit and Supervisory Committee Members mainly engage in the following activities in accordance with audit plans, etc.

- Attend the Board of Directors meetings and other important meetings, committees and management-related meetings
- Exchange opinions with Representative Directors, Directors and executive officers who concurrently serve as directors
- Review important approval documents and other materials
- Examine the business and financial situation at the head offices, other offices and subsidiaries in accordance with audit plans
- Exchange opinions with representative directors and full-time corporate auditors, etc. of major subsidiaries
- Cooperate with the Accounting Auditor, receive audit reports and exchange opinions
- Cooperate with the Internal Audit Department, receive internal audit reports and exchange opinions

For key audit matters, the Committee discussed with Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC, received reporting on status of the audits, and requested explanations as necessary.

(ii) Status of Internal Audits

a. Internal Audits

With an auditing staff of 18 people, the Internal Audit Department verifies, evaluates, and recommends ways to address problems pertaining to compliance status, including observance of relevant laws, internal control initiatives, and other activities of the Company's business execution departments. In addition to ensuring conformity with various rules, the Department obtains an accurate understanding of the risks facing the Company. Based on this understanding, it conducts risk approach audits, incorporating a forward-looking perspective, to evaluate the risk management stance of each relevant entity within the Company, and reports the results of such audits regularly to Representative Directors, the Board of Directors and the Audit and Supervisory Committee.

In addition, the Internal Audit Department conducts direct audits of subsidiaries in the ACOM Group and provides assistance to auditing staff of such subsidiaries, thus ensuring establishment of an effective Group auditing system.

(iii) Status of Accounting Audits

- a. Name of the audit corporation Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC
- b. Continuous audit period 16 years
- c. Names of Certified Public Accountants (CPAs) who audited the Company's Accounts Designated employee, managing partner: Koichiro Watanabe Designated employee, managing partner: Hiroshi Tajima
- d. Breakdown of team auditing the Company's accountsCPAs: 11 persons

Assistant certified public accountants, etc.: Other staff:

6 persons 24 persons

e. Reasons for selecting Certified Public Accountants

Policies set forth by the Company prescribe that if the Audit and Supervisory Committee determines that the accounting auditor falls under the provisions specified in each item of Article 340, Paragraph 1, of the Companies Act, the Audit and Supervisory Committee shall dismiss the accounting auditor conditional upon its unanimous approval, and if the Audit and Supervisory Committee determines that dismissal or non-reappointment of the accounting auditor is appropriate mainly including the fact that the accounting auditor has difficulty in execution of duties, the Audit and Supervisory Committee shall decide the contents of proposal for the General Meeting of Shareholders to dismiss or not to reappoint the accounting auditor. In accordance with these policies, the Audit and Supervisory Committee has examined the suitability of the accounting auditor mainly from a viewpoint of independence and auditing quality. As a result, the Audit and Supervisory Committee has judged that it is appropriate to reappoint the accounting auditor.

f. Evaluation of Certified Public Accountants and details of the evaluation

The Audit and Supervisory Committee has set the items for appropriately evaluating an accounting auditor and evaluates the accounting auditor by obtaining the required materials and receiving reports from directors, the relevant internal departments and offices, and the accounting auditor on the details of activities, etc. of the accounting auditor. As a result, the Audit and Supervisory Committee has judged that it is appropriate to reappoint the accounting auditor.

	Prior fis	scal year	Current fiscal year		
Category	Compensation in accordance with audit certification (Thousands of yen)	Compensation in accordance with non- audit certification (Thousands of yen)	Compensation in accordance with audit certification (Thousands of yen)	Compensation in accordance with non- audit certification (Thousands of yen)	
The Filing Company	122,000	3,900	109,000	5,630	
Consolidated subsidiary	22,500	-	23,800	-	
Subtotal	144,500	3,900	132,800	5,630	

(iv) Details of Compensation for Auditors

a. Details of Compensation for Certified Public Accountants

* Details of non-audit work

(Prior fiscal year)

The Company entrusted certified public accountants with the preparation of a comfort letter, which are considered services other than the services prescribed in Article 2, Paragraph 1 of the Certified Public Accountant Act and paid compensation to them.

(Current fiscal year)

The Company entrusted certified public accountants with the preparation of a comfort letter, etc., which are considered services other than the services prescribed in Article 2, Paragraph 1 of the Certified Public Accountant Act and paid compensation to them.

b. Details of compensation (exc	xcluding a.) for the same network as Certified Public Accountants
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	Prior fiscal year		Current fiscal year	
Category	Compensation in accordance with audit certification (Thousands of yen)	Compensation in accordance with non- audit certification (Thousands of yen)	Compensation in accordance with audit certification (Thousands of yen)	Compensation in accordance with non- audit certification (Thousands of yen)
The Filing Company	4,339	2,400	2,566	2,400
Consolidated subsidiary	20,307	-	24,208	-
Subtotal	24,646	2,400	26,775	2,400

* Details of non-audit work

(Prior fiscal year)

The Company entrusted the same network as certified public accountants with the tax advisory works, which are considered services other than the services prescribed in Article 2, Paragraph 1 of the Certified Public Accountant Act, and paid compensation to them.

(Current fiscal year)

The Company entrusted the same network as certified public accountants with the tax advisory works, which are considered services other than the services prescribed in Article 2, Paragraph 1 of the Certified Public Accountant Act, and paid compensation to them.

c. Details of remuneration for other important audit certification Not applicable

d. Policies concerning auditing remuneration Not applicable

e. Reasons for the agreement by the Audit and Supervisory Committee on the compensation payable to Accounting Auditors

The Audit and Supervisory Committee agreed to the amount of compensation to the accounting auditor, as it decided that such amount was reasonable based on the examination thereof, following the analysis and evaluation on the results of accounting audit carried out in the prior fiscal year by the accounting auditor, as well as the verification of the audit plan for the current fiscal year and the basis for calculating the estimated compensation, etc.

(4) Compensation to Directors and Audit and Supervisory Committee Members

 Matters concerning the policy for the decision on the amounts of compensation to Directors and Audit and Supervisory Committee Members or the calculation method thereof

The Board of Directors determined a policy concerning the decision on the details of individual compensation payable to Directors (excluding those serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members). In summary, compensation payable to Directors (excluding those serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members) is designed to sufficiently function as an incentive to aim for sustainable increase in corporate value by benchmarking the compensation levels of peer companies in related industries and segments with similar business scale. Compensation to Representative Directors and Directors serving as Executive Officers consists of basic compensation, performance-linked compensation and stock price-linked compensation is fixed compensation to be paid once monthly, performance-linked compensation is variable compensation to be paid once yearly according to business results, and stock price-linked compensation is variable compensation to be paid upon retirement according to stock price.

The Company determines the amount of basic compensation payable to Directors (excluding those serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members) at the Board of Directors after the Appointment and Remuneration Committee deliberates and proposes the respective amounts to be paid according to the position and other factors, in consideration of the compensation levels at other companies, the business results of the Company, the levels of employees' salaries and other factors. The Company determines the amount of performance-linked compensation payable to Directors (excluding those serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members) at the Board of Directors after the Appointment and Remuneration Committee calculates the basic source of distribution using "Profit attributable to owners of parent" as an indicator to make a comprehensive measurement of the results of the management, and deliberates and proposes the respective amounts to be paid according to the positions, individual evaluations and other factors. The amount of stock price-linked compensation is calculated by multiplying the number of phantom stocks which are granted every year by the stock price three years late and the Company determines as to the grant of phantom stocks at the Board of Directors after the Appointment and Remuneration of phantom stocks at the Board of Directors after the Appointment and Remuneration function stocks at the Board of Directors after the Appointment and Remuneration functions and other factors.

The target percentage of variable compensation (performance-linked compensation and stock price-linked compensation) out of total compensation is approximately 25% (assuming a standard amount of performance-linked compensation and stock price-linked compensation). The amount of performance-linked compensation is decided by a method whereby the Appointment and Remuneration Committee first determines a range of profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company, which becomes a standard for basic source of distribution, by taking into consideration special factors such as extraordinary income or losses from profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company, and the Board of Directors determines a specific amount of performance-linked compensation by multiplying the basic source of distribution by a ratio corresponding to the ratio of distribution for each title and individual evaluation of Directors. The amount of stock price-linked compensation is decided by a method whereby the Appointment and Remuneration Committee first determines a number of phantom stocks calculated based on a standard amount set every year for each Representative Director and Directors. The phantom stocks are converted into points by multiplying the number of phantom stocks are converted into points by multiplying the number of phantom stocks by the stock price three years later, and the points accumulated during the term of office are converted into a specific amount to be paid upon retirement.

While target figures for the indicator for performance-linked compensation have not been determined for the current fiscal year, the actual figure of the basic source of distribution amounted to 30 million yen, with the standard range of profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company from 40,000 million yen or more to less than 50,000 million yen.

Other details of the compensation payable to Directors are deliberated and proposed by the Appointment and

Remuneration Committee and thereupon determined by the Board of Directors. The amount of compensation payable to Audit and Supervisory Committee Members is determined through consultation among Audit and Supervisory Committee Members in consideration of their duties and responsibilities. The stock price-linked compensation system (phantom stocks) decided at the Board of Directors meeting held on January 31, 2023, was introduced and started in June 2023 for the purpose of incentivizing management to demonstrate sound entrepreneurial spirit as well as further promoting value sharing with shareholders, toward the Company's sustainable growth and enhancement of medium- to long-term corporate value.

At the 40th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 22, 2017, it was resolved that compensation payable to Directors (excluding those serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members) per year shall be no more than 400 million yen (excluding the portion of employee's salary payable to Directors who concurrently serve as employees). The number of Directors (excluding those serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members) as of the conclusion of the above Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders was six. In addition, at the same Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders, it was resolved that compensation payable to Directors serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members as of the conclusion of the above Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders, it was resolved that compensation payable to Directors serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members per year shall be no more than 100 million yen. The number of Directors serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members as of the conclusion of the above Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders was four. As of March 31, 2025, the number of Directors (excluding those serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members) was seven and the number of Directors serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members) was seven and the number of Directors serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members) was three.

The details of the individual compensation payable to each Director for the fiscal year under review were determined by the Board of Directors within the compensation limit approved by the general meeting of shareholders respecting the proposal from the Appointment and Remuneration Committee submitted upon deliberation based on the Director's position, evaluation, and other factors. Therefore, the Company believes that the details are in line with the Policy.

For the composition of the Appointment and Remuneration Committee and the Audit and Supervisory Committee and details of the committees' activities, please see i. Appointment and Remuneration Committee in 4. Corporate Governance, (1) Overview of Corporate Governance, 2) Corporate Governance Structure, a. An overview of corporate governance structure and reasons for employing said structure, (c) Committees, and (b) Audit and Supervisory Committee. (ii) Total amount of compensations by categories for the Filing Company, total amount of compensations by type, and the number of paid officers

Category	Total amount	Total amount of compensations by type (Millions of yen)			Number of
Category	(Millions of yen)	Fixed compensation	Performance- linked compensation	Stock price- linked compensation	Persons
Directors (excluding Audit and					
Supervisory Committee Members	196	155	28	12	6
and Outside Directors)					
Audit and Supervisory Committee					
Members (excluding Outside	19	19	-	-	2
Directors)					
Outside Directors and Outside					
Audit and Supervisory Committee	37	37	-	-	3
Members					
Total	253	212	28	12	11

(Notes) 1. There are no employee-directors.

2. "Number of persons" represents the cumulative number of officers who received compensation during the current fiscal year.

3. Stock price-linked compensation is the amount reported as expenses in the current fiscal year.

(iii) Total amount of consolidated compensations by Filing Company's officers

This is omitted as none of officers of the Filing Company received aggregated consolidated compensation of 100 million yen and above.

(5) Status of securities held by the Company

(i) Criteria and basic stance of classification of investment securities

For classification between investment securities held for pure investment purposes and investment securities held for other than pure investment purposes, the Company does not hold any investment securities held for other than pure investment purposes and does not have a plan to hold them in the future.

(ii) Investment securities held for other than pure investment purposes Not applicable

	Current fiscal year		Current fiscal year		Prior	fiscal year
Category	Number of names (Name)	Value in balance sheet (Millions of yen)	Number of names (Name)	Value in balance sheet (Millions of yen)		
Non-listed securities	17	966	18	950		
Securities other than the above	1	0	1	0		

(iii) Investment securities held for pure investment purposes

	Current fiscal year			
Category	Total dividend received (Millions of yen)	Total gain or loss on sale (Millions of yen)	Total valuation gain or loss (Millions of yen)	
Non-listed securities	5	-	(Note)	
Securities other than the above	-	-	-	

(Note) "Total valuation gain or loss" is not shown for non-listed securities since they have no market values.

(iv) Investment securities, of which holding purpose has been changed from pure investment to other than pure investment
 Not applicable

Not applicable

(v) Investment securities, of which holding purpose has been changed from other than pure investment to pure investment
 Not applicable

V. Financial Section

- 1. Basis of preparation of the consolidated financial statements
 - (1) The consolidated financial statements of the Company are prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Concerning the Terminology, Forms and Preparation Methods of Consolidated Financial Statements" (Ordinance of the Finance Ministry No. 28 of 1976) and the "Ordinance on Reorganization of Accounting Methods for Special Finance Corporations, etc." (Ordinance of General Administrative Agency of the Cabinet/the Finance Ministry No. 32 of 1999).
 - (2) The non-consolidated financial statements of the Company are prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Concerning Terminology, Forms, and Preparation Methods of Non-Consolidated Financial Statements" (Ordinance of the Finance Ministry No. 59 of 1963) and the "Ordinance on Reorganization of Accounting Methods for Special Finance Corporations, etc." (Ordinance of General Administrative Agency of the Cabinet/the Finance Ministry No. 32 of 1999).
- 2. Audit reports

Pursuant to the first paragraph of Article 193-2 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act, the Company's consolidated financial statements and non-consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year (from April 1, 2024, to March 31, 2025) were audited by Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC.

3. Specific efforts to ensure the appropriateness of the consolidated financial statements, etc.

As specific efforts to ensure the appropriateness of the consolidated financial statements, etc., the Company holds membership in the Financial Accounting Standards Foundation, etc., and attends seminars provided by the Accounting Standards Board of Japan, etc., to ensure an appropriate understanding of the corporate accounting standards and prepare to adopt any applicable changes in accounting standards, etc.

- 1 Consolidated Financial Statements, etc.
 - (1) Consolidated Financial Statements
 - a. Consolidated Balance Sheet

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and deposits	73,486	60,268
Accounts receivable - operating loans	*3, *4, *6 1,121,554	*3, *4, *6 1,202,085
Accounts receivable - installment	*7 123,058	*7 138,100
Purchased receivables	8,212	9,388
Other	*4 96,167	*4 99,330
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(92,289)	(100,403
Total current assets	1,330,190	1,408,77
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment		
Buildings and structures	18,201	15,10.
Accumulated depreciation	(15,323)	(12,639
Buildings and structures, net	2,878	2,464
Equipment	13,263	12,45
Accumulated depreciation	(9,020)	(8,262
Equipment, net	4,243	4,194
Leased assets	3,127	1,493
Accumulated depreciation	(1,864)	(538
Leased assets, net	1,263	95:
Total property, plant and equipment	8,384	7,614
Intangible assets		
Goodwill	215	
Software	8,755	11,34
Other	14	1
Total intangible assets	8,985	11,35

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
Investments and other assets		
Investment securities	*1 1,414	*1 1,454
Retirement benefit asset	10,322	10,727
Deferred tax assets	50,507	39,255
Guarantee deposits	4,309	4,006
Other	*4 3,861	*4 3,793
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(572)	(576)
Total investments and other assets	69,843	58,660
Total non-current assets	87,213	77,634
Total assets	1,417,403	1,486,409
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Notes and accounts payable - trade	769	816
Short-term borrowings	*5 19,242	*5 16,054
Commercial papers	29,989	54,914
Current portion of long-term borrowings	*5 123,808	*5 179,334
Current portion of bonds payable	60,650	13,248
Lease obligations	350	333
Income taxes payable	13,160	7,843
Provision for loss on guarantees	*2 11,973	*2 12,661
Asset retirement obligations	579	839
Other	15,208	13,179
Total current liabilities	275,732	299,224
Non-current liabilities		
Bonds payable	104,086	145,727
Long-term borrowings	*5 325,553	*5 277,848
Lease obligations	1,070	749
Provision for loss on interest repayment	30,346	48,000
Retirement benefit liability	983	1,331
Asset retirement obligations	5,061	4,043
Other	394	448
Total non-current liabilities	467,495	478,149
Total liabilities	743,228	777,374

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
Net assets		
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	63,832	63,832
Capital surplus	69,861	69,861
Retained earnings	469,849	481,608
Treasury shares	(0)	(0)
Total shareholders' equity	603,543	615,301
Accumulated other comprehensive income		
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	0	0
Foreign currency translation adjustment	21,153	35,736
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	3,314	2,523
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	24,468	38,260
Non-controlling interests	46,164	55,473
Total net assets	674,175	709,035
Total liabilities and net assets	1,417,403	1,486,409

b. Consolidated Statement of Income and Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Consolidated Statement of Income)

	Prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year
	10 [Wiaten 51, 2024]	(From April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)
Operating revenue		
Interest on operating loans	181,925	196,122
Revenue from credit card business	14,693	17,033
Revenue from installment sales finance business	66	64
Revenue from credit guarantee	61,223	66,667
Proceeds from purchased receivables	4,659	4,880
Other financial revenue		
Interest on deposits	41	77
Interest on securities	0	-
Other	158	6
Total other financial revenue	199	83
Other operating revenue	31,961	32,890
Total operating revenue	*5 294,730	*5 317,742
Operating expenses		
Financial expenses		
Interest expenses	2,693	3,538
Interest on bonds	1,229	1,339
Amortization of bond issuance costs	302	168
Other	702	701
Total financial expenses	4,927	5,747
Cost of purchased receivables	1,764	2,024
Other operating expenses		
Advertising expenses	19,686	17,266
Provision of allowance for doubtful accounts	85,852	92,881
Provision for loss on guarantees	12,100	12,795
Provision for loss on interest repayment	-	40,033
Employees' salaries, allowances and bonuses	22,409	24,172
Retirement benefit expenses	1,013	(85)
Welfare expenses	3,058	3,331
Rent expenses	5,737	5,622
Depreciation	3,462	3,852
Commission fee	24,177	26,891
Amortization of goodwill	518	215
Other	23,674	24,431
Total other operating expenses	201,690	251,409
Total operating expenses	208,383	259,181
Operating profit	86,347	58,561

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)
Non-operating income		
Interest income	1	1
Dividend income	29	5
Share of profit of entities accounted for using equity method	18	23
Rental income from buildings	187	237
Compensation income	40	57
Other	110	62
Total non-operating income	387	386
Non-operating expenses		
Interest expenses	2	6
Foreign exchange losses	-	13
Other	16	7
Total non-operating expenses	19	28
Ordinary profit	86,715	58,919
Extraordinary income		
Gain on sale of non-current assets	*1 258	*1 159
Gain on sale of investment securities	0	-
Total extraordinary income	258	159
Extraordinary losses		
Loss on sale of non-current assets	*2 0	*2 10
Loss on retirement of non-current assets	*3 234	*3 425
Other	*4 1	*4 1
Total extraordinary losses	236	437
Profit before income taxes	86,736	58,641
Income taxes - current	18,699	9,939
Income taxes - deferred	10,211	12,131
Total income taxes	28,910	22,070
Profit	57,825	36,571
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests	4,734	4,446
Profit attributable to owners of parent	53,091	32,124

(Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income)

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)
Profit	57,825	36,571
Other comprehensive income		
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	(0)	(0)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	11,571	20,486
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans, net of tax	2,845	(815)
Total other comprehensive income	* 14,416	* 19,670
Comprehensive income	72,242	56,241
Comprehensive income attributable to		
Owners of parent	64,156	45,916
Non-controlling interests	8,086	10,325

c. Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets

For the prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)

(Millions of yen) Shareholders' equity Total shareholders' Share capital Capital surplus Retained earnings Treasury shares equity 63,832 69,861 433,990 Beginning balance (0) 567,683 Changes of items during the period (17,232) Dividends of surplus (17,232) Profit attributable to 53,091 53,091 owners of parent Purchase of treasury (0) (0) shares Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity Total changes of items -_ 35,859 (0) 35,859 during the period Ending balance 63,832 69,861 469,849 (0) 603,543

		Accumulated other c	omprehensive income			
	Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	Foreign currency translation adjustment	Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	Non-controlling interests	Total net assets
Beginning balance	0	12,943	459	13,403	38,750	619,837
Changes of items during the period						
Dividends of surplus						(17,232)
Profit attributable to owners of parent						53,091
Purchase of treasury shares						(0)
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	(0)	8,209	2,854	11,064	7,413	18,478
Total changes of items during the period	(0)	8,209	2,854	11,064	7,413	54,337
Ending balance	0	21,153	3,314	24,468	46,164	674,175

For the current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024, to March 31, 2025)

				(N	Aillions of yen)
	Shareholders' equity				
	Share capital	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury shares	Total shareholders' equity
Beginning balance	63,832	69,861	469,849	(0)	603,543
Changes of items during the period					
Dividends of surplus			(20,365)		(20,365)
Profit attributable to owners of parent			32,124		32,124
Purchase of treasury shares					-
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity					
Total changes of items during the period	-	-	11,758	-	11,758
Ending balance	63,832	69,861	481,608	(0)	615,301

	Accumulated other comprehensive income					
	Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	Foreign currency translation adjustment	Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	Non-controlling interests	Total net assets
Beginning balance	0	21,153	3,314	24,468	46,164	674,175
Changes of items during the period						
Dividends of surplus						(20,365)
Profit attributable to owners of parent						32,124
Purchase of treasury shares						-
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	(0)	14,583	(791)	13,792	9,309	23,101
Total changes of items during the period	(0)	14,583	(791)	13,792	9,309	34,860
Ending balance	0	35,736	2,523	38,260	55,473	709,035

d. Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit before income taxes	86,736	58,641
Depreciation	3,462	3,852
Amortization of goodwill	518	215
Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts	7,265	5,727
Increase (decrease) in provision for loss on guarantees	2,360	687
Increase (decrease) in retirement benefit liability	89	131
Increase (decrease) in provision for loss on interest repayment	(27,376)	17,653
Interest and dividend income	(30)	(6)
Interest expenses	2	6
Amortization of bond issuance costs	302	168
Foreign exchange losses (gains)	(158)	8
Share of loss (profit) of entities accounted for using equity method	(18)	(23)
Loss (gain) on sale of property, plant and equipment	(257)	(148)
Loss on retirement of property, plant and equipment	206	360
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable - operating loans	(72,755)	(51,211)
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable - installment	(18,701)	(14,963)
Decrease (increase) in purchased receivables	(581)	(1,176)
Decrease (increase) in retirement benefit asset	(268)	(1,411)
Decrease (increase) in other current assets	(5,843)	(2,350)
Increase (decrease) in trade payables	424	44
Increase (decrease) in other current liabilities	57	(1,856)
Increase (decrease) by other operating	349	1,960
Subtotal	(24,216)	16,311
Interest and dividend income received	30	5
Interest expenses paid	(2)	(6)
Income taxes paid	(12,571)	(15,434)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(36,759)	876

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(1,252)	(1,363)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	293	284
Purchase of intangible assets	(3,383)	(6,130)
Purchase of investment securities	-	(56)
Increase (decrease) by other investing	(1,835)	788
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(6,178)	(6,478)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	328,335	372,047
Repayments of short-term borrowings	(329,457)	(377,532)
Proceeds from issuance of commercial papers	251,965	232,752
Redemption of commercial papers	(257,000)	(208,000)
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	70,757	52,787
Redemption of bonds	(33,080)	(61,500)
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	159,108	144,110
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(115,322)	(139,341)
Repayments of finance lease obligations	(242)	(354)
Purchase of treasury shares	(0)	-
Proceeds from share issuance to non- controlling shareholders	801	-
Dividends paid	(17,229)	(20,364)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(1,473)	(1,015)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	57,163	(6,410)
Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents	7	269
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	14,233	(11,742)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	57,666	71,900
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	* 71,900	* 60,157

[Notes]

(Significant matters providing the basis for the preparation of consolidated financial statements)

1. Matters concerning the scope of consolidation

All subsidiaries are consolidated.

Number of consolidated subsidiaries: 6

Names of principal consolidated subsidiaries are referred to in "4. Information on Subsidiaries and Associates" under "I. Overview of the Company," therefore they are omitted here.

2. Matters concerning application of the equity-method

Number of equity-method-affiliate: 1

Name of the equity-method-affiliate: MU Communications Co., Ltd.

3. Matters concerning accounting period of consolidated subsidiaries

Fiscal year of the following consolidated subsidiaries ends on December 31:

EASY BUY Public Company Limited

ACOM CONSUMER FINANCE CORPORATION

ACOM (M) SDN. BHD.

Consolidated financial statements hereof are prepared by using financial statements as of the abovementioned closing date and significant matters that occurred between the closing date and the consolidated closing date are subject to the adjustments necessary for consolidation.

4. Matters concerning accounting policies

- (1) Evaluation standards and methods for significant assets
 - a. Securities
 - Other securities
 - Shares, etc. that do not have a market price: Stated at cost by the moving-average method
 - The investments in limited investment partnerships and other similar partnerships (those deemed as "securities" according to the Article 2, Paragraph 2 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act) are reported, using the equity method, based on the latest financial statements available as at the closing dates stipulated by the respective partnership contracts.
 - b. Derivative transactions, etc.Derivatives: Market value method
- (2) Depreciation and amortization methods for significant depreciable assets
- a. Property, plant and equipment (excluding leased assets)

The Company and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries use the declining balance method, and overseas consolidated subsidiaries use the straight-line method.

- Useful lives of assets are principally as follows:
- Buildings and structures: 3 to 39 years
- Equipment: 2 to 20 years
- b. Intangible assets (excluding leased assets)

The Company and its consolidated subsidiaries use the straight-line method.

Software for internal use is amortized over an estimated useful life of 3 to 10 years.

c. Leased assets

Leased assets concerning non-transfer ownership finance lease transactions:

Depreciated by the straight-line method, defining the lease term of respective assets as their useful lives, with residual value equaling zero

d. Long-term prepaid expenses

The Company and its consolidated subsidiaries use the equal installment method over the estimated useful life.

e. Deferred assets

Bond issuance cost:

These costs are fully charged to expenses when they are paid.

- (3) Accounting standards for significant allowances and provisions
 - a. Allowance for doubtful accounts

To provide for potential loss on accounts receivable - operating loans and other receivables, the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries make an allowance for the expected amount of irrecoverable loans. Allowances for general receivables are computed, based on the historical rate of default. For specific debts where recovery is doubtful, the Company considers the likelihood of recovery on an individual basis.

- b. Provision for loss on guarantees
 To provide for loss on guarantees, the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries make an allowance for potential losses at the end of the current fiscal year.
- c. Provision for loss on interest repayment To prepare for potential loss on interest repayment in the future, the Company estimates and provides a reasonable amount of provision for loss on interest repayment, in consideration of the past actual results and the latest interest repayment situations.
- (4) Accounting method for retirement benefits
 - Periodic allocation of projected retirement benefits
 In calculating retirement benefit obligations, the attribution on a benefit formula basis is applied for allocation of projected benefits to the periods until the end of the current fiscal year.
 - b. Amortization of actuarial differences and past service costs
 Past service costs are charged to expenses, using the straight-line method, over the determined years (5 years) that are not longer than average remaining service years of the employees at the time of occurrence. Actuarial differences are amortized evenly using the straight-line method over the determined years (5 years) that are not longer than the average remaining service years of employees at the time of occurrence in each fiscal year, beginning from the fiscal year following the time of occurrence.
- (5) Accounting standards for significant revenue and expenses
 - a. Revenues from financial instruments transactions
 - Interest on operating loans

Interest is recorded on an accrual basis.

Accrued interest on operating loans is recorded using the interest rate stipulated in the Interest Rate Restriction Act or the contracted interest rate of the Company, whichever the lower.

Revenue from credit card business

Fees from customers: Recorded by the credit balance method.

Under the credit balance method, fees to be recorded as revenue are calculated pursuant to the prescribed rates applicable to the relevant credit balance.

Revenue from credit guarantee

Recorded by the credit balance method.

b. Fees and commissions

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized in the consolidated statement of income based on the progress toward satisfaction of performance obligations identified in each contract in accordance with the substance of transactions under the contract.

Fees and commissions mainly include fees for ATM usage and fees from MasterCard member stores. Fees for ATM usage are recognized as revenue when the customers use ATMs at partnering financial institutions. Fees from MasterCard member stores are recognized as revenue when the customers have used their credit cards (at the time of sale-on-credit transaction).

(6) Accounting standards for the translation of significant foreign currency-denominated assets and liabilities into Japanese yen used in preparing the financial statements of consolidated companies on which consolidated

financial statements are based

Foreign currency-denominated monetary claims and obligations are translated into Japanese yen, using the spot exchange rates on the closing date of consolidated accounting and the resulting translation gains and losses are recognized as income and expenses.

Assets and liabilities and income and expenses of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Japanese yen at the spot exchange rates on the account closing date and average exchange rates, respectively. The resulting translation gains and losses are recorded as foreign currency translation adjustments and non-controlling interests under the net assets section.

- (7) Significant hedge accounting method
- a. Hedge accounting method

The Company adopts the deferred hedge accounting. However, exceptional accounting treatments are applied to certain interest-rate swaps which meet specific conditions.

- Hedging instruments and hedging items
 Hedging instruments: Interest-rate swap agreements
 Hedging items: Borrowings with variable interest rates
- c. Hedging policy

The Company and its subsidiaries enter into derivatives contracts to hedge against various risks in accordance with its internal rules. These contracts include the following: Interest-rate swaps to hedge against the risk of fluctuations in interest rates relating to borrowings with variable interest rates for the purpose of protecting cash flows.

d. Method for evaluating hedging effectiveness

With regard to interest rate-related hedging, important requirements concerning hedging instruments and hedging items are closely matched with each other. Also, the Company can assume that fluctuations in interest rates and cash flows are fully offset by the fluctuations in hedging instruments on an ongoing basis since the implementation of hedging contracts. Therefore, the judgment of hedging effectiveness is omitted.

- (8) Method and period for amortization of goodwill Goodwill is amortized by the equal installments method over a period of 15 years. However, those with insignificant value are fully amortized in the fiscal year in which they were incurred.
- (9) Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statement of cash flows Cash and cash equivalents include cash at hand, demand deposits at banks and highly liquid short-term investments with negligible risk of fluctuation in value and maturities of less than three months.
- (10) Other significant matters for the preparation of consolidated financial statements

a. Accounting method for consumption tax and other taxes imposed on non tax-deductible assets Consumption tax and other taxes imposed on non tax-deductible assets are recorded as an expense for the fiscal year they were incurred.

In addition, accrued consumption taxes are included in "Other" in current liabilities on the consolidated balance sheet.

 Adoption of the group tax sharing system The Company and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries adopt the group tax sharing system. (Significant accounting estimates)

- 1. Provision for loss on interest repayment
- (1) Amount recorded on the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year under review

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
Provision for loss on interest repayment	30,346	48,000

In the loan business of the Company, the interest rates charged on some loan products in which customers entered into contracts before June 17, 2007 exceed the interest rate ceilings specified in the Interest Rate Restriction Act. In case our customers request forgiveness of the loan amount or reimbursement of excess interest paid, demanding to fulfill obligations based on these maximum interest rates, the Company may accept to write off such loan or reimburse payments in response. To provide for requests for such reimbursement, the Company provides necessary amounts of provision for loss on interest repayment estimated in consideration of the past actual results and the latest interest repayment situations.

Provision for loss on interest repayment recorded on the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year under review was 48,000 million yen, and provision for loss on interest repayment recorded as expense was 40,033 million yen.

Provision for loss on interest repayment is calculated mainly in accordance with predetermined internal regulations and is determined based on deliberations at the Executive Officers' Meeting. Although uncertainty remains about estimates and major assumptions when calculating provision for loss on interest repayment, the Company makes the best possible estimates ensuring objectivity and reasonableness based on effective internal control. With respect to the above estimates, the Company evaluates the status of disparity between the estimates and actual results each quarter, reviews the need for additional provision, reversal, etc., and the provision for loss on interest repayment recorded in the current fiscal year.

- (2) Information on the details of significant accounting estimates for identified items
 - a. Methods used for the calculation of an amount recorded on the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year under review

To prepare for potential loss on interest repayment in the future, the Company makes a forecast in consideration of the past actual results and the latest interest repayment situations and estimates a reasonable number of requests for interest repayment. When estimating the amount, the Company primarily supposes the future estimated figures of the number of requests for interest repayment and the average unit price of requests for interest repayment, respectively, from the past actual results. Then, the Company calculates an estimated number of requests for interest repayment over a certain period in the future. When projecting the future estimated figures of the number of requests for interest repayment, figures that are especially uncertain, the Company groups the future estimated figures per law firm and judicial scrivener office according to the trends in the requests for interest repayment. Then, the Company calculates the estimated number of requests for interest repayment and judicial scrivener office according to the trends in the requests for interest repayment. Then, the Company calculates the estimated number of requests for interest repayment. Then, the Company calculates the estimated number of requests for interest repayment as calculated from the past actual results of each group as well as the latest environmental analysis and the latest trend of requests for interest repayment.

b. Major assumptions used in the methods for the calculation of an amount recorded on the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year under review

Major assumptions are the respective future estimated figures of the number of requests for interest repayment (the estimated number of requests for interest repayment in the future per law firm or judicial scrivener office) and the average unit price of requests for interest repayment.

c. Impact on the consolidated financial statements for the next fiscal year

The major assumptions, which are the respective future estimated figures of the number of requests for interest repayment and the average unit price of requests for interest repayment per law firm or judicial scrivener office, are calculated based on the past actual rates of requests for interest repayment as calculated

from past actual results as well as the latest environmental analysis and the latest trend of requests for interest repayment. Given the uncertainty of such estimates, provision for loss on interest repayment for the next fiscal year may increase or decrease.

2. Allowance for doubtful accounts

(1) Amount recorded on the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year under review

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
Allowance for doubtful accounts	92,862	100,979

For accounts receivable - operating loans, accounts receivable - installment and right to reimbursement, which constitute the majority of total assets of the Company Group, an allowance for doubtful accounts is provided for all or part of the outstanding balance of loans, based on the types and conditions at the end of the fiscal year under review.

Allowance for doubtful accounts recorded on the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year under review was 100,979 million yen.

Allowance for doubtful accounts is calculated mainly in accordance with predetermined internal regulations, and the Company makes the best possible estimates ensuring objectivity and reasonableness based on effective internal control. In the case of an event not stipulated in the internal regulations and other rules, the Company will respond to the event based on deliberations at the Executive Officers' Meeting and other meetings.

(2) Information on the details of significant accounting estimates for identified items

a. Methods used for the calculation of an amount recorded on the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year under review

Unsecured loans receivable and installments receivable with which the Company deals are classified into "General receivables" and "Specific receivables" with the aim of preventive attachment. Right to reimbursement belongs to "Specific receivables" only.

(a) General receivables

Unsecured loans receivable are calculated mainly using the historical rate of annual defaults according to classifications based on a credit risk management model, and installments receivable are calculated using the historical rate of annual defaults.

(b) Specific receivables

Receivables on which the Company has concluded out-of-court settlement agreement are calculated using the historical rate of defaults over their average remaining periods and receivables other than the above are estimated in the total amount net of that based on the collected percentage.

*If "General receivables" and "Specific receivables" are recorded in duplicate with provision for loss on interest repayment, the relevant amount is reduced from the allowance for doubtful accounts.

b. Major assumptions used in the methods for the calculation of an amount recorded on the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year under review

With respect to the credit risk management model stated in the methods used for calculation as above, the Company comprehensively evaluates the attributes of receivables in correlation with the write-off of bad debts, the details of transactions, etc., and converts the probability of the future occurrence of write-off of bad debts to customers into a numerical value using a statistical method. Therefore, the classification based on said value is a major assumption.

c. Impact on the consolidated financial statements for the next fiscal year

The Company continuously reviews and revises classifications based on a credit risk management model, a major assumption. If the above classification needs to be revised because of changes in the external management environment due to future uncertainties and other factors, it may have an impact on the amount of allowance for doubtful accounts to be recognized in the consolidated financial statements for the next fiscal year and thereafter.

3. Deferred tax assets

(1) Amount recorded on the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year under review

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
Deferred tax assets	50,507	39,255

The Company Group records deferred tax assets in the amount deemed recoverable for deductible temporary differences and retained tax losses.

Deferred tax assets recorded on the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year under review were 39,255 million yen.

Deferred tax assets are calculated mainly in accordance with predetermined internal regulations, and the Company makes the best possible estimates ensuring objectivity and reasonableness based on effective internal control. In the case of an event not stipulated in the internal regulations and other rules, the Company will respond to the event based on deliberations at the Executive Officers' Meeting and other meetings.

(2) Information on the details of significant accounting estimates for identified items

a. Methods used for the calculation of an amount recorded on the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year under review

The Company Group records deferred tax assets in the amount deemed recoverable for deductible temporary differences. The recoverability is determined by scheduling temporary differences, etc. against the future taxable income before additions and subtractions of temporary differences, etc. which is estimated primarily based on the projected profits in the three-year medium-term management plan beginning from the next fiscal year, considering external factors such as the business environment, the Company Group's operating results, and the achievement level of past medium-term management plans.

Of the deductible temporary differences, for provision for loss on interest repayment, the amount of requests for interest repayment is reasonably estimated in consideration of the past actual results and the latest interest repayment situations; and for allowance for doubtful accounts and provision for loss on guarantees, the resolution amount is estimated by considering the historical rate of default and other factors.

b. Major assumptions used in the methods for the calculation of an amount recorded on the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year under review

Taxable income is calculated based on the profits, etc. of the medium-term management plan, incorporating key assumptions such as plans for outstanding balances of accounts receivable - operating loans and accounts receivable - installment in the loan and credit card business, guarantee obligations in the guarantee business, and accounts receivable - operating loans in the overseas financial business.

c. Impact on the consolidated financial statements for the next fiscal year

The consolidated financial statements for the next fiscal year may be affected by uncertain future changes in the business environment, an increase in requests for interest repayment, and other unforeseen reasons.

(Unapplied accounting standards)

• "Accounting Standard for Leases" (ASBJ Statement No. 34, September 13, 2024)

• "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Leases" (ASBJ Guidance No. 33, September 13, 2024)

(1) Overview

As part of the convergence of Japanese accounting standards, the Accounting Standards Board of Japan (ASBJ) conducted a study in light of international accounting standards to develop an accounting standard that requires lessee to recognize assets and liabilities for all leases for leases that recognizes assets and liabilities for all leases of a lessee.

The Accounting Standard for Leases and Other Financial Statements were issued with the aim of being simple, convenient, and basically requiring no adjustments when the non-consolidated financial statements were prepared under IFRS 16. The accounting standard was prepared on the basis of the single lessee accounting model of IFRS 16 as a basic policy. However, it is not a full adoption of IFRS 16, only the main provisions are adopted.

A single lessee accounting model is applied for the allocation of the cost of leases by lessees, as in IFRS 16. Regardless of whether the lease is a finance lease or an operating lease, depreciation expense related to the rightof-use asset and interest expense related to the lease liability shall be recognized for all leases.

(2) Scheduled date of application

These accounting standards are scheduled to be applied from the beginning of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2028.

(3) Impact of application

The impact of applying these accounting standards is undetermined at the time of preparing this financial statement.

(Changes in Presentation)

<Consolidated Statement of Income>

"Compensation income," which had been included in "Other" under "Non-operating income" in the prior fiscal year, is presented separately in the current fiscal year as it has increased its quantitative significance. To reflect this change in presentation, the consolidated financial statements for the prior fiscal year have been reclassified.

As a result, 150 million yen previously presented as "Other" under non-operating income in the Consolidated Statement of Income for the prior fiscal year has been reclassified to 40 million yen of "Compensation income" and 110 million yen of "Other."

(Notes to Consolidated Balance Sheet)

*1. Amount of subsidiaries and associates' stocks included in investment securities

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
Investment securities	463	486

*2. Contingent liabilities

2		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
Outstanding guarantee obligation in the guarantee business	1,278,261	1,364,525
Provision for loss on guarantees	11,973	12,661
Net	1,266,287	1,351,863

*3. Commitment line contracts for accounts receivable - operating loans

Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)

Contracts for accounts receivable - operating loans primarily take the form of revolving credit-line contracts whereby a facility indicating a maximum loanable amount is assigned to a customer who is then able to borrow repeatedly within the limit of the facility, provided that contract terms have not been violated. Outstanding unexercised portions of such facilities amounted to 751,259 million yen at the end of the fiscal year. This included a total of 561,064 million yen of unexercised amounts remaining in the accounts of customers with zero outstanding balances at the end of the fiscal year.

A certain portion of revolving credit-line contracts lapse without being used. Therefore, the amount of outstanding unexercised facilities will not necessarily affect the future cash flow of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries.

Contracts contain provisions allowing the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries to reject applications for additional borrowing or reduce the facility in case of changes in the customer's credit standing or other material reasons. Outstanding contracts are regularly examined according to internal procedures to determine the credit standing of customers and other pertinent information. When necessary, contracts are reviewed and measures are taken to preserve loan assets.

Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)

Contracts for accounts receivable - operating loans primarily take the form of revolving credit-line contracts whereby a facility indicating a maximum loanable amount is assigned to a customer who is then able to borrow repeatedly within the limit of the facility, provided that contract terms have not been violated. Outstanding unexercised portions of such facilities amounted to 827,383 million yen at the end of the fiscal year. This included a total of 626,209 million yen of unexercised amounts remaining in the accounts of customers with zero outstanding balances at the end of the fiscal year.

A certain portion of revolving credit-line contracts lapse without being used. Therefore, the amount of outstanding unexercised facilities will not necessarily affect the future cash flow of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries.

Contracts contain provisions allowing the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries to reject applications for additional borrowing or reduce the facility in case of changes in the customer's credit standing or other material reasons. Outstanding contracts are regularly examined according to internal procedures to determine the credit standing of customers and other pertinent information. When necessary, contracts are reviewed and measures are taken to preserve loan assets.

*4. Status of non-performing loans

Losses on unsecured consumer loans to bankrupt parties are written off at the time bankruptcy is declared. For this reason, Bankrupt or De facto Bankrupt includes those to debtors who have petitioned for bankruptcy as of the end of the fiscal year, but have not yet been declared bankrupt. This entire amount is charged to the allowance for doubtful accounts.

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
	(AS 01 March 31, 2024)	(AS 01 March 51, 2025)
Loans to debtors who have petitioned for		
bankruptcy, but have not yet been	213	268
declared bankrupt		

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
Bankrupt or De facto Bankrupt	441	531
Doubtful receivables	23,039	23,557
Receivables past due for three months or more	7,785	8,685
Restructured receivables	41,262	40,452
Performing loans (*)	1,062,429	1,143,362
Total	1,134,958	1,216,589

* Accrued interest (prior fiscal year: 13,180 million yen, current fiscal year: 14,248 million yen) is included in Performing loans.

(Notes) 1. Bankrupt or De facto Bankrupt are loans to borrowers who have fallen into bankruptcy due to declared bankrupt, rehabilitation and reorganization, or other similar circumstances.

- 2. Doubtful receivables are other than the above, where the borrower has not yet entered into bankruptcy, but the financial condition and business performance of the borrower have deteriorated and it is highly probable that the principal of the loan will not be collected and interest will not be received in accordance with the contract.
- 3. Receivables past due for three months or more are loans other than the above that are overdue by 3 months or more.
- 4. Restructured receivables are loans other than the above three categories, in which favorable terms, such as the reduction of interest, have been granted with a view to promoting recovery of the loans.
- 5. Performing loans are classified as other than the above as there are no particular problems with the borrower's financial condition or business performance.
- *5. Agreements for overdraft and commitment facilities

For efficient procurement of working capital, the Company and some of its consolidated subsidiaries maintain overdraft contracts and designated commitment line contracts with financial institutions and others. The unexercised portion of facilities based on these contracts is as follows:

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
Amount of agreement for overdraft and commitment line	154,815	158,896
Amount of borrowing	34,505	43,152
Net	120,309	115,744

*6. Amount of unsecured consumer loans in accounts receivable - operating loans

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
Unsecured consumer loans in accounts receivable - operating loans	1,119,458	1,200,295

*7. Balances of accounts receivable - installment by business categories

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
Fees from the credit card business	122,303	137,371
Fees from installment sales finance business	754	734
Total	123,058	138,106

(Notes to Consolidated Statement of Income)

*1. Breakdown of gain on sale of non-current assets

-		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)
Equipment	258	159
Total	258	159

*2. Breakdown of loss on sale of non-current assets

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)
Vehicles	0	-
Equipment	0	10
Total	0	10

*3. Loss on retirement of non-current assets mainly results from closing of operating outlets, remodeling of interior, etc. The breakdown thereof is set out below.

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)
Buildings and structures	175	307
Equipment	30	53
Software	0	64
Telephone subscription right	28	0
Total	234	425

*4. Breakdown of other extraordinary losses

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)
Lump sum amortization of long-term prepaid expenses	1	-
Losses on retirement, including amortization of lease and guarantee deposits	0	1
Total	1	1

*5. Revenue from contracts with customers

For operating revenue, revenue from contracts with customers and other revenues are not separately presented. The amount of revenue from contracts with customers is as presented in "3. Operating revenue, profit or loss, assets and other items by reported segments and disaggregation of revenue, under [Segment information], (Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information) of [Notes]."

6. Basis for classification of financial revenue and financial expenses on consolidated statement of income

- Financial revenue stated as operating revenue Includes all financial revenue earned by the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries which engaged in the financial service business, excluding dividends and interest on investment securities, etc.
- (2) Financial expenses stated as operating expenses Include all financial expenses spent by the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries which engaged in the financial service business, excluding interest expenses, etc. which have no relationship to operating revenue.

(Notes to Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income)

* Reclassification adjustments and tax effects relating to other comprehensive income:

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities		
Gains arising during the year	0	(0)
Reclassification adjustments	(0)	-
Amount before income tax effect	(0)	(0)
Income tax effect	-	-
Valuation difference on available- for-sale securities	(0)	(0)
Foreign currency translation adjustment		
Gains arising during the year	11,571	20,486
Reclassification adjustments	-	-
Amount before income tax effect	11,571	20,486
Income tax effect	-	-
Foreign currency translation adjustment Remeasurements of defined benefit plans, net of tax	11,571	20,486
Gains arising during the year	4,099	(101)
Reclassification adjustments	8	(1,010)
Amount before income tax effect	4,107	(1,111)
Income tax effect	(1,262)	296
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans, net of tax	2,845	(815)
Total other comprehensive income	14,416	19,670

(Notes to Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets)

For the prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)

1. Matters related to outstanding shares

Class of shares	As of April 1, 2023	Increase	Decrease	As of March 31, 2024
Common stock (Shares)	1,566,614,098	-	-	1,566,614,098

2. Matters related to treasury shares

Cla	ss of shares	As of April 1, 2023	Increase	Decrease	As of March 31, 2024
Comm (Share	non stock es)	50	70	-	120

(Summary of reason for change)

The increase of 70 shares is attributable to the purchase of shares less than one unit.

3. Matters related to stock acquisition rights, etc. Not applicable

4. Matters related to dividends

(1) Dividends paid

Resolution	Class of shares	Total amount (Millions of yen)	Dividend per share (yen)	Record date	Effective date
Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 23, 2023	Common stock	7,833	5.00	March 31, 2023	June 26, 2023
Board of Directors meeting held on November 9, 2023	Common stock	9,399	6.00	September 30, 2023	December 1, 2023

(2) Dividends whose record date fell in the fiscal year, but whose effective date is after March 31, 2024

Resolution	Class of shares	Sources of dividend	Total amount (Millions of yen)	Dividend per share (yen)	Record date	Effective date
Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 21, 2024	Common stock	Retained earnings	9,399	6.00	March 31, 2024	June 24, 2024

For the current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024, to March 31, 2025)

1. Matters related to outstanding shares

Class of shares	As of April 1, 2024	Increase	Decrease	As of March 31, 2025
Common stock (Shares)	1,566,614,098	-	-	1,566,614,098

2. Matters related to treasury shares

Γ	Class of shares	As of April 1, 2024	Increase	Decrease	As of March 31, 2025
	Common stock (Shares)	120	-	-	120

3. Matters related to stock acquisition rights, etc. Not applicable

4. Matters related to dividends

(1) Dividends paid

Resolution	Class of shares	Total amount (Millions of yen)	Dividend per share (yen)	Record date	Effective date
Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 21, 2024	Common stock	9,399	6.00	March 31, 2024	June 24, 2024
Board of Directors meeting held on November 11, 2024	Common stock	10,966	7.00	September 30, 2024	December 2, 2024

(2) Dividends whose record date fell in the fiscal year, but whose effective date is after March 31, 2025 The following is scheduled to be submitted as a proposal to the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders to be held on June 20, 2025.

Resolution	Class of shares	Sources of dividend	Total amount (Millions of yen)	Dividend per share (yen)	Record date	Effective date
Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 20, 2025	Common stock	Retained earnings	10,966	7.00	March 31, 2025	June 23, 2025

(Notes to Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows)

* Relationship between the fiscal year-end balance of cash and cash equivalents and the amount of consolidated balance sheet items

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)
Cash and deposits	73,486	60,268
Time deposits with original maturities of more than three months	(1,586)	(110)
Cash and cash equivalents	71,900	60,157

(Notes to Lease Transactions)

1. Finance lease transactions

Finance lease transactions that do not transfer ownership

- (a) Details of leased assets
 - Property, plant and equipment
 - They are mainly disk devices, etc.
- (b) Depreciation of leased assets
 Depreciated using the straight-line method, with the lease term of respective assets as their useful lives, without residual value

2. Operating lease transactions

The rental commitments under noncancellable operating leases are as follows:

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year	Current fiscal year
	(As of March 31, 2024)	(As of March 31, 2025)
Due within 1 year	525	536
Due after 1 year	1,086	616
Total	1,611	1,153

(Notes to Financial Instruments)

- 1. Matters concerning the financial instruments
- (1) The Group's policy for financial instruments

The Company Group conducts financial service businesses. These include loan business, credit card business, guarantee business and loan servicing business. To finance the operation of these businesses, the Group raises funds through indirect financing, i.e., borrowings from financial institutions, as well as direct financing, such as issuing bonds, etc., in light of the market situation and balance between variable interest rates and fixed interest rates. The Group conducts derivative transactions primarily for the purpose of hedging against the risk of fluctuations in interest rates associated with these financing operations, and does not have a policy to conduct speculative trading.

(2) Details of financial instruments and associated risks

Major financial assets held by the Company Group are accounts receivable - operating loans and accounts receivable - installment; these assets are exposed to credit risk resulting from customers' default of payments. In addition, the Company Group holds shares, investments in partnership, etc. on a portfolio investment basis. These assets are exposed to the risk of market price fluctuations and some are open to the risks of issuer's credit.

Financial liabilities including borrowings, bonds and commercial papers are exposed to liquidity risk, giving some indication of the possibility that the Company Group may not be able to make payment at the due date as a result of a change in the Group's credit standings or the market environment. Likewise, liabilities with variable interest rates have a certain degree of interest-rate risk, but the Group mitigates this risk through interest rate swap transactions.

Derivative transactions include interest rate swap agreements for the purpose of hedging against the risk of fluctuations in interest rates associated with borrowings. For details of hedging instruments, hedging items, hedging policy and the method for evaluating hedging effectiveness concerning hedge accounting, please refer to aforementioned "Significant matters providing the basis for the preparation of consolidated financial statements, 4. Matters concerning accounting policies, (7) Significant hedge accounting method."

(3) Risk management system for financial instruments

(a) Credit risk management

According to internal rules, the Company incorporates and operates a structure to cope with individual transaction-based credit administration, credit information management, a credit rating system, a self-assessment system, problem loans and to regularly monitor its credit portfolios. The credit management and credit business promotion divisions separately conduct individual transaction-based screening and credit management, designed to facilitate a mutual surveillance function. In addition, the Company holds a regular management meeting to report and discuss important matters on credit risk management and operations. Separately it has a system under which the internal audit department reviews the appropriateness of the Company's credit business operations, ensuring that the Company engages in a proper credit business. Consolidated subsidiaries also have similar management systems in place.

(b) Market risk management

The Company and some of its consolidated subsidiaries utilize interest rate swap agreements to mitigate the risk of fluctuations in interest payments on their borrowings.

The Group conducts derivative transactions primarily with the aim of optimizing financing costs and adjustment of the fixed/variable interest rates proportion. It has a policy to not conduct derivatives trading for speculative purposes. Further, execution and administration of derivatives transactions are conducted in accordance with the Company's internal rules that stipulate the trading authority, trading limits, etc., under the basic policy approved at meetings of management.

Consolidated subsidiaries also have similar market risk management systems in place.

In addition, all the accounts receivable - operating loans, which are the Company Group's principal financial assets, are fixed interest rates, and a large part of borrowings and bonds, which are the Group's principal financial liabilities, is also fixed interest rates, therefore they have low sensitivity to fluctuations in interest rates. That is why the Group does not conduct a quantitative analysis on the market risk.

With regards to the items of which fair values are determined using the market interest rate, the estimated effects of a change of 1 basis point (0.01%) in the fiscal year-end market interest rate on their net amount (asset side)—relevant financial assets after deduction of financial liabilities—are as follows. This estimation assumes that there are no changes in any risk variables other than the market interest rate.

		(Millions of yen)
	As of March 31, 2024 (Millions of yen)	As of March 31, 2025 (Millions of yen)
higher by 1 basis point	(211)	(238)
lower by 1 basis point	211	238

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(c) Management of liquidity risk associated with financing activities

The Company manages the liquidity risk by reviewing its financing plan on a timely basis according to past financing results, changes in market conditions or interest rate situations, etc., based on the financing plan approved at meetings of management. Also for that purpose, it maintains a certain amount of liquidity at all times, secures commitment lines, seeking diversity and appropriate balance of financing methods in light of the market environment. Consolidated subsidiaries also have similar financing systems in place.

(4) Supplementary explanations on fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is calculated based on certain assumptions, and the value might differ if different assumptions are used. In addition, the contract amount of the derivative transactions described below in "Notes to Derivative Transactions" does not represent the market risk of the derivative transactions.

2. Matters concerning the fair value of financial instruments

The book value on the consolidated balance sheet and fair value of financial instruments, as well as the differences between these values are described below.

For the prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)

			(Millions of yen
	Book value	Fair value	Difference
	(Millions of yen)	(Millions of yen)	(Millions of yen)
(1) Accounts receivable - operating loans	1,121,554		
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(54,997)		
Provision for loss on interest			
repayment (Amount of voluntary	(3,318)		
waiver of repayments)			
	1,063,238	1,352,971	289,733
(2) Accounts receivable - installment	123,058		
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(7,199)		
Deferred installment income	(28)		
	115,830	144,063	28,233
(3) Purchased receivables	8,212		· · · ·
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(1,991)		
	6,220	6,220	-
(4) Marketable securities and investment	,	,	
securities			
Other securities (*2)	-	-	-
Total assets	1,185,290	1,503,256	317,966
(1) Current portion of bonds payable and			
bonds payable	164,736	164,065	(670)
(2) Current portion of long-term	440.261	445 200	(1, 1, 0)
borrowings and long-term borrowings	449,361	445,200	(4,160)
Total liabilities	614,097	609,265	(4,831)
Derivative transaction (*3)	[(165)]	[(165)]	-

(*1) "Deposits," "short-term borrowings," and "commercial papers" are omitted, because they comprise cash and short-term instruments whose book value approximates their fair value.

(*2) Shares, etc. that do not have a market price are not included in "(4) Marketable securities and investment securities." The book values of these financial instruments are as follows:

	Item	As of March 31, 2024 (Millions of yen)
(a)	Unlisted shares	1,413
(b)	Investments in investment partnerships	0
	Total	1,414

(*3) Receivables and payables incurred by derivative transactions are presented in net. Net payables are presented in brackets "[]."

For the current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)

			(Millions of yen)
	Book value	Fair value	Difference
	(Millions of yen)	(Millions of yen)	(Millions of yen)
(1) Accounts receivable - operating loans	1,202,085		
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(59,492)		
Provision for loss on interest			
repayment (Amount of voluntary	(4,140)		
waiver of repayments)			
	1,138,452	1,442,083	303,631
(2) Accounts receivable - installment	138,106		
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(8,198)		
Deferred installment income	(26)		
	129,881	162,563	32,682
(3) Purchased receivables	9,388		
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(2,062)		
	7,326	7,326	-
(4) Marketable securities and investment		,	
securities			
Other securities (*2)	-	-	-
Total assets	1,275,660	1,611,974	336,313
(1) Current portion of bonds payable and	159.075	15(940	(2.12()
bonds payable	158,975	156,849	(2,126)
(2) Current portion of long-term	457,183	453,015	(4,167)
borrowings and long-term borrowings	437,183	455,015	(4,107)
Total liabilities	616,158	609,864	(6,294)
Derivative transaction (*3)	(250)	(250)	-

(*1) "Deposits," "short-term borrowings," and "commercial papers" are omitted, because they comprise cash and short-term instruments whose book value approximates their fair value.

(*2) Shares, etc. that do not have a market price are not included in "(4) Marketable securities and investment securities." The book values of these financial instruments are as follows:

	Item	As of March 31, 2025 (Millions of yen)
(a)	Unlisted shares	1,453
(b)	Investments in investment partnerships	0
	Total	1,454

(*3) Receivables and payables incurred by derivative transactions are presented in net. Net payables are presented in brackets "[]."

(Note 1) Scheduled redemption amount of monetary claims and marketable securities with maturity

For the prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)

	, ,				(Mil	lions of yen)
	Due within 1 year	Due after 1 year through 2 years	Due after 2 years through 3 years	Due after 3 years through 4 years	Due after 4 years through 5 years	After 5 years
Cash and deposits	73,486	-	-	-	-	-
Accounts receivable - operating loans (*1) (*2)	211,024	199,342	192,527	187,035	182,609	99,806
Accounts receivable - installment (*1) (*2)	23,219	22,464	22,464	22,464	22,464	3,215
Total	307,730	221,807	214,992	209,499	205,073	103,022

For the current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)

					(Mil	lions of yen)
	Due within 1 year	Due after 1 year through 2 years	Due after 2 years through 3 years	Due after 3 years through 4 years	Due after 4 years through 5 years	After 5 years
Cash and deposits	60,268	-	-	-	-	-
Accounts receivable - operating loans (*1) (*2)	228,783	213,547	205,431	199,284	194,349	109,474
Accounts receivable - installment (*1) (*2)	26,000	25,249	25,172	25,172	25,172	3,997
Total	315,052	238,796	230,603	224,456	219,522	113,472

(*1) Accounts receivable - operating loans and accounts receivable - installment do not include loans whose recovery is doubtful because their redemption schedule is unclear (amounts: 54,393 million yen for the prior fiscal year and 57,233 million yen for the current fiscal year).

(*2) prior fiscal year and 57,233 million yen for the current fiscal year).
(*2) The amounts of accounts receivable - operating loans and accounts receivable - installment of the credit card business are the expected amounts assuming that average minimum payments are to be made on a fixed date each month.

(Note 2) Scheduled repayment amount of bonds payable, long-term borrowings, lease obligations and other interest-bearing liabilities

For the prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)

1 5 (, ,						
(Millions of ye							
	Due within 1 year	Due after 1 year through 2 years	Due after 2 years through 3 years	Due after 3 years through 4 years	Due after 4 years through 5 years	After 5 years	
Short-term borrowings	19,242	-	-	-	-	-	
Commercial papers	29,989	-	-	-	-	-	
Current portion of bonds payable and bonds payable Current portion of long-term	60,650	12,891	61,195	-	30,000	-	
borrowings and long-term borrowings	123,808	145,679	103,586	65,787	10,500	-	
Lease obligations	350	328	328	330	82	-	
Total	234,040	158,898	165,110	66,118	40,582	-	

For the current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)

5	- ,				(Mi	llions of yen)
	Due within 1 year	Due after 1 year through 2 years	Due after 2 years through 3 years	Due after 3 years through 4 years	Due after 4 years through 5 years	After 5 years
Short-term borrowings	16,054	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial papers	54,914	-	-	-	-	-
Current portion of bonds payable and bonds payable Current portion of long-term	13,248	61,960	33,767	30,000	20,000	-
Current portion of long-term borrowings and long-term borrowings	179,334	158,774	100,298	10,720	8,055	-
Lease obligations	333	334	332	82	-	-
Total	263,884	221,069	134,398	40,802	28,055	-

3. Fair value information by level within the fair value hierarchy

The fair value of financial instruments is classified into the following three levels according to the observability and materiality of inputs used to measure fair value.

- Level 1 fair value: Fair value measured using observable inputs, i.e., quoted prices in active markets for assets or liabilities that are the subject of the measurement.
- Level 2 fair value: Fair value measured using inputs other than Level 1 inputs, out of observable inputs for fair value measurement.

Level 3 fair value: Fair value measured using unobservable inputs.

If multiple inputs are used that are significant to the fair value measurement, the fair value is classified into the lowest level of priority in the fair value measurement among the levels to which each input belongs.

(1) Financial instruments measured at fair value

For the prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)

(Millions of yen)

Catagory	Fair value					
Category	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Derivative transactions						
Interest rate-related derivatives	-	165	-	165		
Total liabilities	-	165	-	165		

For the current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)

(Millions of yen) Fair value Category Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total Derivative transactions Interest rate-related derivatives 250 250 _ _ 250 250 Total liabilities --

(2) Financial instruments other than those measured at fair value

For the prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)

(Millions of yen)

Туре	Fair value					
Туре	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Accounts receivable - operating loans	-	-	1,352,971	1,352,971		
Accounts receivable - installment	-	-	144,063	144,063		
Purchased receivables	-	-	6,220	6,220		
Total assets	-	-	1,503,256	1,503,256		
Current portion of bonds payable and bonds payable	-	164,065	-	164,065		
Current portion of long-term borrowings and long-term borrowings	-	445,200	-	445,200		
Total liabilities	-	609,265	-	609,265		

For the current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)

	-		(N	fillions of yen)			
Trans	Fair value						
Туре	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total			
Accounts receivable - operating loans	-	-	1,442,083	1,442,083			
Accounts receivable - installment	-	-	162,563	162,563			
Purchased receivables	-	-	7,326	7,326			
Total assets	-	-	1,611,974	1,611,974			
Current portion of bonds payable and bonds payable	-	156,849	-	156,849			
Current portion of long-term borrowings and long-term borrowings	-	453,015	-	453,015			
Total liabilities	-	609,864	-	609,864			

(Note) A description of the valuation technique(s) and inputs used in the fair value measurements Derivative transactions

Derivative transactions

The fair value of derivative transactions is measured using the discounted cash flow method based on observable inputs, such as interest rates, and is classified as Level 2. For notes to derivative transactions, please refer to "Notes to Derivative Transactions."

Accounts receivable - operating loans and accounts receivable - installment

Accounts receivable - operating loans and accounts receivable - installment are stated at their present values, which are calculated by discounting expected future cash flows of the potentially recoverable principal and interest by the current market interest rate. These exclude secured loans and accounts receivable - installment, which are stated at adjusted book value; the expected amount of loan losses on these assets are calculated based on the expected recoverable amount of their collateral securities, hence their fair values approximate their balance sheet values at the closing date, less the current expected amount of loan losses. These fair values are classified as Level 3. Meanwhile, accounts receivable - operating loans and the assets related to the installment sales finance business at certain consolidated subsidiaries are stated at adjusted book value, as their average remaining periods are roughly one year and their fair values approximate their balance sheet values. These fair values are also classified as Level 3.

Purchased receivables

These are stated at adjusted book value. The expected amount of loan losses on these assets are calculated based on either the present value of expected future cash flows or expected recoverable amount of their collateral securities or guarantees; hence their fair values approximate their balance sheet values at the closing date, less the current expected amount of loan losses. These fair values are classified as Level 3.

Current portion of bonds payable and bonds payable

Bonds with fair value are stated at market price. Bonds without market price and privately offered bonds are stated at the present value which is calculated by discounting the sum of principal and interest (the sum of exchanged principal and interest through swaps, in the case of bonds subject to the exceptional accounting treatments of interest rate swaps) by the discount rate (i.e., the current market interest rate in consideration of credit risk). These fair values are classified as Level 2.

Current portion of long-term borrowings and long-term borrowings

Long-term borrowings with fixed interest rates are stated at the present value which is calculated by discounting the sum of principal and interest (the sum of exchanged principal and interest through swaps, in the case of borrowings subject to the exceptional accounting treatments of interest rate swaps) by the discount rate (i.e., the current market interest rate in consideration of credit risk). Those with variable interest rates are stated at their book value, which approximates their fair value because they reflect market interest rates in the short term and the credit conditions of the Company and its subsidiaries have not changed significantly since they were executed. These fair values are classified as Level 2. (Notes to Securities)

- 1. Other marketable securities sold in the fiscal year. For the prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)

Category	Amount of proceeds (Millions of yen)	Total gains on sales (Millions of yen)	Total losses on sales (Millions of yen)
Acquisition cost not greater than book			
value			
(1) Stocks	0	0	-
(2) Bonds			
Government/municipal	-	-	-
Corporate	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
(3) Other	-	-	-
Total	0	0	-

For the current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025) Not applicable

(Notes to Derivative Transactions)

- 1. Derivative transactions not subject to hedge accounting
- (1) Interest rate-related derivatives

For the prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)

-					(Millions of yen)
Category	Type of derivatives	Contract amount	Contract amount due after 1 year- period	Fair value	Unrealized gain (loss)
Over-the-counter transactions	Interest-rate swap agreements Fixed interest payments and floating interest receivables	13,959	9,333	(165)	(165)

For the current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)

	-	-			(Millions of yen)
Category	Type of derivatives	Contract amount	Contract amount due after 1 year- period	Fair value	Unrealized gain (loss)
Over-the-counter transactions	Interest-rate swap agreements Fixed interest payments and floating interest receivables	16,750	10,161	(250)	(250)

2. Derivative transactions subject to hedge accounting

(1) Interest rate-related derivatives

For the prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)

(Millions of yen)

					(initiation of Join)
Hedge accounting method	Type of derivatives	Major hedging items	Contract amount	Contract amount due after 1 year- period	Fair value
Interest rate swap agreements subject to the application of exceptional accounting treatments	Interest-rate swap agreements Fixed interest payments and floating interest receivables	Long-term borrowings	4,765	1,700	(Note)

(Note) Interest rate swap agreements subject to the application of exceptional treatments are recognized together with hedging items (i.e., long-term borrowings); therefore, their fair values are included in the fair value of the relevant long-term borrowings.

For the current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)

					(Millions of yen)
Hedge accounting method	Type of derivatives	Major hedging items	Contract amount	Contract amount due after 1 year- period	Fair value
Interest rate swap agreements subject to the application of exceptional accounting treatments	Interest-rate swap agreements Fixed interest payments and floating interest receivables	Long-term borrowings	1,700	1,000	(Note)

(Note) Interest rate swap agreements subject to the application of exceptional treatments are recognized together with hedging items (i.e., long-term borrowings); therefore, their fair values are included in the fair value of the relevant long-term borrowings.

(Notes to Retirement Benefits)

1. Overview of retirement benefit plans

The Company and consolidated subsidiaries utilize funded and unfunded types of defined-benefit plans and defined-contribution plans to provide for retirement benefits to employees.

Defined-benefit pension plans, all of which are funded plans, offer retirement lump sum grants or pensions according to the salary and service period of the eligible employees.

Retirement lump sum payment plans (unfunded plans) offer retirement lump sum grants according to the salary and service period of the eligible employees.

2. Defined-benefit plans

(1) Changes in retirement benefit obligations

/ 8 8		
		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)
Balance at the beginning of the year	23,164	23,100
Service cost	1,410	1,384
Interest cost	121	184
Actuarial differences generated	(473)	(1,048)
Retirement benefits paid	(1,177)	(930)
Other	55	123
Balance at the end of year	23,100	22,813

(2) Changes in plan assets

	Prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)
Balance at the beginning of the year	28,280	32,440
Expected return on plan assets	848	973
Actuarial differences generated	3,626	(1,140)
Contribution from employers	861	867
Retirement benefits paid	(1,177)	(930)
Balance at the end of the year	32,440	32,209

(3) Adjustments between the ending balances of retirement benefit obligations and plan assets and the retirement benefit liability and retirement benefit asset reported on the consolidated balance sheet

5	1	
		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
Retirement benefit obligations for funded type plans	22,117	21,482
Plan assets	(32,440)	(32,209)
	(10,322)	(10,727)
Retirement benefit obligations for unfunded type plans	983	1,331
Net asset and liability reported on the consolidated balance sheet	(9,339)	(9,395)
Retirement benefit liability	983	1,331
Retirement benefit asset	(10,322)	(10,727)
Net asset and liability reported on the consolidated balance sheet	(9,339)	(9,395)

(4) Breakdown of retirement benefit expenses

		(Millions of yen
	Prior fiscal year	Current fiscal year
	(From April 1, 2023	(From April 1, 2024
	to March 31, 2024)	to March 31, 2025)
Service cost	1,410	1,384
Interest cost	121	184
Expected return on plan assets	(848)	(973)
Recognized actuarial gain or loss	0	(1,018)
Special severance pay premium	7	0
Retirement benefit expenses for defined benefit plans	690	(422)

(5) Remeasurements of defined benefit plans, net of tax

Remeasurements of defined benefit plans, net of tax (before tax effect) consist of the following.

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year	Current fiscal year
	(From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)	(From April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)
Actuarial gain or loss	4,107	(1,111)

(6) Remeasurements of defined benefit plans

Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (before tax effect) consist of the following.

	× ,	(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
Unrecognized actuarial gain or loss	4,787	3,676

(7) Plan assets

(a) Components of plan assets

Plan assets consist of the following:

	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
Domestic stocks	21 %	22 %
Domestic bonds	26 %	29 %
Foreign stocks	20 %	20 %
Foreign bonds	11 %	12 %
Alternative investments	11 %	6 %
Insurer's general accounts	3 %	3 %
Other	8 %	8 %
Total	100 %	100 %

(b) Method for determining the long-term expected rates of return on plan assets

To determine the long-term expected rates of return on plan assets, the current and expected portfolios of the plan assets held, as well as the current and future long-term expected rates of return on the various pension plan assets, are considered.

(8) Assumptions used in actuarial calculations

The major assumptions (on the weighted average basis) used in actuarial calculations are as follows:

	Prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)				
Discount rates	Primarily 0.67 %	Primarily 1.35 %				
Long-term expected rates of return on plan assets	Primarily 3.00 %	Primarily 3.00 %				
Expected rates of salary raises	Primarily 6.50 %	Primarily 6.50 %				
Note) Point system is used as the basis for calculation of expected rates of salary raises.						

3. Defined-contribution plans

The required amounts of contribution to the defined-contribution plans of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries were 322 million yen for the prior fiscal year and 336 million yen for the current fiscal year.

(Notes to the Method of Tax Effect Accounting)

1. Breakdown of major factors that resulted in deferred tax assets and liabilities

-		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
Deferred tax assets		
Bad debt expenses	26,055	30,261
Allowance for doubtful accounts	25,317	9,926
Provision for loss on guarantees	3,666	3,960
Provision for loss on interest repayment	9,292	14,976
Accrued bonuses	571	726
Accrued retirement benefits for directors (and other officers)	44	45
Unrecognized accrued interest	756	831
Software	7,067	7,372
Deferred assets	209	229
Deferred consumption taxes	748	803
Loss on valuation of securities	132	136
Loss on valuation of golf club memberships	11	11
Impairment loss	1,779	1,693
Asset retirement obligations	1,569	1,366
Stock dividends	3,493	3,596
Retirement benefit liability	190	256
Retained tax loss (Note 2)	409	688
Other	1,421	1,549
Deferred tax assets (subtotal)	82,738	78,432
Valuation allowance pertaining to retained tax loss (Note 2)	(409)	(688)
Valuation allowance pertaining to total deductible temporary difference	(17,943)	(21,945)
Valuation allowance (subtotal) (Note 1)	(18,353)	(22,634)
Total deferred tax assets	64,385	55,798
Deferred tax liabilities		
Retained earnings of subsidiaries	10,707	13,155
Retirement benefit asset	3,160	3,381
Other	8	6
Total deferred tax liabilities	13,877	16,543
Balance of net deferred tax assets	50,507	39,255

(Notes) 1. Valuation allowance showed an increase of 4,281 million yen composed mainly of a 2,166 million yen increase in valuation allowance pertaining allowance for doubtful accounts and a 1,954 million yen increase in valuation allowance pertaining provision for loss on interest repayment.

2. Amounts classified by the deadline for retention of retained tax loss and related deferred tax assets Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)

(Millions of year									
	Within 1 year	After 1 year through 2 years	After 2 years through 3 years	After 3 years through 4 years	After 4 years through 5 years	After 5 years	Total		
Retained tax loss (*)	-	86	257	45	-	19	409		
Valuation allowance	-	(86)	(257)	(45)	-	(19)	(409)		
Deferred tax assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

*Retained tax loss is shown as an amount multiplied by the effective tax rate.

(Millions of yen)

	Within 1 year	After 1 year through 2 years	After 2 years through 3 years	After 3 years through 4 years	After 4 years through 5 years	After 5 years	Total
Retained tax loss (*)	-	141	435	-	-	111	688
Valuation allowance	-	(141)	(435)	-	-	(111)	(688)
Deferred tax assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

*Retained tax loss is shown as an amount multiplied by the effective tax rate.

2. Breakdown of items which caused the difference between the statutory tax rate and the effective tax rate after adoption of tax effect accounting

	Prior fiscal y (As of March 31)		Current fiscal year As or March 31, 2025)		
Normal effective statutory tax rate	30.6		30.6	,	
(Adjustment)					
Changes in valuation allowance	1.8	%	6.1	%	
Amortization of goodwill	0.2	%	0.1	%	
Dividends income and other items not counted for tax purposes	0.1	%	0.1	%	
Retained earnings of subsidiaries	2.2	%	4.2	%	
Difference in tax rates for consolidated subsidiaries	(2.6)	%	(3.6)	%	
Adjustment to increase deferred tax assets at year-end due to change in tax rate	-	%	(0.9)	%	
Withholding income tax relating to dividends from overseas subsidiaries	0.4	%	0.4	%	
Other	0.7	%	0.7	%	
Actual effective tax rate	33.3	%	37.6	%	

3. Accounting treatment of income taxes (including local income taxes) and tax effect accounting

The Company and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries adopt the group tax sharing system. The Company carries out the accounting treatment and disclosure of income taxes (including local income taxes) and tax effect accounting in accordance with the "Practical Solution on the Accounting and Disclosure Under the Group Tax Sharing System" (PITF No. 42; August 12, 2021).

4. Adjustment to deferred tax assets and liabilities due to changes in corporate tax rate

The "Act for Partial Amendment of the Income Tax Act, etc." (Act No.13 of 2025) was enacted by the National Diet on March 31, 2025, and as a result, a new "Defense Special Corporate Tax" will be imposed from the fiscal year beginning on and after April 1, 2026.

Accordingly, for the temporary differences expected to be realized or settled in or after the fiscal year beginning on and after April 1, 2026, deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities have been calculated using the revised effective statutory tax rate of 31.52%, up from 30.62%.

As a result of this change, net deferred tax assets (the amount after deducting the deferred tax liabilities) for the current fiscal year increased by 463 million yen, income taxes - deferred decreased by 496 million yen, and remeasurements of defined benefit plans increased by 33 million yen.

(Notes to Asset Retirement Obligations)

Asset retirement obligations reported in the consolidated balance sheet

(1) Description of relevant asset retirement obligations

Asset retirement obligations are recognized for internal equipment, etc. furnished in leased properties where restoration is required in lease contracts.

(2) Calculation method for the amount of relevant asset retirement obligations

Assumed use period of 5 to 16 years following acquisition, and discount rate at market rate corresponding to rebate period are used for calculation of asset retirement obligations.

(3) Changes in asset retirement obligations

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)
Balance at the beginning of the year	6,363	5,641
Additional provisions associated with the acquisition of property, plant and equipment	33	113
Accretion with passage of time	6	7
Reduction associated with meeting asset retirement obligations	(780)	(707)
Changes associated with changes in estimates	-	(198)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	19	26
Balance at the end of the year	5,641	4,882

(Revenue Recognition)

1. Information on disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

Information on disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers is as presented in "3. Operating revenue, profit or loss, assets and other items by reported segments and disaggregation of revenue, under [Segment information], (Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information) of [Notes]."

2. Information useful in understanding revenue from contracts with customers

Information useful in understanding revenue is as presented in "[Notes], (Significant matters providing the basis for the preparation of consolidated financial statements), 4. Matters concerning accounting policies, (5) Accounting standards for significant revenue and expenses."

(Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information)

[Segment information]

1. Summary of reported segment information

The reported segments of the Company are the business units for which the Company is able to obtain respective financial information separately in order for the Board of Directors to conduct periodic review to determine distribution of management resources and evaluate their business results.

The Company conducts finance businesses comprised mainly of loan and credit card business in Japan and overseas.

In Japan, the Company mainly conducts guarantee business and loan servicing business in addition to loan and credit card business. Overseas, the Company also conducts finance businesses in Asia.

Accordingly, the Company's four reported segments are "Loan and credit card business," "Guarantee business," "Overseas financial business" and "Loan servicing business."

2. Methods of measurement for the amounts of operating revenue, profit or loss, assets and other items by reported segments

The accounting treatment regarding the reported business segments is the same as described in the "Significant matters providing the basis for the preparation of consolidated financial statements." The profit of business segments is based on operating profit. Intersegment operating revenue is based on trading prices in the market.

3. Operating revenue, profit or loss, assets and other items by reported segments and disaggregation of revenue For the prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)

(Millions of yen)

						· · ·	
		Rep	orted segm	ents			
	Loan and credit card business	Guarantee business	Overseas financial business	Loan servicing business	Total	Others (Note 1)	Total
Operating revenue							
Operating revenue from external customers	156,029	70,787	61,890	5,864	294,571	158	294,730
Revenues from financial instruments transactions	152,255	68,636	61,360	5,860	288,111	158	288,270
Fees and commissions (Note 2)	3,774	2,151	529	4	6,459	-	6,459
Revenues from transactions with other operating segments	7	-	2	-	9	70	80
Total	156,036	70,787	61,892	5,864	294,581	229	294,810
Segment profit	41,771	22,673	22,374	1,182	88,001	229	88,230
Segment assets	988,156	45,195	243,739	8,339	1,285,430	3,508	1,288,939
Other items							
Depreciation	2,523	555	1,325	28	4,433	-	4,433
Amortization of goodwill	-	518	-	-	518	-	518
Provision for bad debts (Note 3)	41,191	33,284	20,590	922	95,989	-	95,989
Increase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	1,949	134	372	37	2,493	-	2,493

(Notes) 1. The "Others" category represents operating revenue, profit, assets, and other items which are not included in the reported segments.

2. The "fees and commissions" is revenue from contracts with customers that are subject to the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition (ASBJ Statement No. 29).

3. This item is the sum of provision of allowance for doubtful accounts and provision for loss on

guarantees, etc.4. The standard for the distribution of non-current assets to segments differs from the standard for the distribution of the relevant depreciation.

		(Millio	ns of yen)				
		Rep					
	Loan and credit card business	lit card Guarantee financial		Loan servicing business	Total	Others (Note 1)	Total
Operating revenue							
Operating revenue from external customers	169,454	76,332	65,436	6,517	317,740	2	317,742
Revenues from financial instruments transactions	165,542	74,084	64,973	6,514	311,114	2	311,117
Fees and commissions (Note 2)	3,911	2,248	462	2	6,625	-	6,625
Revenues from transactions with other operating segments	10	-	13	-	24	234	259
Total	169,464	76,332	65,449	6,517	317,764	237	318,001
Segment profit	14,033	23,657	19,355	1,277	58,324	237	58,562
Segment assets	1,055,899	44,505	263,085	9,365	1,372,855	2,009	1,374,865
Other items							
Depreciation	2,886	594	1,345	27	4,852	-	4,852
Amortization of goodwill	-	215	-	-	215	-	215
Provision for bad debts (Note 3)	41,793	36,742	26,000	1,078	105,614	-	105,614
Provision for loss on interest repayment	40,033	-	-	-	40,033	-	40,033
Increase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	2,988	18	291	45	3,344	-	3,344

(Notes) 1. The "Others" category represents operating revenue, profit, assets, and other items which are not included in the reported segments.

2. The "fees and commissions" is revenue from contracts with customers that are subject to the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition (ASBJ Statement No. 29).

3. This item is the sum of provision of allowance for doubtful accounts and provision for loss on guarantees, etc.

4. The standard for the distribution of non-current assets to segments differs from the standard for the distribution of the relevant depreciation.

4. Reconciliation between the total amounts of reported segments and amounts in the consolidated financial statements

		(Millions of yen)
Operating revenue	For the prior fiscal year	For the current fiscal year
Total reported segments	294,581	317,764
Operating revenue of "Others" category	229	237
Elimination of intersegment transactions	(78)	(245)
Adjustment due to unification of accounting		
treatment between parent company and	(2)	(13)
subsidiaries, etc.		
Operating revenue in the consolidated financial	294,730	317,742
statements	277,750	517,742

(Millions of yen)

Profit	For the prior fiscal year	For the current fiscal year
Total reported segments	88,001	58,324
Profit of "Others" category	229	237
Elimination of intersegment transactions	7	1
Adjustment due to unification of accounting treatment between parent company and subsidiaries, etc.	(1,890)	(2)
Operating profit in the consolidated financial statements	86,347	58,561

		(Millions of yen)
Assets	For the prior fiscal year	For the current fiscal year
Total reported segments	1,285,430	1,372,855
Assets of "Others" category	3,508	2,009
Elimination of intersegment assets	(22,046)	(27,348)
Corporate assets	159,011	148,574
Adjustment due to unification of accounting treatment between parent company and subsidiaries, etc.	(8,501)	(9,681)
Total assets in the consolidated financial statements	1,417,403	1,486,409

(Millions of yen)									
	Total reported segments		Others		Adjustment amount		Amounts in the consolidated financial statements		
Other items	For the	For the	For the	For the	For the	For the	For the	For the	
	prior fiscal year	current fiscal year	prior fiscal year	current fiscal year	prior fiscal year	current fiscal year	prior fiscal year	current fiscal year	
Depreciation	4,433	4,852	-	-	(971)	(1,000)	3,462	3,852	
Amortization of goodwill	518	215	-	-	-	-	518	215	
Provision for bad debts	95,989	105,614	-	-	1,963	62	97,952	105,676	
Provision for loss on interest repayment	-	40,033	-	-	-	-	-	40,033	
Increase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	2,493	3,344	-	-	4,058	4,592	6,552	7,936	

(Note) The adjustment amount of increase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets represents the amount of capital investment in corporate assets.

[Related information]

For the prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)

1. Information about products and services

Information about products and services is omitted as operating revenue from external customers in "financial service businesses" accounts for more than 90% of operating revenue in the consolidated statement of income.

2. Information about geographic areas

(1) Operating revenue

(Millions of yen)

		_		
Japan Thailand		Others	Total	
232,714	60,156	1,860	294,730	
252,711	00,120	1,000	291,750	

(Note) Operating revenue is categorized by country or region based on customers' location.

(2) Property, plant and equipment

Details of property, plant and equipment are omitted as amounts of property, plant and equipment located in Japan account for more than 90% of all property, plant and equipment listed in the consolidated balance sheet.

3. Information about major customers

No single external customer accounts for more than 10% of operating revenue in the consolidated statement of income.

For the current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024, to March 31, 2025)

1. Information about products and services

Information about products and services is omitted as operating revenue from external customers in "financial service businesses" accounts for more than 90% of operating revenue in the consolidated statement of income.

- 2. Information about geographic areas
 - (1) Operating revenue

(Millions of yen)

Japan	Thailand	Others	Total	
252,191	63,540	2,011	317,742	

(Note) Operating revenue is categorized by country or region based on customers' location.

(2) Property, plant and equipment

Details of property, plant and equipment are omitted as amounts of property, plant and equipment located in Japan account for more than 90% of all property, plant and equipment listed in the consolidated balance sheet.

3. Information about major customers

No single external customer accounts for more than 10% of operating revenue in the consolidated statement of income.

[Information about impairment loss on non-current assets of each reported segment] For the prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024) Not applicable

For the current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024, to March 31, 2025) Not applicable

[Information about amortization of goodwill and unamortized balance of each reported segment] For the prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)

(Millions of yen)

						(
	Loan and credit card business	Guarantee business	Overseas financial business	Loan servicing business	Other	Corporate / elimination	Total
Amortization of goodwill	-	518	-	-	-	-	518
Goodwill at the end of the fiscal year	-	215	-	-	-	-	215

For the current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024, to March 31, 2025)

(Millions of yen)

						· · · · ·	mone or yen)
	Loan and credit card business	Guarantee business	Overseas financial business	Loan servicing business	Other	Corporate / elimination	Total
Amortization of goodwill	-	215	-	-	-	-	215
Goodwill at the end of the fiscal year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

[Information about gain on negative goodwill of each reported segment] For the prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)

Not applicable

For the current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024, to March 31, 2025) Not applicable [Information on related parties]

- 1. Transactions between related parties
- (1) Transactions between the Company and related parties
 - (a) Subsidiaries of the Company's parent company and the subsidiaries of other related companies of the Company

For the prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)

									(Milli	ons of yen)									
Туре	Name	Location	Paid in capital	Business outline	Ratio of voting rights holding (held)	Relationshi p	Summary of transaction s	Amount of transactio n	Item	Outstandi ng amount at the end of the fiscal year									
									Short- term borrowing s	-									
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	9-111	1,711,95		_	Borrowing	Borrowing of the capital	g 218,994 Repayme nt 213,655	Commercial papers	9,998									
									Current portion of long-term borrowing s	76,324									
Comp anies of the same parent comp any									Long- term borrowing s	138,604									
							Payment of interest	798	Other current liabilities	26									
															-		Receiving of guarantee fees for unsecured loans of the bank	18,796	Other current assets
						Guarantee of liabilities	Outstandi ng guarantee obligation for unsecured loans issued by the bank	548,313	-	-									

(Notes) Terms and conditions of transactions and their policies

1. Interest rates of borrowing from MUFG Bank, Ltd. are the money market rates.

2. Guarantee commission rates on the debt guarantees for consumer loan by MUFG Bank, Ltd. are determined after negotiation by taking the market of guarantee commission into consideration. In the event that consumer loan debtors of MUFG Bank, Ltd. are deemed to have difficulty in performing debt payments, in accordance with the agreement with MUFG Bank, Ltd., the Company performs subrogation. Terms and conditions of this subrogation performance are determined through mutual consultation by both parties.

For the current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024, to March 31, 2025)

		1							(Milli	ons of yen)
Туре	Name	Location	Paid in capital	Business outline	Ratio of voting rights holding (held)	Relationshi p	Summary of transaction s	Amount of transactio n	Item	Outstandi ng amount at the end of the fiscal year
									Short- term borrowing s	-
							Borrowing	g	Commercial papers	14,994
						Borrowing	of the capital	Repayme nt	Current portion of long-term borrowing s	104,755
Comp anies									Long- term borrowing s	105,517
of the same parent comp	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	Chiyod a-ku, Tokyo	1,711,95 8	Banking business	-		Payment of interest	1,007	Other current liabilities	14
any						Cuarantaa	Receiving of guarantee fees for unsecured loans of the bank	19,773	Other current assets	5,233
						Guarantee of liabilities	Outstandi ng guarantee obligation for unsecured loans issued by the bank	559,154	-	-

(Notes) Terms and conditions of transactions and their policies

1. Interest rates of borrowing from MUFG Bank, Ltd. are the money market rates.

2. Guarantee commission rates on the debt guarantees for consumer loan by MUFG Bank, Ltd. are determined after negotiation by taking the market of guarantee commission into consideration. In the event that consumer loan debtors of MUFG Bank, Ltd. are deemed to have difficulty in performing debt payments, in accordance with the agreement with MUFG Bank, Ltd., the Company performs subrogation. Terms and conditions of this subrogation performance are determined through mutual consultation by both parties.

(b) Directors of the Company and major individual shareholders, etc.

For the prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)

Not applicable

For the current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024, to March 31, 2025) Not applicable (2) Transactions between consolidated subsidiaries of the Company and related parties(a) Subsidiaries of the Company's parent company and the subsidiaries of other related companies of the Company

For the prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)

									(Milli	ons of yen)
Туре	Name	Location	Paid-in capital	Business outline	Ratio of voting rights holdin g (held)	Р	Summary of transactions	Amount of transactio n	Item	Outstandi ng amount at the end of the fiscal year
								Borrowin	Short- term borrowin gs	-
Comp anies of the same parent	Bank of Ayudhya Public Compan	Bangkok, Kingdom of Thailand	(Million THB) 73,557		-	Borrowin g	Borrowing of the capital	g 10,994 Repayme nt 12,869	term borrowin	7,516
comp any	y Limited	1 nananu						12,009	Long- term borrowin gs	9,746
							Payment of interest	375	Other current liabilities	106

(Note) Terms and conditions of transactions and their policies

Interest rates of borrowing from Bank of Ayudhya Public Company Limited are the money market rates.

For the current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024, to March 31, 2025)

		110 - ur j - ur	(1101111)	p	.,	luien 51, 20			(Milli	ons of yen)
Туре	Name	Location	Paid-in capital	Business outline	Ratio of voting rights holdin g (held)		Summary of transaction s	Amount of transaction	Item	Outstandi ng amount at the end of the fiscal year
									Short- term borrowin gs	1,252
Comp anies of the same parent	Ayudhya Public Compan	Bangkok, Kingdom of Thailand	(Million THB) 73,557		-	Borrowin g	Borrowin g of the capital	Borrowing 16,278 Repaymen t 20,621	borrowin	6,588
comp any	y Limited	i nalland							Long- term borrowin gs	9,465
							Payment of interest	114	Other current liabilities	105

(Note) Terms and conditions of transactions and their policies

Interest rates of borrowing from Bank of Ayudhya Public Company Limited are the money market rates.

- (b) Directors of the Company and major individual shareholders, etc. For the prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024) Not applicable
- For the current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024, to March 31, 2025) Not applicable
- 2. Notes to the parent company or other significant affiliated companies
 - Information on the parent company Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc. (Listed on the Tokyo Stock Exchange, Nagoya Stock Exchange, and New York Stock Exchange)
 - (2) Financial statements of other significant affiliated companyDisclosure is omitted as the information for the current fiscal year is not significant.

(Per Share Information)

Item	Prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)
Net assets per share	400.87 yen	417.18 yen
Basic earnings per share	33.89 yen	20.51 yen

Notes: 1. Diluted earnings per share is not stated because there is no dilutive security.

2. The basis for calculation of Basic earnings per share is as follows:

Item	Prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)
Profit attributable to owners of parent	53,091 million yen	32, 124 million yen
Profit not attributable to common shareholders	- million yen	- million yen
Profit attributable to owners of parent in relation to common stock	53,091 million yen	32, 124 million yen
Weighted average number of common stock during the fiscal year	1,566,614,042 shares	1,566,613,978 shares

3. The basis for calculation of net assets per share is as follows:

Item	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
Total net assets	674,175 million yen	709,035 million yen
Amount deducted from total net assets	46,164 million yen	55,473 million yen
[Non-controlling interests included in the above]	[46,164 million yen]	[55,473 million yen]
Amounts of net assets related to common stock at the end of the fiscal year	628,011 million yen	653,561 million yen
Number of common stock used to calculate net assets per share at the end of the fiscal year	1,566,613,978 shares	1,566,613,978 shares

(Significant Subsequent Events)

Not applicable

(e) Consolidated supplemental schedules

[Schedule of bonds]

Company	Description	Date of issuance	Balance at the beginning of current fiscal year (Millions of yen)	Balance at the end of current fiscal year (Millions of yen)	Interest rate (%)	Collateral	Maturity
	69th Issuance of Domestic Unsecured Bonds (Public Offering)	September 26, 2014	20,000	-	-	-	-
	78th Issuance of Domestic Unsecured Bonds (Public Offering)	August 30, 2019	10,000	10,000 (-)	0.380	-	August 28, 2026
	79th Issuance of Domestic Unsecured Bonds (Public Offering)	February 28, 2020	20,000	-	-	-	-
	80th Issuance of Domestic Unsecured Bonds (Public Offering)	February 26, 2021	10,000	10,000 (10,000)	0.280	-	February 26, 2026
	81st Issuance of Domestic Unsecured Bonds (Public Offering)	September 3, 2021	10,000	10,000 (-)	0.170	-	September 3, 2026
The Company	82nd Issuance of Domestic Unsecured Bonds (Public Offering)	July 6, 2023	10,000	10,000 (-)	0.340	-	July 6, 2026
	83rd Issuance of Domestic Unsecured Bonds (Public Offering)	July 6, 2023	10,000	10,000 (-)	0.530	-	July 6, 2028
	84th Issuance of Domestic Unsecured Bonds (Public Offering)	December 19, 2023	25,000	25,000 (-)	0.550	-	December 18, 2026
	85th Issuance of Domestic Unsecured Bonds (Public Offering)	February 29, 2024	20,000	20,000 (-)	0.742	-	February 28, 2029
	86th Issuance of Domestic Unsecured Bonds (Public Offering)	September 10, 2024	-	25,000 (-)	0.788	-	September 10, 2027
	87th Issuance of Domestic Unsecured Bonds (Public Offering)	November 28, 2024	-	20,000 (-)	1.193	-	November 28, 2029
	17th privately offered unsecured bonds	June 7, 2017	4,130 [1,000 million baht]	-	-	-	-
	23rd privately offered unsecured bonds	January 24, 2020	6,195 [1,500 million baht]	-	-	-	-
	24th privately offered unsecured bonds	April 30, 2021	8,260 [2,000 million baht]	-	-	-	-
EASY BUY Public Company Limited	26th privately offered unsecured bonds	October 14, 2021	2,065 [500 million baht]	-	-	-	-
	27th privately offered unsecured bonds	April 8, 2022	2,891 [700 million baht]	3,248 (3,248) [700 million baht]	1.850	-	April 4, 2025
	28th privately offered unsecured bonds	March 29, 2023	6,195 [1,500 million baht]	6,960 (-) [1,500 million baht]	2.700	-	March 27, 2026
	29th privately offered unsecured bonds	April 5, 2024	-	8,767 (-) [1,889 million baht]	2.850	-	January 5, 2027
Total	-	-	164,736	158,975 (13,248)	-	-	-

(Notes) 1. Figures in parentheses "()" in the columns of "Balance at the end of current fiscal year" represent the current portions.

2. Figures in brackets "[]" in the columns of "Balance at the beginning of current fiscal year" and "Balance at the end of current fiscal year" are stated in a foreign currency.

3. The redemption schedule of bonds for 5 years subsequent to March 31, 2025, is summarized as follows:

(Millions of yen)

Due within 1 year	Due after 1 year through 2 years	Due after 2 years through 3 years	Due after 3 years through 4 years	Due after 4 years through 5 years
13,248	61,960	33,767	30,000	20,000

[Schedule of loans]

Category	Balance at the beginning of current fiscal year (Millions of yen)		Average interest rate (%)	Maturity
Short-term borrowings	19,242	16,054	2.35	-
Commercial papers	29,989	54,914	0.58	-
Current portion of long-term borrowings	123,808	179,334	0.80	-
Current portion of lease obligations	350	333	0.53	-
Long-term borrowings (excluding current portion)	325,553	277,848	0.96	From May 29, 2026 to December 28, 2029
Lease obligations (excluding current portion)	1,070	749	0.53	From April 30, 2025, to June 30, 2028
Other interest-bearing debt	-	-	-	-
Total	500,014	529,234	-	-

(Notes) 1. To calculate "Average interest rate," fiscal year-end interest rates and balances are used.

2. The redemption schedule of long-term borrowings and lease obligations (excluding current portion) for 5 years subsequent to March 31, 2025, is summarized as follows:

ior 5 years subsequent a	, interent 5 1, 2020, n			(Millions of yen)
Category	Due after 1 year through 2 years	Due after 2 years through 3 years	Due after 3 years through 4 years	Due after 4 years through 5 years
Long-term borrowings	158,774	100,298	10,720	8,055
Lease obligations	334	332	82	-

[Schedule of asset retirement obligations]

The amounts of asset retirement obligations at the beginning and the end of the current fiscal year are not larger than 1% of the total liabilities and net assets at the beginning and the end of the current fiscal year. Therefore, the schedule of asset retirement obligations is not disclosed in accordance with Article 92-2 of the Regulations for Consolidated Financial Statements.

(2) [Others]

Quarterly Information for the current fiscal year

riod	First Quarter (Three months ended June 30, 2024)	Second Quarter (Six months ended Sept. 30, 2024)	(Nine months	Fourth Quarter (Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025)
(Millions of yen)	77,236	156,299	236,825	317,742
(Millions of yen)	22,041	48,128	74,837	58,641
(Millions of yen)	13,632	29,859	46,915	32,124
(Yen)	8.70	19.06	29.95	20.51
r	First Quarter (From April 1, 2024 to June 30, 2024)	Second Quarter (From July 1, 2024 to Sept. 30, 2024)	Third Quarter (From Oct. 1, 2024 to Dec. 31, 2024)	Fourth Quarter (From Jan. 1, 2025 to March 31, 2025)
	(Millions of yen) (Millions of yen) (Millions of yen)	riod (Three months ended June 30, 2024) (Millions of yen) 77,236 (Millions of yen) 22,041 (Millions of yen) 13,632 (Yen) 8.70 r First Quarter (From April 1, 2024 to June	riod First Quarter (Three months ended June 30, 2024) Quarter (Six months ended Sept. 30, 2024) (Millions of yen) 77,236 156,299 (Millions of yen) 22,041 48,128 (Millions of yen) 13,632 29,859 (Yen) 8.70 19.06 First Quarter (From April 1, 2024 to June 30, 2024) (Yen) 22,041 Csept.	r First Quarter (Three months ended June 30, 2024) 2024) Quarter (Six months ended Sept. 30, 2024) 2024) 2024) (Millions of yen) 77,236 156,299 236,825 (Millions of yen) 22,041 48,128 74,837 (Millions of yen) 13,632 29,859 46,915 (Yen) 8.70 19.06 29.95 First Quarter (From April 1, 2024 to June 30, 2024) Second Quarter (From July 1, 2024 to Sept. 31, 2024)

(Notes)

Basic earnings per share

Review of the Japanese-language originals of the consolidated quarterly financial statements for the first quarter, three months ended June30, 2024, and the third quarter, nine months ended December 31, 2024, by certified public accountants or an audit firm: None

8.70

(Yen)

10.36

10.89

(9.44)

- 2. Non-consolidated Financial Statements, etc.
 - Non-consolidated Financial Statements

 (a) Non-consolidated Balance Sheet

		(Millions of yer
	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and deposits	64,292	51,22
Accounts receivable - operating loans	*2, *3, *5 879,021	*2, *3, *5 934,09
Accounts receivable - installment	*6 122,303	*6 137,37
Prepaid expenses	1,987	1,08
Accrued income	*3 15,667	*3 16,84
Right to reimbursement	58,359	59,00
Other	4,574	8,19
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(67,740)	(71,84
Total current assets	1,078,467	1,136,02
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment		
Buildings	14,420	11,60
Accumulated depreciation	(12,429)	(9,96
Buildings, net	1,990	1,70
Structures	2,097	1,80
Accumulated depreciation	(1,641)	(1,41
Structures, net	456	3
Equipment	10,923	10,5
Accumulated depreciation	(6,986)	(6,67
Equipment, net	3,936	3,89
Leased assets	3,122	1,49
Accumulated depreciation	(1,861)	(53
Leased assets, net	1,260	9:
Total property, plant and equipment	7,644	6,94
Intangible assets		
Goodwill	215	
Software	7,732	10,1′
Other	9	
Total intangible assets	7,958	10,18

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
Investments and other assets		
Investment securities	951	967
Shares of subsidiaries and associates	21,452	23,151
Distressed receivables	*3 975	*3 991
Long-term prepaid expenses	1,861	1,867
Deferred tax assets	56,034	45,494
Guarantee deposits	3,837	3,536
Prepaid pension costs	5,416	6,766
Other	780	704
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(560)	(560)
Total investments and other assets	90,749	82,920
Total non-current assets	106,352	100,051
Total assets	1,184,819	1,236,083
Liabilities		,,
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable - trade	750	808
Commercial papers	29,989	54,914
Current portion of long-term borrowings	*4 112,285	*4 167,317
Current portion of bonds payable	40,000	10,000
Lease obligations	349	333
Accounts payable - other	1,997	1,040
Accrued expenses	9,636	8,773
Income taxes payable	9,659	3,574
Deposits received	424	334
Provision for loss on guarantees	*1 10,870	*1 11,380
Asset retirement obligations	579	783
Other	298	279
Total current liabilities	216,840	259,540
Non-current liabilities)
Bonds payable	95,000	130,000
Long-term borrowings	*4 311,139	*4 262,768
Lease obligations	1,069	749
Provision for loss on interest repayment	30,346	48,000
Asset retirement obligations	4,781	3,813
Other	167	179
Total non-current liabilities	442,504	445,511
Total liabilities	659,345	705,052
10mi huomnos	007,545	705,052

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
Net assets		
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	63,832	63,832
Capital surplus		
Legal capital surplus	72,322	72,322
Total capital surplus	72,322	72,322
Retained earnings		
Legal retained earnings	4,320	4,320
Other retained earnings		
General reserve	80,000	80,000
Retained earnings brought forward	304,998	310,555
Total retained earnings	389,319	394,876
Treasury shares	(0)	(0)
Total shareholders' equity	525,474	531,031
Valuation and translation adjustments		
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	0	0
Total valuation and translation adjustments	0	0
Total net assets	525,474	531,031
Total liabilities and net assets	1,184,819	1,236,083

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)
Operating revenue		
Interest on operating loans	126,020	136,525
Revenue from credit card business	14,693	17,033
Revenue from credit guarantee	50,326	54,728
Other financial revenue		
Interest on deposits	0	2
Interest on securities	0	-
Foreign exchange gains	158	-
Total other financial revenue	158	2
Other operating revenue	24,269	24,960
Total operating revenue	215,467	233,250
Operating expenses		
Financial expenses		
Interest expenses	1,640	2,263
Interest on bonds	569	816
Amortization of bond issuance costs	293	156
Other	581	617
Total financial expenses	3,084	3,855
Other operating expenses		
Advertising expenses	19,546	17,015
Provision of allowance for doubtful accounts	60,119	62,642
Provision for loss on interest repayment	-	40,033
Provision for loss on guarantees	10,870	11,380
Employees' salaries, allowances and bonuses	13,972	15,016
Retirement benefit expenses	763	(320)
Welfare expenses	2,409	2,589
Rent expenses	3,957	3,767
Depreciation	3,043	3,265
Commission fee	20,185	22,165
Amortization of goodwill	518	215
Other	16,193	16,038
Total other operating expenses	151,579	193,810
Total operating expenses	154,664	197,665
Operating profit	60,803	35,585

	Drive Good woor	(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)
Non-operating income		
Interest income	1	7
Dividend income	*1 5,860	*1 4,135
Other	*1 336	*1 337
Total non-operating income	6,197	4,480
Non-operating expenses		
Interest expenses	2	6
Foreign exchange losses	-	15
Other	12	7
Total non-operating expenses	14	29
Ordinary profit	66,986	40,036
Extraordinary income		
Gain on sale of non-current assets	*2 257	*2 155
Gain on sale of investment securities	0	-
Total extraordinary income	257	155
Extraordinary losses		
Loss on sale of non-current assets	-	*3 10
Loss on retirement of non-current assets	*4 190	*4 416
Other	*5 1	*5 1
Total extraordinary losses	191	427
Profit before income taxes	67,051	39,764
Income taxes - current	12,138	3,301
Income taxes - deferred	8,622	10,539
Total income taxes	20,761	13,841
Profit	46,290	25,922

(c) Non-consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets

For the prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)

	Shareholders' equity			
		Capital	surplus	
	Share capital	Legal capital surplus	Total capital surplus	
Beginning balance	63,832	72,322	72,322	
Changes of items during the period				
Dividends of surplus				
Profit				
Purchase of treasury shares				
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity				
Total changes of items during the period	-	-	_	
Ending balance	63,832	72,322	72,322	

(Millions of yen)

	Shareholders' equity				
	Retained earnings				
		Other retain	ned earnings		
	Legal retained earnings		Retained earnings brought forward	Total retained earnings	
Beginning balance	4,320	80,000	275,941	360,261	
Changes of items during the period					
Dividends of surplus			(17,232)	(17,232)	
Profit			46,290	46,290	
Purchase of treasury shares					
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity					
Total changes of items during the period	-	-	29,057	29,057	
Ending balance	4,320	80,000	304,998	389,319	

	Shareholders' equity			Valuation and translation adjustments	
	Treasury shares	Total shareholders' equity	Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	Total valuation and translation adjustments	Total net assets
Beginning balance	(0)	496,416	0	0	496,416
Changes of items during the period					
Dividends of surplus		(17,232)			(17,232)
Profit		46,290			46,290
Purchase of treasury shares	(0)	(0)			(0)

	Sharehold	ders' equity Valuation and translation adjustments			
	Treasury shares	Total shareholders' equity	Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	Total valuation and translation adjustments	Total net assets
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity			(0)	(0)	(0)
Total changes of items during the period	(0)	29,057	(0)	(0)	29,057
Ending balance	(0)	525,474	0	0	525,474

For the current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)

	Shareholders' equity			
		Capital	surplus	
	Share capital	Legal capital surplus	Total capital surplus	
Beginning balance	63,832	72,322	72,322	
Changes of items during the period				
Dividends of surplus				
Profit				
Purchase of treasury shares				
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity				
Total changes of items during the period	-	-	-	
Ending balance	63,832	72,322	72,322	

(Millions	of yen)
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	Shareholders' equity				
	Retained earnings				
		Other retain	ned earnings		
	Legal retained earnings	General reserve	Retained earnings brought forward	Total retained earnings	
Beginning balance	4,320	80,000	304,998	389,319	
Changes of items during the period					
Dividends of surplus			(20,365)	(20,365)	
Profit			25,922	25,922	
Purchase of treasury shares					
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity					
Total changes of items during the period	-	-	5,556	5,556	
Ending balance	4,320	80,000	310,555	394,876	

	Shareholders' equity		Valuation and translation adjustments		
	Treasury shares	Total shareholders' equity	Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	Valuation and translation adjustments Total	Total net assets
Beginning balance	(0)	525,474	0	0	525,474
Changes of items during the period					
Dividends of surplus		(20,365)			(20,365)
Profit		25,922			25,922
Purchase of treasury shares					
Net changes of			(0)	(0)	(0)

	Shareholders' equity		Valuation and translation adjustments		
	Treasury shares	Total shareholders' equity	Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	Valuation and translation adjustments Total	Total net assets
items other than shareholders' equity					
Total changes of items during the period	-	5,556	(0)	(0)	5,556
Ending balance	(0)	531,031	0	0	531,031

[Notes]

(Significant accounting policies)

- 1. Evaluation standards and methods for marketable securities
 - (1) Subsidiaries and associates' stocks
 - Stated at cost by the moving-average method
 - (2) Other securities

Shares, etc. that do not have a market price: Stated at cost by the moving-average method

The investments in limited investment partnerships and other similar partnerships (those deemed as "securities" according to the Article 2, Paragraph 2 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act) are reported, using the equity method, based on the latest financial statements available as at the closing dates stipulated by the respective partnership contracts.

- 2. Evaluation standards and methods for derivatives Derivatives: Market value method
- 3. Depreciation and amortization methods for non-current assets
- Property, plant and equipment (excluding leased assets): Declining balance method Useful lives of assets are principally as follows:

Buildings:	3 to 39 years
Structures:	3 to 45 years
Equipment:	2 to 20 years

(2) Intangible assets (excluding leased assets): Straight-line method Period of amortization is principally as follows:

Goodwill: 15 years

Goodwill: 15 years

Software for internal use: Estimated useful life of 5 to 10 years

(3) Leased assets

Leased assets concerning non-transfer ownership finance lease transactions: Depreciated by the straight-line method, defining the lease term of respective assets as their useful lives, with residual value equaling zero

- (4) Long-term prepaid expenses: Depreciated by the equal installment method
- 4. Accounting policies for the translation of foreign currency-denominated assets and liabilities into Japanese yen Foreign currency monetary-denominated claims and obligations are translated into Japanese yen, using the spot exchange rates on the closing date of accounting and the resulting translation gains and losses are recognized as income and expenses.

- 5. Accounting standards for allowances and provisions
 - (1) Allowance for doubtful accounts

To provide for potential loss on accounts receivable - operating loans and other receivables, the Company makes an allowance for the expected amount of irrecoverable loans. Allowances for general receivables are computed, based on the historical rate of default. For specific debts where recovery is doubtful, the Company considers the likelihood of recovery on an individual basis.

(2) Provision for loss on guarantees

To provide for loss on guarantees, the Company makes an allowance for potential losses at the end of the fiscal year.

(3) Provision for retirement benefits

To provide for employees' retirement benefits, the Company makes a provision for retirement benefits, based on the projected amount of retirement benefit obligations and related pension assets at the end of the current fiscal year. If the projected amount of pension assets exceeds the projected amount of retirement benefit obligations after addition or deduction of unrecognized past service liabilities and unrecognized actuarial differences, the excess amount is recorded as prepaid pension cost.

- (a) Periodic allocation of projected retirement benefits
 In calculating retirement benefit obligations, the attribution on a benefit formula basis is applied for allocation of projected benefits to the periods until the end of the current fiscal year.
- (b) Amortization of actuarial differences and past service costs

Past service costs are charged to expenses, using the straight-line method, over the determined years (5 years) that are not longer than average remaining service years of the employees at the time of occurrence.

Actuarial differences are amortized evenly using the straight-line method over the determined years (5 years) that are not longer than the average remaining service years of employees at the time of occurrence in each fiscal year, beginning from the fiscal year following the time of occurrence.

(4) Provision for loss on interest repayment

To prepare for potential loss on interest repayment in the future, the Company estimates and provides a reasonable amount of provision for loss on interest repayment, in consideration of the past actual results and the latest interest repayment situations.

6. Accounting standards for revenue and expenses

- (1) Revenues from financial instruments transactions
 - (a) Interest on operating loans
 - Interest is recorded on an accrual basis.

Accrued interest on operating loans is recorded using the interest rate stipulated in the Interest Rate Restriction Act or the contracted interest rate of the Company, whichever the lower.

- (b) Revenue from credit card businessFees from customers: Recorded by the credit balance method.Under the credit balance method, fees to be recorded as revenue are calculated pursuant to the prescribed rates applicable to the relevant credit balance.
- (c) Revenue from credit guarantee Recorded by the credit balance method.
- (2) Fees and commissions

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized in the non-consolidated statement of income based on the progress toward satisfaction of performance obligations identified in each contract in accordance with the substance of transactions under the contract.

Fees and commissions mainly include fees for ATM usage and fees from MasterCard member stores. Fees for ATM usage are recognized as revenue when the customers use ATMs at partnering financial institutions. Fees from MasterCard member stores are recognized as revenue when the customers have used their credit cards (at the time of sale-on-credit transaction).

7.Hedge accounting method

(1) Hedge accounting method

The Company adopts the deferred hedge accounting. However, exceptional accounting treatments are applied to certain interest-rate swaps which meet specific conditions.

- (2) Hedging instruments and hedging items Hedging instruments: Interest-rate swap agreements Hedging items: Borrowings with variable interest rates
- (3) Hedging policy

The Company enters into derivatives contracts to hedge against various risks in accordance with its internal rules. These contracts include the following: Interest-rate swaps to hedge against the risk of fluctuations in interest rates relating to borrowings with variable interest rates for the purpose of protecting cash flows.

(4) Method for evaluating hedging effectiveness Important requirements concerning hedging instruments and hedging items are closely matched with each other. Also, the Company can assume that fluctuations in interest rates and cash flows are fully offset by the fluctuations in hedging instruments on an ongoing basis since the implementation of hedging contracts. Therefore, the judgment of hedging effectiveness is omitted.

8. Other significant matters providing the basis for the preparation of financial statements

- Accounting for retirement benefits
 The method for accounting for unrecognized actuarial differences and unrecognized past service costs is
 different from that applied for the consolidated financial statements.
- (2) Accounting method for consumption tax and other taxes imposed on non tax-deductible assets Consumption tax and other taxes imposed on non tax-deductible assets are recorded as an expense when incurred.

In addition, accrued consumption taxes are included in "Other" in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

(3) Adoption of the group tax sharing systemThe Company adopts the group tax sharing system.

(Significant accounting estimates)

1. Provision for loss on interest repayment

(1) Amount recorded on the non-consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year under review

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
Provision for loss on interest repayment	30,346	48,000

In the loan business of the Company, the interest rates charged on some loan products in which customers entered into contracts before June 17, 2007 exceed the interest rate ceilings specified in the Interest Rate Restriction Act. In case our customers request forgiveness of the loan amount or reimbursement of excess interest paid, demanding to fulfill obligations based on these maximum interest rates, the Company may accept to write off such loan or reimburse payments in response. To provide for requests for such reimbursement, the Company provides necessary amounts of provision for loss on interest repayment estimated in consideration of the past actual results and the latest interest repayment situations.

Provision for loss on interest repayment recorded on the non-consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year under review was 48,000 million yen, and provision for loss on interest repayment recorded as expense was 40,033 million yen.

Provision for loss on interest repayment is calculated mainly in accordance with predetermined internal regulations and is determined based on deliberations at the Executive Officers' Meeting. Although uncertainty remains about estimates and major assumptions when calculating provision for loss on interest repayment, the Company makes the best possible estimates ensuring objectivity and reasonableness based on effective internal control. With respect to the above estimates, the Company evaluates the status of disparity between the estimates and actual results each quarter, reviews the need for additional provision, reversal, etc., and the provision for loss on interest repayment recorded in the current fiscal year.

(2) Information on the details of significant accounting estimates for identified items

Details are described in (Significant accounting estimates) in [Notes] under "1. Consolidated Financial Statements, etc."

2. Allowance for doubtful accounts

(1) Amount recorded on the non-consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year under review

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
Allowance for doubtful accounts	68,300	72,400

For accounts receivable - operating loans, accounts receivable - installment and right to reimbursement, which constitute the majority of total assets of the Company, an allowance for doubtful accounts is provided for all or part of the outstanding balance of loans, based on the types and conditions at the end of the fiscal year under review.

Allowance for doubtful accounts recorded on the non-consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year under review was 72,400 million yen.

Allowance for doubtful accounts is calculated mainly in accordance with predetermined internal regulations, and the Company makes the best possible estimates ensuring objectivity and reasonableness based on effective internal control. In the case of an event not stipulated in the internal regulations and other rules, the Company will respond to the event based on deliberations at the Executive Officers' Meeting and other meetings.

(2) Information on the details of significant accounting estimates for identified items

Details are described in (Significant accounting estimates) in [Notes] under "1. Consolidated Financial Statements, etc."

3. Deferred tax assets

(1) Amount recorded on the non-consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year under review

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
Deferred tax assets	56,034	45,494

The Company records deferred tax assets in the amount deemed recoverable for deductible temporary differences and retained tax losses.

Deferred tax assets recorded on the non-consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year under review were 45,494 million yen.

Deferred tax assets are calculated mainly in accordance with predetermined internal regulations, and the Company makes the best possible estimates ensuring objectivity and reasonableness based on effective internal control. In the case of an event not stipulated in the internal regulations and other rules, the Company will respond to the event based on deliberations at the Executive Officers' Meeting and other meetings.

(2) Information on the details of significant accounting estimates for identified items

Details are described in (Significant accounting estimates) in [Notes] under "1. Consolidated Financial Statements, etc."

(Notes to Non-consolidated Balance Sheet)

*1. Contingent liabilities

(1) Outstanding guarantee obligation in the guarantee business

	-	(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year	Current fiscal year
	(As of March 31, 2024)	(As of March 31, 2025)
Guarantee obligation	1,098,471	1,168,865
Provision for loss on guarantees	10,870	11,380
Net	1,087,601	1,157,485

*2. Commitment line contracts for accounts receivable - operating loans

Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)

Contracts for accounts receivable - operating loans primarily take the form of revolving credit-line contracts whereby a facility indicating a maximum loanable amount is assigned to a customer who is then able to borrow repeatedly within the limit of the facility, provided that contract terms have not been violated. Outstanding unexercised portions of such facilities amounted to 555,224 million yen at the end of the fiscal year. This included a total of 370,610 million yen of unexercised amounts remaining in the accounts of customers with zero outstanding balances at the end of the fiscal year.

A certain portion of revolving credit-line contracts lapse without being used. Therefore, the number of outstanding unexercised facilities will not necessarily affect the future cash flow of the Company.

Contracts contain provisions allowing the Company to reject applications for additional borrowing or reduce the facility in case of changes in the customer's credit standing or other material reasons. Outstanding contracts are regularly examined according to internal procedures to determine the credit standing of customers and other pertinent information. When necessary, contracts are reviewed and measures are taken to preserve loan assets.

Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)

Contracts for accounts receivable - operating loans primarily take the form of revolving credit-line contracts whereby a facility indicating a maximum loanable amount is assigned to a customer who is then able to borrow repeatedly within the limit of the facility, provided that contract terms have not been violated. Outstanding unexercised portions of such facilities amounted to 595,143 million yen at the end of the fiscal year. This included a total of 402,963 million yen of unexercised amounts remaining in the accounts of customers with zero outstanding balances at the end of the fiscal year.

A certain portion of revolving credit-line contracts lapse without being used. Therefore, the number of outstanding unexercised facilities will not necessarily affect the future cash flow of the Company.

Contracts contain provisions allowing the Company to reject applications for additional borrowing or reduce the facility in case of changes in the customer's credit standing or other material reasons. Outstanding contracts are regularly examined according to internal procedures to determine the credit standing of customers and other pertinent information. When necessary, contracts are reviewed and measures are taken to preserve loan assets.

*3. Status of non-performing loans

Losses on unsecured consumer loans to bankrupt parties are written off at the time bankruptcy is declared. For this reason, Bankrupt or De facto Bankrupt includes those to debtors who have petitioned for bankruptcy as of the end of the fiscal year, but have not yet been declared bankrupt. This entire amount is charged to the allowance for doubtful accounts.

	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	(Millions of yen) Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
Loans to debtors who have petitioned for bankruptcy, but have not yet been declared bankrupt	213	268
		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
Bankrupt or De facto Bankrupt	441	529
Doubtful receivables	22,635	23,217
Receivables past due for three months or more	2,918	2,813
Restructured receivables	41,104	40,317
Performing loans (*)	818,518	874,235
Total	885,618	941,113

* Accrued interest (prior fiscal year: 6,373 million yen, current fiscal year: 6,760 million yen) is included in Performing loans.

Notes: 1. Bankrupt or De facto Bankrupt are loans to borrowers who have fallen into bankruptcy due to declared bankrupt, rehabilitation and reorganization, or other similar circumstances.

- 2. Doubtful receivables are other than the above, where the borrower has not yet entered into bankruptcy, but the financial condition and business performance of the borrower have deteriorated and it is highly probable that the principal of the loan will not be collected and interest will not be received in accordance with the contract.
- 3. Receivables past due for three months or more are loans other than the above that are overdue by 3 months or more.
- 4. Restructured receivables are loans other than the above three categories, in which favorable terms, such as the reduction of interest, have been granted with a view to promoting recovery of the loans.
- 5. Performing loans are classified as other than the above as there are no particular problems with the borrower's financial condition or business performance.

*4. Agreements for overdraft and commitment facilities

For efficient procurement of working capital, the Company maintains overdraft contracts and designated commitment line contracts with financial institutions. The unexercised portion of facilities based on these contracts is as follows:

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
Amount of agreement for overdraft and commitment line	65,000	65,000
Amount of borrowing	-	-
Net	65,000	65,000

*5. Amount of unsecured consumer loans in accounts receivable - operating loans

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
Unsecured consumer loans in accounts receivable - operating loans	876,925	932,306

*6. Balances of accounts receivable - installment by business categories

All of accounts receivable - installment is from the credit card business.

(Notes to Non-consolidated Statement of Income)

*1. The business operation results with subsidiaries and associates are included into non-operating income as follows:

		(Millions of yen
	Prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)
Interest income	-	6
Dividend income	5,830	4,130
Guarantee commission received	7	-
Part-time director's bonus	3	3
Total	5,841	4,140

*2. Breakdown of gain on sale of non-current assets

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)
Equipment	257	155
Total	257	155

*3. Breakdown of loss on sale of non-current assets

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)
Equipment	-	10
Total	-	10

*4. Loss on retirement of non-current assets mainly results from closing of operating outlets, remodeling of interior, etc. The breakdown thereof is set out below.

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year (From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (From April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)
Buildings	103	257
Structures	39	42
Equipment	19	51
Software	0	64
Telephone subscription right	28	0
Total	190	416

*5. Breakdown of other extraordinary losses

		(Millions of yen)
	Prior fiscal year	Current fiscal year
	(From April 1, 2023	(From April 1, 2024
	to March 31, 2024)	to March 31, 2025)
Lump sum amortization of long-term prepaid expenses	1	-
Losses on retirement, including amortization of lease and guarantee deposits	0	1
Total	1	1

6. Basis for classification of financial revenue and financial expenses on non-consolidated statement of income

- Financial revenue stated as operating revenue Includes all financial revenue, excluding interest on loans and dividends income related to subsidiaries and associates, and dividends and interest on investment securities.
- (2) Financial expenses stated as operating expenses Include all financial expenses, excluding interest expenses, etc. which have no relationship to operating revenue.

(Notes to Securities)

Subsidiaries and associates' stocks For the prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)

Not applicable

(Note) Shares of subsidiaries and associates classified as shares, etc. that do not have a market price:

	(Millions of yen)
Category	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)
Subsidiaries' stocks	20,952
Affiliates' stocks	500
Total	21,452

For the current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025) Not applicable

(Note) Shares of subsidiaries and associates classified as shares, etc. that do not have a market price: (Millions of ven)

	(withous of yen)
Catagory	Current fiscal year
Category	(As of March 31, 2025)
Subsidiaries' stocks	22,651
Affiliates' stocks	500
Total	23,151

(Notes to the Method of Tax Effect Accounting)

1. Breakdown of major factors that resulted in deferred tax assets and liabilities

		(Millions of yen
	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
Deferred tax assets		
Bad debt expenses	24,240	27,919
Allowance for doubtful accounts	20,913	4,823
Provision for loss on guarantees	3,328	3,559
Provision for loss on interest repayment	9,292	14,976
Accrued bonuses	500	638
Unrecognized accrued interest	753	827
Software	6,849	7,047
Deferred assets	209	225
Deferred consumption taxes	730	788
Loss on valuation of securities	132	136
Loss on valuation of shares of subsidiaries and associates	503	518
Enterprise tax payable	527	318
Impairment loss	1,779	1,693
Asset retirement obligations	1,519	1,312
Stock dividends	3,493	3,596
Other	743	965
Deferred tax assets (subtotal)	75,517	69,346
Valuation allowance pertaining to total deductible temporary difference	(17,825)	(21,719)
Valuation allowance (subtotal)	(17,825)	(21,719)
Total deferred tax assets	57,692	47,627
Deferred tax liabilities		
Prepaid pension costs	1,658	2,132
Total deferred tax liabilities	1,658	2,132
Balance of net deferred tax assets	56,034	45,494

2. Breakdown of items which caused the difference between the statutory tax rate and the effective tax rate after adoption of tax effect accounting

	Prior fiscal year (As of March 31, 2024)	Current fiscal year (As of March 31, 2025)
Normal effective statutory tax rate	- %	30.6 %
(Adjustment)	%	
Changes in valuation allowance	- %	8.2 %
Amortization of goodwill	- %	0.2 %
Dividends income and other items not counted for tax purposes	- %	(3.1) %
Adjustment to increase deferred tax assets at year-end due to change in tax rate	- %	(1.3) %
Withholding income tax relating to dividends from overseas subsidiaries	- %	0.6 %
Other	- %	(0.4) %
Actual effective tax rate	- %	34.8 %

(Note) As the difference between the normal statutory tax rate and the effective tax rate after adoption of tax effect accounting was 5% or less of the normal statutory tax rate, this information is omitted for the fiscal year under review.

- 3. Accounting treatment of income taxes (including local income taxes) and tax effect accounting The Company adopts the group tax sharing system. The Company carries out the accounting treatment and disclosure of income taxes (including local income taxes) and tax effect accounting in accordance with the "Practical Solution on the Accounting and Disclosure Under the Group Tax Sharing System" (PITF No. 42; August 12, 2021).
- 4. Adjustment to deferred tax assets and liabilities due to changes in corporate tax rate

The "Act for Partial Amendment of the Income Tax Act, etc." (Act No.13 of 2025) was enacted by the National Diet on March 31, 2025, and as a result, a new "Defense Special Corporate Tax" will be imposed from the fiscal year beginning on and after April 1, 2026.

Accordingly, for the temporary differences expected to be realized or settled in or after the fiscal year beginning on and after April 1, 2026, deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities have been calculated using the revised effective statutory tax rate of 31.52%, up from 30.62%.

As a result of this change, net deferred tax assets (the amount after deducting the deferred tax liabilities) for the current fiscal year increased by 514 million yen and income taxes - deferred decreased by 514 million yen.

(Revenue Recognition)

Information useful in understanding revenue from contracts with customers is as presented in "[Notes], (Significant accounting policies), 6. Accounting standards for revenue and expenses."

(Significant Subsequent Events) Not applicable

(d) [Supplemental schedules]

[Schedule of marketable securities]

[Stocks]

Name		Number of shares (Shares)	Book value (Millions of yen)	
Investment	Available for	Japan Credit Information Reference Center Corp.	24,912	767
securities	sale securities	Credit Information Center CORP.	15,000	175
		Others (16 brands)	1,118,749	24
Total		1,158,661	966	

[Others]

Classification and name		Number of units invested, etc.	Book value (Millions of yen)
Investment securities	1 5		0
	Total	5	0

[Schedule of property, plant and equipment, etc.]

	(Millions of yes					lions of yen)	
Type of asset	Balance at the beginning of current period	Increase during the period	Decrease during the period	Balance at the end of current period	Accumulat ed depreciatio n or amortizatio n at the end of current fiscal year	Depreciatio n or amortizatio n during	Balance at end of current fiscal year, net of accumulate d depreciatio n or amortizatio n
Property, plant and equipment							
Buildings	14,420	1,156	3,906	11,669	9,968	327	1,701
Structures	2,097	33	321	1,809	1,417	50	391
Equipment	10,923	974	1,324	10,573	6,677	733	3,895
Leased assets	3,122	15	1,643	1,493	538	321	955
Total property, plant, and equipment	30,562	2,179	7,196	25,546	18,602	1,433	6,943
Intangible assets							
Goodwill:	12,008	-	-	12,008	12,008	215	-
Software	22,750	4,348	132	26,966	16,788	1,838	10,178
Other (Telephone subscription right, etc.)	9	-	0	9	-	-	9
Total intangible assets	34,768	4,348	132	38,984	28,796	2,054	10,187
Long-term prepaid expenses	3,164	696	820	3,040	1,173	16	1,867

[Schedule of allowances]

					(Millions of yen)
	Balance at the		Decrease dur	ing the period	Balance at the
Category	beginning of current fiscal year	Increase during the period	Used for primary purposes	Others	end of current fiscal year
Allowance for doubtful accounts	68,300	73,519	69,412	6	72,400
Provision for loss on guarantees	10,870	11,380	10,870	-	11,380
Provision for loss on interest repayment	30,346	40,033	22,380	-	48,000

(Note) "Decrease during the period (others)" in the amount of "Allowance for doubtful accounts" consists of the following.

Reversal due to payment: 6 million yen

(2) Details of major assets and liabilities

This information is omitted because the Company prepares consolidated financial statements.

(3) Others

Not applicable

VI. Stock-Related Administration for the Filing Company

Fiscal year	From April 1 to March 31
Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders	In June
Record date	March 31
Record date for distribution from surplus	September 30 and March 31
Number of shares constituting one unit	100 shares
Purchase of shares of less than one unit	
Handling office	(Special account) 4-5, Marunouchi 1-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking Corporation Stock Transfer Agency Department
Transfer agent	(Special account) 4-5, Marunouchi 1-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking Corporation
Forward office	-
Purchasing fee	Amount separately specified as an amount equivalent to the fees pertaining to the entrustment of sale and purchase of shares
Method of public notice	The Company's method of public notice is through electronic public notice. However, if the above-mentioned method of public notice is not possible due to an accident or through other compelling reasons, then Nihon Keizai Shimbun will be adopted as its medium. The Company's electronic public notice is posted on our home page, and the following is the address: https://www.acom.co.jp
Shareholders' privileges	None

(Note) The Company's shareholders, concerning the possession of shares of less than one unit, are not able to exercise their rights other than the rights that are stipulated in the following:

(1) The rights stipulated in each item of Article 189, Paragraph 2, of the Companies Act;

(2) The right to demand what is stipulated under Article 166, Paragraph 1, of the Companies Act; and

(3) The right to receive an allotment of offered shares and offered new stock acquisition rights in proportion to the number of shares held.

VII. Reference Information on the Filing Company

1. Information on a Parent Company, etc. of the Filing Company

The Company does not have a parent company or other entity that is provided in Article 24-7, Paragraph 1 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act.

2. Other Reference Information

The Company submitted the following documents during the period from the starting date of the current fiscal year to the date on which the Annual Securities Report was submitted.

- (1) Annual Securities Report and documents attached thereto, and Confirmation Letter thereof The Annual Securities Report for the 47th fiscal year (From April 1, 2023, to March 31, 2024) and documents attached thereto, and Confirmation Letter thereof were submitted to the Director-General of the Kanto Local Finance Bureau on June 21, 2024.
- (2) Internal Control Report
 Submitted to the Director-General of the Kanto Local Finance Bureau on June 21, 2024
- (3) Semi-Annual Securities Report ("Hanki-Hokokusho") and Confirmation Letter thereof The Semi-Annual Securities Report for the 48th fiscal year (From April 1, 2024, to September 30, 2024) and the Confirmation Letter thereof were submitted to the Director-General of the Kanto Local Finance Bureau on November 14, 2024.
- (4) Extraordinary Report

The Extraordinary Report according to the provision of Article 19, Paragraph 2, Item 9-2 (Results of exercise of voting rights at the shareholders' general meetings) of the Cabinet Office Ordinance on Disclosure of Corporate Information, etc.

Submitted to the Director-General of the Kanto Local Finance Bureau on June 24, 2024

- (5) Amended Shelf Registration Statement (straight bond)Submitted to the Director-General of the Kanto Local Finance Bureau on June 24, 2024
- (6) Shelf Registration Supplement (straight bond) and documents attached thereto Submitted to the Director-General of the Kanto Local Finance Bureau on September 4, 2024 Submitted to the Director-General of the Kanto Local Finance Bureau on November 22, 2024

Part II Information on Guarantors for the Filing Company Not applicable