



Financial Results & Corporate Strategy Meeting for the Six Months Ended September 30, 2019

November 22, 2019



Agenda









Financial Highlights



1. Net income attributable to Japan Post Insurance

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Interim Report on Investigation of Rewritten Insurance Policies

Summary of Interim Report (Disclosed at September 30,2019)

- With regard to investigation of specified rewriting cases (183 thousand cases), the company have sent notification documents to 156 thousand customers and investigate solicitation process. As of September 27, we have been able to confirm approx. 59 thousand customers' detailed contract process and intentions.
 - Identified 6,327 cases involving potential violation of laws and regulations or internal rules. We will continue additional investigations to check for any violation of laws and regulations or internal rules.
 - Approx. 26 thousand customers have requested detailed explanations on policy reinstatement. We will send the documents
 detailing the reinstatement procedure to customers and respond their requests promptly.
- Going forward, Japan Post Insurance will continue to take a sincere approach to listening to our customers through various opportunities. We strive to regain the trust of our customers and implement true 'Customer-first business operations' through measures such as providing recompense for customers' disadvantages and improving our business procedures based on the voice of customers.

Outline of investigation	Status as of September 27 and further actions							
Investigation of specified rewriting cases	Cases to be Investigated 183 thousand cases		Cases for which				involving violation of	Conduct additional investigations to confirm
 Identifying rewritten insurance policies for each category (A to F) from past transaction data 			customers' in have been co 68,020 ca	n confirmed 📕		laws and or inter	regulations mal rules 7 cases	whether there were any violations of laws and regulations or internal rules
 After sending notification documents(from August 5 to 29), the solicitation process will be investigated through phone calls or investigations of sales personnel. Additionally, customers' disadvantages will be recompensed 	Sending notification 156 thousand customers		Customers whose intentions have been confirmed 58,710 customers		Customers who requested detailed explanations 26,036 customers		ed detailed nations	Send documents detailing the reinstatement procedure to customers and respond their request promptly
 Investigation of all insurance policies Sending notification documents with reply cards to all policyholders asking them to reconfirm their intentions and let us know of any points we should be aware of 	Total number o approx. 30 millio (approx. 19 million		n policies	Receiv reply car approx. 680		rds etc.	on the rep	urther investigations based ly cards and customers' o our call center

Schedule of Investigation

- With regard to investigation of specified rewriting cases, we will confirm customers' intentions continuously and take the necessary procedure for reinstatement of policies. In addition, we investigate sales personnel to confirm whether there were any violation of laws and regulations or internal rules. As for investigation of all insurance policies, we will reconfirm customers' intentions and take necessary measures.
- Independent "Special investigation Committee" will produce a report which includes recommending measures aimed at avoiding recurrence and other remedial measures.
- We have been refraining from proactive sales proposal of post offices and Japan Post Insurance's branches from mid-July. We plan to restart ordinary sales activities in stages from January 2020.

		FY19							
		Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Investigation for cases where we can determine a possibility that		Send Notification documents Phone call (1) Ph	one call (2)					
of Specified Rewriting Case	disadvantages were caused to customers not in line with their intentions (Approx.183 thousand			home visits by o		estigated			
	cases)			Accept requ	ests for policy rei	nstatement and c	onduct necessar	y procedures	
Investigation of All	of All specified rewriting cases)		Send otification ocuments						
Insurance Policies	to reconfirm their intensions (Approx. 30 million cases)			Conduct ne	cessary investig	ation based on po	blicyholder's requ	est	
Report on policy investigation	In addition to our own report, The Special Investigative Committee report on their findings			n report stigative Committee ance : progress of t		The Special In measures aim	of December (pl vestigative Commit ed at avoiding recu surance : results of	tee :	tion

Main Improvement Measures at Japan Post Insurance

The Special Investigative Committee continues to investigate the fundamental causes about the rewriting issues that caused disadvantages to customers not in line with their intentions. Meanwhile, we have been taking the following improvement measures at present.

We will consider taking additional measures depending on the results of the investigation by the Special Investigative Committee.

Items	Main improvement measures
Reformation of corporate culture	 Continuous communication of messages from the management to employees (Top message, emergency meeting) (in June and July 2019) Introduction of scheme to promptly transmit opinions from employees to the management, expansion of personnel exchange between the head office and frontline Development of an environment where each employee act under personal initiative according to the customer-first principle
Revision of sales targets, evaluation methods and incentives	 Revise sales targets from focusing on new policy sales results to maintaining and increasing policies in force Exclude rewriting of insurance policies from sales results (from August 2019) Develop a performance assessment system that can appropriately evaluate sales promotion and solicitation quality
Development of framework related to customer-first sales activities	 Strengthen the organization of compliance and internal audit Training for post office employees and management in order to thoroughly implement customer-first sales activities (to be implemented continuously)
Development of a framework to prevent inappropriate rewriting policies	 Strengthen multi-layered pre-check system for solicitation processes (implemented from August and from September 2019) Introduction of the conditional cancellation system (from April 2020) and policy conversion system (from April 2021 onward)

Stable Provision of Insurance Services at Post Offices

- Japan Post Insurance is required to manage and provide guidance to agencies as an underwriter and therefore, it will expand the number of personnel for solicitation management, compliance and customer services at head office and branches in order to improve solicitation quality.
- In addition, Japan Post Holdings will newly establish a liaison committee within the group for various management issues such as internal audit, compliance, operational risk and promotion of customer satisfaction in order to strengthen cooperation between the group companies.



1. Shareholding ratio to the total number of issued shares

2. As required by the Postal Service Privatization Act, the Japanese government must retain an equity interest in Japan Post Holdings that exceeds one-third of its total equity interest and dispose of the remainder within the earliest possible timeframe

3. Shareholding ratio to the total number of issued and outstanding shares

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Reconstruction of Future Business Model

Outline of the Reconstruction of Future Business Model

- Prioritize recompense of customers' disadvantages and clarification of the causes of the rewriting issues through the investigation, and establish customer-first business operation by implementing improvement measures based on the opinions of Special Investigative Committee.
- Regain our customers' trust through thorough implementation of improvement measures, while reconstructing business model to respond to structural factors such as constraints on product development and dependence on a single channel in order to create and improve corporate value.

Clarification of the causes of the rewriting issues and recompense of customers' disadvantages

- Investigation of rewritten insurance policies for all customers
 - Recompense identified customer disadvantages early
 - Analyze causes based on investigation results and consider additional improvement measures

Establish customer-first business operation

- Reformation of corporate culture
- Revision of sales targets, evaluation methods and incentives
- Development of framework related to customer-first sales activities
- Development of a framework to prevent inappropriate rewriting policies

Conduct the investigation in an appropriate manner and take improvement measures by providing explanations to and receiving advice from the Special Investigative Committee

Reconstruction of business model

Areas to consider	Report from Special Investigative Committee (excerpt) Note
Development and provision of new products	• Factors related to insurance products of Japan Post Insurance Our insurance products have not been diversified due to the approval requirements for new product launch under the Postal Privatization Act.
Revision of channel strategy	 Factors associated with the relationship between Japan Post Insurance and Japan Post Co. Almost all Japan Post Insurance's sales for individual customers are dependent on post office channels

Note: The contents of these materials are excerpted and summarized by Japan Post Insurance

Development of Products that Meet Customers' Needs

- In order to solve issues related to solicitation quality, developing products that meet customers' needs at Japan Post Insurance and providing them to Japan Post Co. will be necessary.
- The domestic market for medical care is expanding and customer needs have shifted to protection-type products. Japan Post Insurance will reconstruct its business model by providing products that meet customers' needs.

Annualized Premiums from Policies in Force (Medical Care) and Medical Care Ratio



2. Ratio of the annualized premiums from policies in force(medical care) to the annualized premiums from

policies in force of individual life insurance

Future product deployment Strengthen our lineup of protection-type products, a category whose market expands with strong customer needs The limitation on coverage amount increased, which enables us to meet further needs for death protection Expansion of death protection Average amount of coverage is approx. ¥3.00 million Limitation on coverage amount is ¥10.00 million, in principle of insurance Launch products, such as insurance for Educational Endowment Whole life mount endowment disability, dementia and insurance insurance nursing care, whose 840 thousand 730 thousand 120 thousand policies policies market is expanding policies 49.2% 43.2% 7.5% **Existing products New products** Medical care riders

* The number under each product name denotes the number and share of new policies by product category (1.71million policies for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2019)

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Outline of Financial Results for the Six Months Ended September 30, 2019

Overview of Financial Results for the Six Months Ended September 30, 2019 and the Forecasts for Full-year Financial Results

- Net income reached ¥ 76.3 billion (+ 11.0 % year on year), 82.1% of the previous forecast and 56.9 % of the revised forecast
- Revised our forecasts upward for ordinary profit (¥ 190.0bn → ¥ 270.0bn) and net income (¥ 93.0bn → ¥ 134.0bn)

	6 months	6 months				Previous	Revised
	ended Sep-18	ended Sep-19	Change	Achievement (Previous)	Achievement (Revised)	FY20/3 Forecast	FY20/3 Forecasts
	Α	В	B/A	B/C	B/D	С	D
Ordinary Income	3,898.3	3,661.3	(6.1 %)	51.0 %	51.0 %	7,180.0	7,180.0
Ordinary Profit	161.6	141.5	(12.4 %)	74.5 %	52.4 %	190.0	270.0
Net Income	68.7	76.3	+ 11.0 %	82.1 %	56.9 %	93.0	134.0
Net Income per share (EPS)	¥ 114.60	¥ 135.15	+ ¥ 20.55	81.9 %	56.8 %	¥ 165.03	¥ 237.79

(¥ bn)

Overview of Financial Statements

	Statement of Income							
			-	-		(¥bn)		
		6 months ended Sep-18	6 months ended Sep-19	Change		(Reference) Year ended Mar-19		
Ord	dinary income	3,898.3	3,661.3	(237.0)		7,916.6		
	Insurance premiums and others	2,040.4	1,801.1	(239.2)		3,959.9		
	Investment income	618.0	574.0	(43.9)		1,204.4		
	Reversal of policy reserves	1,213.4	1,209.3	(4.1)		2,716.7		
Ord	dinary expenses	3,736.7	3,519.8	(216.9)		7,651.7		
	Insurance claims and others	3,356.2	3,143.8	(212.3)		6,868.8		
	Investment expenses	65.4	67.0	1.6		146.0		
	Operating expenses etc1	315.1	308.8	(6.2)		636.8		
Ord	dinary profit	161.6	141.5	(20.0)		264.8		
Ext	traordinary profit and loss	(2.0)	25.8	27.8		17.5		
	ovision for reserve for icyholder dividends	63.4	54.5	(8.8)		111.8		
Inc	ome before income taxes	96.0	112.7	16.6		170.6		
Tot	tal income taxes	27.3	36.4	9.1		50.1		
	t income attributable to ban Post Insurance	68.7	76.3	7.5		120.4		
Со	re profit (Non-consolidated)	207.1	205.7	(1.4)		377.1		

Balance Sheets						
			(¥bn)			
	Mar-19	Sep-19	Change			
Total Assets	73,905.0	73,034.1	(870.8)			
Cash and deposits	917.7	1,313.2	395.5			
Money held in trust	2,787.5	2,974.1	186.6			
Securities	58,451.5	57,451.3	(1,000.1)			
Loans	6,786.0	6,052.3	(733.6)			
Fixed assets ²	261.6	258.1	(3.5)			
Deferred tax assets	1,022.0	990.0	(32.0)			
Total Liabilities	71,769.8	70,794.0	(975.8)			
Policy reserves	65,060.5	63,851.1	(1,209.3)			
Reserve for price fluctuations	897.4	871.8	(25.6)			
Net assets	2,135.1	2,240.1	104.9			
Total shareholders' equity	1,675.1	1,608.2	(66.8)			
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	460.0	631.8	171.8			

Note: Only major line items are shown.

1. Sum of Operating expenses and Other ordinary expenses

2. Sum of Tangible fixed assets and Intangible fixed assets

Annualized Premiums from New Policies

- New policy sales results for the current period were influenced by refraining from proactive sales proposal from mid-July.
- Annualized premiums from new policies for individual insurance were ¥131.6billion, annualized premiums from new policies for medical care were ¥21.1billion.



Annualized premiums (individual insurance) include the premiums for medical care related to individual insurance.

Note2 : The figures for the year ending March 31, 2020 include the influence by refraining from proactive sales proposal from mid-July.

Annualized Premiums from Policies in Force

Annualized premiums from policies in force for individual insurance were ¥ 4,555.8billion, annualized premiums from policies in force for medical care were ¥ 744.3billion



Annualized Premiums from Policies in Force (Medical Care)



Note: "New category" shows individual insurance policies underwritten by Japan Post Insurance. The "Postal Life Insurance category" shows postal life insurance policies reinsured by Japan Post Insurance from the Postal Management and Support Organization (until March 31, 2019, known as 'the Management Organization for Postal Savings and Postal Life Insurance')

Asset Portfolio

	/	Asset Portf	olio				
					(¥bn)	I	
		Mar	-19	Sep	Sep-19		
		Amount	Share	Amount	Share		
	Bonds	50,960.1	69.0 %	50,203.8	68.7 %		
	Japanese government bonds	38,041.4	51.5 %	37,571.2	51.4 %		Positive sprea
	Japanese local government bonds	7,515.9	10.2 %	7,207.2	9.9 %		Average assu rates of return
	Japanese corporate bonds	5,402.7	7.3 %	5,425.4	7.4 %		Investment re on core profit ²
	Return seeking assets ¹	10,217.7	13.8 %	10,119.1	13.9 %		
	Domestic stocks ²	1,756.0	2.4 %	1,782.7	2.4 %		
	Foreign stocks ²	345.5	0.5 %	350.3	0.5 %		Net capital ga (losses)
	Foreign bonds ²	6,708.7	9.1 %	6,600.9	9.0 %		
	Other ³	1,407.3	1.9 %	1,385.1	1.9 %		
	Loans	6,786.0	9.2 %	6,052.3	8.3 %		
	Others	5,940.9	8.0 %	6,658.7	9.1 %		Interest rate
	Cash and deposits, call loans	1,067.7	1.4 %	1,463.2	2.0 %		(10Y JGB)
	Receivables under securities borrowing transactions	2,792.2	3.8 %	3,090.2	4.2 %		USD/JPY
Tot	al assets	73,905.0	100.0 %	73,034.1	100.0%		 Average assurement reserves. Investment re

Spread and Investment Yield

(¥bn)

	6 months ended Sep-18	6 months ended Sep-19	(Reference) Year ended Mar-19
Positive spread	30.6	38.5	58.4
Average assumed rates of return ¹	1.70 %	1.69 %	1.70 %
Investment return on core profit ²	1.80 %	1.81 %	1.79 %

Net capital gains (losses)	(30.2)	(57.4)	(83.7)
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	Sep-18	Sep-19	(Reference) Year ended Mar-19
Interest rate (10Y JGB)	0.125 %	(0.215) %	(0.095) %
USD/JPY	¥ 113.57	¥ 107.92	¥ 110.99

1. Average assumed rates of return are the assumed return on general account policy reserves.

2. Investment return on core profit is the return with respect to earned policy reserves.

1. Return seeking assets include domestic and foreign stocks, foreign-currency-denominated bonds, investment trusts, etc. held for investment purposes among the assets recorded under "money held in trust" and "securities" on the balance sheet.

2. "Domestic stocks," "Foreign stocks" and "Foreign bonds" include individual stocks and bonds, as well as investment trusts that invest only in the specified assets.

3. "Bank loans," "multi-asset" and "real estate fund" etc.

High-quality Capital Structure

- Secure the solvency margin ratio in adequate level, maintaining a high level of soundness. The high proportion of capital stock and internal reserve results in high capital quality.
- Continuously focus on ensuring financial soundness and improving profitability under an ERM framework in our Medium-Term Management Plan.



5. Combined the total amount, among others, of general reserve for possible loan losses, sum of unrecognized actuarial differences and unrecognized prior service cost

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Revisions to the Forecasts for Full-year Financial Results for the Year Ending March 31, 2020

Full-year Financial Results Forecast

			(¥bn)
	Year ended Mar-19 (Actual)	Year ending Mar-20 (Previous forecasts)	Year ending Mar-20 (Revised forecasts)
Ordinary income	7,916.6	7,180.0	7,180.0
Ordinary profit	264.8	190.0	270.0
Net income ¹	120.4	93.0	134.0
Net income per share ²	¥ 200.86	¥ 165.03	¥ 237.79
Dividend per share (DPS)	¥72 (Ordinary Dividend ¥68 +Special Dividend ¥4)	¥76 (Interim Dividend ¥38 + Year–end Dividend ¥38)	¥76 (Interim Dividend ¥38 + Year–end Dividend ¥38)

1. Net income attributable to Japan Post Insurance

2. Net income per share in the consolidated financial results forecasts for the year ending March 31, 2020 has been calculated, considering the impact of the acquisition of the treasury stock on April 2019, and the cancellation of the treasury stock on May 2019.

Reasons of the Revisions

[Ordinary income]

The company is not modifying its forecast for ordinary income, because we anticipate that "1. Decrease in insurance premium income," will be substantially offset by "2. Decrease in required provisions for policy reserves" and "3. Increase in investment income".

[Ordinary profit]

Although the company expects a negative impact from "4. Increase in costs associated with the investigation of rewritten insurance policies", the company anticipates that the positive impact from "5. Decrease in expenses for sales and underwriting due to declines in new policies written" and "3. Increase in investment income" will outweigh the cost increase. Therefore the company is revising its forecast upward.

[Net income attributable to Japan Post Insurance]

The company is revising its forecast upward in light of the effect of "6. Increase in provision for reserve for policyholder dividends" and "7. Increase in income tax payments," in addition to the revision of ordinary profit described above.

Declines in new policies written will have a positive impact on our short-term performance, because the decrease in expenses for sales and underwriting (sales commissions) exceeds the decrease in insurance premium income (the assumed policy acquisition expenses). On the other hand, the company recognizes that declines in new policies written will cause negative impact on our medium to long-term performance, and we will do our utmost to regain customers' trust and improve corporate value.

Revisions to the Forecasts for Full-year Financial Results for the Year Ending March 31, 2020 (factors for changes between previous and revised forecasts in ordinary profit)

- Revised forecast for ordinary profit from ¥ 190.0bn to ¥ 270.0bn
- Mainly due to decrease in commissions influenced by refraining from proactive sales activities, and increase in positive spread based on favorable progress of investments



(¥bn)

Shareholder Return

Shareholder Return Policy Shareholder Return (Total Return Ratio) Aim for a steady increase in dividends per share while 39.6 % 40.6 % 118.9 %² 39.0 % 31.9% considering earning prospects and financial soundness Share Based on repurchase¹ revised forecast Shareholder Return for the Year Ended March 31, 2019 (Approx. ¥100.0bn) The year-end dividend for the year ended March 31, 2019, ¥ 76 + 11.8%is ¥72 per share, including an ordinary dividend of ¥68 +¥8.00 + 6.3% + ¥ 4.00 Target and a special dividend of ¥ 4. in FY2020 + ¥ 4.00 Share repurchase in April 2019 (Approx. ¥ 100.0bn) ¥76.00 + 6.7% ¥ 68.00 Year-ending + 7.1% 7 ¥ 64.00 dividend Shareholder Return for the Year Ending March 31, 2020 ¥ 38.00 ¥ 60.00 ¥ 56.00 Interim Increase the ordinary dividend by ¥ 8 per share to ¥ 76 dividend ¥ 38.00 (forecast) -Increase ordinary dividends per share, taking into account of the share repurchase Pay dividends from surplus twice a year; an interim and a year-end dividends FY16/3 FY17/3 FY18/3 FY20/3 FY19/3 Increase the opportunities to return profits to (Forecast) shareholders Current Previous Canceled treasury stock (37.4 million shares) Med-Term Med-Term Management Plan Management Plan -Cancel almost the same amount of treasury stock as that 1. Share repurchase on April 2019 2. Total return ratio including share repurchase as mentioned in Note 1 acquired in April 2019



Status of investigation of specified rewriting cases

- For the investigation of specified rewriting case categories (Categories A-F), the total numbers of cases to be investigated is 183 thousand (156 thousand customers). The company have sent notification documents and have been confirming their intentions through phone calls or home visits.
- As of September 27, we have been able to confirm approx. 59 thousand customers' intentions. We will respond to their requests as promptly as possible. For customers we have not been able to confirm their intentions, we will continue to make efforts to contact through various methods.

Confirmation status	Numbers of customers ¹	Follow-up measures
Total numbers of customers	156 thousand	
Customers already contacted	89 thousand	
Customers whose intentions have been confirmed	59 thousand	
Customers who requested detailed explanations on policy reinstatement	26 thousand	We will send the documents detailing the reinstatement procedure to customers and respond to customers' requests as promptly as possible.
Customers who do not request detailed explanations on policy reinstatement	33 thousand	We will send documents to confirm their final intentions together with appreciation for their cooperation.
Customers for whom we will confirm the intentions at a time and in a manner convenient to such customers	13 thousand	We will proceed with confirmation of customers' intentions through phone calls or home visits.
Customers whose cooperation with the investigation we have not been able to obtain	18 thousand	We will request cooperation again by sending answer sheets with reply envelopes.
Customers we have not been able to contact	66 thousand	

1. Figures as of September 27, 2019

Status of confirmation of customers' intentions (Number of customers)

- As of September 27, we have been able to confirm approx. 59 thousand customers' intentions. Among them, approx. 26 thousand customers have requested detailed explanations on policy reinstatement. For cases where we recognize that disadvantages were caused to customers not in line with their intentions, we will send the documents detailing the reinstatement procedure to customers and respond to customers' requests as promptly as possible.
- Based on the confirmation results as of September 27, the company consulted auditors about provision. Consequently, we reserved approx. ¥ 1.0billion of provision in this quarter to prepare for future benefit payment.

Category	Outline of Specified Case to be Investigated	Numbers of customers contacted ¹	Number of customers whose intentions have been confirmed ¹ (Progress rate)	Number of customers requesting detailed explanation ¹
A	Rewriting cases in which the previous policy was cancelled but the new policy underwriting were declined	18 thousand	6,266 (35 %)	1,569
В	Rewriting cases in which subsequent benefit payments were declined as a result of cancelation of the new policy due to breach of the duty to disclose important matters	2 thousand	304 (19 %)	188
С	Rewriting cases in which sales personnel could have made more reasonable proposal such as switching riders or decreasing insurance amounts	23 thousand	7,800 (35 %)	2,055
D	Cases in which the policy coverage and period did not change after rewriting, but the assumed rate of return decreased	13 thousand	4,341 (33 %)	1,114
E	Cases of overlapping insurance because the previous policy was canceled after the rewriting period (cancelled during the period seven to nine months after date of writing of the new policy)	66 thousand	28,870 (44 %)	19,974
F	Cases in which the previous policy was canceled during the period four to six month before the date of writing new policy	35 thousand	11,129 (32 %)	1,136
	Total	156 thousand	58,710 (38 %)	26,036

1. Figures as of September 27, 2019

Circumstances at the time of the solicitation (Number of cases)

- As of September 27, we have identified 6,327 cases involving potential violation of laws and regulations or internal rules out of a total of 68,020 cases (Approx. 59 thousand customers) for which we were able to confirm customers' intentions.
- The figures are based only on customers' answers. With group-wide effort, we will continue investigations of sales personnel and confirmations with customers by the approach of not allowing a single case of inappropriate conduct.

Category	Outline of Specified Case to be Investigated	Number of cases to be investigated ^{1,2}	Number of cases for which customers' intention have been confirmed ²	Number of cases involving potential violation of laws and regulations or internal rules ²		
A	Rewriting cases in which the previous policy was cancelled but the new policy underwriting were declined	18 thousand	6,751	266		
В	Rewriting cases in which subsequent benefit payments were declined as a result of cancelation of the new policy due to breach of the duty to disclose important matters	3 thousand	305	49		
С	Rewriting cases in which sales personnel could have made more reasonable proposal such as switching riders or decreasing insurance amounts	26 thousand	8,857	76		
D	Cases in which the policy coverage and period did not change after rewriting, but the assumed rate of return decreased	15 thousand	4,817	135		
E	Cases of overlapping insurance because the previous policy was canceled after the rewriting period (cancelled during the period seven to nine months after date of writing of the new policy)	75 thousand	32,959	5,449		
F	Cases in which the previous policy was canceled during the period four to six month before the date of writing new policy	46 thousand	14,331	352		
	Total	183 thousand	68,020	6,327		

1. Within each category, policies with the same policyholder and same application date are counted as one case. The total number of policies is approx. 194 thousand.

2. Figures as of September 27, 2019.

Number of New Policies

Numb	per of Nev	w Policies (Ind	lividual Insurance)		Breakdown	of New Pol	licies		
								(1	0 thousands)
		■Apr-Sep	Oct-Mar			6 months Sep		6 months Sep	
(10 thousands 200 ा	s)					Number of policies	Share	Number of policies	Share
180 -	173	171		Indiv	<i>r</i> idual insurance	88	100.0 %	58	100.0 %
180 -	79				Endowment insurance	43	49.3 %	30	51.9 %
160 -		82			Ordinary endowment insurance	23	26.7 %	16	27.5 %
140 -					Ordinary endowment insurance (with a relaxed underwriting criteria)	-	-	3	5.5 %
120 -					Special endowment insurance ¹	20	22.5 %	11	18.9 %
100 -	0.1				Whole life insurance	38	43.5 %	24	41.7 %
80 -	94	88			Ordinary whole life insurance (Fixed amount type)	12	13.7 %	5	10.0 %
60 -			58		Ordinary whole life insurance (with a relaxed underwriting criteria)	-	-	6	10.9 %
40 -					Ordinary whole life insurance (Increased amount type)	21	23.8 %	9	16.8 %
20 -			(34.4) %		Special whole life insurance	5	6.0 %	2	4.1 %
0	FY18/3	FY19/3	FY20/3		Educational endowment insurance	6	7.0 %	3	6.3 %
					Other insurance	0	0.2 %	0	0.1 %

Note: Only major products are shown. 1. Increased amount type endowment insurance

Note : The figures for the year ending March 31, 2020 include the influence by refraining from proactive sales proposal from mid-July.

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Number of Policies in Force



Insurance. "Postal Life Insurance category" shows postal life insurance policies reinsured by Japan Post Insurance from the Postal Management and Support Organization

Sep-19 Number Share Share of policies 100.0 % 2.836 100.0 % 40.0 % 39.3 % 1.114 25.6 % 713 25.2 % 3 0.1 % 14.1 % 390 13.8 % 44.6 % 1,292 45.6 % 14.1 % 14.3 % 405 5 0.2 % 9.7 % 282 9.9 % 20.8 % 597 21.1 % 14.9 % 416 14.7 % Other insurance 13 0.5 % 13 0.5 %

Note: Only major products are shown.

Increased amount type endowment insurance

(10 thousands)

Diversifying the Asset Portfolio

- Expand investments in return seeking assets within the scope of risk buffer under a risk appetite policy principally based on ALM
- As low interest rate environment continues in Japan, we have been diversifying in our asset portfolio in order to improve profitability. During the second half of FY20/3, we will gradually take a risk, such as increase open foreign bonds or Japanese stocks while decrease hedged foreign bonds, based on appropriate judgement regarding to current market environment.

Return seeking assets

(¥bn)

	Mar	[.] -16	Mar	-17	Mai	⁻ -18	Mar	⁻ -19	Sep-19		Mar-20	Mar-21
	Amount	Share ¹	Amount	Share ¹	Amount	Share ¹	Amount	Share ¹	Amount	Share ¹	Plan	Plan
Return seeking assets ²	5,401.6	6.6 %	7,963.7	9.9 %	9,450.4	12.3 %	10,217.7	13.8 %	10,119.1	13.9%	Approx. 14%	Approx. 15%
Foreign bonds ³	3,919.8	4.8 %	5,267.9	6.6 %	5,545.4	7.2 %	6,708.7	9.1 %	6,600.9	9.0 %	(Hedged) Decrease (Open) Increase	-
Japanese stocks ³	1,202.5	1.5 %	1,626.0	2.0 %	2,040.6	2.7 %	1,756.0	2.4 %	1,782.7	2.4 %	Increase	-
Foreign stocks ³	229.4	0.3 %	309.0	0.4 %	342.5	0.4 %	345.5	0.5 %	350.3	0.5 %	Keep flat	-
Other ⁴	49.9	0.1 %	760.6	0.9 %	1,521.8	2.0 %	1,407.3	1.9 %	1,385.1	1.9 %	Increase	-
	[Stocks] [Stocks] [Stocks] [Stocks] [Stocks] •Commenced smart •Launch in-house •Expand the amount of •Start investing		house t ent for U.S.	[Foreign bonds] •Expand the amount of investments in EM bonds		[Foreign bonds] • Expand the target currencies						
Main initiatives on return seeking assets			Launch in		 Expand the in-house in 	Expand the amount of • Start in focused		n	[Stocks] •Expand the amount of in-house investment management		[Stocks] •Expand the amount of in-house investment management	
	[Others] • Start inves multi-asse	•	[Others] • Start inves Bank Loan		[Others] • Start altern investments PE, among	s (HF and	[Others] • Start inves overseas funds	sting in real estate		e amount of investment	[Others] •Expand the amount of alternative investment	

1. The percentage to total assets is shown.

2. Return seeking assets include domestic and foreign stocks, foreign-currency-denominated bonds, investment trusts, etc. held for investment purposes among the assets recorded under "money held in trust" and "securities" on the balance sheet.

3. "Japanese stocks," "Foreign stocks" and "Foreign bonds" include individual stocks and bonds, as well as investment trusts that invest only in the specified assets.

4. "Bank loans," "multi-asset" and "real estate fund" etc.

Business Environment in the Japanese Life Insurance Industry

- As social security cost such as medical expenditures are expected to increase going forward, the necessity of selfhelp effort for the risk of living expenses, injuries, diseases and nursing care has been increasing
- Detecting a disease at an early stage before it gets serious and taking measures to prevent or delay the onset of serious illness have been becoming more important in Japan



Increase in National Medical Expenditure(NME)

Sources: Cabinet Secretariat, Cabinet Office, Ministry of Finance, Ministry of Health, Labor and Welfare (May 21,2018) Note: Figures at FY26/3 are estimated amount at official announcement. GDP growth and NME growth are rates in comparison to FY12/3

Difference between Average Life Expectancy at Birth (years) and Average Healthy Life Expectancy at Birth (years)



source: Ministry of Health, Labor and Welfare, 11^{III} meeting of Health Japan 21 (the 2nd term), material No. 1-1

Dementia Patients ratio by Age(2012)



Source: "Study on future estimates on elderly population of dementia in Japan" (Special Scientific Research Fund Subsidy Project on Health, Labor and Welfare in 2014)

ESG Initiatives – Environmental

- Expressed support for the proposal of the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) on April 22, 2019
- Strive to save energy actively to lower carbon dioxide emissions markedly

Expressed support for the Task Force on Climaterelated Financial Disclosures (TCFD)

- In Japan Post Group CSR Basic Policy, we declared that "we shall strive to undertake business operations adapted to the impact of climate change and actively promote business and environmental conservation activities with consideration toward reducing our burden on the environment."
- Analyze more deeply the impact of climate change on each companies' operations in light of the TCFD proposal and work on further information disclosures

Investment related to TCFD

Invest in "Climate Awareness Bonds (bonds to raise awareness of climate change)" issued by European Investment Bank in May 2019

Energy-saving Initiatives

- Target reduced CO₂ emissions from our facilities by saving energy as one means of combatting global warming.
- Upgraded to highly effective energy-saving equipment at large facilities and are promoting a switch to hybrid and ecofriendly cars.



ESG Initiatives – Social

Assist promoting health and forming a diversity society as a contribution to local communities and society

Popularize radio exercise

- Assist local community-society citizens in promoting health, by popularizing radio exercise.
- Approx. 2,300 persons participated in the 58th 10 million People's Radio Exercise and *Minna-no Taiso* ("Exercise for Everyone") festival.



July 28, 2019 in Setagaya-ku, Tokyo



Radio exercise 90th anniversary logo

Sponsorship of the Japan Wheelchair Tennis Association (JWTA)

 Work to build a diversity society through assisting wheelchair tennis and sponsoring wheelchair tennis player, Momoko Otani, along with promoting the employment of persons with disabilities





Promote diversity management, mainly in the areas of promoting expanding roles for female employees and work-life balance



ESG Initiatives – Governance

- Strengthened corporate governance and enabled faster decision-making by adopting the corporate structure of a company with a Nominating Committee and other committees, and clearly separate the business execution and supervisory functions
- Our Board of Directors is composed of seven outside directors, a majority of the Board, and that includes three female directors. We achieve diversification and high independence in our Board.
- Introduced a Trust-Based Performance-Linked Stock Compensation System for executive officers. We expect them high commitment to continued growth of the company.



Comply with ESG Investment and Stewardship Code

- Actively implement ESG investment and formulate the ESG Investment Policy to contribute to forming a sustainable society
- Comply with the Stewardship Code to contribute to the growth of the Japanese economy through having constructive dialogue with investee companies

ESG Investment Policy (excerpt)

- From the perspective of fulfilling our social responsibilities to all stakeholders, we are promoting initiatives to solve environmental, social and governance (ESG) issues facing society, and actively taking on challenges toward the sustainable growth of corporate value and social development.
- In asset management, we will consider various factors of ESG in making investment decisions, in order to realize a sustainable society, improve investment results and reduce risks in the longterm.

ESG investment results

ESG theme investments¹

Period	ltem	Size ³
From June 2016	Green bonds and social bonds	Approx. ¥ 93.9 bn
From January 2017	Solar power generation (project financing)	Approx. ¥ 28.9 bn

ESG integration²

Period	ltem	Size ³
From November 2016	Japanese stocks (in-house investment)	Approx. ¥ 198.7 bn
From March 2017	Japanese stock ESG fund (external mandate)	Approx. ¥ 6.1 bn

1. Investments in assets that have specific themes leading to resolution of social challenges

- 2. Investments made in a manner in which ESG factors are incorporated in the investment decision making process
- 3. Market value balance as of September 30, 2019

Our Policies on Japan's Stewardship Code (excerpt)

- For our in-house investments in Japanese stocks, we will invest in stocks from a medium- to long-term viewpoint, thereby we fulfill stewardship to promote the medium- to long-term enhancement of corporate value of investee companies through understanding their circumstances, engaging purposeful dialogue with them, and exercise of voting rights.
- We expect an asset management institution to accept the code and request any institution failing to do so to provide sufficient explanation about the reason.

Status of Compliance with the Stewardship Code

Responsible Investing Advisory Committee

 Held a Responsible Investing Advisory Committee, and discussed matters which affect the exercise voting rights, including conflicts of interest etc., with prominent outside individuals.

Dialogues with investee companies (engagement)

- For in-house investment, conducting a constructive dialogue with an effort to build relationships with investee companies
- For outsourced investments, engaging mainly with companies in actively managed portfolios, as well as with certain companies in passively managed portfolios, such as companies with a large market cap or a relatively low ROE

We engage in activities that contribute to the creation of sustainable society and the achievement of SDGs (Sustainable Development Goals)


Provision of health promotion apps

- Starting from January 15, 2019, we began to provide health promotion app "Sukoyakanpo" free of charge
- Starting from April 15, 2019, we began to provide premium menu items to our policyholders, insured and policyholder-family members
- Starting from July 3, 2019, we began to provide Radio exercise card



Business Features

- Provide simple and easy-to-understand products through the nationwide network of post offices, inheriting the Postal Life Insurance Service's public mission of "protecting the means of fundamental livelihood of the nation through simple procedures"
- Our current business model have three features below



Position within Japan Post Group

- Life insurance business is one of the three main businesses of Japan Post Group
- Japan Post Co. has a strong contact with household market
- Once Japan Post Holdings disposes of 50% or more of its equity interest in us, the regulatory approval requirement for new businesses will be lifted and only regulatory prior notification will be required



Major Products

- Our basic strategy is to provide universal service products (endowment insurance and whole life insurance) with medical care riders
- Provide guarantee for hospitalization and surgery in wide range of diseases and injuries by medical care rider



Additional Restrictions under the Postal Service Privatization Act

- Additional regulatory restrictions relating to new businesses under the Postal Service Privatization Act will change from an approval system to a notification system upon disposal of half or more of Kampo's shares by Japan Post Holdings, although regulations imposed under the Insurance Business Act will continue to be applicable
- The limit on the coverage amount is prescribed by a cabinet order, and any revision will require a hearing at the Postal Services Privatization Committee

ltem		Content					
		 [Until Japan Post Holdings disposes of half or more of all the shares of Kampo] Approval by specified ministers¹ (a hearing at the Postal Service Privatization Committee is required) 					
New business		 [After Japan Post Holdings disposes of a half or more of all the shares of Kampo until the designated date²] Notification to competent ministers (obligation to consider competitors, notification to Postal Service Privatization Committee is required) 					
		 [After designated date²] No regulations under Postal Service Privatization Act (regulations under Insurance Business Act will continue) 					
Limit on		 Prescribed in a cabinet order (a hearing at the Postal Service Privatization Committee is required to revise) Limit on coverage amount: in principle, ¥10 mn, total of ¥20 mn after 4 years have elapsed since start of coverage (age 20-55) 					
coverage amount		 [After designated date²] No regulations based on Postal Service Privatization Act 					
Subsidiary		 Prohibited from acquiring or holding as a subsidiary or merging with any insurance company no specific statutory rules applicable to our minority investments, which is acquiring voting rights below 50% 					
1. Specified ministers: Prime Minister (Commis	sioner of the F	 [After designated date²] No regulations based on Postal Service Privatization Act Financial Services Agency) and Minister of Internal Affairs and Communications 					

2. Designated date: The earlier of (i) the disposal of 50% or more of Japan Post Holdings' equity interest in Kampo and the determination by the Prime Minister and the Minister for Internal Affairs and Communications that the additional restriction can be lifted and (ii) the disposal of Japan Post Holdings' entire equity interest in Kampo

Commissions to Japan Post Co.

- Commissions to Japan Post Co. represent approx. 70% of operating expenses
- Strictly in accordance with the Insurance Business Act and other rules and regulations, calculations of commission must be made on a cost-benefit basis to ensure neither Kampo nor Japan Post Co. enjoys an advantage over the other



maintain its post office network. Accordingly, we revised our commissions paid to Japan Post Co. based on operating agreement

^{2.} Consolidated basis

Overview of Funds and Contributions

- Amendments to the Act on the Management Organization for Postal Savings and Postal Life Insurance have taken effect since December 1, 2018
- From April 2019, we and Japan Post Bank are required to contribute to The Postal Management and Support Organization which will pay the fundamental necessary expenses for Japan Post Co. to maintain its post office network

System of Funds and Contributions



Previous Commission Structure vs. New System¹



- Along with the establishment of the system of funds and contributions, we revised the structure of agency commissions in order not to affect its total amount under the new system of paying both commissions and contributions, compared to the previous system of paying only commissions
- 1. Comparison of previous commission structure versus new contribution system, assuming the same number of new policies and other variables

Impact on Profit for the Current Fiscal Year Due to Decline in New Policy Sales

- Of the premiums received from customers, Japan Post Insurance receives a fixed amount of expense loading every month in order to operate its business. Using this expense loading as funds, Japan Post Insurance pays sales commissions monthly to Japan Post Co. However, the payment method is an L-type payment, which has a higher amount of payment up to the 12th than expense loading, and therefore profit for the first year of Japan Post Insurance worsen as the number of new policies increase.
- In FY20/3, Japan Post Insurance's profit is expected to improve due to significant decline in new policy sales. However, this effect only for a short term, and from a medium- to long-term perspective, the decrease in new policies will have a negative impact on profit of Japan Post Insurance.

<Model of receipt of premiums and payment of sales commissions (model for one contract)>



Overview of the alliance between Aflac and Japan Post Group

20% voting rights four years after acquisition of shares and application of the equity method of

accounting

- In July 2013, Japan Post Holdings and Aflac Life Insurance Japan Ltd. entered into a business alliance agreement to provide cancer insurance through the nationwide post offices and Kampo's directly managed offices. Those policies are reinsured by Kampo and risk profits are shared
- In December 2018, Japan Post Holdings and Aflac Incorporated entered into a basic agreement regarding a strategic alliance based on a capital relationship to increase corporate value in each of Japan Post Group companies, including Kampo
- New products to be considered for development are confirmed not to affect the field of products which Kampo plans to launch or sell independently and Kampo's corporate value is not expected to be impaired



Second quarter result (Factors for Year on Year Changes) (Non-Consolidated)

- While core profit attributable to life insurance activities decreased by ¥9.4 billion mainly due to the decrease in the number of policies in force, total core profit remained almost the same at ¥205.7 billion, as a result of improvement of positive spread.
- Continue accounting treatments to neutralize capital losses using the reserve for price fluctuations. Net income increased by ¥8.0 billion due to the decrease in policies with policyholder's dividend.



1. "Decrease in operating expenses, etc." shows the difference of 2Q figures between the year ended March 31, 2019, and the year ended March 31, 2020. This figure is calculated by adding up "Operating expenses" and "Other ordinary expenses".

New and Postal Life Insurance Category in the Statement of Income (Non-consolidated)

New and Postal Life Insurance Category in the Statement of Income (Non-consolidated)

	FY16/3		FY17/3		FY18/3		FY19/3		FY19/3 2Q		(^{∓bh}) FY20/3 2Q	
	New	Postal Life	New	Postal Life	New	Postal Life	New	Postal Life	New	Postal Life	New	Postal Life
Ordinary income ¹	4,431.7	8,039.6	4,464.2	6,889.2	3,938.8	5,489.2	3,814.7	4,374.4	1,961.1	2,165.5	1,789.0	1,884.1
Insurance premiums and others	4,091.5	1,322.3	4,039.0	1,002.8	3,481.2	755.2	3,369.5	590.3	1,729.4	310.9	1,558.9	242.2
Investment income ¹	337.6	1,017.3	422.8	945.0	454.6	830.3	440.1	764.3	228.8	389.1	227.5	346.5
Other ordinary income ¹	2.5	5,700.0	2.3	4,941.3	3.0	3,903.7	4.9	3,019.8	2.7	1,465.4	2.6	1,295.4
Ordinary expenses ¹	4,276.8	7,781.6	4,370.1	6,704.0	3,767.1	5,352.2	3,663.5	4,260.4	1,865.0	2,100.0	1,691.3	1,839.9
Insurance claims and others	1,031.6	7,518.7	1,136.5	6,413.7	1,765.6	5,124.3	2,837.9	4,030.9	1,367.8	1,988.3	1,409.3	1,734.5
Provision for policy reserves and others ¹	2,865.7	-	2,694.0	-	1,474.7	-	272.5	-	228.2	-	11.9	-
Investment expenses ¹	3.8	5.8	103.8	56.5	78.5	27.9	99.1	46.8	42.9	22.4	47.7	19.3
Operating expenses	318.0	219.0	366.5	193.6	372.8	159.9	376.2	142.1	186.0	70.4	184.2	68.1
Other ordinary expenses	57.4	37.9	69.0	40.0	75.2	39.8	77.7	40.4	39.9	18.7	38.1	17.8
Ordinary profit	154.9	258.0	94.0	185.2	171.7	137.0	151.1	113.9	96.0	65.5	97.7	44.2
Extraordinary gains and losses ²	(62.4)	(8.9)	5.7	(12.6)	(27.2)	(17.0)	13.8	3.6	(3.9)	1.9	6.1	19.6
Provision for reserve for policyholder dividends	7.5	170.4	15.6	137.0	21.6	96.1	19.6	92.1	10.1	53.2	7.5	47.0
Income before income taxes	84.9	78.6	84.2	35.5	122.9	23.8	145.3	25.5	81.8	14.1	96.3	16.8
Total income taxes	31.4	45.7	21.7	9.5	35.4	6.9	41.1	8.7	22.9	4.2	28.1	8.1
Net income	53.4	32.8	62.4	26.0	87.4	16.8	104.1	16.7	58.9	9.8	68.1	8.6

Note: "Postal Life Insurance category" shows the amounts generated from the Postal Life Insurance policies, and "New category" shows the figure after deduction of "Postal Life Insurance category" from the total.

1. Adjusted if the resulting number for the new category is negative when the Postal Life Insurance category is subtracted from Japan Post Insurance as a whole.

(E.g.: FY20/3 2Q, ¥ 11.9billion was added to "Reversal of policy reserves," under "Other ordinary income," and to "Provision for policy reserves and others," under "Ordinary expenses")

2. "Extraordinary gains and losses" includes "Price fluctuations reserve, provision" and "Price fluctuations reserve, reversal."

(¥bn)

Figures by New and Postal Life Insurance Categories (Non-Consolidated)

		FY16/3	FY17/3	FY18/3	FY19/3	FY19/3 2Q	FY20/3 2Q
Total assets	¥mn	81,543,623	80,336,414	76,832,508	73,904,576	74,765,583	73,036,599
Postal Life Insurance category		55,832,787	51,447,550	46,684,937	41,354,076	43,076,398	40,185,635
New category		25,710,836	28,888,864	30,147,570	32,550,500	31,689,184	32,850,963
Number of policies in force	(000)	32,323	31,562	30,405	29,143	29,840	28,365
Postal Life Insurance category (insurance)		16,972	14,411	12,484	11,048	11,788	10,469
New category (individual insurance)		15,350	17,150	17,921	18,095	18,051	17,896
Insurance premiums and others	¥mn	5,413,862	5,041,868	4,236,461	3,959,928	2,040,437	1,801,184
Postal Life Insurance category		1,322,308	1,002,816	755,221	590,340	310,944	242,264
New category		4,091,554	4,039,051	3,481,240	3,369,588	1,729,492	1,558,920
Ordinary profit	¥mn	413,023	279,347	308,845	265,143	161,529	141,945
Postal Life Insurance category		258,059	185,250	137,074	113,981	65,500	44,202
New category		154,963	94,097	171,771	151,162	96,029	97,743
Net income	¥mn	86,338	88,520	104,309	120,958	68,797	76,865
Postal Life Insurance category		32,850	26,044	16,878	16,763	9,896	8,692
New category		53,487	62,475	87,430	104,195	58,901	68,173
Contingency reserve (reversal) provision	¥mn	(123,864)	(120,819)	(139,678)	(151,592)	(75,150)	(82,306)
Postal Life Insurance category		(171,199)	(172,881)	(173,722)	(173,590)	(87,248)	(85,575)
New category		47,335	52,061	34,043	21,997	12,098	3,268
Price fluctuations reserve (reversal) provision	¥mn	70,100	6,444	128,031	(19,251)	1,933	(25,637)
Postal Life Insurance category		8,957	12,625	17,090	(3,686)	(1,929)	(19,674)
New category		61,143	(6,181)	110,940	(15,564)	3,863	(5,962)
Additional policy reserve (reversal) provision	¥mn	(55,533)	(50,454)	(30,648)	(50,292)	(22,807)	(24,350)
Postal Life Insurance category		(55,533)	(50,454)	(47,674)	(46,698)	(20,989)	(22,636)
New category		-	-	17,025	(3,594)	(1,818)	(1,713)

Note: "Postal Life Insurance category" shows the amounts generated from the Postal Life Insurance policies, and "New category" shows the figure after deduction of "Postal Life Insurance category" from the total.

Key Financial Indicators

						(¥bn)
	FY16/3	FY17/3	FY18/3	FY19/3	FY19/3 2Q	FY20/3 2Q
Insurance premiums and others	5,413.8	5,041.8	4,236.4	3,959.9	2,040.4	1,801.1
Ordinary profit	411.5	279.7	309.2	264.8	161.6	141.5
Provision for reserve for policyholder dividends	178.0	152.6	117.7	111.8	63.4	54.5
Net income	84.8	88.5	104.4	120.4	68.7	76.3
Net assets	1,882.9	1,853.2	2,003.1	2,135.1	2,034.1	2,240.1
Total assets	81,545.1	80,336.7	76,831.2	73,905.0	74,763.9	73,034.1
Return on equity	4.4 %	4.7 %	5.4 %	5.8 %	-	-
Return on shareholders' equity	5.9 %	5.9 %	6.7 %	7.4 %	-	-
Dividends to shareholders ¹	33.6	36.0	40.8	43.2	-	21.3
Total Return Ratio ²	39.6 %	40.6 %	39.0 %	118.9 %	-	-
Core profit (Non-consolidated)	464.2	390.0	386.1	377.1	207.1	205.7
Core profit attributable to life insurance activities	366.8	311.4	320.3	318.7	176.5	167.1
Spread (positive/negative spread)	97.4	78.5	65.8	58.4	30.6	38.5

1. The figure for FY20/3 2Q reflects the resolution made on November 14, 2019 at the meeting of the Board of Directors regarding the interim dividend to be paid.

2. The figure for FY19/3 represents the total return ratio including share repurchase (approx. ¥100.0 billion) in April 2019.

<Points of Attention Regarding EV>

EV must be calculated in accordance with the EEV Principles by using appropriate assumptions for future experience. In particular, the company understands that we have to reflect the influence of the initiatives, which we announced as 'Investigation of Rewritten Insurance Policies and Initiatives for Improvement' on July 31, 2019, on non-economic assumptions such as surrender and lapse rate, operating expenses etc.

However, it is impossible to make appropriate assumptions for future experience to calculate EV as of the end of September 2019 at present. We plan to calculate and disclose EV once we prepare appropriate non-economic assumptions.

(Note) We have also not disclosed EV as of the end of June 2019, but plan to calculate and disclose it once we prepare appropriate non-economic assumptions, as with EV as of the end of September 2019.

<Points of Attention Regarding ESR>

Also, with regard to ESR as of the end of September 2019, the company understands that we need to reflect the influence of the above initiatives on the assumptions. However, it is impossible to make appropriate assumptions at present. Consequently, we will withhold the disclosure of ESR because reasonable assumptions cannot be set at the present time. We plan to calculate and disclose ESR once we prepare appropriate non-economic assumptions.

<Disclaimer>

The financial results forecasts and other forward-looking statements herein are based on certain assumptions deemed reasonable by Japan Post Insurance at the time of this document's disclosure. Please note that actual results may differ materially from such forward-looking statements due to various factors including changes in the operating environment, interest rates or general economic conditions or other future events and circumstances.

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