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FY2019 3Q Earnings Presentation (Overview)

KURARAY CO., LTD.

Overview of FY2019 3Q Results

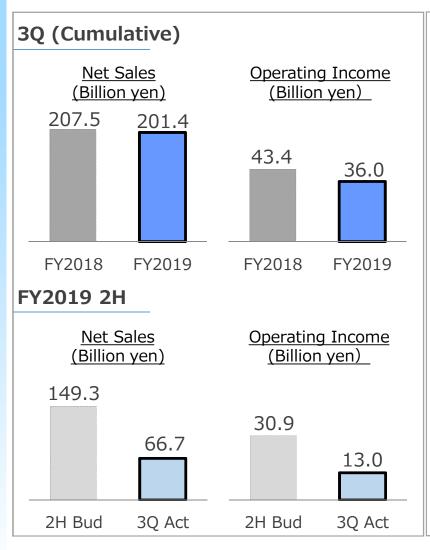
	FY2019 3Q	FY2018 3Q	Difference (Billion yen)
Net Sales	428.9	449.9	-21.0 (-4.7%)
Operating Income	42.3	54.4	-12.0 (-22.1%)
Ordinary Income	37.9	52.0	-14.1 (-27.1%)
Net Income*	19.4	33.3	-13.9 (-41.8%)
*Net Income Attributable to C	Owners of the Parent. Refe	rence	
JPY/USD	109	110	
JPY/EUR	123	131	
Domestic naptha (JPY 1,000/kl)	44	49	

Note: Because the temporary accounting treatment for the business combination with Calgon Carbon Corporation was determined at the end of fiscal 2018, the effect of said determination has been applied to the figures for the corresponding period of the previous fiscal year.

Note: In the third quarter, JPY14 billion includes a court settlement was recognized as loss in extraordinary loss and insurance income totaling JPY10 billion recognized as part of extraordinary income in connection with a fire incident that occurred in May 2018 at a group subsidiary in the United States.



Vinyl Acetate



■ PVA resin

Sales volume decreased due to decelerating economic conditions.

■ Optical-use poval film

Shipments decreased by a LCD panel inventory adjustment.

■ Water-soluble PVA film

Demand for unit-dose detergent packets grew and sales increased.

■ PVB film

Although demand for highly functional films for construction use expanded, PVB film for automotive use decreased.

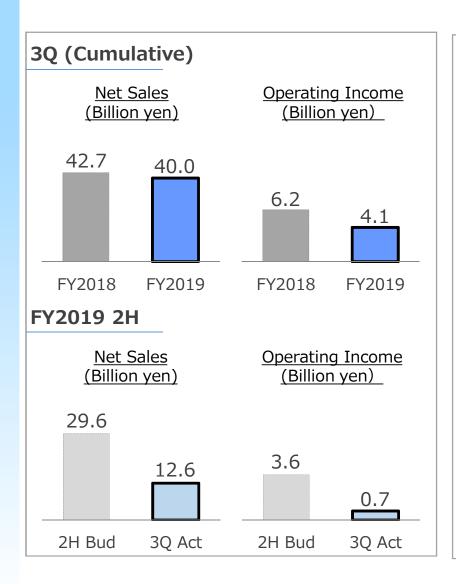
■ EVAL[™]

Sales for automotive gas tank application were affected by decline in vehicle production numbers.

Sales volume for food packaging applications was also stagnant.



Isoprene



■ Isoprene

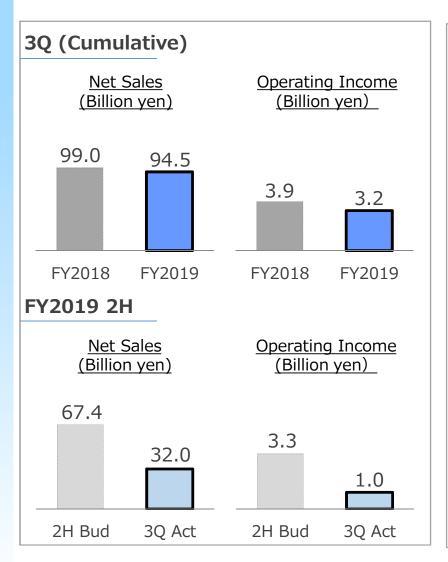
Sales volume of isoprene chemicals and SEPTON™ declined due to economic deceleration.

■ GENESTAR™

Although new adoption of connectors increased for automotive components, sales decreased for electric/electronic devices due to sluggish demand.



Functional Materials



■ Methacrylic Resin

MMA market condition worsened and sales of PMMA resins decreased.

■ Medical

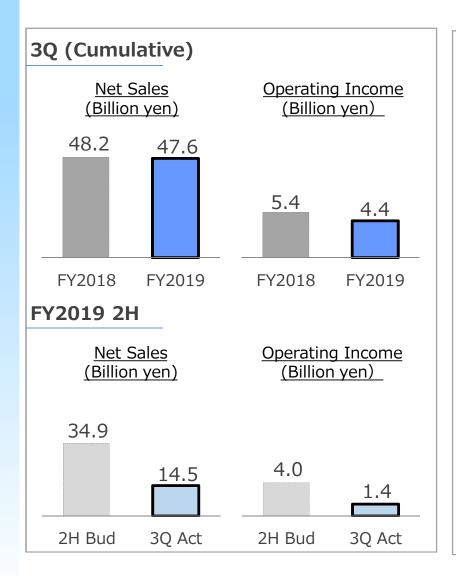
Sales of esthetic restorative dentistry products remained firm.

■ Carbon Materials & Calgon Carbon

Calgon Carbon was impacted by robust demand of drinking water application in North America though sales in Europe were affected by sluggish demand. Sales for high value-added products increased in Carbon Materials.



Fibers and Textiles



■ CLARINO[™]

Although sales for luxury product applications remained stable, sales declined for use in shoes.

■ Fibers and Industrial Materials

Exports of KURALON™ for FRC application were remained weak. Also sales in reinforcing rubber application were negatively affected by a decline in vehicle production.

■ Consumer Goods and Materials

Sales of KURAFLEX™ decreased for commodity use.

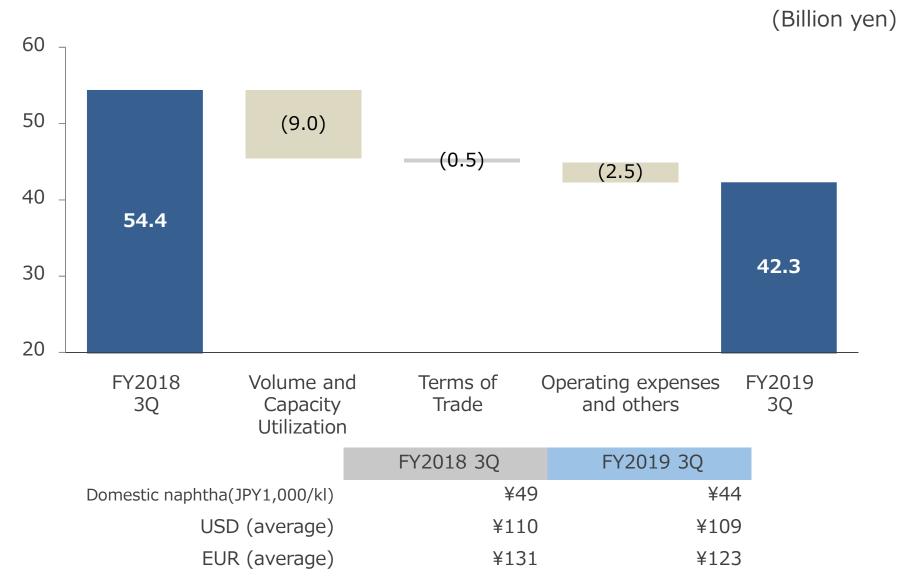
Sales and Operating Income by Segment

(Billion yen)

	FY2019 3Q		19 3Q FY2018 3Q		Difference	
	Net Sales	Operating Income	Net Sales	Operating Income	Net Sales	Operating Income
Vinyl Acetate	201.4	36.0	207.5	43.4	(6.1)	(7.4)
Isoprene	40.0	4.1	42.7	6.2	(2.7)	(2.1)
Functional Materials	94.5	3.2	99.0	3.9	(4.5)	(0.7)
Fibers & Textiles	47.6	4.4	48.2	5.4	(0.6)	(1.1)
Trading	96.8	3.0	102.0	3.0	(5.2)	0
Others	38.3	0.6	42.8	0.8	(4.5)	(0.2)
Elimination & Corporate	(89.7)	(8.9)	(92.3)	(8.2)	2.6	(0.7)
Total	428.9	42.3	449.9	54.4	(21.0)	(12.0)



Factors Affecting the Change in Operating Income





Balance Sheet [1]: Assets

(Billion yen)

	Sep. 30, 2019	Dec. 31, 2018	Difference
Current Assets	397.2	394.9	2.3
Noncurrent Assets	581.0	552.2	28.9
Total Assets	978.3	947.1	31.2

Reference: Exchange rates at end of period

	Sep. 30, 2019	Dec. 31, 2018
JPY/USD	108	111
JPY/EUR	118	127



Balance Sheet [2]: Liabilities and Net Assets

(Billion yen)

	Sep. 30, 2019	Dec. 31, 2018	Difference
Current Liabilities	169.7	144.8	24.9
Noncurrent Liabilities	258.6	235.3	23.3
Total Liabilities	428.3	380.1	48.3
Net Assets	550.0	567.0	(17.1)
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	978.3	947.1	31.2

Reference: Exchange rates at end of period

	Sep. 30, 2019	Dec. 31, 2018
JPY/USD	108	111
JPY/EUR	118	127



* Revised from the public announcement on August 8, 2019

	FY2019	FY2019	(Billion y	en)	
	Forecast (Nov. 12, 2019)	Forecast (Aug. 8, 2019)	Difference	FY2018 Actual	
Net Sales	578.0	600.0	-22.0 (-3.7%)	603.0	
Operating Income	57.0	67.0	-10.0 (-14.9%)	65.8	
Ordinary Income	52.0	62.5	-10.5 (-16.8%)	61.2	
Net Income*	28.5	38.0	-9.5 (-25.0%)	33.6	
*Net Income Attributable to	Owners of the Parent	Reference			
JPY/USD	110	110			
JPY/EUR	122	125			
Domestic naptha (JPY 1,000/kl)	43	45			

Note: In the third quarter, JPY14 billion includes a court settlement was recognized as loss in extraordinary loss and insurance income totaling JPY10 billion recognized as part of extraordinary income in connection with a fire incident that occurred in May 2018 at a group subsidiary in the United States. Presently, we are not positioned to reasonably estimate the extent of losses that may be additionally incurred by the subsidiary in the course of future litigation procedures and, therefore, has not included such amounts in new forecast.



[Ref.] Net Sales and Operating Income by Segment

(Billion yen)

				Dillion yen		
	FY2019 Revised Forecast		Original I	FY2019 Original Forecast (August 8, 2019)		ence
	Net Sales	Operating Income	Net Sales	Operating Income	Net Sales	Operating Income
Vinyl Acetate	271.5	48.5	284.0	54.0	(12.5)	(5.5)
Isoprene	53.0	5.0	57.0	7.0	(4.0)	(2.0)
Functional Materials	128.0	4.5	130.0	5.5	(2.0)	(1.0)
Fibers & Textiles	64.0	6.0	68.0	7.0	(4.0)	(1.0)
Trading	132.0	4.2	140.0	4.5	(8.0)	(0.3)
Others	51.0	0.8	52.0	1.0	(1.0)	(0.2)
Elimination & Corporate	(121.5)	(12.0)	(131.0)	(12.0)	9.5	0.0
Total	578.0	57.0	600.0	67.0	(22.0)	(10.0)



[Ref.] Net Sales and Operating Income by Segment

(Billion yen)

		FY2019 Revised Forecast		018 ults	Difference	
	Net Sales	Operating Income	Net Sales	Operating Income	Net Sales	Operating Income
Vinyl Acetate	271.5	48.5	279.4	54.7	(7.9)	(6.2)
Isoprene	53.0	5.0	57.2	7.3	(4.2)	(2.3)
Functional Materials	128.0	4.5	131.5	4.4	(3.5)	0.1
Fibers & Textiles	64.0	6.0	64.7	6.3	(0.7)	(0.3)
Trading	132.0	4.2	138.8	4.2	(6.8)	0
Others	51.0	0.8	58.0	1.2	(7.0)	(0.4)
Elimination & Corporate	(121.5)	(12.0)	(126.7)	(12.3)	5.2	0.3
Total	578.0	57.0	603.0	65.8	(25.0)	(8.8)



[Ref.] Net Sales by Segment

(Billion yen)

	FY2019		FY2	018	Difference	
	3Q Result	Full-Year Forecast	3Q Result	Full-Year Result	3Q	Full-Year
Vinyl Acetate	201.4	271.5	207.5	279.4	(6.1)	(7.9)
Isoprene	40.0	53.0	42.7	57.2	(2.7)	(4.2)
Functional Materials	94.5	128.0	99.0	131.5	(4.5)	(3.5)
Fibers & Textiles	47.6	64.0	48.2	64.7	(0.6)	(0.7)
Trading	96.8	132.0	102.0	138.8	(5.2)	(6.8)
Others	38.3	51.0	42.8	58.0	(4.5)	(7.0)
Elimination & Corporate	(89.7)	(121.5)	(92.3)	(126.7)	2.6	5.2
Total	428.9	578.0	449.9	603.0	(21.0)	(25.0)



[Ref.] Operating Income by Segment

(Billion yen)

	FY2019		FY2019 FY2018		018	Diffe	rence
	3Q Result	Full-Year Forecast	3Q Result	Full-Year Result	3Q	Full-Year	
Vinyl Acetate	36.0	48.5	43.4	54.7	(7.4)	(6.2)	
Isoprene	4.1	5.0	6.2	7.3	(2.1)	(2.3)	
Functional Materials	3.2	4.5	3.9	4.4	(0.7)	0.1	
Fibers & Textiles	4.4	6.0	5.4	6.3	(1.1)	(0.3)	
Trading	3.0	4.2	3.0	4.2	0	0	
Others	0.6	0.8	0.8	1.2	(0.2)	(0.4)	
Elimination & Corporate	(8.9)	(12.0)	(8.2)	(12.3)	(0.7)	0.3	
Total	42.3	57.0	54.4	65.8	(12.0)	(8.8)	



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All figures are rounded to the nearest hundred million yen.

This presentation contains various forward-looking statements which are based on the current expectations and assumptions of future events. All figures and statements with respect to the future performance, projections, and business plans of Kuraray and its group companies constitute forward-looking statements. Although Kuraray believes that its expectations and assumptions are reasonable, actual results and trends of Kuraray's performance could differ materially from those expressed or implied by such figures or statements due to risks and uncertainties in the future business circumstances. The factors which may cause such difference include, without limitation: (1) general market and economic conditions in Asia including Japan, the U.S., Europe and other regions; (2) fluctuations of currency exchange rates, especially between the Japanese yen and the U.S. dollar and other foreign currencies; (3) changes in raw material and fuel costs; (4) industrial competition and price fluctuations in Japan and international markets; (5) advance or delay in the construction of new plants and production lines; (6) successful development of new products and technologies; and (7) changes in laws and regulations (including tax and environmental) and legal proceedings.