Financial Results & Corporate Strategy Meeting for the Six Months Ended September 30, 2021

November 25, 2021



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1

Financial Results for the Six Months Ended September 30, 2021

Review of the First Half of FY22/3

JAPAN POST INSURANCE

In the first half of FY22/3, we realized the relaxation of additional restriction under the Postal Service Privatization Act, which is the premise of the Medium-Term Management Plan disclosed in May 2021, in addition to the continuous initiatives for regaining customer's trust and response to COVID-19

Initiatives in the First Half of FY22/3

Initiatives for regaining customers' trust

- Shift to a new sales stance (April 1, 2021)
 - Resumed proactive proposals and rebuilding trustful relationship with customers through sales activities
- Thoroughly implement customer-first business operation, and verify and review the effectiveness of improvement measures

Spread of COVID-19

- Support for customers
 - Implementation of the special handling, double payment of insurance benefits, etc., associated with the impact of COVID-19
- Appropriate business operation in an emergency

Management strategies

- Medium-Term Management Plan (FY2021-FY2025) (May 14, 2021)
 - The plan that aim for reconstruction, transition of business model and demonstrating the "quality unique to Japan Post Insurance"
- Relaxation of additional restrictions under the Postal Service Privatization Act (June 9, 2021)
 - Voting ratio of Japan Post Holdings are below 50% (49.90%) after acquisition of treasury stock, etc.¹ and realize relaxation of additional restriction

^{1.} The Company has resolved matters related to the acquisition of its treasury stock at a meeting of the Board of Directors held on May 14, 2021. After acquisition of treasury stock, Japan Post Holdings disposed shares in the Company through a trust for share disposal on June 9, 2021.

Overview of Financial Results

		FY 21/3 2Q	FY 22/3 2Q	
Earnings (Financial	Net Income	93.6	80.5	
Accounting)	Net Income per share (EPS)	¥ 166.55	¥ 181.84	
Embedded Value	EV	3,734.1	3,791.4	
(Economic Value)	Value of new business	(1.5)	(5.2)	
Shareholder Return	Dividend per share (DPS)	_	¥ 45	

FY 22/3 Forecasts	(Reference) FY 21/3
118.0	166.1
¥ 280.05	¥ 295.33
	4,026.2
	(12.7)
¥ 90 Interim dividend ¥ 45 Year-end dividend ¥ 45	¥ 76

[Financial Results]

(¥bn)

Net income decreased 14.0% year on year to ¥80.5billion due to a decrease in core profit reflecting a decline in policies in force, etc. and an increase in other one-time losses caused by excess provision for contingency reserves.

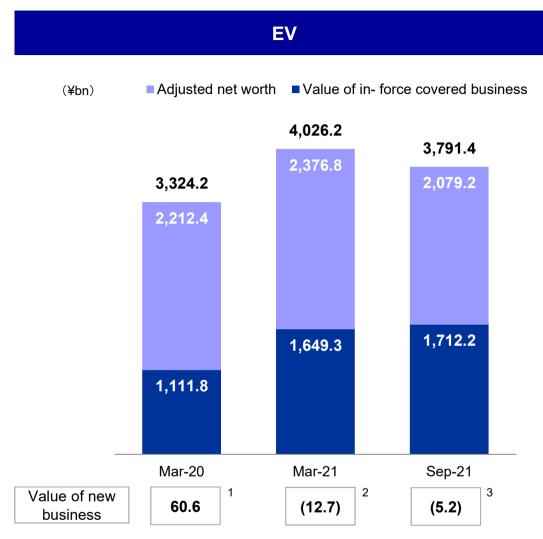
[Embedded Value]

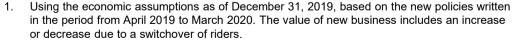
- ➤EV decreased by 5.8% from the end of the previous fiscal year to ¥3,791.4billion, mainly due to the decreases in net assets resulting from the acquisition of treasury stock worth ¥ 358.8billion in May 2021.
- Certain amount of operating expenses for new policy acquisition is required regardless of the amount of new policies sold. As a result, the value of new business was ¥ (5.2)billion.

[Shareholder Return]

- An annual dividend for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2022 is scheduled to be ¥ 90 per share.
- ➤ The Company plans to provide cash dividends twice a year as the interim dividends and the year-end dividends in this fiscal year.

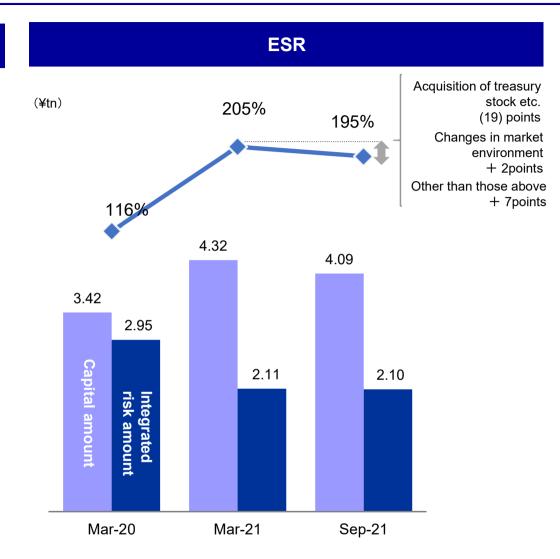
EV and **ESR**





- 2. Using the economic assumptions as of June 30, 2020, based on the new policies written in the period from April 2020 to March 2021. The value of new business includes the increase or decrease due to switchover of riders and conditional cancellation.
- Using the economic assumptions as of June 30, 2021, based on the new policies written in the period from April 2021 to September 2021. The value of new business includes the increase or decrease due to conditional cancellation and conversion.

JAPAN POST INSURANCE



Notes : The capital amount, the numerator of ESR, was calculated by adding the amount of subordinated bonds issued by the company to EV.

The integrated risk amount, the denominator of ESR, was calculated based on an internal model (holding period: 1 year, confidence level: 99.5%), recognizing fluctuations in the capital amount as risk.

5

The Forecasts for Full-year Financial Results for the Year Ending March 31, 2022

Full-year Financial Results Forecast

(¥bn)

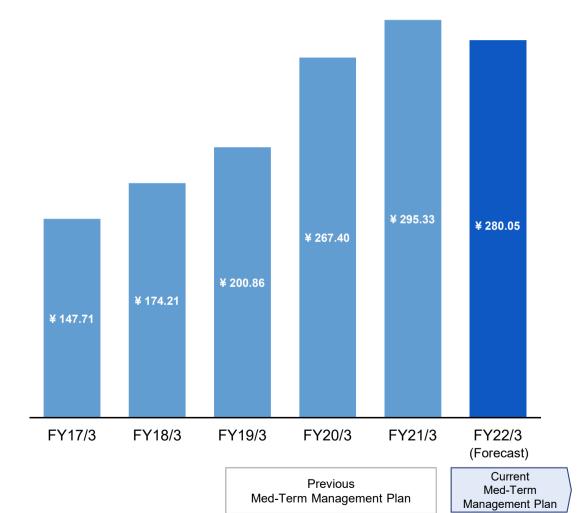
	Year ending Mar-22 (forecasts)
Ordinary income	6,380.0
Ordinary profit	290.0
Net income ¹	118.0

6months ended Sep-21	Achievement
3,226.1	50.6 %
183.8	63.4 %
80.5	68.3 %





Earnings Per Share



1. Net income attributable to Japan Post Insurance



Status of Insurance payment for COVID-19

- We are continuing emergency handling for COVID-19.
- The payment of insurance claims for COVID-19 has quite minor impact on insurance payments as a whole.

Emergency handling for insurance payment

- Due to the situation of medical institutions caused by the impact of COVID-19, the following cases are handled as payment targets for hospitalization benefit
 - When a diagnosis of COVID-19 (found to be positive by PCR testing, etc.) is conducted, and medical treatment at an accommodation facility offered by prefectural governments or at home.
 - In the case that the patient could not be hospitalized despite the need for inpatient treatment for diseases or injury other than COVID-19, or he/she is forced to exit earlier than originally planned
- In the event of death due to COVID-19, insurance benefits will be doubled as "Double payment of insurance benefits" are applied in addition to the death benefit
- Omission of part of necessary documents at the time of claim, etc.

Status of insurance payment for COVID-19

	FY20/3	FY21/3	FY22/3 2Q	Total
Death	_	¥4,989.81million	¥7,267.75million	¥12,257.56million
benefits ¹		(1,456policies)	(2,096policies)	(3,552policies)
Hospitalization	¥0.74million	¥824.57million	¥1,695.50million	¥2,520.81million
benefits	(15policies)	(14,023policies)	(28,624policies)	(42,662policies)

[Reference] Status of insurance payment as a whole

	FY20/3	FY21/3	FY22/3 2Q
Insurance	Approximately	Approximately	Approximately
benefits ²	¥5.3trillion	¥5.1trillion	¥2.4trillion

- 1. Include double payment
- Sum of "Insurance claims", "Annuity payments" and "Benefits." Insurance claims include cancellation refunds, etc. at the Organization for Postal Savings, Postal Life Insurance and Post Office Network.



2

Progress of the Medium-Term Management Plan (FY2021 - FY2025) and Future Initiatives

Progress of the Medium-Term Management Plan (FY2021 - FY2025)

- Although various initiatives in the Medium- Term Management Plan progress steadily, the recovery of new policy sales has remained slow and it was a significant decrease from the period before the solicitation quality issues have surfaced.
- Aim at recovery of new policy sales by shifting to new Japan Post Insurance sales system and providing new products, etc.

Medium-Term Management Plan (FY2021 - FY2025)

Progress in the first half of FY22/3

Reconstruction

Continue efforts to regain trust

Reinforce business foundations

- Continue the initiatives to regain trust, and steadily provide follow-up support through the policy coverage confirmation activities
- Although we resumed proactive sales proposal to customers from April 2021, the follow-up support have not led to new policy proposals. Therefore, the recovery of new policy sales has remained slow.
- Make steadily progress toward the establishment of new Japan Post Insurance sales system and the enhancement of insurance services



Sustainable Growth

Improve customer experience value

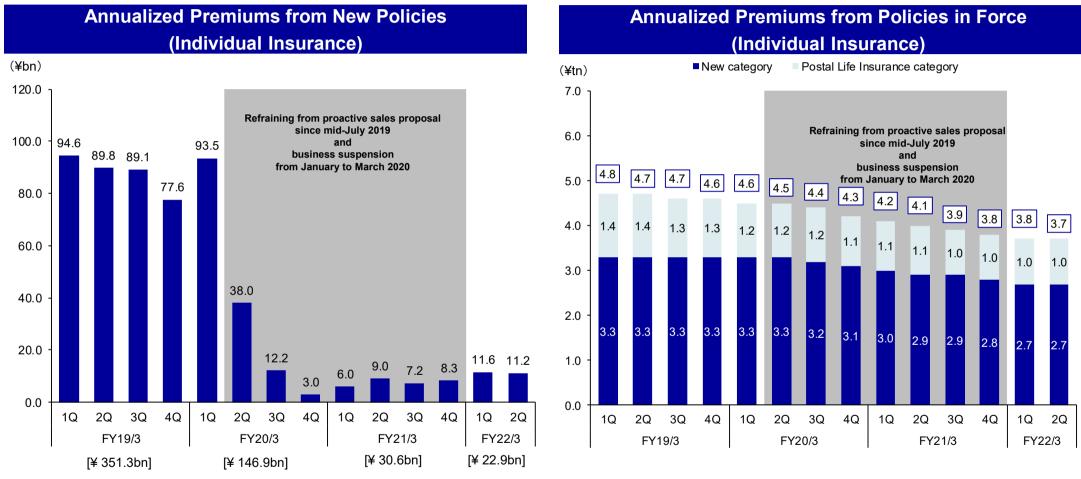
Promote ESG management

- In order to increase NPS^{®1,} promote preparation for CX/DX initiatives through in-house promotions
- Continue ESG investment and considering services that are close to the daily lives of customers
- . NPS® is an abbreviation for "Net Promoter Score" and a registered trademark of Bain & Company, Inc., Fred Reichheld, and Satmetrix Systems, Inc.



Policy Sales [Individual Insurance]

Although we resumed proactive sales proposal to customers from April 1, 2021, the recovery of new policy sales has remained slow and it was a significant decrease from the period before the solicitation quality issues have surfaced. As a result, policies in force also remain on a downward trend.



Note1 : Annualized premiums are calculated by multiplying the amount of a single premium installment payment by a multiplier determined according to the relevant payment method to arrive at a single annualized amount. (For lump-sum payments, annualized premiums are calculated by dividing the total premium by the insured period.)

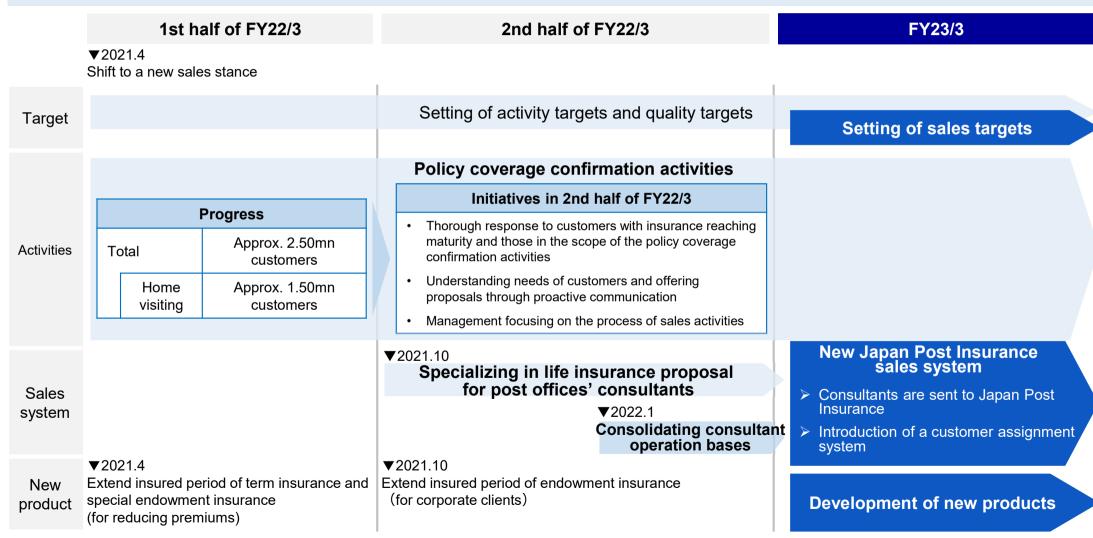
Note2: The figures for the year ended March 31, 2020 and the year ended March 31, 2021 include the influence by refraining from proactive sales proposal from mid-July 2019 and business suspension from January to March 2020.

Note3: "New category" shows individual insurance policies underwritten by Japan Post Insurance. The "Postal Life Insurance category" shows postal life insurance policies reinsured by Japan Post Insurance from Organization for Postal Savings, Postal Life Insurance and Post Office Network.



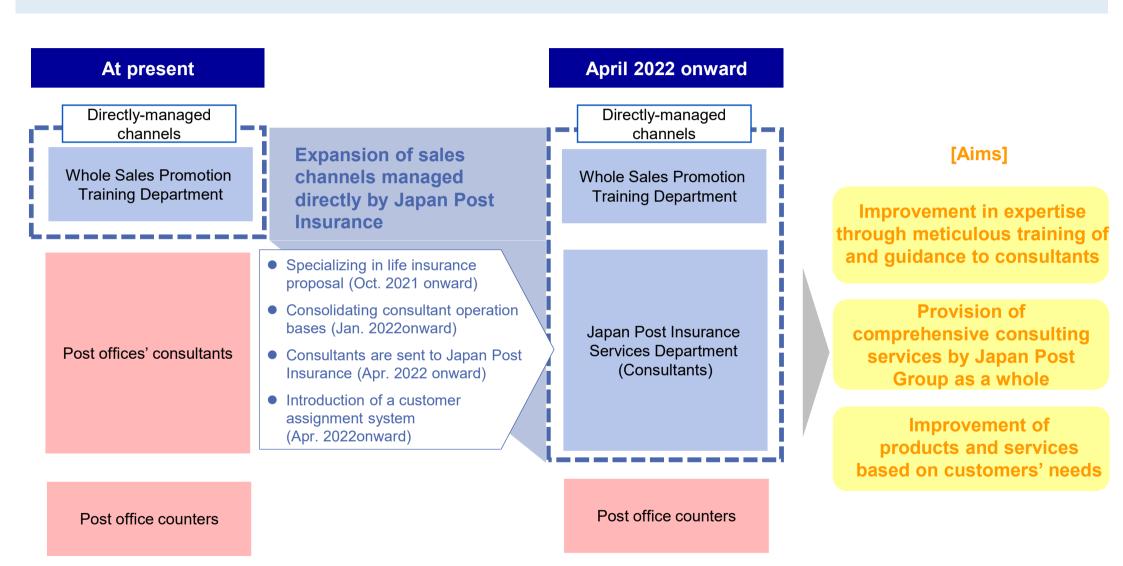
Sales Activities from the Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2022

- In the first half of FY22/3, we created contact points with about 250 customers through the policy coverage confirmation activities.
- In the second half of FY22/3, we will ensure thorough response to customers and enhance management focusing on the process of sales activities to enable new policy proposals.
- To launch the new Japan Post Insurance sales system from FY23/3, we will specialize post office consultants in life insurance proposals and consolidate consultant operation bases from the second half of FY22/3.



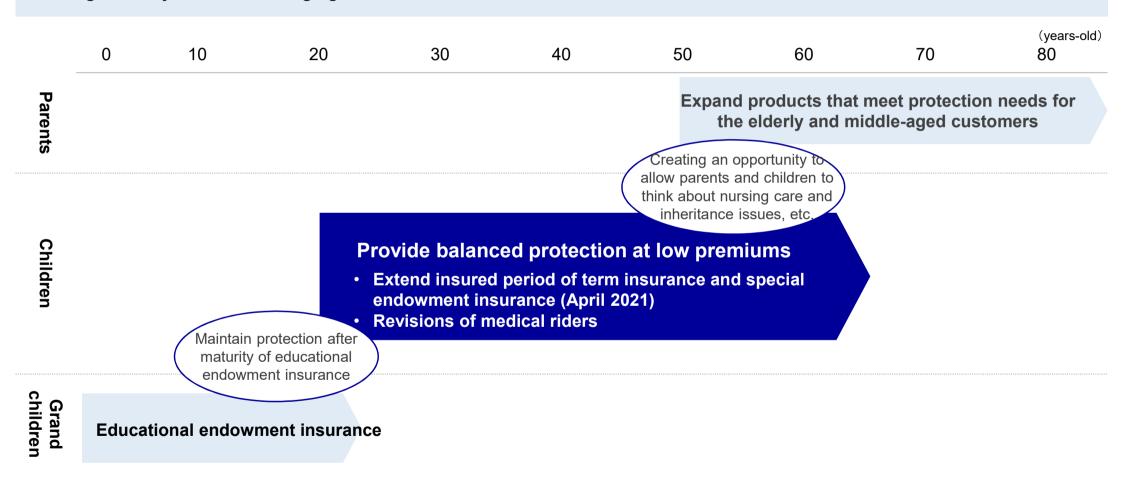
New Japan Post Insurance Sales System

Upon the shift to the new Japan Post Insurance sales system from April 2022, sales channels managed directly by Japan Post Insurance will expand.



Directions of Product Strategy

- We will aim for sustainable growth by responding to the extensive protection needs of customers and connecting existing customers and policies to the next generation.
- We will improve products and services and enhance everyday contact points with customers by introducing the customer assignment system and leveraging DX.

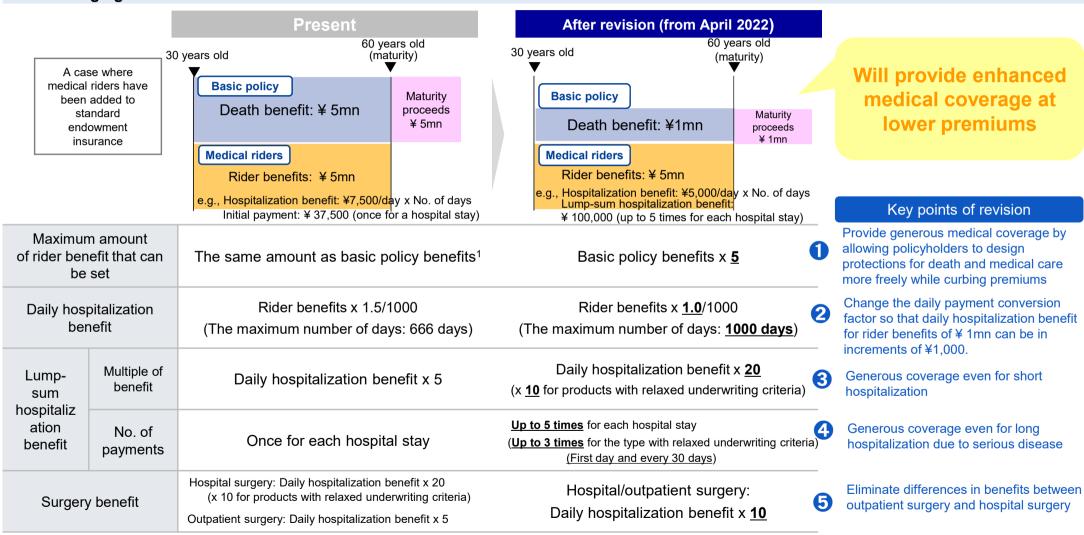


Improvement of products and services + Customer assignment system + DX-assisted services



Revisions of Medical Riders

- We will provide enhanced medical coverage at lower premiums than before by allowing policyholders to set higher rider benefits for the basic policy.
- We will also enhance medical coverage in medical care riders by measures such as increasing lump-sum hospitalization benefits and paying the benefits multiple times. Accordingly, we will be able to respond to a wider range of needs of customers, especially young and working-age customers.

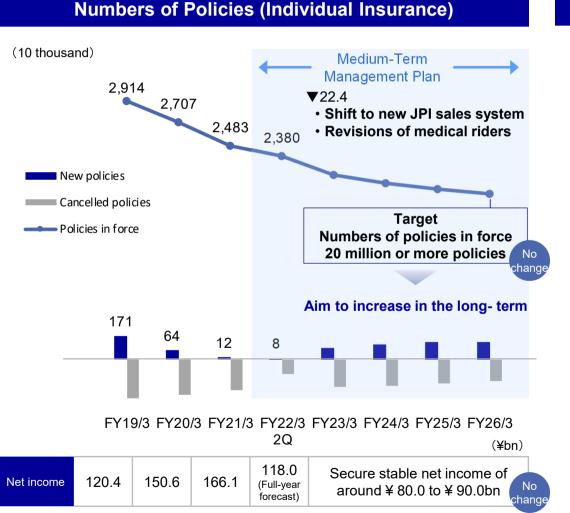


1. For products with relaxed underwriting criteria, rider benefits can be set at up to five times the basic policy benefit, depending on the entry age and the type of insurance.

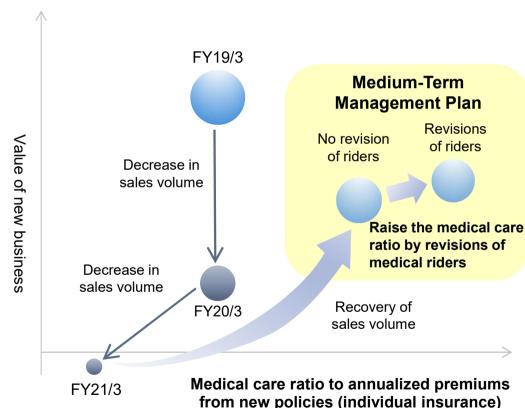


Effectiveness of Revisions of Medical Riders

- Aim to recover sales volume with the revisions of medical riders and the shift to the new Japan Post Insurance sales system, etc. so as to achieve the target for the number of policies in force set in the Medium-Term Management Plan.
- In addition, we aim to increase value of new business by raising medical care ratio to annualized premiums from new policies (individual insurance) etc.



Effectiveness of Revisions of Medical Riders



Note: The size of bubbles show sales volume (annualized premiums from new policies for individual insurance.)

Initiatives in CX / DX

- Transit to business model that positions customer experience value (CX) as our top priority while promoting DX steadily.
- Integrate face to face and digital processes in order to improve customer convenience as well as to realize careful support by an entire team and enhanced follow-up support to customers.

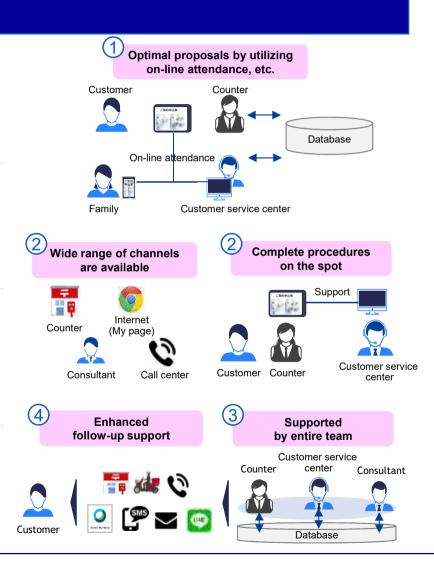
What we aim for

Optimal
proposals to fit
each and every
customers

➤ Provide optimal proposals to fit each and every customers by visualizing their needs and required coverage through digital tools as well as on-line attendance with their family

Provide simple
procedures that
can be completed
on the spot

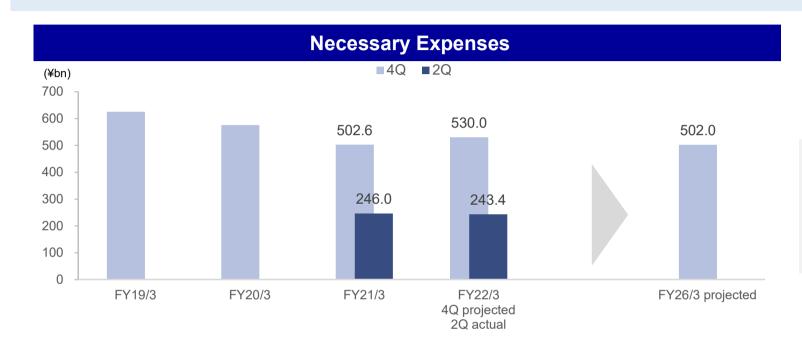
- > Select online or face-to-face channel, etc., depending on customer needs through utilizing digital tools
- > Procedures can be completed on the spot thanks to the online presence of specialists at the customer service centers
- Personalized,
 heartfelt support
 by entire team
- ➤ Establish a database that integrates policy and inquiry information, etc. for each customer
- ➤ Consultant, post office counter and customer service centers provide personalized, heartfelt support as an entire team
- Enhance followup support that
 focus on the
 relationship with
 customers
- ➤ In addition to face-to-face responses through home visiting, we provide generous follow-up support through various methods, such as telephone and TV conferences, and follow-up support at optimal timing for each customer via e-mail, SNS, etc., to meet a wide range of their needs.





Boosting efficiency of business operations

Improve customer service and reduce costs by promoting DX.



[FY26/3]
Necessary Expenses
¥ (28.0)billion
(compared with FY22/3)

Personnel Expenses

- Efficiency improvements in service centers, etc. through DX promotion
 - Workload equivalent to reduction of 2,300 staff¹ (compared with FY21/3)
- > Shift to customer support area (+800 staff)
- Develop system infrastructure for realizing above mentioned staffing
 - Approximately ¥ 100.0billion over 5 years
- 1. Except the numbers of temporarily assigned consultants, to be accepted in April 2022

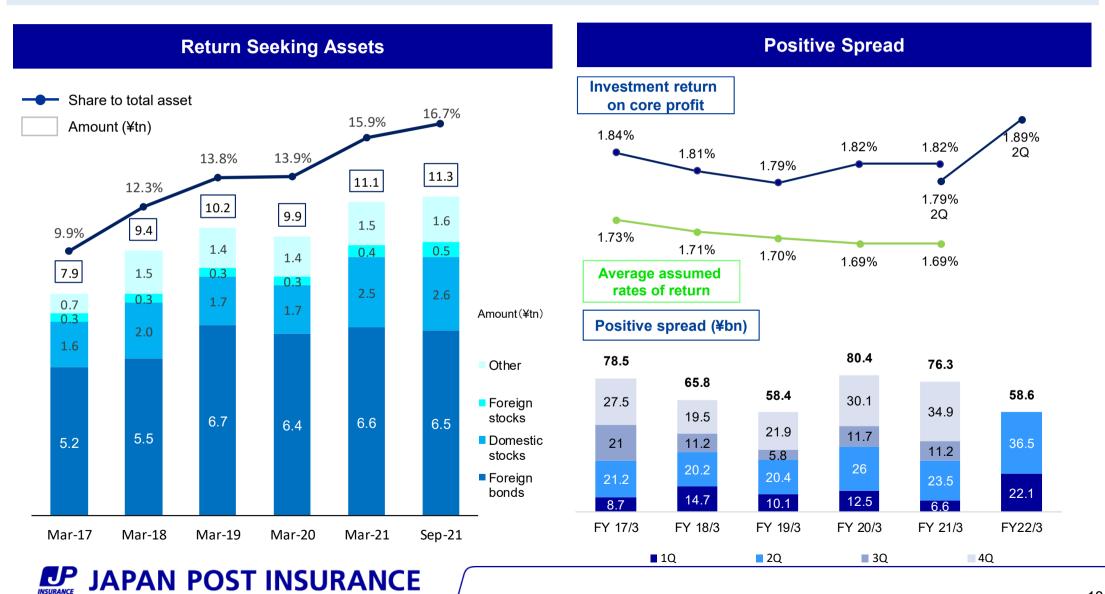
Non Personnel Expenses²

- Productivity improvements in system development and maintenance
- Streamlining back office operations through DX promotion (reduce commissions)
- > Work style reform and revision of existing operations
 - Promote to go paperless
 - Make in-house meeting and training online (active use of online meeting)
- Include depreciation and amortization



Asset Management

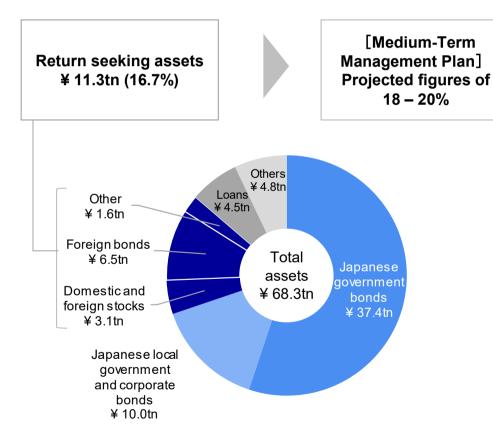
■ For the six months ended September 30, 2021, we secured a positive spread of ¥ 58.6billion, which reflects the effect of asset portfolio diversification we have been pursuing.



Achieving greater depth and sophistication of asset management

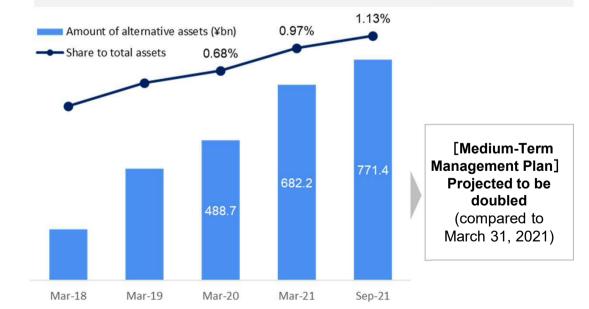
- Under the ERM framework, we aim to secure stable asset management earnings based on ALM management.
- We will achieve greater depth and sophistication of asset management in terms of both portfolio building and each investment field such as alternative.

Asset Portfolio (As of September 30, 2021)



Alternative investment initiatives

- Accumulate balances while diversifying strategies and regions in the four fields of private equity, real estate funds, infrastructure equity, and hedge funds.
- Expect to double balances (compared to March 31, 2021) during the period of the current Medium-Term Management Plan (FY22/3 to FY26/3) under the policy of accumulating balances gradually according to risk appetite policy and investment opportunities.
- Also promote ESG investment, including investment to renewable energy facilities and impact investments.





We set a total power generation output from renewable energy facilities that we lend money to and invest in at 1.5 million kW (when calculated based on our equity stake) as KPI during the period of the Medium-Term Management Plan.

As a climate change countermeasure, we consider setting reduction target for GHG emissions based on measurement and analysis of them from investment portfolios.

Priority themes in ESG-themed investment

Well-being Improvement

Regional and Social Development

Contribution to Environmental

Conservation

Aiming for investments that create a feeling of warmth unique to Japan Post Insurance



Total power generation output from renewable energy expands from 607,000 kW to 699,000kW in 1st half of FY22/3

Continued investment in themed bonds such as green bonds.
 Implement impact evaluation for some stocks held (ref. right side)

 Focusing on ESG integration for in-house stock investment and created proprietary ESG Score for corporate evaluation

- Actively holding dialogue with companies and asset management companies, etc. (165 cases in 1st half of FY22/3)
- Introduced a measurement tool for measuring GHG emissions from each portfolio

Contribution to environmental conservation

Promoting ESG investment and financing to solve social issues

Implemented impact evaluation for ESG bonds issued by international organizations, in which we have invested. (See the note below.)

 Annual reductions in GHG emissions and the amount of avoided emissions

234,357t-CO₂e

Equivalent to 51,000 vehicles (converted into annual emissions of passenger cars¹)

Annual amount of renewable power generated 265.97 million kWh



(Annual total amount of power generated2)

Equivalent to 34,000 households (converted into annual power consumption by general households1)

Note: The impact was calculated with the following formula, based on documents disclosed by issuing entities.

(Project outcome) x (Amount of our investment / Size of project value)

The outcome was selected from quantitative indexes based on the intention at the beginning of investment. Negative impacts were confirmed to be appropriately managed and eased by the issuing entity.

- 1. The US EPA Greenhouse Gas Equivalencies Calculator was used. U.S. mean values of passenger car emissions and power consumption of general household were used.
- 2. Annual total amount of power generated (kWh) = Σ [renewable power generation output (kW) x operating hours (h)

Initiatives



Promoting ESG Management

- We strengthened our system to promote ESG management by setting up the Sustainability Committee as an advisory committee for the Executive Committee, and the Sustainability Promotion Office in April 2021.
- The Sustainability Committee had discussions and enhanced the system to promote sustainability, for example, formulating a plan for which officers are responsible, and creating a project management function that supervises the entire plan in a cross-sectional way. We are also striving to instill the idea of sustainability into the Company through various training and education.
- Aim at our sustainable growth and achieving SDGs by working on prioritized challenges (materiality).

Social Challenges (Materiality) to Address with Priority and Goals

- 1. Provide insurance products and services through our network of post offices, etc.
- 2. Contribute to regional and social development and environmental conservation
- 3. Extend healthy life expectancy and improve well-being through health promotion, etc.
- 4. Establish an environment where each and every employee can actively demonstrate his/her full potential to empower himself/herself
- 5. Corporate governance supporting the meaning of our business and social mission

























Major Initiatives in the first half of FY22/3

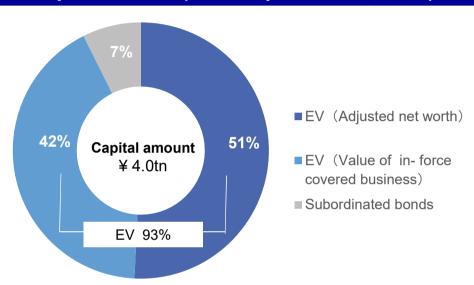
- 1) Disclose climate change initiatives in accordance with the TCFD proposal
- 2 Launch of joint research to verify the health effects of radio exercise
- 3 Continue special handling associated with the impact of COVID-19 such as extension of the grace period for payment of premiums and omission of part of necessary documents
- Implement asset management taking into account ESG factors for all assets
- 5 Formulate action plans for promotion to expand roles for female employees and mentoring for newly appointed female managers



ERM and Capital Policy

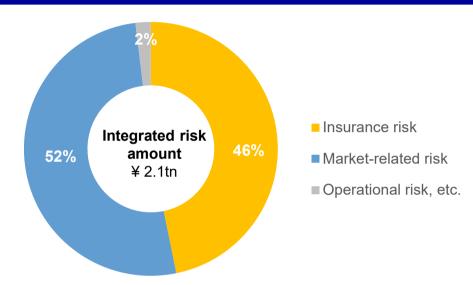
■ To cope with the new solvency regulations scheduled in 2025, we will address both capital and risks to stabilize ESR in the medium to long term while refining our ESR measurement method.

Capital amount (as of September 30, 2021)



- Aim for EV growth exceeding estimated cost of shareholder's equity in the long term by securing stable profit (RoEV¹ of 6% to 8%; Assumed capital cost ratio: around 6%)
- Aim to optimize the balance between soundness and capital costs by incorporating capital raised through debt financing
- 1. A value obtained by excluding the "difference between the economic assumption and actual results" from the EV variance factors.

Integrated risk amount² (as of September 30, 2021)



- Maintain risk appetite for insurance risk by shifting to a portfolio centering on protection-type products
- Market-related risks will be addressed by:
 - Reducing interest risk (promotion of ALM, etc.)
 - Maintain other risk appetite based on return against risk
- 2. Before considering diversification effect etc. between risks

ESR

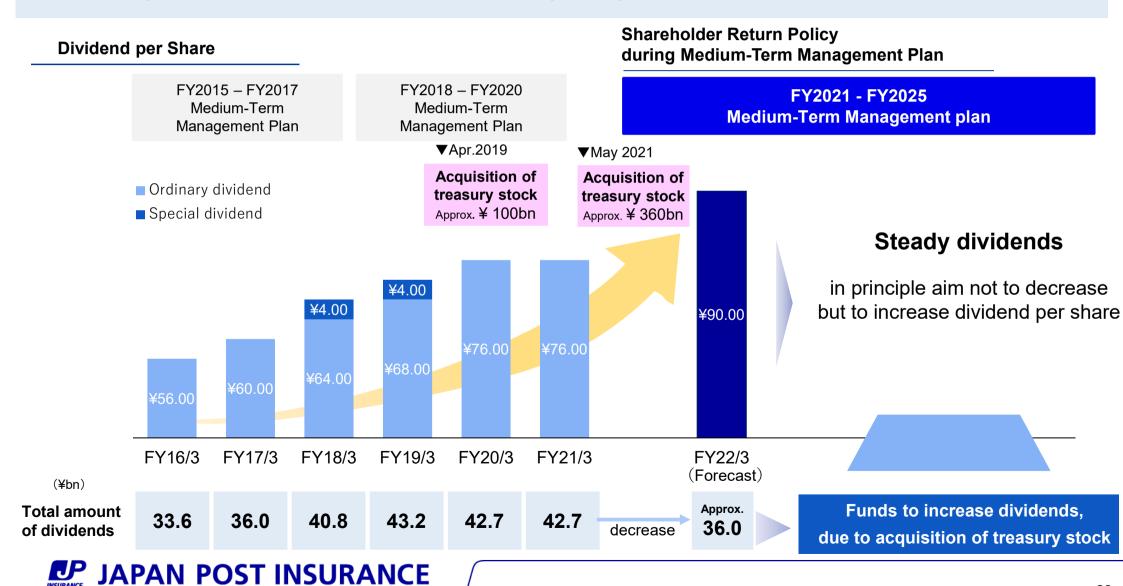
195%

To cope with the new solvency regulations, we will refine our measurement method.
 (Effective from the values measured at the end of March 2022, the refined measurement method will be applied in a phased manner.)



Shareholder Return

- The Company recognizes that the distribution of profit to shareholders is an important policy of management.
- Specifically, the Company in principle aims not to decrease but to increase dividend per share for the period of the Medium-Term Management Plan (FY2021 – FY2025), while considering earning prospects and financial soundness.



Conclusion

- Reconstruct into a company that is truly trusted by customers and transit to business model that positions customer experience value as our top priority
- Improve corporate value by generation of stable profit and aim to distribute stable profits to shareholders

Reconstruction



Growth

- ✓ Regain trust
- ✓ Reinforce business foundations
- ✓ Improve customer experience value
- ✓ Promote ESG management

Improve corporate value by generation of stable profit

(FY2025) Net income ¥ 91.0bn EV growth : 6-8%

Distribute stable profits to shareholders



3

Appendix



Operation of Notification System

- After the voting ratio of Japan Post Holdings in shares of Japan Post Insurance became 49.90%, the secretariat of the Postal Service Privatization Committee proposed a draft policy on the operation of a notification system related to new business. Hearings from related parties and public comment were held.
- At the Postal Service Privatization Committee meeting held on October 13, 2021, the policy was determined. Going forward, the notification system will be operated pursuant to the policy.

1. Improvement of user convenience

- * As Japan Post Holdings disposed of over 50% of shares of Japan Post Insurance, [...] mutual independence and autonomy not only of Japan Post Insurance but also Japan Post Holdings is substantially secured. Accordingly, the necessity of curtailing the advantages of having succeeded assets, etc. from Japan Post significantly decreased. Consequently, there are fewer concerns over impairing fair competition with other insurance companies.
- * The Postal Service Privatization Committee stated, "We expect Japan Post Insurance to improve its medical care products and services, etc. so as to sufficiently cater to the needs not only of the elderly, i.e. its conventional main customers, but also young and working-age customers." in its "Comments on Comprehensive Verification of Progress in Postal Service Privatization" (April 22, 2021). Accordingly, <u>Japan Post Insurance is expected to accelerate its management.</u>

2. Process of Notification System

When Japan Post Insurance notifies the Prime Minister and the Minister of Internal Affairs and Communications of a new business it wishes to conduct, **the notification becomes effective when it is served, if it satisfies formal requirements**.

3. Role of Postal Service Privatization Committee in Notification System

Upon the shift to the notification system, the Postal Service Privatization Committee is expected to assume the role of reviewing the details of the notification, based on which, to identify any facts or concerns that Japan Post Insurance violates the obligation to consider competitors in its operations, request the Prime Minister or the Minister of Internal Affairs and Communications via the Senior General Manager of the Postal Service Privatization Promotion Headquarters to confirm facts concerning the violation, and state its suggestions on necessary countermeasures based on the result.

4. Policy of investigation and deliberation on new businesses

The Postal Service Privatization Committee promptly judges the necessity of investigation and deliberation as soon as it receives a notice from the administrative authority which received the notification. Any necessary investigations and deliberations are conducted in a simplified manner as stated below to accelerate the process compared with the existing approval system:

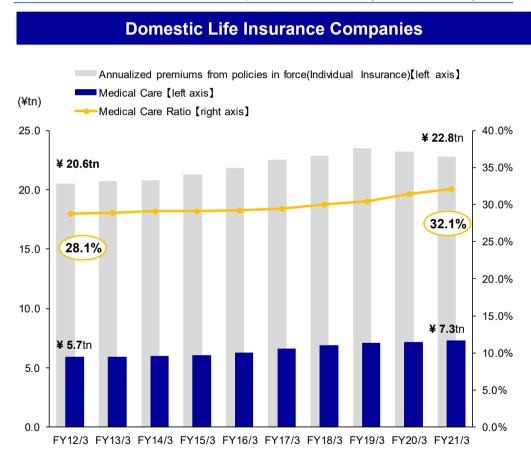
- i) Investigation and deliberation is basically conducted based on the details of the notification from Japan Post Insurance and its attached documents.
- ii) Any hearing of explanation by Japan Post Insurance is basically conducted in writing.
- iii) Hearing from external parties are held (orally or in writing) as deemed appropriate. However, public comment that accompanied the existing approval system will not be held.
- iv) In principle, hearings from administrative authorities will not be held.
- v) If deemed necessary, the Committee shall prepare and announce its recommendation to relevant ministers via the Senior General Manager of the Postal Service Privatization Promotion Headquarters.

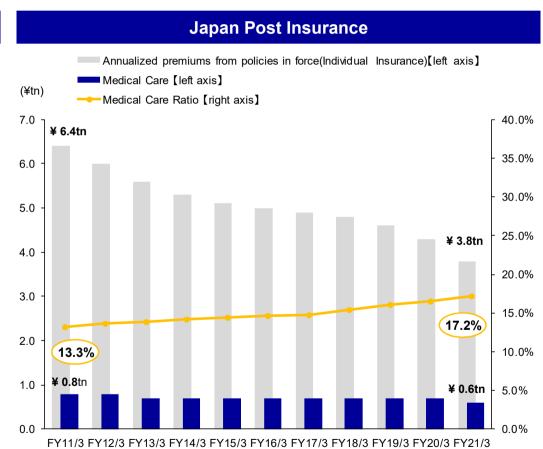


Medical Care Market

- As the domestic market for medical care is expanding, medical care ratio to annualized premiums in force is also increasing.
- While our medical care ratio to annualized premiums in force is increasing as well, it is still low compared with the domestic market, and we believe there is room to further increase that ratio by meeting customers' protection needs.

Annualized Premium from policies in force (medical care)





Source: The Life Insurance Association of Japan: Summary of Life Insurance Business in Japan Note: "Domestic Life Insurance Companies" includes postal life insurance policies



Investments [Asset Portfolio]

Asset Portfolio

(¥bn)

					(+5	
		Mar	-21	Sep	-21	Change
		Amount	Share	Amount	Share	Change
	Bonds	48,088.2	68.5 %	47,487.8	69.5 %	(600.3)
	Japanese government bonds	37,345.6	53.2 %	37,411.1	54.7 %	65.4
	Japanese local government bonds	5,583.9	8.0 %	5,064.7	7.4 %	(519.2)
	Japanese corporate bonds	5,158.5	7.4 %	5,011.9	7.3 %	(146.5)
	Return seeking assets ¹	11,181.2	15.9 %	11,386.8	16.7 %	205.6
	Domestic stocks ²	2,514.2	3.6 %	2,634.9	3.9 %	120.6
	Foreign stocks ²	489.5	0.7 %	526.7	0.8 %	37.2
	Foreign bonds ²	6,606.7	9.4 %	6,590.1	9.6 %	(16.5)
	Other ³	1,570.6	2.2 %	1,634.9	2.4 %	64.3
	Loans	4,964.0	7.1 %	4,596.2	6.7 %	(367.7)
	Others	5,939.4	8.5 %	4,872.4	7.1 %	(1,066.9)
	Cash and deposits, call loans	1,465.0	2.1 %	1,303.7	1.9 %	(161.2)
	Receivables under resale agreements	-	-	1,844.4	2.7 %	1,844.4
	Receivables under securities borrowing transactions	2,585.0	3.7 %	-	-	(2,585.0)
To	otal assets	70,172.9	100.0 %	68,343.4	100.0 %	(1,829.4)

Spread and Investment Yield

(¥bn)

	6months ended Sep-20	6months ended Sep-21	(Reference) Year ended Mar-21
Positive spread	30.1	58.6	76.3
Average assumed rates of return ¹	1.69 %	1.69 %	1.69 %
Investment return on core profit ²	1.79 %	1.89 %	1.82 %
Net capital gains (losses)	(59.0)	3.6	(17.1)

- Average assumed rates of return are the assumed return on general account policy reserves.
- 2. Investment return on core profit is the return with respect to earned policy reserves.

^{8. &}quot;Bank loans", "multi-asset", "real estate fund", "private equity" and "infrastructure equity" etc.



^{1.} Return seeking assets include domestic and foreign stocks, foreign-currency-denominated bonds, investment trusts, etc. held for investment purposes among the assets recorded under "money held in trust" and "securities" on the balance sheet.

^{2. &}quot;Domestic stocks," "Foreign stocks" and "Foreign bonds" include individual stocks and bonds, as well as investment trusts that invest only in the specified assets.

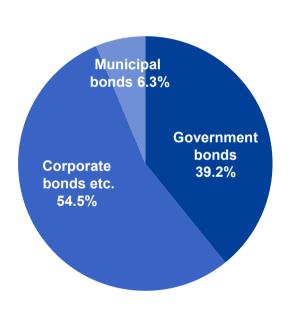
Exposure to Foreign-currency-denominated Bonds (as of September 30, 2021)

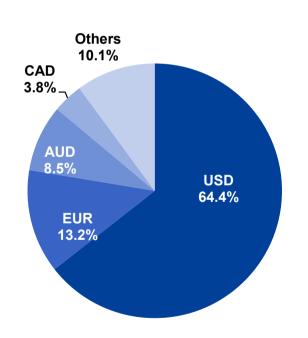
- As low interest rate environment continues in Japan, we have been increasing investment in foreign-currency-denominated bonds, especially spread products such as municipal and corporate bonds, and promote diversifying our asset portfolio including expansion of our target currencies into non-USD.
- In principle, we choose investment-grade bonds (rated "BBB" or above) for our in-house investment. Around 80% of the bonds we invest in are rated "A" or above.

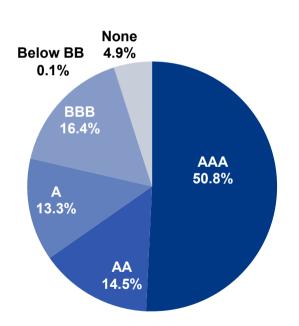
Breakdown of Foreign-currency-denominated Bonds











Note 1: Only foreign-currency-denominated-bonds issued by foreign entities are included in the calculation.

Note 2: Issuer Ratings by Moody's are indicated.

Figures by New and Postal Life Insurance Categories (Non-Consolidated)

		FY18/3	FY19/3	FY20/3	FY21/3	FY21/3 2Q	FY22/3 2Q
Total assets Postal Life Insurance category New category	¥mn	76,832,508 46,684,937 30,147,570	73,904,576 41,354,076 32,550,500	71,667,398 39,225,493 32,441,904	70,173,857 37,815,270 32,358,586	70,398,249 38,206,921 32,191,328	68,344,716 36,763,223 31,581,492
Number of policies in force Postal Life Insurance category (insurance) New category (individual insurance)	(000)	30,405 12,484 17,921	29,143 11,048 18,095	27,070 9,907 17,163	24,837 8,944 15,893	25,938 9,437 16,500	23,807 8,502 15,305
Insurance premiums and others Postal Life Insurance category New category	¥mn	4,236,461 755,221 3,481,240	3,959,928 590,340 3,369,588	3,245,541 459,151 2,786,389	2,697,936 364,196 2,333,740	1,417,826 191,003 1,226,822	1,274,866 150,882 1,123,983
Ordinary profit Postal Life Insurance category New category	¥mn	308,845 137,074 171,771	265,143 113,981 151,162	286,829 92,490 194,338	345,022 82,454 262,568	162,203 31,067 131,135	183,105 44,981 138,124
Net income Postal Life Insurance category New category	¥mn	104,309 16,878 87,430	120,958 16,763 104,195	151,132 17,806 133,325	165,586 6,566 159,020	93,362 6,735 86,627	79,996 4,273 75,723
Contingency reserve (reversal) provision Postal Life Insurance category New category	¥mn	(139,678) (173,722) 34,043	(151,592) (173,590) 21,997	(165,388) (170,814) 5,425	(186,023) (191,014) 4,991	5,295 2,871 2,423	37,834 34,749 3,084
Price fluctuations reserve (reversal) provision Postal Life Insurance category New category	¥mn	128,031 17,090 110,940	(19,251) (3,686) (15,564)	(39,152) (29,845) (9,306)	46,477 23,121 23,355	(27,439) (27,046) (392)	35,572 11,942 23,629
Additional policy reserve (reversal) provision Postal Life Insurance category New category	¥mn	(30,648) (47,674) 17,025	(50,292) (46,698) (3,594)	(49,750) (46,396) (3,354)	27,652 30,553 (2,901)	(105,579) (104,063) (1,515)	(117,461) (116,206) (1,254)

Note: "Postal Life Insurance category" shows the amounts generated from the Postal Life Insurance policies, and "New category" shows the figure after deduction of "Postal Life Insurance category" from the total.



Key Financial Indicators

(¥bn)

	FY18/3	FY19/3	FY20/3	FY21/3	FY21/3 2Q	FY22/3 2Q
Insurance premiums and others	4,236.4	3,959.9	3,245.5	2,697.9	1,417.8	1,274.8
Operating expenses etc ¹	647.6	636.8	609.4	503.5	246.7	243.4
Ordinary profit	309.2	264.8	286.6	345.7	162.7	183.8
Provision for reserve for policyholder dividends	117.7	111.8	109.2	65.4	47.2	36.0
Net income	104.4	120.4	150.6	166.1	93.6	80.5
Net assets	2,003.1	2,135.1	1,928.3	2,841.4	2,487.7	2,664.3
Total assets	76,831.2	73,905.0	71,664.7	70,172.9	70,397.2	68,343.4
Return on equity	5.4 %	5.8 %	7.4 %	7.0 %	-	-
RoEV ²	9.9 %	8.6 %	(2.8) %	5.0 %	4.5 %	4.7 %
Dividends to shareholders	40.8	43.2	42.7	42.7	-	17.9
Payout Ratio	39.0 %	35.8 %	28.4 %	25.7 %	-	-
EV	3,743.3	3,925.7	3,324.2	4,026.2	3,734.1	3,791.4
Value of New Business	226.7	223.8	60.6	(12.7)	(1.5)	(5.2)
Core profit (Non-consolidated)	386.1	377.1	400.6	421.9	226.5	217.2
Core profit attributable to life insurance activities	320.3	318.7	320.1	345.6	196.4	158.5
Spread (positive/negative spread)	65.8	58.4	80.4	76.3	30.1	58.6

Sum of Operating expenses and Other ordinary expenses
 Calculated by excluding economic variance factors.



Expenses

Expenses

(¥bn)

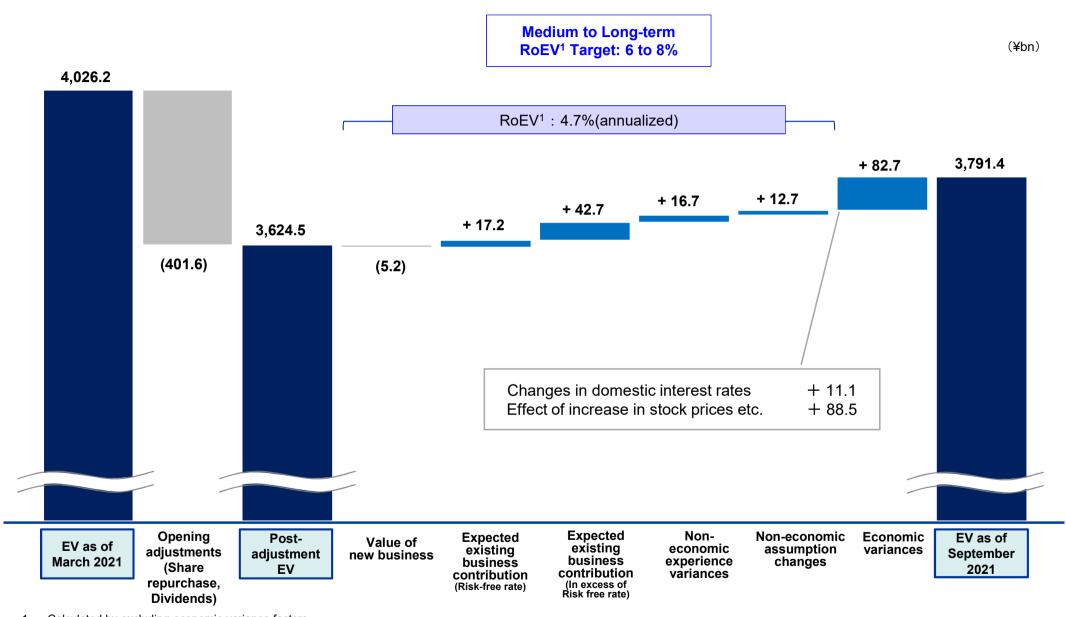
			6months ended Sep-20	6months ended Sep-21	Change	(Reference) Year ended Mar-21
O	per	ating expenses	196.2	192.2	(3.9)	403.0
	C	ommissions ¹	95.3	92.9	(2.3)	198.1
		Sales Commissions	24.5	19.6	(4.8)	42.2
		Maintenance Commissions	70.7	73.3	2.5	155.8
	C	ontributions ²	28.0	27.0	(1.0)	56.0
	0	thers	72.8	72.2	(0.5)	148.8
O	the	ordinary expenses	50.5	51.1	0.6	100.4
	De	epreciation and amortization	30.4	30.0	(0.4)	59.3
O	per	ating expenses etc	246.7	243.4	(3.2)	503.5

^{1.} Commissions paid to Japan Post Co.



^{2.} Contributions paid to Organization for Postal Savings, Postal Life Insurance and Post Office Network based on the related law

Movement Analysis of EV



1. Calculated by excluding economic variance factors

Note: Provisional calculations that have not been verified by a third party



Sensitivity Analysis of EV

Sensitivity to Economic Assumptions

(¥bn)

Assumptions	EV	Change (%)
50bp increase in risk-free rate	3,830.3	+ 38.8 (+ 1.0 %)
50bp decrease in risk-free rate	3,679.3	(112.0) ((3.0) %)
50bp decrease in risk-free rate (parallel shift without zero floor)	3,663.4	(127.9) ((3.4) %)
30% decrease in equity and real estate value	3,376.9	(414.4) ((10.9) %)

Sensitivity to Non-economic Assumptions

(¥bn)

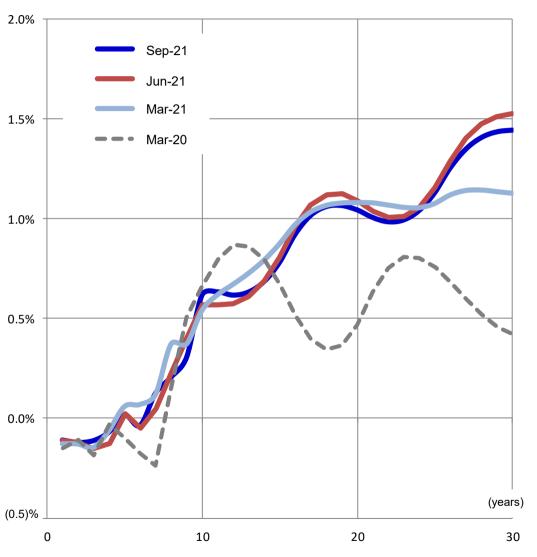
Assumptions	EV	Change (%)
Future volume of policies in force is 105% of the level assumed in the calculation of EV as of September 30, 2021	3,852.7	+ 61.2 (+ 1.6 %)
10% decrease in maintenance expenses	3,971.1	+ 179.6 (+ 4.7 %)

Note: Provisional calculations that have not been verified by a third party



Fluctuations of Interest Rates (EV Assumptions)¹

Forward Rate (Mar-20 to Sep-21)



Forward Rate

	Mar-20	Mar-21	Jun-21 [®]	Sep-21	
10 years	0.657 %	0.539 %	0.569 %	0.616 %	
20 years	0.466 %	1.080 %	1.089 %	1.043 %	
30 years	0.422 %	1.126 %	1.528 %	1.443 %	

Note: The economic assumptions used for the calculation of EV and the value of new business are as follows:

EV as of March 31, 2021 : ①

Value of new business for FY22/3 2Q: 2

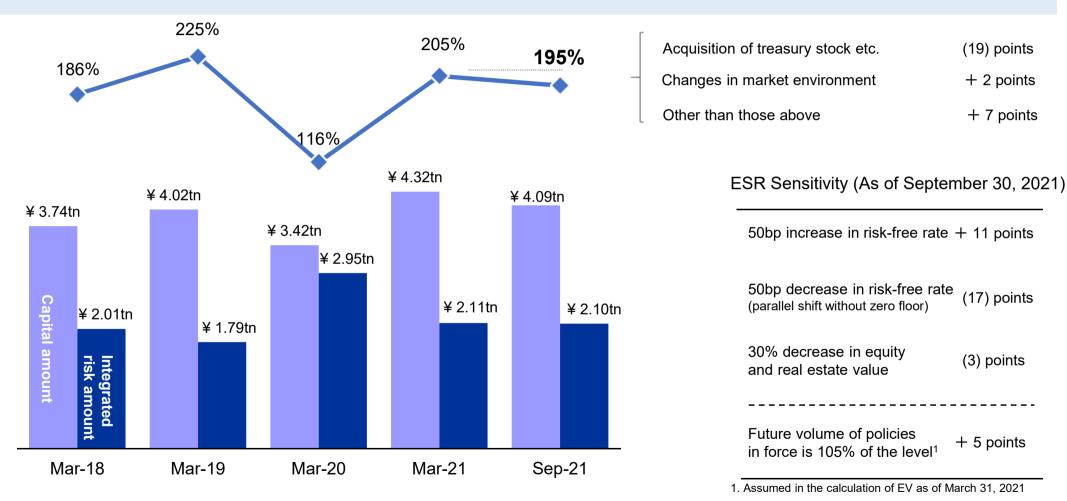
EV as of September 30, 2021: 3

1. Interest rates used herein (assumptions for EV) are forward rates calculated based on the market yields on JGBs announced by the Ministry of Finance, Japan.



ESR (Economic Solvency Ratio)

- ESR as of September 30, 2021, decreased to 195%, as the capital amount decreased due to acquisition of treasury stock.
- We aim to stabilize ESR over the medium to long term, and will take various measures, including EV growth, and interest rate risk reduction, as appropriate.



Notes: The capital amount, the numerator of ESR, was calculated by adding the amount of subordinated bonds issued by the company to EV.

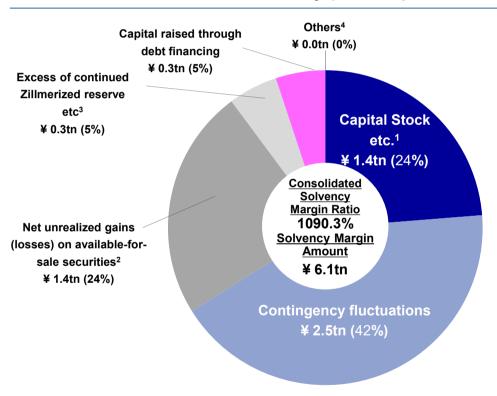
The integrated risk amount, the denominator of ESR, was calculated based on an internal model (holding period: 1 year, confidence level: 99.5%), recognizing fluctuations in the capital amount as risk.



High-quality Capital Structure

- Secure the solvency margin ratio in adequate level, maintaining a high level of soundness. The high proportion of capital stock and internal reserve results in high capital quality.
- Based on ERM under our Risk Appetite Statement, we will ensure soundness in business operation while achieving sustained growth and the medium- to long-term enhancement of corporate value.

Breakdown of Consolidated Solvency (as of September 30,2021)



- 1. Subtracted deduction item values from capital stock
- 2. Net unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities and land
- 3. Subtracted values not included in the margin, among an excess of continued Zillmerized reserve and capital raised through debt financing, from an excess of continued Zillmerized reserve
- 4. Combined the total amount, among others, of general reserve for possible loan losses, sum of unrecognized actuarial differences and unrecognized prior service cost

(¥bn)

		Mar-21	Sep-21	
Ε	SR	205 %	195%	
	Capital amount	4,320.0	4,090.0	
	Integrated risk amount	2,110.0	2,100.0	

Credit Ratings¹

As of Aug 31, 2021

	S&P	R&I	JCR
Kampo	A (Positive)	AA- (Stable)	AA (Negative)
(Reference) Japanese government	A+ (Stable)	AA+ (Stable)	AAA (Stable)

1. Kampo's ratings fall under insurance financing (rating on insurance benefit solvency)



Initiatives to Contribute to Environmental Conservation - Environmental

- Toward the realization of carbon-neutral society, we will reduce CO₂ emissions 46% (compared to FY2019) in FY2030 and aim to achieve carbon neutrality by 2050^{1,2}
- Reducing greenhouse gas emissions through the use of decarbonized electricity by making facilities and vehicles more energy saving and more efficient, assuming a shift to a carbon-neutral society through technological innovation
- Further promote climate change initiatives taken to date and work on further information disclosure in accordance with the TCFD proposal

Image of Reduction to Achieve Carbon Neutral 2050 carbon neutrality 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2030 2050

- 1. Subject to Scope 1 (direct emissions from the company) and Scope 2 (emissions associated with the use of electricity, etc. supplied by other companies). Increases due to new businesses have been excluded.
- 2. In order to achieve the targets, the carbon neutralization is necessary, including the popularization of renewable energy in Japan. Japan Post Group will also support the carbon neutralization of Japan and the world. We will support the Paris Agreement and promote efforts to achieve carbon neutrality.

Disclosure in line with TCFD proposal

We have expressed our support for the proposal of the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) established by the Financial Stability Board (FSB) in April 2019.

In accordance with the four key elements of the TCFD proposal, namely "Governance," "Strategy," "Risk Management," and "Metrics and Targets," we have disclosed information on our response to climate change and other issues.

To contribute to environmental protection, we will continue our efforts to lower the environmental impact through our business activities, including by reducing greenhouse gas emissions

In asset management, we will also promote investments and loans under the theme of contributing to environmental protection, including addressing climate change, and measure the greenhouse gas emissions of our portfolio companies in order to examine how to manage our portfolio in light of greenhouse gas emissions.

Note: Please refer to the Japan Post Insurance website for more details on disclosure.

https://www.jp-

life.japanpost.jp/english/aboutus/csr/en abt csr enviroment.html#csrEnv5



ESG Initiatives – Social

Assist promoting health and forming a diversity society as a contribution to local communities and society.

Popularize radio exercise

- Assist local community-society citizens in promoting health, by popularizing radio exercise.
- For FY21/3, thanks to the cooperation of the municipal authorities¹, we produced radio exercise footage at various locations titled "Digital Radio Exercise Tour" and broadcast successively through the radio exercise channel of Japan Post Insurance on YouTube.



Support and Sponsorship of Wheelchair Tennis

- Supporting wheelchair tennis through our sponsorship of the Japan Wheelchair Tennis Association (JWTA) as a top partner.
- Welcomed OTANI Momoko, a wheelchair tennis player with whom we had an affiliate contract, as an employee of Japan Post Insurance in April 2020. We will provide her with further support and seek to help develop a society respecting diversity.



Support for the training camp in various regions organized by JWTA (photo on the left)



OTANI Momoko (photo on the right) finished second in women's singles at the Grand Slam Tournament held in France in October 2020.

 Authorities scheduled to hold "FY21/3 Radio Exercise and Minna no Taiso", which was cancelled due to the COVID-19



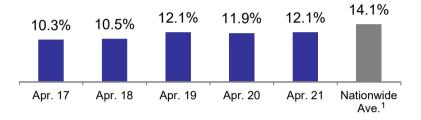
ESG Initiatives – Social

Promote diversity management, mainly in the areas of "promoting expanding roles for female employees," "work-life balance," "providing support for balancing work and childcare/nursing care" and "promoting employment of persons with disabilities."

Expanding Roles for Female Employees

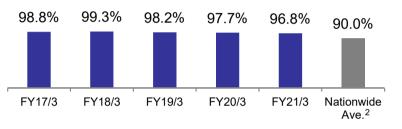
Ratio of female Managers

Support expansion of roles for female employees by fostering an empowered mindset through career design seminars held for them



Return-to-work rate of employees who took childcare leave

 Provide ongoing support for employees who have taken childcare leave with enhanced childcare leave systems and return-to-work programs

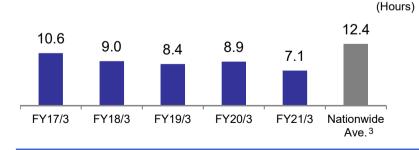


- Ratio of female managers for companies with 5,000 employees or more (2019 Basic Survey of Gender Equality in Employment Management, MHLW)
- Return-to-work rate of employees who took childcare leave (2018 Basic Survey of Gender Equality in Employment Management, MHLW)

Work-Life Balance

Monthly average amount of overtime

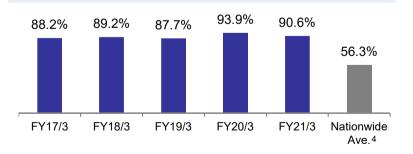
Promote initiatives in work style reform and decrease the average overtime per month/per employee



 Overtime work hours (excluding part-time work) (Monthly Labour Survey, 2020, MHLW)

Rate of taking paid leave

 Encourage employees, including managers, to take paid leaves as they planned and consecutive leaves

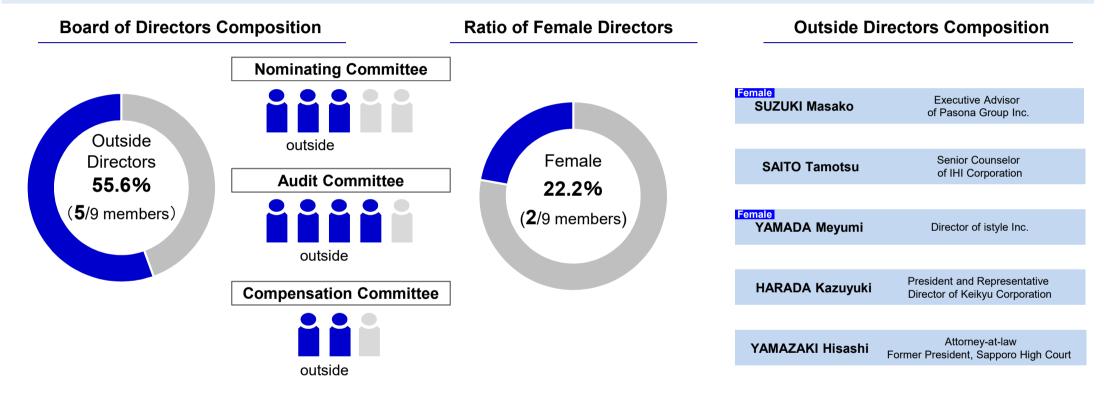


 Rate of taking paid leave (2020 General Survey on Working Conditions, MHLW)



ESG Initiatives – Governance

- Strengthened corporate governance and enabled faster decision-making by adopting the corporate structure of a company with a Nominating Committee and other committees, and clearly separate the business execution and supervisory functions.
- Majority of directors in our Board of Directors are outside directors, and that includes two female directors. We achieve diversification and high independence in our Board.



Trust-Based Performance-Linked Stock Compensation System

Sharing the risk of depreciation as well as the advantage of appreciation in the company's stock price with shareholders gives executive officers an even greater awareness of the importance of contributing to sustainable growth of the company and the long-term improvement in corporate value.

Note: As of January 29, 2021



ESG Initiatives – Governance

- We have already complied with all provisions of the revised Corporate Governance Code released in June 2021, including general rules for companies listed on the Prime Market.
- The status of response is disclosed through our corporate governance reports and website, etc.

Revised items	Summary	Response			
1. Enhancing Board Independence	At least one-third of the directors of a company listed on the Prime Market should be independent directors. (If the company has a controlling shareholder, a majority of the directors should be independent directors.)	We have <u>five Independent Outside Directors</u> , who form a majority of our nine Directors.			
	 Establish a nomination committee and a remuneration committee. (At a company listed on the Prime Market, independent directors should form a majority of each committee.) 	As a company with a nomination committee, etc., we have established the Nomination Committee, where Independent Outside Directors form a majority.			
	■ Disclose a matrix of skills (knowledge, experience, skills) that directors should have in light of the company's business strategy	Skills, etc. required for our Directors have been <u>organized in a skill matrix and disclosed on our website.</u> * For more details, see the next page.			
	 Appoint independent directors with management experience at other companies 	We have appointed several Outside Directors with management experience at other companies.			
2. Promoting Diversity in Core Corporate Personnel	 Create a policy and voluntary measurable targets in respect of promoting diversity in management positions by appointing females, non-Japanese and mid-career hires 	 We have <u>organized a policy for securing diversity</u> without discriminating against females, non-Japanese or mid-career hires <u>and disclosed it on our website</u>. We have <u>disclosed actual results of appointment of female managers and targets of the appointment under the Medium-Term Management Plan</u> in corporate governance reports. In addition, it has been disclosed that we aim to achieve the targets systematically, by setting a result indication on the number of appointments by fined warrand promoting development and 			
	■ Disclose policies for human resource development and internal environmental improvement to ensure diversity, as well as the status of implementation	rough indication on the number of appointments by fiscal year and promoting development ar growth of candidates for managers. Results and targets of appointment of mid-career employees (the status quo) have been also disclosed. • "Human Resources Development Basic Policies" has been established besides the "Management Policy" and the "Code of Conduct." The implementation status of the policie has been disclosed on the website.			
3. Attention to Sustainability	 Develop a basic policy for the company's sustainability and disclose its initiatives 	 We <u>have disclosed the "Sustainability Policy"</u> established on the basis of the Medium-Term Management Plan and <u>initiatives in accordance with the policy (including TCFD) in our</u> 			
	Companies listed on the Prime Market should enhance the quality and quantity of climate-related disclosure based on the TCFD recommendations or equivalent international frameworks.	Annual Reports, etc. For investment in human capital and intellectual properties in light of sustainability, initiatives for human capital have been disclosed in the "Human Resources Development Basic			
	Disclose and provide information on investments in human capital and intellectual properties, while being conscious of the consistency with management strategies and issues.	Policies." Initiatives for intellectual properties have been disclosed in "enhancement of customer data" and "corporate culture reform", etc. advocated in the Japan Post Group Medium-Term Management Plan "JP Vision 2025."			
Other Major Points	Companies listed on the Prime Market should promote the use of electronic voting platforms and disclosure in English.	We <u>have introduced an electronic voting platform</u> and begun <u>disclosing</u> necessary information such as press releases <u>in English</u> .			



ESG Initiatives – Governance

- The table below lists the skills representing the areas in which the Company expects Directors to demonstrate their competencies and shows the skills and experience that Outside Directors possess and available skills and experience, as well as expected skills, of Inside Directors, based on differences in the Nomination Criteria for Candidates for Directors.
- To contribute to resolving social challenges related to sustainability, the areas in which the Company expects Directors to demonstrate their competencies in realizing the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) are included in the skills of "corporate management," "personnel affairs/human resources development," "community/society," and "asset management."

Name Skills	SENDA Tetsuya	ICHIKURA Noboru	NARA Tomoaki	MASUDA Hiroya	SUZUKI Masako	SAITO Tamotsu	YAMADA Meyumi	HARADA Kazuyuki	YAMAZAKI Hisashi
Corporate management ¹	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Financial affairs /Accounting	•	•	•			•			
Legal/Risk management /Compliance	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Human resources/Human resources development	•		•	•	•	•		•	•
Sales/Marketing	•	•			•		•	•	
ICT/DX	•		•		•	•	•		
Community/Society	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Finance/Insurance	•	•	•	•					
Asset management	•	•	•						

^{1.} The skill of corporate management includes areas such as organizational management necessary for management oversight.



<Disclaimer>

These materials were prepared for the sole purpose of providing corporate information, etc., on the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries, and do not constitute a solicitation for investments in the stocks and other securities issued by the companies of the Japan Post Group, regardless of whether in Japan or overseas.

The financial results forecasts and other forward-looking statements herein are based on certain assumptions deemed reasonable by Japan Post Insurance at the time of this document's disclosure. Please note that actual results may differ materially from such forward-looking statements due to various factors including changes in the operating environment, interest rates or general economic conditions or other future events and circumstances.

Contact information

IR Office, Corporate Planning Department JAPAN POST INSURANCE Co., Ltd.

TEL: +81 3-3477-2383