



Outline of Financial Results for the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2017

May 15, 2017



- I am Susumu Miyamoto of Japan Post Insurance.
- Thank you for joining our conference call for "Financial Results for the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2017."
- I will first begin with a summary of the financial results in line with the presentation materials prepared for this meeting, followed by a question and answer session.
- Please look at page 1.

Summary of Financial Results

- ➤ Net income was ¥88.5 billion (a 4.4% increase year on year) with an increase in profit achieved. This represented 103.0% towards the full-year financial results forecasts.
- Annualized premiums from new policies for individual insurance were ¥507.9 billion, a 4.7% increase year on year. Annualized premiums from new policies for medical care were ¥55.7 billion, a 12.4% increase year on year.
- Annualized premiums from policies in force for individual insurance were ¥4,979.6 billion, nearly the same level as the end of the previous fiscal year. Annualized premiums from policies in force for medical care were ¥736.1 billion, an increase of ¥1.5 billion from the end of December.
- Under the current low interest rate environment, we increased investment in risk assets (foreign securities and domestic stocks) to ¥7,963.7 billion (9.9% of total assets).
- Embedded value (EV) increased by ¥204.6 billion from the end of the previous fiscal year to ¥3,355.6 billion.

Copyright @ 2017 JAPAN POST INSURANCE Co., Ltd. All Rights Reserved.

- The financial results can be summed up in five points.
- Firstly, net income was ¥88.5 billion, which represented a 4.4% increase year on year in profit and exceeded the full-year financial results forecast of ¥86.0 billion.
- Secondly, annualized premiums from new policies for individual insurance were ¥507.9 billion, a 4.7% increase year on year, while annualized premiums from new policies for medical care were ¥55.7 billion, a 12.4% increase year on year.
- Thirdly, annualized premiums from policies in force for individual insurance were ¥4,979.6 billion, nearly the same level as the end of the previous fiscal year. Annualized premiums from policies in force for medical care were ¥736.1 billion, representing an increase of ¥1.5 billion from the end of December.
- On to the fourth point, in view of the current low interest rate environment, while keeping a focus on ALM, we increased investment in risk assets such as stocks and foreign bonds, and accordingly, increased the exposure of risk assets to 9.9% of total assets.
- Lastly, the fifth point; EV increased by ¥204.6 billion from the end of the previous fiscal year to ¥3,355.6 billion.
- Please look at page 2.

Financial Highlights Financial Highlights Financial Results Forecasts (¥bn) Year ended Year ended Year ended Mar-17 Year on year Achievement Mar-16 (initial forecasts) 9,605.7 8,659.4 (9.9) % 8,490.0 Ordinary income 102.0 % 411.5 279.7 (32.0) % Ordinary profit 310.0 90.2 % Net income¹ 84.8 88.5 +4.4 % 86.0 103.0 % Mar-17 Mar-16 Change 80,336.7 Total assets 81,545.1 (1.5) % (1.6) % Net assets 1,882.9 1,853.2 Total shareholders' 1,472.4 1,526.8 +3.7 % equities 1. Net income attributable to Japan Post Insurance Copyright @ 2017 JAPAN POST INSURANCE Co., Ltd. All Rights Reserved.

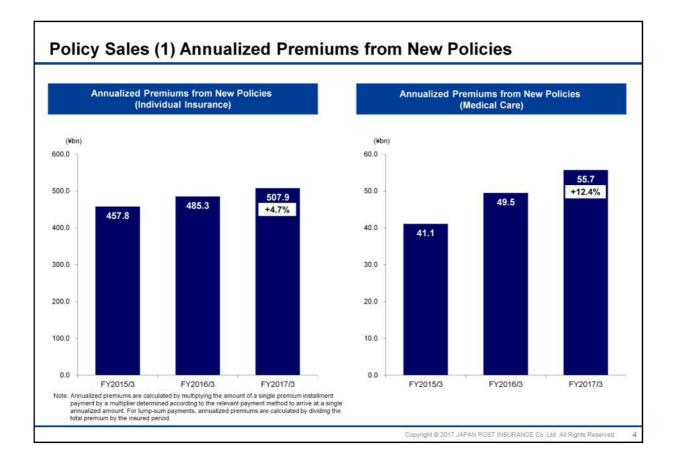
- Next, I would like to explain the financial highlights.
- Ordinary income was ¥8,659.4 billion, ordinary profit was ¥279.7 billion, and net income was ¥88.5 billion.
- Although ordinary profit for the current fiscal year represented an advance of 90.2% compared to the full-year financial results forecasts, net income for the current fiscal year advanced to 103.0% of the full-year financial results forecasts.
- Furthermore, total assets were ¥80,336.7 billion and net assets were ¥1,853.2 billion.
- Please look at page 3.

Overview of Financial Statements (Consolidated)

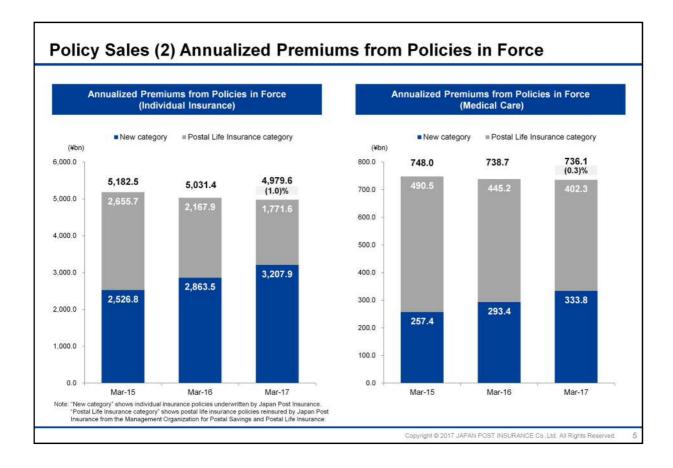
		Year ended Mar-16	Year ended Mar-17	Change			
Orc	tinary income	9,605.7	8,659.4	(946.2)			
	Insurance premiums and others	5,413.8	5,041.8	(371.9)			
	Investment income	1,354.9	¹ 1,367.9	12.9			
	Reversal of policy reserves	2,750.0	2,187.2	(562.8)			
Ordinary expenses		9,194.2	8,379.6	(814.5)			
	Insurance claims and others	8,550.4	7,550.3	(1,000.1)			
	Investment expenses	9.7	2 160.4	150.6			
	Operating expenses	538.5	560.4	21.9			
Ordinary profit		411.5	279.7	(131.7)			
Extraordinary profit and loss		(71.5)	(6.8)	64.6			
Provision for reserve for policyholder dividends		178.0	152.6	(25.3)			
Income before income taxes		161.9	120.1	(41.8)			
Total income taxes		77.0	31.5	(45.5)			
Net income attributable to Japan Post Insurance		84.8	88.5	3.6			

				0/1-	
_			- 19	(¥br	
		Mar-16	Mar-17	Change	
As	sets	81,545.1	80,336.7	(1,208.4)	
	Cash and deposits	1,862.6	1,366.0	(496.5)	
	Money held in trust	1,644.5	2,127.0	482.4	
	Securities	63,609.9	63,485.2	(124.6)	
	Loans	8,978.4	8,060.9	(917.5)	
	Fixed assets	331.1	322.7	(8.3)	
	Deferred tax assets	712.1	851.9	139.8	
Liabilities		79,662.2	78,483.5	(1,178.6)	
	Policy reserves	72,362.5	70,175.2	(2,187.2)	
	Reserve for price fluctuations	782.2	788.7	6.4	
Ne	t assets	1,882.9	1,853.2	(29.7)	
	Total shareholders' equity	1,472.4	1,526.8	54.4	
	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	410.5	326.3	(84.2)	

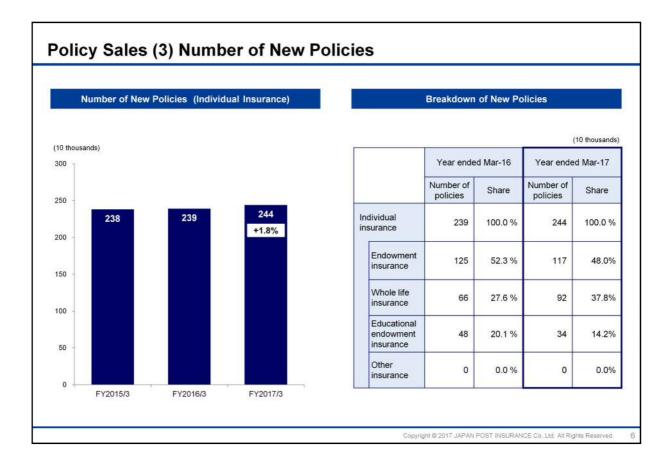
- 188 8
 - Copyright @ 2017 JAPAN POST INSURANCE Co.,Ltd. All Rights Reserved.
- This is an overview of our financial statements.
- For more information, please refer to the document on financial results.
- Please look at page 4.



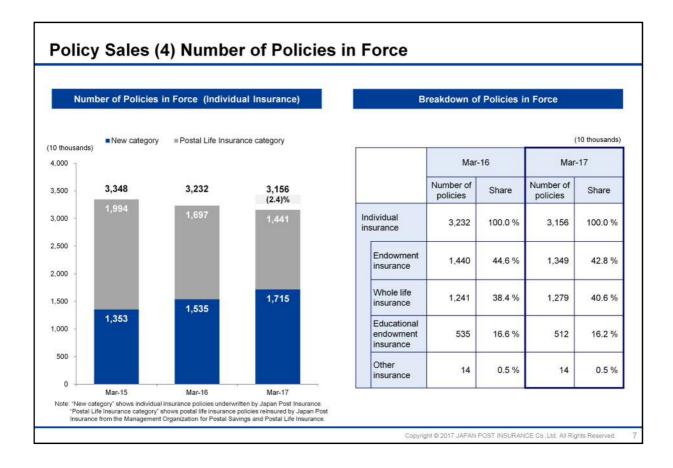
- From here, I would like to explain our policy sales.
- Annualized premiums from new policies for individual insurance were ¥507.9 billion.
- Although a temporary decline in the growth rate was seen during the third quarter due to the impact of the insurance premium revision in August 2016, policy sales gradually recovered towards the end of the fiscal year, achieving a 4.7% increase year on year for the full year.
- As shown in the chart on the right, annualized premiums from new policies for medical care for the current fiscal year increased by 12.4% year on year to ¥55.7 billion, which significantly exceeded the level of the previous fiscal year.
- While insurance premiums were once again revised in anticipation of the decrease in standard assumed yield in April 2017, we will continue to strive to conduct consistent sales activities with an emphasis on customer protection.
- Please look at page 5.



- Annualized premiums from policies in force are shown in "Postal Life Insurance category" and "New category."
- As shown in the chart on the left, annualized premiums from policies in force for individual insurance were ¥4,979.6 billion, maintaining almost the same level as the end of the previous fiscal year.
- Furthermore, annualized premiums from policies in force for medical care were ¥736.1 billion, of which ¥333.8 billion was from "New category."
- Please look at page 6.



- The chart on the left shows changes in the number of new policies, with a breakdown by product on the right.
- The number of new policies acquired during the current fiscal year increased by approximately 40 thousand year on year to 2.44 million.
- By product, although the number of new policies of savings-featured endowment insurance and educational endowment insurance decreased slightly due to the impact of the revision of insurance premiums, as a result of sales promotion activities to capture protection needs, that of whole life insurance increased by approximately 260 thousand year on year.
- Please look at page 7.



- Changes in the number of policies in force and its breakdown are presented on this page.
- The number of policies in force, which is the total of "New category" and "Postal Life Insurance category," decreased by approximately 760 thousand from the end of the previous fiscal year to 31.56 million.
- Although the moderate decrease of policies in force has continued, the number of policies in "New category," which represents those policies underwritten after the privatization, has built up to reach a level above the "Postal Life Insurance category."
- Please look at page 8.

	Asset Portfo	lio			Inves	tment Yield		
				(¥bn, %)				
		Mar-16		7		Year ended	Year ended	
	Amount	Share	Amount	Share		Mar-16	Mar-17	
Bonds	59,821.0	73.4	57,581.2	71.7				
Japanese government bor	44,178.6	54.2	42,732.3	53.2	Positive spread	97.4	78.	
Japanese local government bon	9,405.4	11.5	9,226.8	11.5	Average assumed rates of return ¹	1.76 %	1.73 %	
Japanese corporate bonds	6,236.9	7.6	5,622.0	7.0	Investment return on core	1.90 %	1.84 %	
Risk assets	5,401.6	6.6	7,963.7	9.9	profit ²	1.90 70	1.04 /	
Domestic stocks	1,202.5	1.5	1,626.0	2.0	72			
Foreign stocks ¹	Foreign stocks ¹ 229.4 0.3 309.0	0.4	Net capital gains	4.4	(51.1			
Foreign bonds e	atc.1,2 3,969.7	4.9	6,028.6	7.5	(losses)	Consults		
Loans	8,978.4	11.0	8,060.9	10.0		-		
Others	7,344.0	9.0	6,730.9	8.4		Mar-16	Mar-17	
Cash and depos call loans	2,222.6	2.7	1,516.0	1.9	Interest rate	(0.050 %)	0.065 %	
Receivables und securities borrow transactions		3.7	3,520.7	4.4	(10Y JGB)	7. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2.		
Total assets	81.545.1	100.0	80.336.7	100.0	USD/JPY	¥ 112.68	¥ 112.19	

- I would like to move on to the results of investments.
- As shown on the left, we mainly invest in bonds from the standpoint of ALM to match yen-denominated interest-bearing assets with yen-denominated interest-bearing liabilities.
- Due to our efforts to diversify our investment assets under the current low interest rate environment, the amount and proportion of risk assets such as stocks and foreign bonds reached ¥7.9 trillion, which accounts for 9.9% of total assets as of the end of the current fiscal year.
- Regarding the proportion of risk assets to total assets, while we have nearly achieved the planned target of "around 10%" as stated in the Medium-term Management Plan, we intend to continue investing in risk assets, while maintaining a close watch on the market environment going forward. Accordingly, this proportion is expected to reach around 12% by the end of March 2018.
- As shown in the chart on the right, the positive spread of ¥78.5 billion was achieved, despite a drop under the recent low interest environment in both the average assumed rates of return and investment return on core profit.
- Capital loss was ¥51.1 billion. However, the impact of this loss on net income for the current fiscal year is limited as this loss was offset by a decrease in provision of reserve for price fluctuations.
- Please look at page 9.

Investments (2) Fair Value Information of Securities Fair Value Information of Securities (¥bn) Mar-16 Mar-17 Net unrealized gains (losses) Net unrealized gains (losses) Book value Fair value Book value Fair value Total 65,753.0 75,326.4 9,573.3 65,541.9 73,242.5 Held-to-maturity bonds 42,239.8 49,752.9 7,513.0 40,441.8 46,518.6 6,076.8 Policy-reserve-matching bonds 13,563.4 15,062.1 1,498.7 12,517.3 13,697.4 1,180.0 Available-for-sale securities 12 582 7 13,026.4 9 949 8 10.511.3 561.5 443 6 Securities etc. 8 469 2 8.866.8 397.5 10.836.4 10.899.3 62.9 Bonds 4,012.9 4,115.7 102.8 4,758.4 4,796.8 38.4 Domestic stocks 50.2 54.0 3.8 Foreign securities 3.299.3 3,590.8 291.4 4.224.6 4.253.7 29.1

0

3.1

163.9

137.0

7.1

19.7

1.428.0

375.1

1,746.3

1,252.1

267.1

166.9

Note: This table only shows securities with a fair value. It also includes the handling of securities under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act.

100.0

1,060.1

1,644.5

1,202.5

229.4

180.9

100.0

1,056.9

1,480.5

1,065.4

222.2

161.1

Copyright @ 2017 JAPAN POST INSURANCE Co.,Ltd. All Rights Reserved.

1.417.1

377.5

2,127.0

1,571.9

309.0

185.9

(10.8)

380.7

319.8

41.9

18.9

2.4

- This slide shows the fair value of securities and net unrealized gains or losses.
- Net unrealized gains on held-to-maturity bonds and policy-reserve-matching bonds decreased by ¥1,754.9 billion due to the rise in domestic interest rate.
- Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities decreased by ¥117.8 billion due to decreased net unrealized gains on bonds due to a rise in domestic and foreign interest rates, while net unrealized gains on money held in trust increased as a result of a rise in the stock markets.
- In total, net unrealized gains on securities decreased by ¥1,872.8 billion to ¥7,700.5 billion from the end of the previous fiscal year.
- Please look at page 10.

Other securities

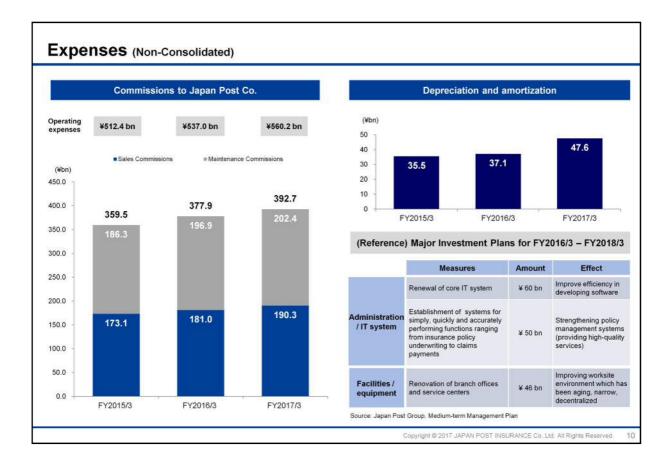
Deposits etc

Money held in trust1

Domestic stocks

Foreign stocks

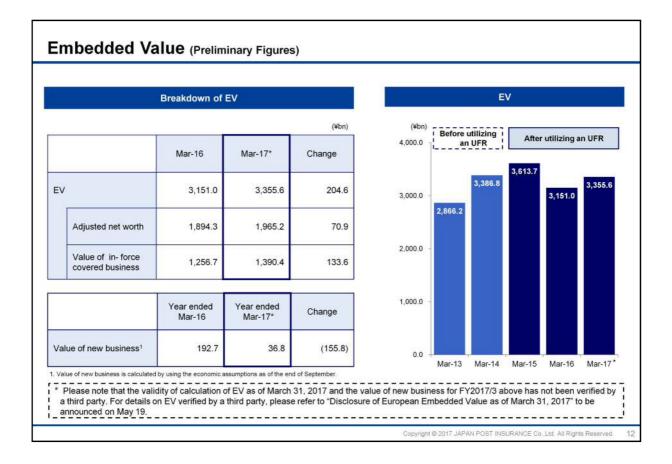
Foreign bonds



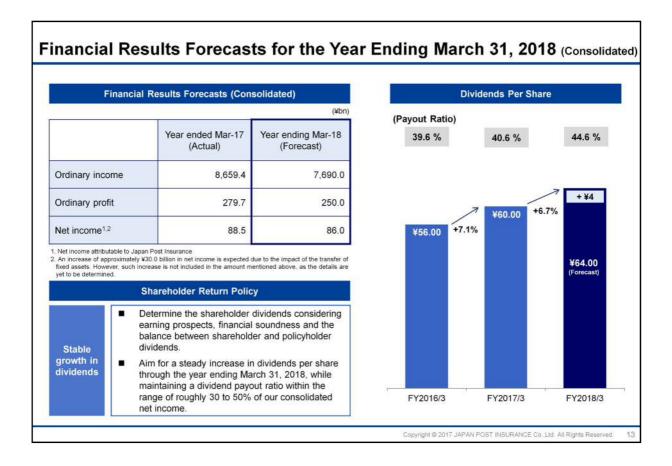
- Expenses for the period are presented on this page.
- Operating expenses for the current fiscal year were ¥560.2 billion on a nonconsolidated basis, of which approximately 70% consists of commissions paid to Japan Post Co.
- Approximately half of the commissions are sales commissions corresponding to actual sales of new policies, and the remaining half are maintenance commissions paid for outsourced operations of maintenance and payment services.
- Commissions for the current fiscal year were ¥392.7 billion, as a result of steady growth of new policies at post offices after the privatization, and the strengthening of initiatives to have customers register bank accounts for depositing insurance payments.
- As shown in the chart on the upper right, depreciation and amortization for the current fiscal year increased to ¥47.6 billion, mainly due to the core IT system renewal implemented in January 2017.
- Please look at page 11.

	4	Internal Reserv	es			Solvency Mar	gin Ratio (Consoli	dated)
				(¥bn)		No.		(¥b
		Mar-16	Mar-17	Provisions in the period ²			Mar-16	Mar-17
Co	ontingency reserve	2,374.8	2,254.0	(120.8)	S	Solvency Margin Ratio	1,570.3 %	1,290.6 %
	Postal Life Insurance category	2,011.6	1,838.8	(172.8)	(C	onsolidated)	1,570.3 %	1,290.0 7
	New category	363.1	415.2	52.0		Total amount of solvency margin	5,547.8	5,425.
Post	ice fluctuations reserve	782.2	788.7	6.4				
	Postal Life Insurance category	635.8	648.4	12.6		Total amount of risk	706.5	840.
	New category	146.4	140.2	(6.1)				
						eal net assets	14,649.5	12,763.
Ac	dditional policy reserve 1	6,011.5	5,961.0	(50.4)	(c	onsolidated)	70.	87
	Postal Life Insurance category	6,011.5	5,961.0	(50.4)				
	New category							

- I would like to report on our financial soundness.
- In order to maintain financial soundness for the stable management in the future, as well as counter risks associated with changes in the business environment, we have accumulated contingency reserve of ¥2,254.0 billion and reserve for price fluctuations of ¥788.7 billion.
- Additional policy reserve accumulated mainly to cover negative spreads was ¥5,961.0 billion at the end of the current fiscal year.
- Although the consolidated solvency margin ratio at the end of the current fiscal year was 1,290.6%, mainly due to the increased investment in risk assets, a high level of soundness has been maintained.
- Please look at page 12.

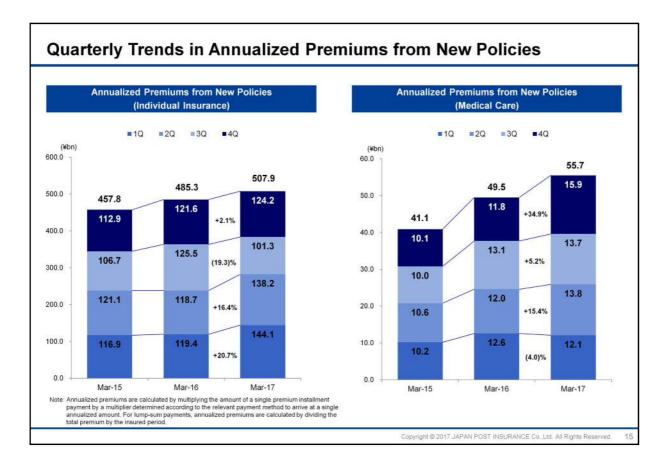


- I would like to talk about the current status of EV.
- EV at the end of the current fiscal year was ¥3,355.6 billion, up ¥204.6 billion year on year.
- Adjusted net worth increased by ¥70.9 billion year on year to ¥1,965.2 billion, mainly due to an increases in net income.
- Value of in-force covered business increased by ¥133.6 billion year on year to ¥1,390.4 billion, mainly due to the rise in interest rates from the end of the previous fiscal year.
- The value of new business for the current fiscal year is calculated based on economic assumption as of the end of September 2016, which is close to the average interest rates from April to March.
- As a result, the value of new business was ¥36.8 billion due to a fall in interest rates from the end of September 2015. The amount of increase from the third quarter was limited to ¥11.2 billion. This is because the impact of updating the mortality rate and operating expenses assumptions to the latest figures was included (a decrease of ¥10.0 billion for one year).
- Please note that this is a preliminary disclosure of results since we have not yet received third-party verification as of today. For details on EV, please refer to "Disclosure of European Embedded Value as of March 31, 2017" to be announced on May 19.
- Please look at page 13.



- I would like to explain about the consolidated financial results forecasts for the year ending March 31, 2018.
- As the current fiscal year is the final year of our 3-year Medium-term Management Plan, we are anticipating a net income of ¥86.0 billion, which exceeds the target of "around ¥80.0 billion" stated in the Medium-term Management Plan.
- In terms of dividends to shareholders, we aim for a steady increase in our dividends per share, while maintaining a dividend payout ratio within a range of roughly 30% to 50% of our consolidated net income, considering earning prospects, financial soundness, and the balance between shareholder and policyholder dividends.
- Regarding dividends to shareholders, under the above policy, we are scheduled to increase DPS by 6.7% year on year to ¥64, which represents a ¥4 increase.
- Finally, I would like to provide a supplementary explanation regarding the "Notice Regarding Transfer of Fixed Assets," which has been disclosed separately.
- At the Board of Directors meeting held today, the policy on the transfer of the land and building of the former Tokyo Service Center site located in Mita, Minato-ku, Tokyo, was determined.
- Although we are currently considering such assets should be sold by auction, the specific recipients, the amount and timing of the transfer remain undecided.
- As a result, net income for the year ending March 31, 2018 is expected to increase by roughly ¥30.0 billion. However, as details have been undetermined, the impact of this increase has not been included in the consolidated financial results forecasts for the year ending March 31, 2018, which I have just explained.
- Special dividend is not planned to be paid when extraordinary gains are recorded as a result of this transfer.
- Going forward, we will make a prompt announcement, as soon as the complete details, including the implication of this transfer on financial results, etc., are determined.
- This concludes my explanation.

APPENDIX	



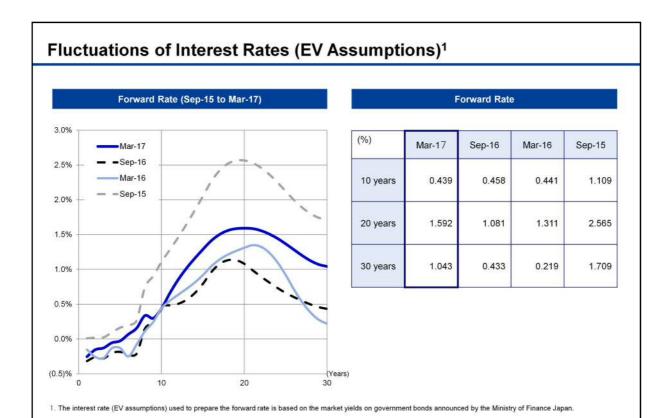
Figures by New and Postal Life Insurance Categories (Non-Consolidated)

		FY2013/3	FY2014/3	FY2015/3	FY2016/3	FY2017/3
Total assets Postal Life Insurance category New category	¥mn	90,462,364 73,793,953 16,668,410	87,088,626 67,560,915 19,527,711	84,911,946 61,703,013 23,208,932	81,543,623 55,832,787 25,710,836	80,336,414 51,447,550 28,888,864
Number of policies in force Postal Life Insurance category (insurance) New category (individual insurance)	(000)	36,805 26,933 9,871	34,864 23,195 11,668	33,489 19,949 13,539	32,323 16,972 15,350	31,56; 14,41 17,15
nsurance premiums and others Postal Life Insurance category New category	¥mn	6,481,772 2,685,558 3,796,214	5,911,643 2,155,398 3,756,245	5,956,716 1,697,140 4,259,576	5,413,862 1,322,308 4,091,554	5,041,868 1,002,816 4,039,05
Ordinary profit Postal Life Insurance category New category	¥mn	529,375 424,511 104,864	463,506 382,325 81,181	493,169 377,145 116,024	413,023 258,059 154,963	279,34 185,25 94,09
Net income Postal Life Insurance category New category	¥mn	91,000 56,816 34,184	63,428 43,689 19,739	81,758 36,969 44,789	86,338 32,850 53,487	88,520 26,04 62,47
Contingency reserve (reversal) provision Postal Life Insurance category New category	¥mn	(100,149) (159,710) 59,561	(94,807) (164,732) 69,924	(90,087) (167,144) 77,057	(123,864) (171,199) 47,335	(120,819 (172,881 52,06
Price fluctuations reserve (reversal) provision Postal Life Insurance category New category	¥mn	64,656 43,374 21,282	91,360 73,857 17,502	97,934 72,126 25,808	70,100 8,957 61,143	6,444 12,629 (6,181
Additional policy reserve (reversal) provision Postal Life Insurance category New category	¥mn	(92,835) (92,835)	(77,134) (77,134)	(68,347) (68,347)	(55,533) (55,533)	(50,454 (50,454

Copyright @ 2017 JAPAN POST INSURANCE Co., Ltd. All Rights Reserved.

Major Financial Results (Consolidated)

EV2013/3	EV2014/3	EV2015/3	EV2016/3	FY2017/3
No Control of the Con	22 000 2000 Model (A CALL CONTROL OF THE CALL	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
6,481.7	5,911.6	5,956.7	5,413.8	5,041.8
528.9	462.7	492.6	411.5	279.7
307.4	242.1	200.7	178.0	152.6
90.6	62.8	81.3	84.8	88.5
1,466.7	1,538.1	1,975.7	1,882.9	1,853.2
90,463.5	87,092.8	84,915.0	81,545.1	80,336.7
6.6%	4.2%	4.6%	4.4%	4.7%
7.1%	4.7%	5.9%	5.9%	5.9%
22.7	16.8	24.5	33.6	36.0
25.1%	26.8%	30.2%	39.6%	40.6%
570.0	482.0	515.4	464.2	390.0
	307.4 90.6 1,466.7 90,463.5 6.6% 7.1% 22.7	6,481.7 5,911.6 528.9 462.7 307.4 242.1 90.6 62.8 1,466.7 1,538.1 90,463.5 87,092.8 6.6% 4.2% 7.1% 4.7% 22.7 16.8 25.1% 26.8%	6,481.7 5,911.6 5,956.7 528.9 462.7 492.6 307.4 242.1 200.7 90.6 62.8 81.3 1,466.7 1,538.1 1,975.7 90,463.5 87,092.8 84,915.0 6.6% 4.2% 4.6% 7.1% 4.7% 5.9% 22.7 16.8 24.5 25.1% 26.8% 30.2%	6,481.7 5,911.6 5,956.7 5,413.8 528.9 462.7 492.6 411.5 307.4 242.1 200.7 178.0 90.6 62.8 81.3 84.8 1,466.7 1,538.1 1,975.7 1,882.9 90,463.5 87,092.8 84,915.0 81,545.1 6.6% 4.2% 4.6% 4.4% 7.1% 4.7% 5.9% 5.9% 22.7 16.8 24.5 33.6 25.1% 26.8% 30.2% 39.6%



Copyright @ 2017 JAPAN POST INSURANCE Co.,Ltd. All Rights Reserved.

Contact information IR Office, Corporate Planning Department JAPAN POST INSURANCE Co., Ltd. ARRghts Reserved. 1 To be financial results forecasts and other forward-looking statements herein are based on certain assumptions deemed reasonable by Japan Post Insurance at the time of this document's disclosure. Please note that actual results may differ materially from such forward-looking statements due to various factors including changes in the operating environment, interest rates or general economic conditions or other future events and circumstances.