

Outline of Financial Results for the Nine Months Ended December 31, 2019

February 14, 2020



- I am Imuta of Japan Post Insurance.
- Thank you for joining our conference call for “Financial Results for the Nine Months Ended December 31, 2019.”
- I will first begin with a summary of the financial results in line with the presentation materials prepared for this meeting, followed by a question and answer session.
- In addition, we will mention the primary factors when we focus on the reasons of the increase or decrease in each indicator.
- Please look at page 1.

Summary of Financial Results

	9months ended Dec-19	Year on Year	
Net income	¥ 115.0bn	+ 19.0 %	➤ Net income was ¥ 115.0billion (a 19.0% increase year on year).
Annualized premiums from New policies	(Individual Insurance) ¥ 143.8bn	(47.4) %	➤ Annualized premiums from new policies for individual insurance were ¥ 143.8 billion, a 47.4% decrease year on year.
	(Medical Care) ¥ 22.0bn	(54.8) %	➤ Annualized premiums from new policies for medical care were ¥ 22.0billion, a 54.8% decrease year on year. ➤ New policy sales results for the current period were influenced by refraining from proactive sales proposal from mid-July, 2019.
Annualized premiums from Policies in Force	(Individual Insurance) ¥ 4,441.4bn	(5.0) %	➤ Annualized premiums from policies in force for individual insurance were ¥ 4,441.4billion, a 5.0% decrease from the end of the previous fiscal year.
	(Medical Care) ¥ 729.8bn	(3.1) %	➤ Annualized premiums from policies in force for medical care were ¥ 729.8billion, a 3.1% decrease from the end of the previous fiscal year.
Return seeking assets	¥ 10,621.7bn	+ 4.0 %	➤ Amounts of return seeking assets (foreign securities etc.) were ¥ 10,621.7billion, a 4.0% increase from the end of the previous fiscal year. ➤ The ratio of return seeking assets to total assets was 14.8%.
Solvency Margin Ratio	1,131.6 %	(58.2) points	➤ The solvency margin ratio was 1,131.6%, a 58.2 points decrease from the end of the previous fiscal year.

- The financial results can be summed up as you see.
- Net income for the current period was ¥ 115.0billion, a 19.0% increase year on year.
- New policy sales results for the current period were influenced by refraining from proactive sales proposal from mid-July. Annualized premiums from new policies for individual insurance were ¥ 143.8 billion, a 47.4% decrease year on year. Annualized premiums from new policies for medical care were ¥ 22.0billion, a 54.8% decrease year on year.
- Annualized premiums from policies in force for individual insurance and annualized premiums from policies in force for medical care decreased slightly from the end of the previous fiscal year to ¥ 4,441.4billion and ¥ 729.8billion, respectively.
- Amounts of return seeking assets such as foreign bonds were ¥ 10,621.7billion. The ratio of return seeking assets to total assets is 14.8%.
- The solvency margin ratio was 1,131.6%, a 58.2 points decrease from the end of the previous fiscal year.
- To make sure, we would like to withhold disclosing EV as of the end of December 2019 at the moment.
- EV must be calculated in accordance with the EEV Principles by using appropriate assumptions for future experience.
- In particular, the company understands that we have to reflect the influence of the initiatives, which we announced as 'Investigation of Rewritten Insurance Policies and Initiatives for Improvement' on July 31, 2019 and 'Administrative Dispositions against JAPAN POST INSURANCE' on December 27, 2019, on non-economic assumptions such as surrender and lapse rate, operating expenses etc.
- However, it is impossible to make appropriate assumptions for future experience to calculate EV as of the end of December 2019 at present. We plan to calculate and disclose EV once we prepare appropriate non-economic assumptions.
- Please look at page 2.

Financial Highlights

Financial Highlights				Comparison with Forecasts	
	9 months ended			Year ending Mar-20	
	Dec-18	Dec-19	Year on year	(Revised forecasts)	Achievement
Ordinary income	5,913.3	5,461.5	(7.6) %	7,180.0	76.1 %
Ordinary profit	214.0	233.9	+ 9.3 %	270.0	86.7 %
Net income ¹	96.6	115.0	+ 19.0 %	134.0	85.8 %
Net income per share	¥ 161.18	¥ 203.95	+ ¥ 42.77	¥ 237.79	85.8 %

	Mar-19	Dec-19	Change
Total assets	73,905.0	71,883.2	(2.7) %
Net assets	2,135.1	2,366.4	+ 10.8 %
Total shareholders' equity	1,675.1	1,625.5	(3.0) %

1. Net income attributable to Japan Post Insurance.

- Next, I would like to explain the financial highlights.
- We recognized ¥ 6.0billion of expenses for additional measures associated with the investigation of rewritten insurance policies in this period. In addition, as of the end of December, we also recognized approximately ¥ 4.0billion of provision based on the reasonable assumption at present in order to make payments to customers to compensate for their disadvantages, apart from approximately ¥0.6 billion paid to customers for the reinstatement of policies.
- At this time, although the company anticipates to incur additional costs in connection with the business improvement plan submitted on January 31 2020, we are not modifying our financial forecast for the Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2020 announced on November 14, 2019.
- Furthermore, total assets were ¥ 71,883.2billion and net assets were ¥ 2,366.4billion.
- Please look at page 3.

Third quarter result (Year on Year)

Statement of Income

(¥bn)

	9 months ended Dec-18	9 months ended Dec-19	Change
Ordinary income	5,913.3	5,461.5	(451.7)
Insurance premiums and others	3,001.9	2,525.7	(476.2)
Investment income	915.0	867.4	(47.6)
Reversal of policy reserves	1,929.2	1,976.3	47.1
Ordinary expenses	5,699.2	5,227.5	(471.6)
Insurance claims and others	5,114.3	4,681.1	(433.2)
Investment expenses	115.3	91.3	(23.9)
Operating expenses etc ¹	469.5	455.0	(14.4)
Ordinary profit	214.0	233.9	19.9
Extraordinary gains and losses	8.0	9.9	1.9
Provision for reserve for policyholder dividends	86.6	81.3	(5.3)
Income before income taxes	135.4	162.6	27.1
Total income taxes	38.7	47.6	8.8
Net income attributable to Japan Post Insurance	96.6	115.0	18.3

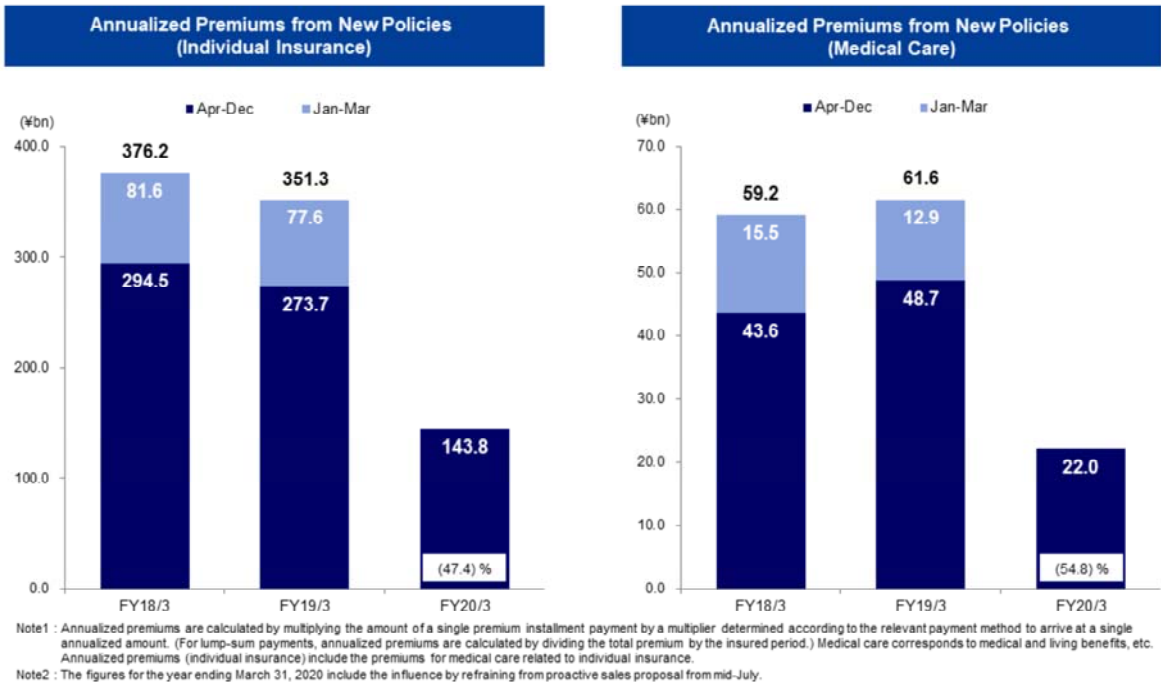
Note: Only major line items are shown.
1. Sum of operating expenses and other ordinary expenses

[Main Factors for Changes in the Line Items]

- Decrease in policies in the premium payment period (policies in force).
- Decrease in new policy sales by refraining from proactive sales proposal from mid-July, 2019.
- Decrease in interest, dividends and other income due to decrease in total amount of assets.
- Decrease in gains on money held in trust.
- Decrease in matured endowment payments.
- Decrease in commissions (sales commissions) paid to Japan Post Co., Ltd.
- Increase mainly due to the decrease in operating expenses following the decrease in commissions (sales commissions.)
- Decrease in provision for reserve for policyholder dividends along with the decrease in policies with policyholder's dividend.
- Net income increased by ¥ 18.3billion year on year mainly due to the decrease in provision for reserve for policyholder dividends.

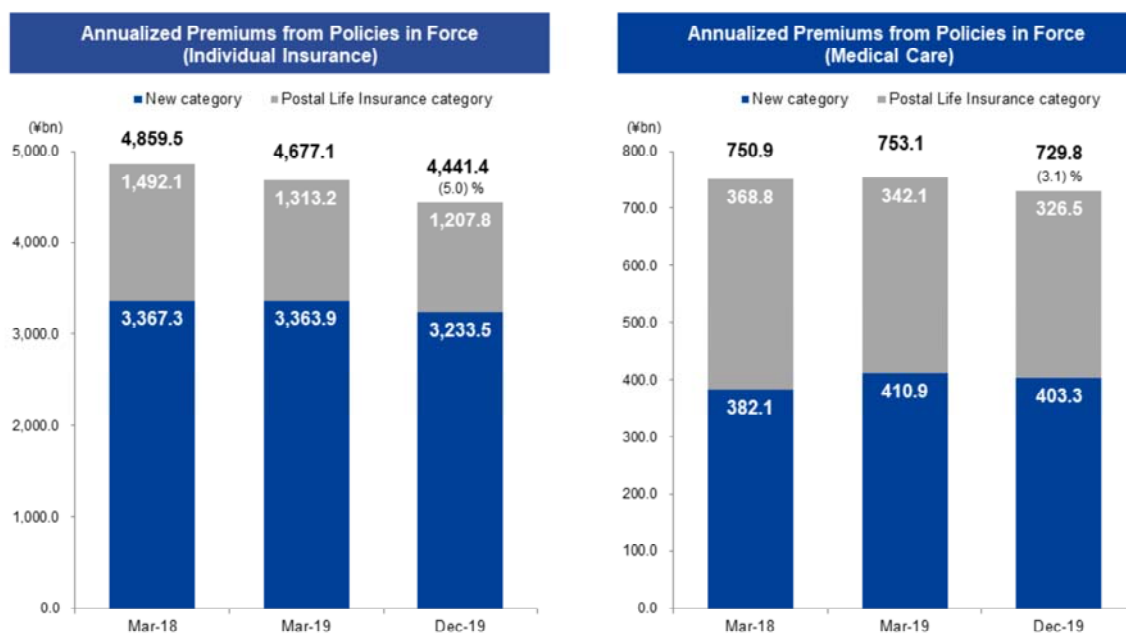
- These are the factors for changes in the financial results for the current period.
- Ordinary profit increased by ¥ 19.9billion year on year due to the decrease in operating expenses along with the decrease in commissions.
- Net income increased by ¥ 18.3billion year on year due to the decrease in the provision for reserve for policyholder dividends.
- Please look at page 4.

Policy Sales (1) Annualized Premiums from New Policies



- From here, I would like to explain our policy sales.
- Annualized premiums from new policies for individual insurance decreased by 47.4% year on year to ¥ 143.8billion.
- Annualized premiums from new policies for medical care decreased by 54.8% year on year to ¥ 22.0billion.
- Please look at page 5.

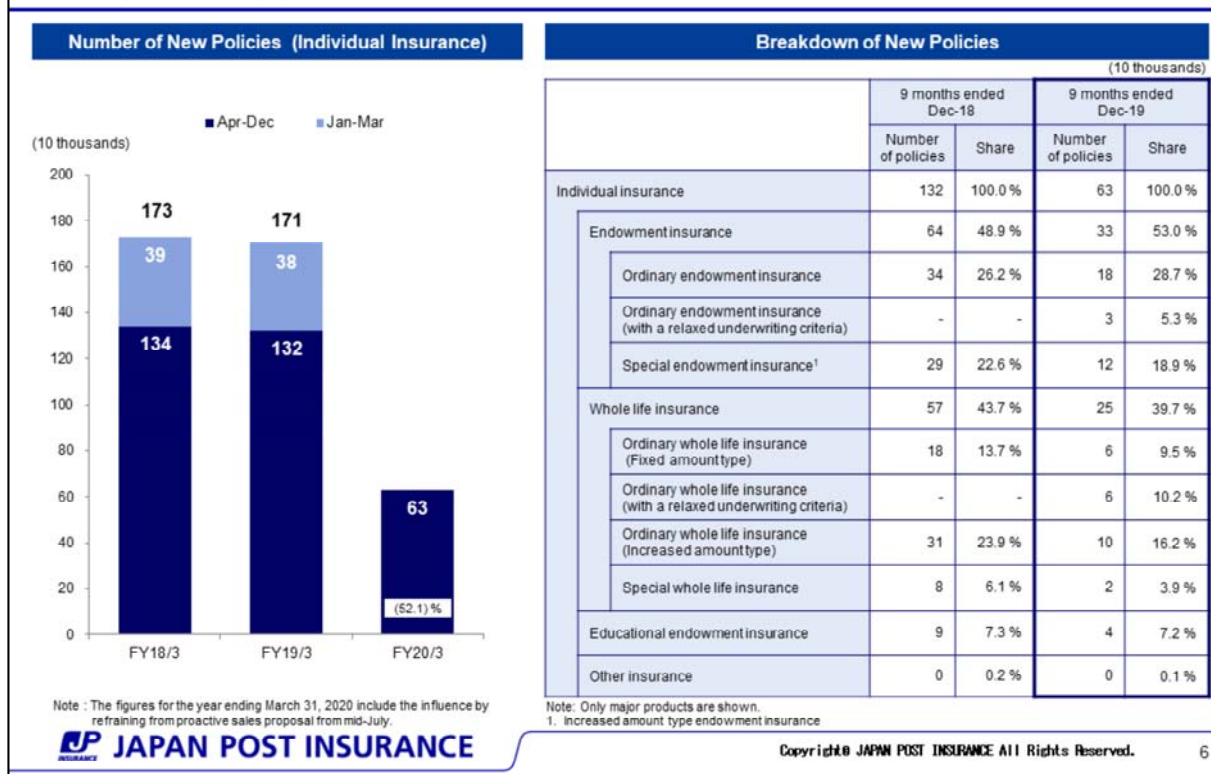
Policy Sales (2) Annualized Premiums from Policies in Force



Note: "New category" shows individual insurance policies underwritten by Japan Post Insurance. The "Postal Life Insurance category" shows postal life insurance policies reinsured by Japan Post Insurance from the Postal Management and Support Organization (until March 31, 2019, known as the Management Organization for Postal Savings and Postal Life Insurance)

- Annualized premiums from policies in force for individual insurance decreased by 5.0% from the end of the previous fiscal year to ¥ 4,441.4billion.
- Annualized premiums from policies in force for medical care decreased by 3.1% from the end of the previous fiscal year to ¥ 729.8billion.
- Please look at page 6.

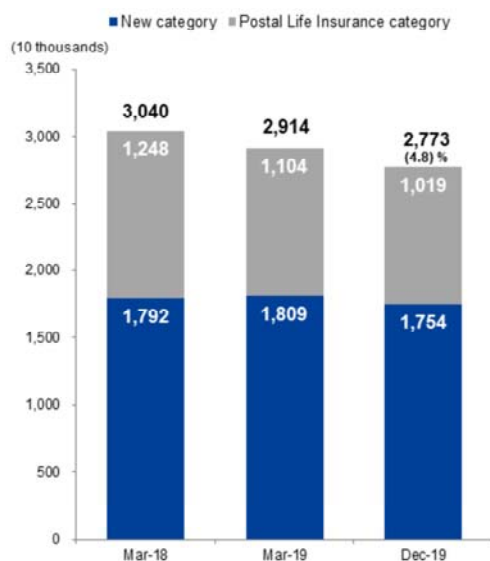
Policy Sales (3) Number of New Policies



- Changes in the number of new policies and its breakdown by products are presented on this page.
- The number of new policies acquired decreased by 52.1% year on year to approximately 630 thousand.
- The breakdown of the number of new policies by products is shown in the chart on the right.
- Please look at page 7.

Policy Sales (4) Number of Policies in Force

Number of Policies in Force (Individual Insurance)



Note: "New category" shows individual insurance policies underwritten by Japan Post Insurance. "Postal Life Insurance category" shows postal life insurance policies reinsured by Japan Post Insurance from the Postal Management and Support Organization.

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Breakdown of Policies in Force

(10 thousands)

	Mar-19		Dec-19	
	Number of policies	Share	Number of policies	Share
Individual Insurance	2,914	100.0 %	2,773	100.0 %
Endowment insurance	1,165	40.0 %	1,078	38.9 %
Ordinary endowment insurance	745	25.6 %	691	24.9 %
Ordinary endowment insurance (with a relaxed underwriting criteria)	-	-	3	0.1 %
Special endowment insurance ¹	410	14.1 %	377	13.6 %
Whole life insurance	1,301	44.6 %	1,275	46.0 %
Ordinary whole life insurance (Fixed amount type)	412	14.1 %	399	14.4 %
Ordinary whole life insurance (with a relaxed underwriting criteria)	-	-	5	0.2 %
Ordinary whole life insurance (Increased amount type)	281	9.7 %	277	10.0 %
Special whole life insurance	606	20.8 %	591	21.3 %
Educational endowment insurance	434	14.9 %	405	14.6 %
Other insurance	13	0.5 %	13	0.5 %

Note: Only major products are shown.

1. Increased amount type endowment insurance

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- Changes in the number of policies in force and its breakdown by products are presented on this page.
- The number of policies in force, which is the total of "New category" and "Postal Life Insurance category," decreased by 4.8% from the end of the previous fiscal year to 27.73 million.
- The breakdown of the number of policies in force by products is shown in the chart on the right.
- Please look at page 8.

Investments (1) Asset Portfolio

Asset Portfolio				
(#bn)				
	Mar-19		Dec-19	
	Amount	Share	Amount	Share
Bonds	50,960.1	69.0 %	49,369.2	68.7 %
Japanese government bonds	38,041.4	51.5 %	37,036.2	51.5 %
Japanese local government bonds	7,515.9	10.2 %	6,970.9	9.7 %
Japanese corporate bonds	5,402.7	7.3 %	5,362.0	7.5 %
Return seeking assets ¹	10,217.7	13.8 %	10,621.7	14.8 %
Domestic stocks ²	1,756.0	2.4 %	2,050.1	2.9 %
Foreign stocks ²	345.5	0.5 %	390.1	0.5 %
Foreign bonds ²	6,708.7	9.1 %	6,717.6	9.3 %
Other ³	1,407.3	1.9 %	1,463.7	2.0 %
Loans	6,786.0	9.2 %	6,031.3	8.4 %
Others	5,940.9	8.0 %	5,860.8	8.2 %
Cash and deposits, call loans	1,067.7	1.4 %	1,320.7	1.8 %
Receivables under securities borrowing transactions	2,792.2	3.8 %	2,515.6	3.5 %
Total assets	73,905.0	100.0 %	71,883.2	100.0 %

Spread and Investment Yield			
(#bn)			
	9 months ended Dec-18	9 months ended Dec-19	(Reference) Year ended Mar-19
Positive spread	36.4	50.3	58.4
Average assumed rates of return ¹	1.70 %	1.69 %	1.70 %
Investment return on core profit ²	1.78 %	1.80 %	1.79 %
Net capital gains (losses)	(57.4)	(57.4)	(83.7)
	Dec-18	Dec-19	(Reference) Year ended Mar-19
Interest rate (10Y JGB)	(0.010) %	(0.025) %	(0.095) %
USD/JPY	¥ 111.00	¥ 109.56	¥ 110.99

1. Average assumed rates of return are the assumed return on general account policy reserves.

2. Investment return on core profit is the return with respect to earned policy reserves.

1. Return seeking assets include domestic and foreign stocks, foreign-currency-denominated bonds, investment trusts, etc. held for investment purposes among the assets recorded under "money held in trust" and "securities" on the balance sheet.

2. "Domestic stocks," "Foreign stocks" and "Foreign bonds" include individual stocks and bonds, as well as investment trusts that invest only in the specified assets.

3. "Bank loans," "multi-asset" and "real estate fund" etc.

- I would like to move on to the results of investments.
- We mainly invest in bonds from the standpoint of ALM to match yen-denominated interest-bearing assets with yen-denominated interest-bearing liabilities.
- As shown on the left, due to our efforts to diversify our investment assets under the current historically low interest rate environment, the amount of return seeking assets such as stocks and foreign bonds reached ¥ 10,621.7billion, which accounts for 14.8% of total assets at the end of the current period.
- As shown in the chart on the right, the average assumed rates of return is 1.69%, reflecting the effect by reductions of assumed rates of return. The investment return on core profit is 1.80%. As a result, a positive spread of ¥ 50.3billion was achieved.
- Capital losses turned out to be ¥ 57.4billion, as a result of losses on derivative financial instruments which includes cost for hedging currency fluctuation risk.
- Please look at page 9.

Investments (2) Fair Value Information of Securities

Fair Value Information of Securities						
	Mar-19			Dec-19		
	Book value	Fair value	Net unrealized gains (losses)	Book value	Fair value	Net unrealized gains (losses)
Total	61,196.0	69,706.0	8,509.9	59,825.9	68,498.9	8,673.0
Held-to-maturity bonds	36,391.2	43,113.4	6,722.1	36,030.1	42,605.2	6,575.0
Policy-reserve-matching bonds	10,570.0	11,724.3	1,154.3	9,805.4	10,878.4	1,073.0
Available-for-sale securities	14,234.7	14,868.1	633.4	13,990.3	15,015.2	1,024.9
Securities etc.	12,000.3	12,240.9	240.6	11,477.9	11,918.0	440.1
Bonds	4,197.3	4,265.4	68.0	3,701.7	3,761.7	59.9
Domestic stocks	211.7	200.8	(10.8)	261.2	277.4	16.1
Foreign securities	5,006.6	5,186.9	180.2	4,500.1	4,804.6	304.5
Other securities	1,826.8	1,827.7	0.9	1,957.7	2,015.2	57.5
Deposits etc.	757.7	759.9	2.1	1,057.0	1,058.9	1.9
Money held in trust	2,234.3	2,627.2	392.8	2,512.3	3,097.2	584.8
Domestic stocks ¹	1,263.8	1,555.2	291.3	1,349.3	1,772.7	423.3
Foreign stocks ¹	269.6	345.5	75.8	285.8	390.1	104.2
Foreign bonds ¹	528.0	550.3	22.2	684.3	731.2	46.9
Other ²	172.7	176.1	3.4	192.8	203.0	10.2

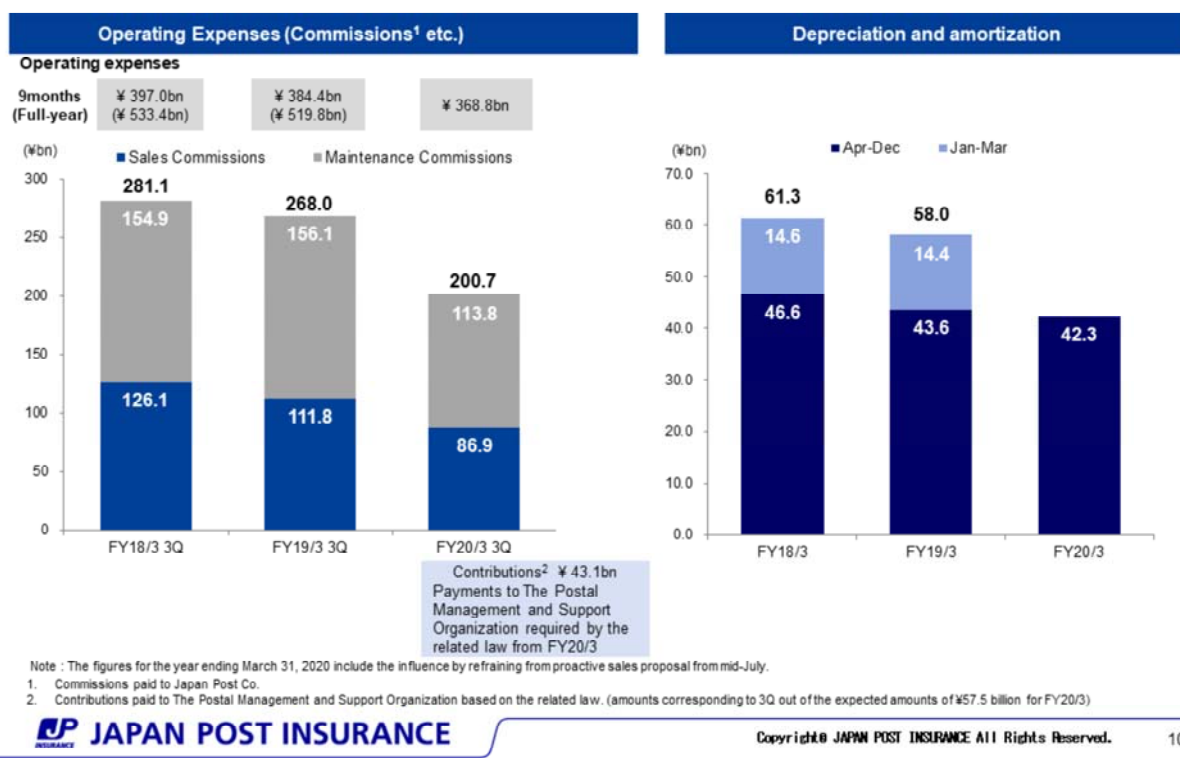
Note: This table only shows securities with a fair value. It also includes the handling of securities under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act.

1. "Domestic stocks," "foreign stocks" and "foreign bonds" include individual stocks and bonds, as well as investment trusts investing only in the respective assets.

2. "Cash and deposits" and "bank loans" etc.

- This slide shows the fair value of securities and net unrealized gains or losses.
- Please look at page 10.

Expenses



- Expenses for the period are presented on this page.
- Operating expenses for the current period were ¥ 368.8billion, of which approximately 70% consists of commissions paid to Japan Post Co. and contributions paid to The Postal Management and Support Organization.
- The commissions consist of sales commissions corresponding to actual sales of new policies and maintenance commissions paid mainly for outsourced operations of maintenance and payment services.
- Commissions for the current period decreased by ¥ 67.2billion year on year to ¥ 200.7billion, due to the impact of the introduction of contributions from this fiscal year, which is not included in commissions, and the refraining from proactive sales proposal from mid-July.
- Compared with the commissions from the same period of the previous fiscal year, the sum of commissions and contributions decreased by ¥ 24.0billion to ¥ 243.9billion, due to the decrease in sales commissions resulting from the decreased new policies sales.
- As shown in the chart on the right, depreciation and amortization decreased by ¥ 1.3billion year on year to ¥ 42.3billion.
- Please look at page 11.

Financial Soundness

Internal Reserves				Solvency Margin Ratio			
				(#bn)			
	Mar-19	Dec-19	Provisions in the period		Mar-19	Dec-19	
Contingency reserve	1,962.7	1,838.4	(124.3)	Solvency Margin Ratio	1,189.8 %	1,131.6 %	
Postal Life Insurance category	1,491.4	1,362.9	(128.5)	Total amount of solvency margin	5,647.8	5,828.0	
New category	471.2	475.4	4.2	Total amount of risk	949.3	1,029.9	
Price fluctuations reserve	897.4	887.6	(9.8)	Real net assets	13,535.7	13,490.2	
Postal Life Insurance category	661.8	652.7	(9.1)				
New category	235.6	234.9	(0.7)				
Additional policy reserve	5,880.1	5,843.6	(36.4)				
Postal Life Insurance ¹ Category	5,866.6	5,832.8	(33.8)				
New category ²	13.4	10.8	(2.5)				

Note : "Postal Life Insurance category" shows the amounts generated from the postal life insurance policies, and "New category" shows the figures after deduction of "Postal Life Insurance category" from the total.

1. Including the amount determined to be additionally provided over 10 years from the year ended March 31, 2011 for annuity in the postal life insurance policies (for the 9months ended December 31, 2019, the amount of additional provision was ¥ 133.0bn and the accumulated amount was ¥ 1,704.2bn).
2. The amount accumulated in the year ended March 31, 2018 for single-payment annuity policies among the individual annuities underwritten by Japan Post Insurance.

- I would like to report on our financial soundness.
- In order to maintain financial soundness for the stable management in the future, as well as counter risks associated with changes in the business environment, we have accumulated contingency reserves of ¥ 1,838.4billion and reserves for price fluctuations of ¥ 887.6billion.
- Additional policy reserves accumulated mainly to cover negative spreads were ¥ 5,843.6billion at the end of the current period.
- The solvency margin ratio was 1,131.6%, maintaining a high level of soundness.
- Please look at page 12.

The Forecasts for Full-year Financial Results and Shareholder Return for the Year Ending March 31, 2020

Full-year Financial Results Forecast

(¥bn)

	Year ended Mar-19 (Actual)	Year ending Mar-20 (Revised forecasts)
Ordinary income	7,916.6	7,180.0
Ordinary profit	264.8	270.0
Net income ¹	120.4	134.0
Net income per share ²	¥ 200.86	¥ 237.79

1. Net income attributable to Japan Post Insurance
 2. Net income per share in the consolidated financial results forecasts for the year ending March 31, 2020 has been calculated, considering the impact of the acquisition of the treasury stock on April 2019, and the cancellation of the treasury stock on May 2019.

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Shareholder Return Policy

- Aim for a steady increase in dividends per share while considering earning prospects and financial soundness

Shareholder Return for the Year Ended March 31, 2019

- The year-end dividend for the year ended March 31, 2019, is ¥ 72 per share, including an ordinary dividend of ¥ 68 and a special dividend of ¥ 4.
- Share repurchase in April 2019 (Approx. ¥ 100.0bn)

Shareholder Return for the Year Ending March 31, 2020

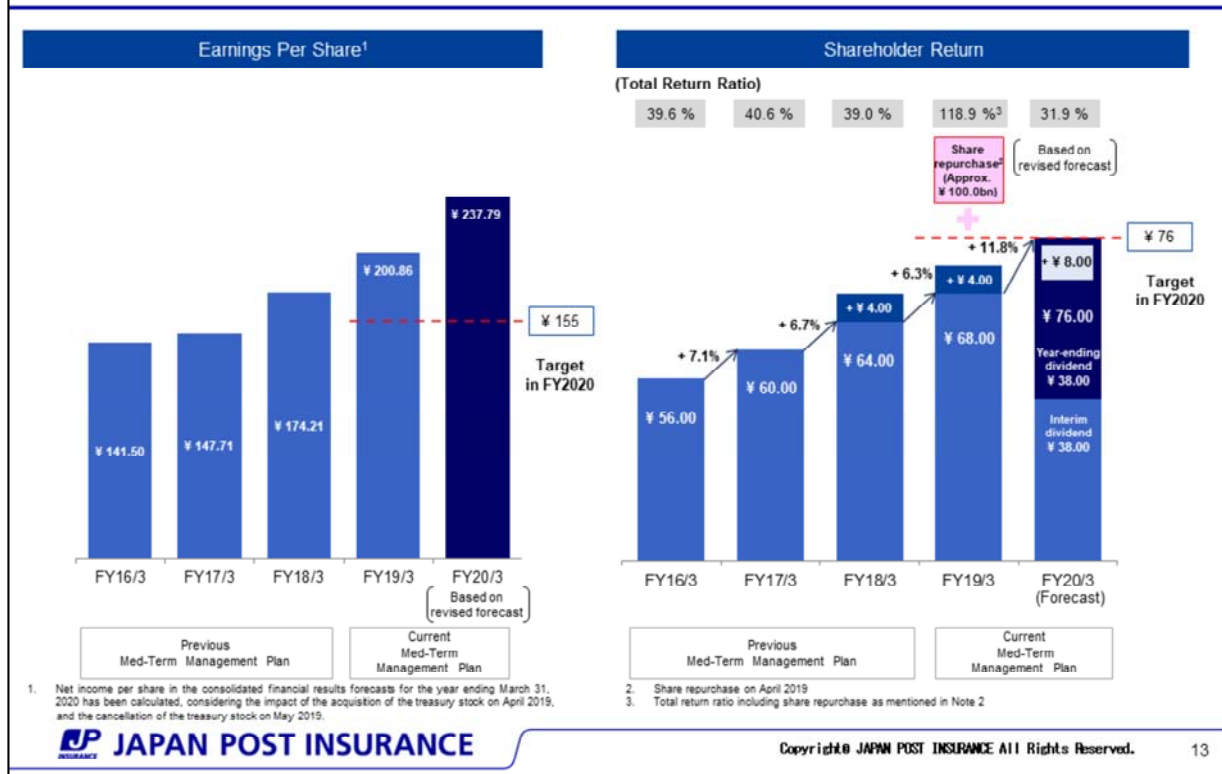
- Increase the ordinary dividend by ¥ 8 per share to ¥ 76 (forecast)
 - Increase ordinary dividends per share, taking into account of the share repurchase
- Pay dividends from surplus twice a year; an interim and a year-end dividends
 - Increase the opportunities to return profits to shareholders
- Canceled treasury stock (37.4 million shares)
 - Cancel almost the same amount of treasury stock as that acquired in April 2019

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- I will explain the shareholder return for the year ending March 31, 2020.
- There has been no change to the shareholder return policy.
- Please look at page 13.

Earnings Per Share and Shareholder Return

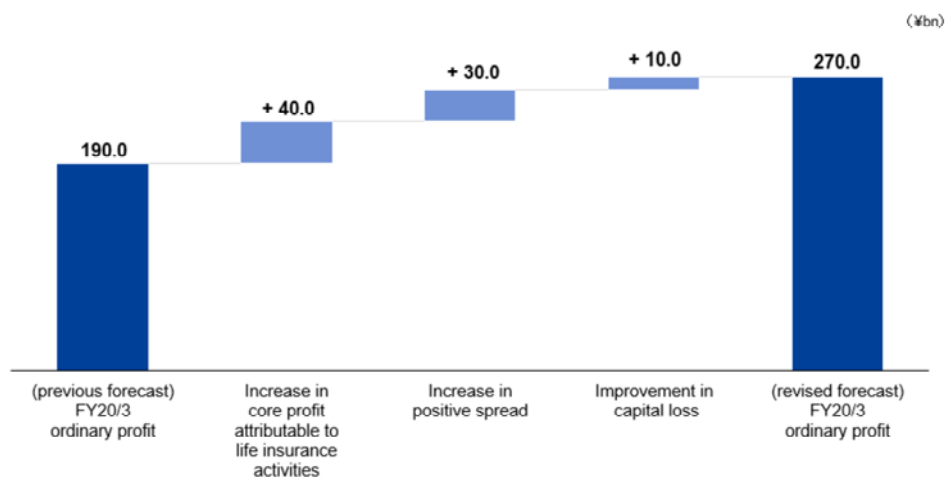


- Finally, this slide shows our trends on EPS and Shareholder Return.
- With the end of September 2019 set as a record date, the company paid an interim dividend of ¥38 per share.
- There is no change to our previous annual dividend forecast of ¥76 per share.
- This concludes my explanation.

APPENDIX

Revisions to the Forecasts for Full-year Financial Results for the Year Ending March 31, 2020 (factors for changes between previous and revised forecasts in ordinary profit)

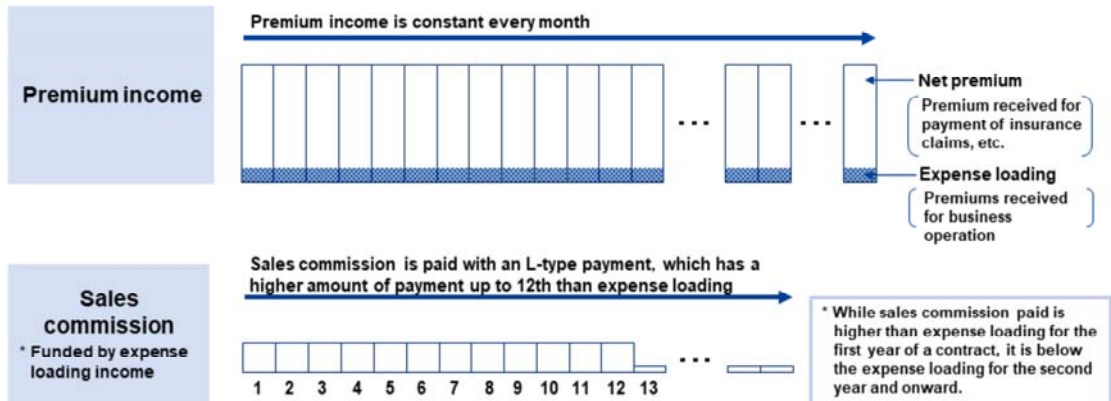
- Revised forecast for ordinary profit from ¥ 190.0bn to ¥ 270.0bn
- Mainly due to decrease in commissions influenced by refraining from proactive sales activities, and increase in positive spread based on favorable progress of investments



Impact on Profit for the Current Fiscal Year Due to Decline in New Policy Sales

- Of the premiums received from customers, Japan Post Insurance receives a fixed amount of expense loading every month in order to operate its business. Using this expense loading as funds, Japan Post Insurance pays sales commissions monthly to Japan Post Co. However, the payment method is an L-type payment, which has a higher amount of payment up to the 12th than expense loading, and therefore profit for the first year of Japan Post Insurance worsens as the number of new policies increase.
- In FY20/3, Japan Post Insurance's profit is expected to improve due to significant decline in new policy sales. However, this effect only for a short term, and from a medium- to long-term perspective, the decrease in new policies will have a negative impact on profit of Japan Post Insurance.

<Model of receipt of premiums and payment of sales commissions (model for one contract)>



Overview of Financial Statements

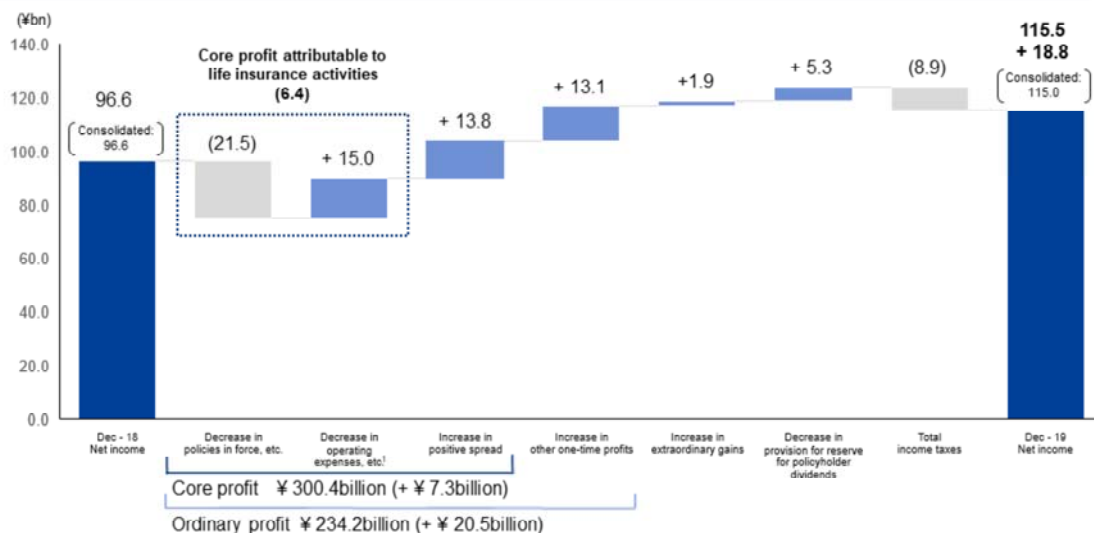
Statement of Income				Balance Sheets				
	9 months ended Dec-18	9 months ended Dec-19	Change	(Reference) Year ended Mar-19		Mar-19	Dec-19	Change
Ordinary income	5,913.3	5,461.5	(451.7)	7,916.6	Total Assets	73,905.0	71,883.2	(2,021.7)
Insurance premiums and others	3,001.9	2,525.7	(476.2)	3,959.9	Cash and deposits	917.7	1,140.7	223.0
Investment income	915.0	867.4	(47.6)	1,204.4	Money held in trust	2,787.5	3,368.0	580.4
Reversal of policy reserves	1,929.2	1,976.3	47.1	2,716.7	Securities	58,451.5	56,708.3	(1,743.2)
Ordinary expenses	5,699.2	5,227.5	(471.6)	7,651.7	Loans	6,786.0	6,031.3	(754.6)
Insurance claims and others	5,114.3	4,681.1	(433.2)	6,868.8	Fixed assets ²	261.6	249.0	(12.6)
Investment expenses	115.3	91.3	(23.9)	146.0	Deferred tax assets	1,022.0	976.3	(45.6)
Operating expenses etc ¹	469.5	455.0	(14.4)	636.8	Total Liabilities	71,769.8	69,516.8	(2,253.0)
Ordinary profit	214.0	233.9	19.9	264.8	Policy reserves	65,060.5	63,084.2	(1,976.3)
Extraordinary gains and losses	8.0	9.9	1.9	17.5	Reserve for price fluctuations	897.4	887.6	(9.8)
Provision for reserve for policyholder dividends	86.6	81.3	(5.3)	111.8	Net assets	2,135.1	2,366.4	231.3
Income before income taxes	135.4	162.6	27.1	170.6	Total shareholders' equity	1,675.1	1,625.5	(49.5)
Total income taxes	38.7	47.6	8.8	50.1	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	460.0	740.8	280.8
Net income attributable to Japan Post Insurance	96.6	115.0	18.3	120.4				
Core profit (Non-consolidated)	293.0	300.4	7.3	377.1				

Note: Only major line items are shown.

- Sum of Operating expenses and Other ordinary expenses
- Sum of Tangible fixed assets and Intangible fixed assets

Third quarter result (Factors for Year on Year Changes) (Non-Consolidated)

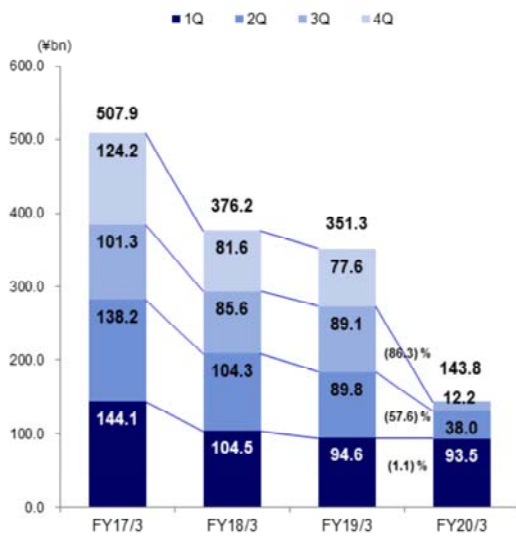
- While core profit attributable to life insurance activities decreased by ¥ 6.4billion mainly due to the decrease in the number of policies in force, total core profit achieved year on year increase to ¥ 300.4billion, as a result of improvement of positive spread.
- Net income increased by ¥ 18.8billion due to the decrease in provision for reserve for policyholder dividends along with the decrease in policies with policyholder's dividend, in addition to the increase in ordinary profit.



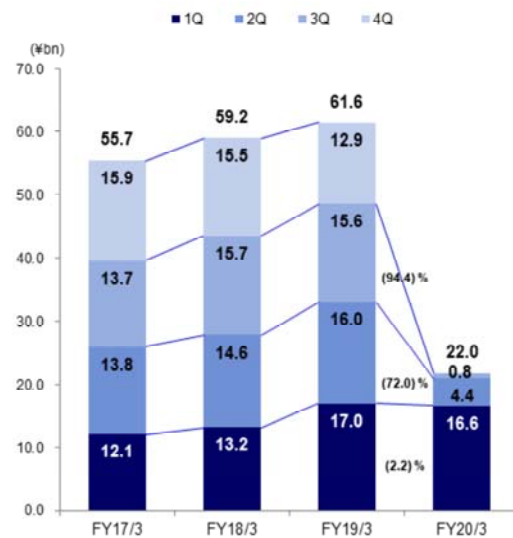
1. "Decrease in operating expenses, etc." shows the difference of 3Q figures between the year ended March 31, 2019, and the year ended March 31, 2020. This figure is calculated by adding up "Operating expenses" and "Other ordinary expenses".

Quarterly Trends in Annualized Premiums from New Policies

Annualized Premiums from New Policies
(Individual Insurance)



Annualized Premiums from New Policies
(Medical Care)



Note 1: Annualized premiums are calculated by multiplying the amount of a single premium installment payment by a multiplier determined according to the relevant payment method to arrive at a single annualized amount. (For lump-sum payments, annualized premiums are calculated by dividing the total premium by the insured period.) Medical care corresponds to medical and living benefits, etc. Annualized premiums (individual insurance) include the premiums for medical care related to individual insurance.

Note 2: The figures for the year ending March 31, 2020 include the influence by refraining from proactive sales proposal from mid-July.

Interest, Dividends and Other Income and Capital gains(losses)

Interest, Dividends and Other Income				Breakdown of Capital gains(losses)			
				(¥bn)			
	9 months ended Dec-18	9 months ended Dec-19	(Reference) Year ended Mar-19		9 months ended Dec-18	9 months ended Dec-19	(Reference) Year ended Mar-19
Investment income	915.0	867.4	1,204.4	Capital gains	92.4	73.4	117.8
Interest, dividends and other income	822.1	793.4	1,085.9	Gains on money held in trust	56.1	44.3	78.9
Interest on deposits	0.0	0.0	0.0	Gains on sales of securities	36.2	29.0	38.9
Interest and dividends on securities	712.0	697.9	941.3	Gains on derivative financial instruments	-	-	-
Interest on corporate and government bonds	600.0	575.3	793.6	Gains on foreign exchanges	-	-	-
Domestic stock dividends	3.5	3.7	5.8	Other capital gains	-	-	-
Interest and dividends on foreign securities	99.1	99.9	131.4	Capital losses	(149.8)	(130.8)	(201.6)
others	9.2	18.8	10.3	Losses on money held in trust	-	-	-
Interest on loans	10.5	11.0	14.1	Losses on sales of securities	(55.9)	(20.1)	(62.2)
Interest on loans to the Management Organization	94.5	80.7	124.0	Losses on derivative financial instruments	(51.5)	(59.8)	(73.3)
Rent revenue from real estate	-	-	-	Losses on foreign exchanges	(1.1)	(2.3)	(1.1)
Interest and dividends on others	4.9	3.6	6.3	Other capital losses ¹	(41.1)	(48.4)	(64.8)
				Net Capital gains(losses)	(57.4)	(57.4)	(83.7)

1. Amount equivalent to income gains associated with money held in trust is recognized as "other capital losses".

New and Postal Life Insurance Category in the Statement of Income (Non-consolidated)

New and Postal Life Insurance Category in the Statement of Income (Non-consolidated)

(¥bn)

	FY16/3		FY17/3		FY18/3		FY19/3		FY19/3 3Q		FY20/3 3Q	
	New	Postal Life	New	Postal Life	New	Postal Life	New	Postal Life	New	Postal Life	New	Postal Life
Ordinary income ¹	4,431.7	8,039.6	4,464.2	6,889.2	3,938.8	5,489.2	3,814.7	4,374.4	2,889.5	3,249.3	2,675.5	2,788.0
Insurance premiums and others	4,091.5	1,322.3	4,039.0	1,002.8	3,481.2	755.2	3,369.5	590.3	2,548.5	453.3	2,173.3	352.3
Investment income ¹	337.6	1,017.3	422.8	945.0	454.6	830.3	440.1	764.3	336.9	578.1	337.0	530.3
Other ordinary income ¹	2.5	5,700.0	2.3	4,941.3	3.0	3,903.7	4.9	3,019.8	4.0	2,217.8	165.2	1,905.3
Ordinary expenses ¹	4,276.8	7,781.6	4,370.1	6,704.0	3,767.1	5,352.2	3,663.5	4,260.4	2,766.2	3,158.8	2,521.7	2,707.6
Insurance claims and others	1,031.6	7,518.7	1,136.5	6,413.7	1,765.6	5,124.3	2,837.9	4,030.9	2,125.3	2,989.0	2,128.5	2,552.5
Provision for policy reserves and others ¹	2,865.7	-	2,694.0	-	1,474.7	-	272.5	-	225.5	-	2.1	-
Investment expenses ¹	3.8	5.8	103.8	56.5	78.5	27.9	99.1	46.8	77.7	37.5	64.5	26.8
Operating expenses	318.0	219.0	366.5	193.6	372.8	159.9	376.2	142.1	278.0	105.8	265.7	101.7
Other ordinary expenses	57.4	37.9	69.0	40.0	75.2	39.8	77.7	40.4	59.5	26.4	60.7	26.5
Ordinary profit	154.9	258.0	94.0	185.2	171.7	137.0	151.1	113.9	123.2	90.4	153.8	80.4
Extraordinary gains and losses ²	(62.4)	(8.9)	5.7	(12.6)	(27.2)	(17.0)	13.8	3.6	8.1	(0.1)	0.8	9.1
Provision for reserve for policyholder dividends	7.5	170.4	15.6	137.0	21.6	96.1	19.6	92.1	15.0	71.5	11.6	69.6
Income before income taxes	84.9	78.6	84.2	35.5	122.9	23.8	145.3	25.5	116.3	18.7	143.0	19.8
Total income taxes	31.4	45.7	21.7	9.5	35.4	6.9	41.1	8.7	32.7	5.7	40.5	6.8
Net income	53.4	32.8	62.4	26.0	87.4	16.8	104.1	16.7	83.6	12.9	102.5	13.0

Note: "Postal Life Insurance category" shows the amounts generated from the Postal Life Insurance policies, and "New category" shows the figure after deduction of "Postal Life Insurance category" from the total.

1. Adjusted if the resulting number for the new category is negative when the Postal Life Insurance category is subtracted from Japan Post Insurance as a whole.

(E.g.: FY20/3 3Q, ¥2.1 billion was added to "Reversal of reserve for outstanding claims," under "Other ordinary income," and to "Provision for policy reserves and others," under "Ordinary expenses")

2. "Extraordinary gains and losses" includes "Price fluctuations reserve, provision" and "Price fluctuations reserve, reversal."

Figures by New and Postal Life Insurance Categories (Non-Consolidated)

		FY16/3	FY17/3	FY18/3	FY19/3	FY19/3 3Q	FY20/3 3Q
Total assets	¥mn	81,543,623	80,336,414	76,832,508	73,904,576	74,489,897	71,882,635
Postal Life Insurance category		55,832,787	51,447,550	46,684,937	41,354,076	42,232,293	39,567,643
New category		25,710,836	28,888,864	30,147,570	32,550,500	32,257,604	32,314,991
Number of policies in force	(000)	32,323	31,562	30,405	29,143	29,534	27,738
Postal Life Insurance category (insurance)		16,972	14,411	12,484	11,048	11,445	10,190
New category (individual insurance)		15,350	17,150	17,921	18,095	18,088	17,547
Insurance premiums and others	¥mn	5,413,862	5,041,868	4,236,461	3,959,928	3,001,967	2,525,729
Postal Life Insurance category		1,322,308	1,002,816	755,221	590,340	453,379	352,379
New category		4,091,554	4,039,051	3,481,240	3,369,588	2,548,587	2,173,350
Ordinary profit	¥mn	413,023	279,347	308,845	265,143	213,746	234,281
Postal Life Insurance category		258,059	185,250	137,074	113,981	90,466	80,408
New category		154,963	94,097	171,771	151,162	123,279	153,872
Net income	¥mn	86,338	88,520	104,309	120,958	96,629	115,508
Postal Life Insurance category		32,850	26,044	16,878	16,763	12,976	13,000
New category		53,487	62,475	87,430	104,195	83,652	102,507
Contingency reserve (reversal) provision	¥mn	(123,864)	(120,819)	(139,678)	(151,592)	(113,657)	(124,327)
Postal Life Insurance category		(171,199)	(172,881)	(173,722)	(173,590)	(130,651)	(128,539)
New category		47,335	52,061	34,043	21,997	16,993	4,212
Price fluctuations reserve (reversal) provision	¥mn	70,100	6,444	128,031	(19,251)	(9,096)	(9,835)
Postal Life Insurance category		8,957	12,625	17,090	(3,686)	128	(9,132)
New category		61,143	(6,181)	110,940	(15,564)	(9,225)	(702)
Additional policy reserve (reversal) provision	¥mn	(55,533)	(50,454)	(30,648)	(50,292)	(35,700)	(36,430)
Postal Life Insurance category		(55,533)	(50,454)	(47,674)	(46,698)	(32,981)	(33,876)
New category		-	-	17,025	(3,594)	(2,719)	(2,553)

Note: "Postal Life Insurance category" shows the amounts generated from the Postal Life Insurance policies, and "New category" shows the figure after deduction of "Postal Life Insurance category" from the total.

Key Financial Indicators

(¥bn)

	FY16/3	FY17/3	FY18/3	FY19/3	FY19/3 3Q	FY20/3 3Q
Insurance premiums and others	5,413.8	5,041.8	4,236.4	3,959.9	3,001.9	2,525.7
Ordinary profit	411.5	279.7	309.2	264.8	214.0	233.9
Provision for reserve for policyholder dividends	178.0	152.6	117.7	111.8	86.6	81.3
Net income	84.8	88.5	104.4	120.4	96.6	115.0
Net assets	1,882.9	1,853.2	2,003.1	2,135.1	1,890.5	2,366.4
Total assets	81,545.1	80,336.7	76,831.2	73,905.0	74,490.1	71,883.2
Return on equity	4.4 %	4.7 %	5.4 %	5.8 %	-	-
Return on shareholders' equity	5.9 %	5.9 %	6.7 %	7.4 %	-	-
Dividends to shareholders ¹	33.6	36.0	40.8	43.2	-	21.3
Total Return Ratio ²	39.6 %	40.6 %	39.0 %	118.9 %	-	-
Core profit (Non-consolidated)	464.2	390.0	386.1	377.1	293.0	300.4
Core profit attributable to life insurance activities	366.8	311.4	320.3	318.7	256.5	250.1
Spread (positive/negative spread)	97.4	78.5	65.8	58.4	36.4	50.3

1. The figure for FY20/3 3Q reflects the resolution made on November 14, 2019 at the meeting of the Board of Directors regarding the interim dividend to be paid.

2. The figure for FY19/3 represents the total return ratio including share repurchase (approximately ¥100.0 billion) in April 2019.

<Points of Attention Regarding EV>

EV must be calculated in accordance with the EEV Principles by using appropriate assumptions for future experience.

In particular, the company understands that we have to reflect the influence of the initiatives, which we announced as 'Investigation of Rewritten Insurance Policies and Initiatives for Improvement' on July 31, 2019 and 'Administrative Dispositions against JAPAN POST INSURANCE' on December 27, 2019, on non-economic assumptions such as surrender and lapse rate, operating expenses etc.

However, it is impossible to make appropriate assumptions for future experience to calculate EV as of the end of December 2019 at present. We plan to calculate and disclose EV once we prepare appropriate non-economic assumptions.

(Note) We have also not disclosed EV as of the end of June and September 2019, but plan to calculate and disclose them once we prepare appropriate non-economic assumptions, as with EV as of the end of December 2019.

<Disclaimer>

The financial results forecasts and other forward-looking statements herein are based on certain assumptions deemed reasonable by Japan Post Insurance at the time of this document's disclosure. Please note that actual results may differ materially from such forward-looking statements due to various factors including changes in the operating environment, interest rates or general economic conditions or other future events and circumstances.

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