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Consolidated Financial Results for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2025 (Japan GAAP) (The fiscal year ending December 31, 2025)

August 8, 2025 Stock Exchange: Tokyo Head Office: Tokyo Tel: +81 (3) 6733-3000

Company Name: DIC Corporation

Listing Code Number: 4631 Scheduled Filing Date of Semiannual Securities Report: August 8, 2025
URL: https://www.dic-global.com/en/ Dividend Payment: September 1, 2025

Representative: Takashi Ikeda, Representative Director, President and CEO Contact Person: Shigeki Takata, General Manager, Accounting Department

Preparation of Supplemental Explanatory Materials: Yes

Holding of Financial Results Meeting: Yes (for security analysts and institutional investors, etc.)

(Yen amounts are rounded to the nearest million, except for per share information)

1. Consolidated Financial Results for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2025 (January 1, 2025 - June 30, 2025)

(1) Consolidated operating results

(Percentages indicate year-on-year changes)

						2		
	Net sales		Operating income		Ordinary income		Net income attributable to owners of the parent	
	JPY (million)	%	JPY (million)	%	JPY (million)	%	JPY (million)	%
Six months ended June 30, 2025	523,244	-2.9	26,979	22.9	20,295	1.3	13,091	104.0
Six months ended June 30, 2024	538,841	4.6	21,946	120.3	20,030	180.4	6,416	543.7

Note: Comprehensive income (JPY million): Six months ended June 30, 2025 (404) (-%)

Six months ended June 30, 2024 50,635 (29.5%)

	Earnings per share (basic)	Earnings per share (diluted)
	JPY	ЈРҮ
Six months ended June 30, 2025	138.27	_
Six months ended June 30, 2024	67.77	_

(2) Consolidated financial position

	Total assets	Net assets	Shareholders' equity ratio to total assets
	JPY (million)	JPY (million)	%
As of June 30, 2025	1,204,791	415,120	32.9
As of December 31, 2024	1,226,433	420,615	32.7

Reference: Shareholders' equity (JPY million): As of June 30, 2025 396,131 As of December 31, 2024 401,420

2. Cash Dividends

			Cash dividends per share					
	(Record date)	End of 1st quarter	End of 2nd quarter	End of 3rd quarter	Year-end	Annual		
		JPY	JPY	JPY	JPY	JPY		
FY2024		_	50.00	_	50.00	100.00		
FY2025		_	50.00					
FY2025 (Plan)				_	150.00	200.00		

Note: Revision of the forecasts for the dividends payment: Yes

For details, please refer to "Notice Regarding Revision of Year-End Dividend Forecast for Fiscal Year 2025 (Ordinary Dividend Increase and Special Dividend)" released on August 8, 2025.

3. Forecasts for Consolidated Operating Results for the Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2025 (January 1, 2025 - December 31, 2025)

(Percentages indicate year-on-year changes)

(1 erechtages marcate year-on-year changes)									
	Net sales		Operating inc	ome	Ordinary inco	me	Net incom attributable owners of the	to	Earnings per share (basic)
	JPY (million)	%	JPY (million)	%	JPY (million)	%	JPY (million)	%	JPY
FY2025	1,060,000	-1.0	50,000	12.3	40,000	5.5	24,000	12.6	253.48

Note: Revision of the latest forecasts for the consolidated operating results: Yes

For details, please refer to "1. Analysis of Results of Operations (3) Operating Results Forecasts for Fiscal Year 2025" on page 5.

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Notes

- (1) Significant changes in the scope of consolidation during the six months ended June 30, 2025: None Newly included: (Company name) Excluded: (Company name) —
- (2) Adoption of accounting methods which are exceptional for interim consolidated financial statements: Yes
 For details, please refer to page 13, "3. Interim Consolidated Financial Statements, (4) Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial
 Statements, (Notes on Accounting Methods Which Are Exceptional for Interim Consolidated Financial Statements).
- (3) Changes in accounting policies and accounting estimates, and restatements
 - 1) Changes in accounting policies arising from revision of accounting standards: Yes
 - 2) Changes in accounting policies other than 1):
 - 3) Changes in accounting estimates: None
 - 4) Restatements: None

For details, please refer to page 13, "3. Interim Consolidated Financial Statements, (4) Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements, (Notes on Changes in Accounting Policies).

- (4) Number of shares issued (common stock)
 - 1) Number of shares issued at the end of the period, including treasury shares

As of June 30, 2025 95,156,904 shares, As of December 31, 2024 95,156,904 shares

2) Number of treasury shares at the end of the period

As of June 30, 2025 475,950 shares, As of December 31, 2024 474,948 shares

- 3) Average number of shares issued during the period, excluding treasury shares
 - For the six months ended June 30, 2025 94,681,416 shares, For the six months ended June 30, 2024 94,674,633 shares
 - * The Company has introduced the Board Benefit Trust (BBT), and the shares held by the trust are included in the number of treasury shares.

Note: Interim consolidated financial results in this report are not subject to interim review procedures conducted by certified public accountants or audit firms.

Note: Explanation of the appropriate use of performance forecasts, and other special items

Caution concerning forward-looking statements

The above forecasts of future performance are based on information available to the Company at the present time and are subject to potential risks and uncertainty. Accordingly, the users should be aware that actual results may differ from any expressed future performance herein due to various factors.

For information regarding the assumptions used to prepare the forecasts, please refer to page 5.

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1. Analysis of Results of Operations

(1) Overview of Operating Results

(Billions of yen)

	Six months ended June 30, 2024	Six months ended June 30, 2025	Change (%)	Change (%) [Local currency basis]
Net sales	538.8	523.2	-2.9%	-0.5%
Operating income	21.9	27.0	22.9%	27.9%
Ordinary income	20.0	20.3	1.3%	_
Net income attributable to owners of the parent	6.4	13.1	104.0%	_
EBITDA *	43.8	49.1	12.0%	_
¥/US\$1.00 (Average rate)	152.13	148.58	-2.3%	_
¥/EUR1.00 (Average rate)	164.43	162.72	-1.0%	_

^{*} EBITDA: Net income attributable to owners of the parent + Total income taxes + (Interest expenses - Interest income) + Depreciation and amortization + Amortization of goodwill

In the six months ended June 30, 2025, consolidated net sales slipped 2.9%, to ¥523.2 billion.

- Looking at key global economies in recent months, attention remained focused on the progress of negotiations among countries and regions following the United States' announcement of a reciprocal tariffs policy. Corporate and consumer behavior varied, reflecting an increasing wariness attributable to the uncertain economic outlook, with pre-tariff demand surges seen in some areas and tariff-induced buying restraint in others.
- In this environment, demand trends in core customer industries diverged. In the area of digital materials, used principally in electrical and electronics equipment and in displays, the display market saw a slight decline in operating rates among display manufacturers, but the semiconductor market was firm, propelled by growing demand for use in AI and semiconductor devices, among others. In industrial materials,* used primarily in mobility solutions, the potential impact of the U.S. tariff policy continued to be a cause of anxiety in the automobile market, but sales benefited from a temporary demand surge ahead of tariff imposition, as a result of which no sudden shift was seen.
- Against this backdrop, results varied for different products. The Packaging & Graphic segment reported a year-on-year decrease in overall sales of inks from the second quarter (April–June 2025) forward. Sales in the Color & Display segment also trended downward, particularly of pigments for coatings and for plastics. In the Functional Products segment, sales of high-value-added products for use in electronics equipment, including epoxy resins and industrial-use adhesive tapes, remained solid, while sales of polyphenylene sulfide (PPS) compounds and other products for mobility solutions were steady.

Operating income advanced 22.9%, to ¥27.0 billion. This was due mainly in the Color & Display segment, bolstered by sales price revisions implemented to boost margins, and to a return to profitability overseas after an operating loss in the corresponding period of the previous fiscal year, thanks to ongoing structural reforms in the pigments business in the United States and Europe, which pushed down costs.

Ordinary income, at ¥20.3 billion, was up 1.3%. Owing to the application of hyperinflationary accounting and other factors, including the rapid appreciation of the yen, foreign exchange losses mounted.

Net income attributable to owners of the parent climbed 104.0%, to ¥13.1 billion. This was a consequence of multiple factors, including a steep decrease in extraordinary losses compared with the six months ended June 30, 2024, when escalating severance costs arising from restructuring measures, together with a loss on sale of shares and investment in capital of subsidiaries and affiliates, caused extraordinary losses to soar.

Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) rose 12.0%, to ¥49.1 billion.

*DIC uses the term "industrial materials" to describe products for use in mobility solutions, namely, automobiles, railroads and shipping, and for general industrial applications such as construction equipment and industrial machinery.

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(2) Segment Results

(Billions of yen)

	Net sales				Operating income (loss)			
	Six months ended June 30, 2024	Six months ended June 30, 2025	Change (%)	Change (%) [Local currency basis]	Six months ended June 30, 2024	Six months ended June 30, 2025	Change (%)	Change (%) [Local currency basis]
Packaging & Graphic	280.8	268.8	-4.3%	-1.1%	15.2	13.4	-11.9%	-5.2%
Color & Display	134.3	132.0	-1.7%	0.5%	0.4	5.7	13.1 times	8.0 times
Functional Products	144.7	143.0	-1.2%	-0.4%	10.8	10.9	0.8%	1.3%
Others, Corporate and eliminations	(20.9)	(20.5)	_	_	(4.5)	(3.0)		_
Total	538.8	523.2	-2.9%	-0.5%	21.9	27.0	22.9%	27.9%

Note: Effective from the six months ended June 30, 2025, the Group revised its segment classification for certain net sales and operating income in "Packaging & Graphic", "Functional Products" and "Others, Corporate and eliminations".

Accordingly, certain figures for the six months ended June 30, 2024 have been restated.

Packaging & Graphic

	Six months ended June 30, 2024	Six months ended June 30, 2025	Change (%)	Change (%) [Local currency basis]
Net sales	¥280.8 billion	¥268.8 billion	-4.3%	-1.1%
Operating income	¥15.2 billion	¥13.4 billion	-11.9%	-5.2%

Segment sales declined 4.3%, to ¥268.8 billion. In the area of packaging inks, used chiefly on packaging for food products, shipments deteriorated in Japan, and in the Americas and Europe—the former due to rising prices, which dampened consumption, and the latter reflecting concerns regarding tariffs—but sales were up, bolstered by ongoing efforts to adjust sales prices. Shipments and sales prices in Asia and Oceania were buffeted by flagging market conditions and sales price competition, as a result of which sales waned everywhere except in the People's Republic of China (PRC), which reported an increase attributable to initiatives aimed at fostering new customers and expanded marketing. Sales of publication inks, which center on inks for commercial printing and news inks, decreased, with dwindling demand pushing down shipments, notably in the Americas and Europe. Sales of jet inks, used in digital printing, rose, as shipments remained firm. Sales of polystyrene, applications for which include food trays, were sluggish, hampered by customer buying restraint.

Segment operating income fell 11.9%, to ¥13.4 billion. Operating income in Japan decreased, as steps taken to modify sales prices for packaging inks and publication inks were insufficient to counter elevated costs. Operating income overseas was also down, falling in Asia and Oceania, where sales flagged, as well as in the Americas and Europe, where falling shipments and exchange rate fluctuations arising from the depreciation of emerging market currencies, among others, undermined ongoing efforts to maintain sales prices by ensuring stable supplies and services. On a local currency basis, however, operating income in the Americas and Europe was up 1.6%.

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Color & Display

	Six months ended June 30, 2024	Six months ended June 30, 2025	Change (%)	Change (%) [Local currency basis]
Net sales	¥134.3 billion	¥132.0 billion	-1.7%	0.5%
Operating income	¥0.4 billion	¥5.7 billion	13.1 times	8.0 times

Segment sales edged down 1.7%, to ¥132.0 billion. On a local currency basis, however, segment sales were up 0.5%. Although shipments of pigments for coatings and for plastics decreased in the Americas and Europe, as concerns regarding U.S. tariff–driven inflation prompted temporary buying restraint, sales of these products expanded, underpinned by ongoing efforts to revise sales prices. Among high-value-added products, pigments for color filters, used in displays, advanced, notwithstanding a slight decline in operating rates among display manufacturers and shipments remaining flat, thanks to sales price adjustments. Sales of pigments for cosmetics fell, hindered by listless demand from cosmetics manufacturers in the Americas and Europe, the principal customers for these products, and other factors. Sales of pigments for specialty applications rose, despite slowing shipments of products used in building materials, as shipments of products for agricultural use continued to recover following the completion of inventory adjustments. Lower segment sales were also due to the absence of sales of liquid crystal materials as a result of withdrawal from this business.

The segment reported operating income of ¥5.7 billion, up 13.1 times, bolstered by price revisions aimed at improving margins and by ongoing structural reforms in the pigments business in the United States and Europe, which helped trim costs, underpinning a return to profitability overseas.

Functional Products

	Six months ended June 30, 2024	Six months ended June 30, 2025	Change (%)	Change (%) [Local currency basis]
Net sales	¥144.7 billion	¥143.0 billion	-1.2%	-0.4%
Operating income	¥10.8 billion	¥10.9 billion	0.8%	1.3%

Segment sales slipped 1.2%, to ¥143.0 billion. In the area of digital materials, sales of epoxy resins, the foremost application for which is electronics equipment—including semiconductors—increased, as demand for semiconductors fueled firm shipments. Sales of industrial-use adhesive tapes, used mainly in smartphones and other mobile devices, rose owing to efforts to lock in demand, among others, which led to broader adoption. In the area of industrial materials, sales of materials for mobility solutions, including polyphenylene sulfide (PPS) compounds, remained solid, thanks to a last-minute demand rush in the automobile market ahead of the U.S. tariffs.

Segment operating income, at ¥10.9 billion, was up 0.8%. This was despite an increase in costs due to advance investments in the area of chemitronics, and reflected factors such as the progress of efforts to expand marketing of high-value-added products for use in electronics equipment and in mobility solutions and successful efforts to maintain sales prices for all products.

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(3) Operating Results Forecasts for Fiscal Year 2025

DIC has revised its operating results forecasts, published on May 15, 2025, as indicated below.

(Billions of yen)

	FY2024	FY2025	Change (%)
Net sales	1,071.1	1,060.0 [1,110.0]	-1.0%
Operating income	44.5	50.0 [48.0]	12.3%
Ordinary income	37.9	40.0 [44.0]	5.5%
Net income attributable to owners of the parent	21.3	24.0	12.6%
EBITDA	95.7	99.0 [102.0]	3.5%
¥/US\$1.00 (Average rate)	151.04	145.00	-4.0%
¥/EUR1.00 (Average rate)	163.34	158.00	-3.3%

Note: Forecasts in squared parentheses are those published on May 15, 2025.

Reasons for Revision of Operating Results Forecasts

The outlook for the global economy is expected to remain uncertain for the foreseeable future, given the current status of the U.S. tariffs and the outcome of trade deal negotiations. In this environment, with demand failing to meet expectations in the automotive and other markets, shipments are expected to decline, even in key customer industries. As a result, net sales are now expected to fall short of initial forecasts.

Operating income is expected to exceed initial forecasts thanks to efforts to expand sales of high-value-added products, adjust sales prices and reduce costs, among others. However, ordinary income is likely to be lower than anticipated, owing to the application of hyperinflationary accounting and other factors, including the rapid appreciation of the yen, which are expected to push up foreign exchange losses.

In light of these circumstances, forecasts for net sales, operating income and ordinary income have been revised. The forecast for net income attributable to owners of the parent remains unchanged.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held earlier today, DIC resolved to revise its year-end dividend forecast for fiscal year 2025 to \$150.00 (comprising an ordinary dividend of \$70.00 and a special dividend of \$80.00), up from its initial forecast of \$50.00. (For more information, please see the press release published today titled "Notice Regarding Revision of Year-End Dividend Forecast for Fiscal Year 2025.")

Disclaimer Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Statements herein, other than those of historical fact, are forward-looking statements that reflect management's projections based on information available as of the publication date. These forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ from such statements. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, economic conditions in Japan and overseas, market trends, raw materials prices, interest rate trends, currency exchange rates, conflicts, litigations, disasters and accidents, as well as the possibility the Company will incur special losses related to the restructuring of its operations.

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2. Analysis of Financial Position

(Analysis of assets, liabilities and net assets)

Total assets decreased ¥21.6 billion from the end of the previous consolidated fiscal year, to ¥1,204.8 billion, due to an impact of decrease in the yen-converted value of assets resulting from the exchange rate fluctuations as well as progress in depreciation and amortization of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, despite increase in inventory. Total liabilities decreased ¥16.1 billion from the end of the previous consolidated fiscal year, to ¥789.7 billion, due to a decrease in the yen-converted value of liabilities resulting from the exchange rate fluctuations, a decrease in facility-related current liability, and others. In addition, net assets decreased ¥5.5 billion from the end of the previous consolidated fiscal year, to ¥415.1 billion, due to an increase in retained earnings caused by recording net income attributable to owners of parent and others, while a decrease in foreign currency translation adjustments accompanying the exchange rate fluctuations.

(Analysis of cash flow)

[Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities] Six months ended June 30, 2025, ¥21.5 billion (¥14.5 billion for the six months ended June 30, 2024)

In the six months ended June 30, 2025, income before income taxes was ¥20.8 billion and depreciation was ¥26.2 billion. Income tax of ¥7.4 billion was paid and ¥19.0 billion was used in working capital. As a result, net cash provided by operating activities amounted to ¥21.5 billion.

[Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities] Six months ended June 30, 2025, $\frac{1}{2}$ (15.5) billion ($\frac{1}{2}$ (7.2) billion for the six months ended June 30, 2024)

In the six months ended June 30, 2025, while \(\frac{\pmathbf{\text{3}}}{3}\), 4 billion was provided by the sales of shares and investments of subsidiaries and affiliates and \(\frac{\pmathbf{\text{1}}}{1}\).6 billion was provided by the sales of property, plant and equipment, \(\frac{\pmathbf{\text{2}}}{2}\).5 billion was used for the purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets. As a result, net cash used in investing activities was \(\frac{\pmathbf{\text{1}}}{1}\).5 billion.

[Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities] Six months ended June 30, 2025, $\frac{1}{2}$ (3.8) billion (\frac{1}{2}18.5 billion for the six months ended June 30, 2024)

In the six months ended June 30, 2025, while \(\frac{\text{\title}}}}}}} anounted to \\ext{\texi}}\text{\ti}}}}}}}}}}}} \texti

3. Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

(1) Interim Consolidated Balance Sheet

	Previous Fiscal Year as of December 31, 2024	First Half of Current Fiscal Year as of June 30, 2025
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and deposits	61,869	57,354
Notes and accounts receivable - trade	229,744	227,322
Merchandise and finished goods	169,546	183,080
Work in process	11,819	12,468
Raw materials and supplies	99,218	98,455
Other	40,229	33,308
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(4,919)	(4,969)
Total current assets	607,506	607,019
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment		
Buildings and structures, net	133,918	128,203
Machinery, equipment and vehicles, net	135,666	129,486
Tools, furniture and fixtures, net	16,446	14,542
Land	57,780	56,641
Construction in progress	20,330	22,194
Total property, plant and equipment	364,141	351,065
Intangible assets		
Goodwill	17,394	16,290
Software	14,142	12,696
Customer-related assets	10,676	10,217
Other	25,281	22,366
Total intangible assets	67,494	61,570
Investments and other assets		
Investment securities	60,085	58,764
Net defined benefit asset	88,774	89,622
Other	38,499	36,816
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(65)	(65)
Total investments and other assets	187,293	185,137
Total non-current assets	618,927	597,773
Total assets	1,226,433	1,204,791

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	Previous Fiscal Year as of December 31, 2024	First Half of Current Fiscal Year as of June 30, 2025
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Notes and accounts payable - trade	138,448	133,701
Short-term loans payable	81,253	88,691
Commercial papers	_	10,000
Current portion of bonds payable	10,000	10,000
Income taxes payable	4,485	2,764
Provision for bonuses	5,510	5,335
Other	93,375	85,271
Total current liabilities	333,071	335,762
Non-current liabilities		
Bonds payable	100,000	100,000
Long-term loans payable	277,617	258,735
Net defined benefit liability	32,898	33,365
Asset retirement obligations	9,618	9,647
Other	52,614	52,164
Total non-current liabilities	472,748	453,910
Total liabilities	805,819	789,672
Net assets		
Shareholders' equity		
Capital stock	96,557	96,557
Capital surplus	94,234	94,234
Retained earnings	187,008	195,352
Treasury shares	(1,498)	(1,501)
Total shareholders' equity	376,301	384,641
Accumulated other comprehensive income		
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	3,924	3,700
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	515	494
Foreign currency translation adjustment	34,587	20,746
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(13,907)	(13,449)
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	25,119	11,490
Non-controlling interests	19,194	18,988
Total net assets	420,615	415,120
Total liabilities and net assets	1,226,433	1,204,791

(2) Interim Consolidated Statement of Income and Interim Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

Interim Consolidated Statement of Income

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2024	Six Months Ended June 30, 2025
Net sales	538,841	523,244
Cost of sales	425,716	406,446
Gross profit	113,125	116,798
Selling, general and administrative expenses		
Employees' salaries and allowances	34,923	34,254
Provision of allowance for doubtful accounts	565	298
Provision for bonuses	2,055	2,232
Retirement benefit expenses	203	129
Other	53,433	52,906
Total selling, general and administrative expenses	91,180	89,820
Operating income	21,946	26,979
Non-operating income		
Interest income	2,262	1,390
Dividends income	360	206
Foreign exchange gains	288	_
Equity in earnings of affiliates	1,024	871
Other	984	776
Total non-operating income	4,917	3,243
Non-operating expenses		
Interest expenses	4,913	3,181
Foreign exchange losses	_	4,813
Other	1,920	1,933
Total non-operating expenses	6,833	9,927
Ordinary income	20,030	20,295
Extraordinary income		
Gain on sales of shares and investments in capital of subsidiaries and affiliates	939	1,725
Gain on sales of non-current assets	3,857	651
Total extraordinary income	4,796	2,377
Extraordinary losses		
Loss on disposal of non-current assets	1,210	757
Loss on sales of shares and investments in capital of subsidiaries and affiliates	4,513	506
Severance costs	3,245	384
Impairment losses	175	225
Total extraordinary losses	9,143	1,872
Income before income taxes	15,683	20,799
Income taxes	8,677	7,444
Net income	7,006	13,355
Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	590	264
Net income attributable to owners of the parent	6,416	13,091

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Interim Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2024	Six Months Ended June 30, 2025	
Net income	7,006	13,355	
Other comprehensive income			
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	1,901	(207)	
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	177	(21)	
Foreign currency translation adjustment	46,267	(15,068)	
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(4,900)	470	
Share of other comprehensive income of affiliates accounted for using equity method	184	1,067	
Total other comprehensive income	43,629	(13,759)	
Comprehensive income	50,635	(404)	
Comprehensive income attributable to			
Comprehensive income attributable to owners of the parent	49,421	(538)	
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	1,214	134	

(3) Interim Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2024	Six Months Ended June 30, 2025
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		
Income before income taxes	15,683	20,799
Depreciation and amortization	25,470	26,173
Amortization of goodwill	593	572
Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts	787	(183
Increase (decrease) in provision for bonuses	216	(6-
Interest and dividends income	(2,622)	(1,59
Equity in (earnings) losses of affiliates	(1,024)	(87
Interest expenses	4,913	3,18
Loss (gain) on sales and retirement of non-current assets	(2,647)	10
Impairment losses	175	22
Loss (gain) on sales of shares and investments in capital of subsidiaries and affiliates	3,574	(1,21
Decrease (increase) in notes and accounts receivable - trade	(31,317)	(41
Decrease (increase) in inventories	(329)	(17,82
Increase (decrease) in notes and accounts payable - trade	13,362	(72
Other, net	(3,865)	23
Subtotal	22,969	28,39
Interest and dividends income received	3,508	3,54
Interest expenses paid	(4,783)	(2,98
Income taxes paid	(7,154)	(7,41
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	14,540	21,54
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	,	,
Payments into time deposits	(668)	(23
Proceeds from withdrawal of time deposits	907	23
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(20,888)	(20,22
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	364	1,57
Purchase of intangible assets	(3,455)	(28
Proceeds from sales of intangible assets	4,117	(,
Purchase of shares and investments in capital of subsidiaries		
resulting in change in scope of consolidation	(24)	-
Proceeds from sales of shares and investments in capital of		
subsidiaries resulting in change in scope of consolidation	11,353	3,34
Proceeds from sales of shares and investments in capital of		
subsidiaries resulting in change in scope of consolidation	-	5
Purchase of investment securities	(4)	(16
Proceeds from sales and redemption of investment securities	14	15
Other, net	1,035	1
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(7,249)	(15,51

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		(Minnens of year)
	Six Months Ended June 30, 2024	Six Months Ended June 30, 2025
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		
Net increase (decrease) in short-term loans payable	5,176	(15,281)
Net increase (decrease) in commercial papers	_	10,000
Proceeds from long-term loans payable	15,011	30,732
Repayment of long-term loans payable	_	(21,542)
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	15,000	_
Redemption of bonds	(10,000)	_
Cash dividends paid	(2,849)	(4,748)
Cash dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(757)	(371)
Net decrease (increase) in treasury shares	92	(3)
Repayments of lease liabilities	(3,074)	(2,600)
Other, net	(71)	(0)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	18,527	(3,813)
Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents	9,519	(6,732)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	35,337	(4,513)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	84,642	60,940
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	119,979	56,427

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(4) Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

(Notes on Going Concern Assumption)
Not applicable

(Notes on Significant Changes in Shareholder's Equity) Not applicable

(Notes on Accounting Methods Which Are Exceptional for Interim Consolidated Financial Statements)

Calculation of Tax Expenses

Regarding tax expenses for some consolidated subsidiaries, the tax expenses are calculated by reasonably estimating the effective tax rate after the application of tax effect accounting to income before income taxes for the fiscal year including the six months ended June 30, 2025, and multiplying income before income taxes by this estimated effective tax rate.

(Notes on Changes in Accounting Policies)

Adoption of Accounting Standard for Current Income Taxes, etc.

The Group has adopted the Accounting Standard for Current Income Taxes (ASBJ Statement No. 27, October 28, 2022, hereinafter referred to as the Revised Accounting Standard of 2022) and relevant ASBJ regulations effective as of the beginning of the first half of the current fiscal year.

Revisions related to the accounting classification of income taxes (taxation on other comprehensive income) are in accordance with the transitional treatment set forth in the proviso to paragraph 20-3 of the Revised Accounting Standard of 2022 and the transitional treatment set forth in the proviso to paragraph 65-2 (2) of the Guidance on Accounting Standard for Tax Effect Accounting (ASBJ Guidance No. 28, October 28, 2022, hereinafter referred to as the Revised Implementation Guidance of 2022). The change in accounting policy has no effect on the interim consolidated financial statements.

The Group has also adopted the Revised Implementation Guidance of 2022 effective as of the beginning of the first half of the current fiscal year for revisions related to the change in the treatment in consolidated financial statements when deferring, for tax purposes, gains or losses on sales of shares of subsidiaries and other securities arising from sales between consolidated companies. The change in accounting policy has been applied retrospectively, and the interim consolidated financial statements for the previous first half and the consolidated financial statements for the previous fiscal year are presented on a retrospective basis. The change in accounting policy has no effect on the interim consolidated financial statements of the previous fiscal year and the consolidated financial statements of the previous fiscal year and the consolidated financial statements of the previous fiscal year.

Adoption of Accounting for and Disclosure of Current Taxes Related to the Global Minimum Tax Rules

The Group has adopted the Accounting for and Disclosure of Current Taxes Related to the Global Minimum Tax Rules
(ASBJ Practical Solution No. 46, March 22, 2024, hereinafter referred to as Practical Solution No. 46) effective as of the beginning of the first half of the current fiscal year.

Due to the adoption of paragraph 7 of Practical Solution No. 46, the interim consolidated financial statements do not include income taxes related to the global minimum tax rules.

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(Additional Information)

Board Benefit Trust (BBT)

With regard to the compensation for executive officers, as well as directors who concurrently serve as executive officers (the "Target Officers"), the Company introduced a new performance-based stock compensation plan called Board Benefit Trust (BBT) (the "Plan") from the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. The purpose of the Plan is to further clarify the linkage between the compensation of the Target Officers, and corporate performance and value of the Company's shares. The intended result is strengthening the Executive Officers' awareness of the importance of contributing to the medium- to long-term improvement of operating results, as well as to the enhancement of corporate value, and of sharing the same objectives as shareholders.

Accounting treatment related to the trust agreement is in accordance with "Practical Solution on Transactions of Delivering the Company's Own Stock to Employees, etc., through Trusts" (Practical Issue Task Force ("PITF") No. 30, March 26, 2015).

(1) Outline of the transactions

The trust established under the Plan acquires the Company's shares by cash contributed by the Company. The trust provides shares of the Company and the cash equivalent to the market price of the shares of the Company (the "Company's Shares and Cash Benefits") to the Target Officers, in accordance with the Rules of Officer Share Benefit established by the Company. The Target Officers shall in principle receive the Company's Shares and Cash Benefits upon their retirement.

(2) The Company's shares remaining in the trust

The shares remaining in the trust are recorded under net assets as treasury shares at the book value in the trust (excluding incidental costs). The book value and number of such treasury shares are ¥829 million and 277 thousand as of December 31, 2024, respectively, and ¥829 million and 277 thousand as of June 30, 2025, respectively.

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(Notes on Segment Information, etc.)

[Segment Information]

- I. Six months ended June 30, 2024 (From January 1, 2024 to June 30, 2024)
 - (1) Information about sales and profit (loss) for each reportable segment

(Millions of yen)

	Reportable segments					
	Packaging & Graphic	Color & Display	Functional Products	Total	Others	Total
Net sales:						
Sales to external customers	280,794	114,828	142,896	538,519	322	538,841
Intersegment sales and transfers	_	19,442	1,825	21,267	_	21,267
Total	280,794	134,270	144,722	559,786	322	560,108
Segment profit	15,193	433	10,805	26,431	188	26,619

(2) Information about assets by reportable segments

The Company transferred all shares held in consolidated subsidiary SEIKO PMC CORPORATION through the purchase of treasury stock by the latter in the first half (January-June 2024), and SEIKO PMC CORPORATION and seven other companies were excluded from the scope of consolidation. In line with this, the amount of segment assets of Functional Products has decreased by ¥50,298 million from the end of the previous fiscal year.

(3) Differences between total profit (loss) for reportable segments and operating income reported in the interim consolidated statement of income, and the breakdown of the main factors underlying these differences (note on adjusting for differences)

(Millions of yen)

Profit	Amount
Total reportable segments	26,431
Profit in "Others"	188
Corporate expenses	(4,673)
Operating income reported in the interim consolidated statement of income	21,946

(Note) Corporate expenses substantially consist of expenses incurred by new businesses and the DIC Central Research Laboratories, which are not included in any reportable segment.

(4) Information about impairment losses on non-current assets and goodwill by reportable segment (Material impairment losses on non-current assets)

In the six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company recorded impairment losses of ¥112 million in the Packaging & Graphic segment and ¥63 million in the Color & Display segment respectively.

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- II. Six months ended June 30, 2025 (From January 1, 2025 to June 30, 2025)
 - (1) Information about sales and profit (loss) for each reportable segment

(Millions of yen)

	Reportable segments					
	Packaging & Graphic	Color & Display	Functional Products	Total	Others	Total
Net sales:						
Sales to external customers	268,764	113,260	140,908	522,931	313	523,244
Intersegment sales and transfers	_	18,733	2,049	20,782	_	20,782
Total	268,764	131,992	142,957	543,713	313	544,026
Segment profit	13,389	5,668	10,893	29,950	100	30,050

(2) Differences between total profit (loss) for reportable segments and operating income reported in the interim consolidated statement of income, and the breakdown of the main factors underlying these differences (note on adjusting for differences)

(Millions of yen)

Profit	Amount
Total reportable segments	29,950
Profit in "Others"	100
Corporate expenses	(3,072)
Operating income reported in the interim consolidated statement of income	26,979

- (Note) Corporate expenses substantially consist of expenses incurred by new businesses and the DIC Central Research Laboratories, which are not included in any reportable segment.
- (3) Information about impairment losses on non-current assets and goodwill by reportable segment (Material impairment losses on non-current assets) In the six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company recorded impairment losses of ¥157 million in the "Others" segment and ¥68 million in the "Corporate" segment respectively.
- (4) Matters Related to Changes, etc. in Reportable Segments

Beginning from the six months ended June 30, 2025, certain segments of a consolidated subsidiary previously included in "Packaging & Graphic" segment were recategorized into "Functional Products" segment in accordance with a partial review of management classifications within the Group. In addition, certain expenses previously included in "Corporate expenses" that did not belong to any reportable segment were recategorized into "Packaging & Graphic" segment and "Functional Products" segment.

Segment information for the six months ended June 30, 2024 has been prepared and disclosed based on the revised measurement method.