



Isetan Mitsukoshi Holdings Ltd.

Business Results Explanation Meeting
Fiscal Year Ended March 2017

May 10, 2017



Agenda

I. Overview of FY2016 Results

II. FY2017 Quantitative Targets

III. Review of the Medium-term Plan

IV. Future Directions

(1) FY2016 Consolidated Results



(Billions of yen)	FY2016 Full-year results	YoY change YoY difference		Forecast Nov. 2016	Difference from the forecast	
Net Sales	1,253.4	-33.7	-2.6%	1,250.0	+3.4	+0.3%
Gross Profit (Margin)	365.6 (29.16%)	+3.8 (+1.06%)	-	370.0 (29.60%)	-4.4 (-0.44%)	-
SG&A (including point program-related expenses)	341.6 (23.0)	+13.0 (+18.7)	+4.0%	346.0 (24.0)	-4.4 (-1.0)	-1.3%
Operating Income	23.9	-9.1	-27.8%	24.0	-0.1	-0.4%
Recurring Income	27.4	-9.2	-25.3%	25.0	+2.4	+9.6%
Net Income	14.9	-11.5	-43.8%	13.0	+1.9	+14.6%

(2) FY2016 Isetan Mitsukoshi Results (Non-consolidated)



(Billions of yen)	FY2016 Full-year results	YoY change YoY difference		Forecast Nov. 2016	Difference from the forecast	
Net Sales	660.1	-18.9	-2.8%	663.0	-2.9	-0.4%
Gross Profit (Margin)	186.4 (28.24%)	+0.5 (+0.87%)	-	190.7 (28.77%)	-4.3 (-0.53%)	-
SG&A (including point program-related expenses)	183.4 (11.2)	+9.7 (+11.2)	+5.6%	187.5 (12.1)	-4.1 (-0.9)	-2.2%
Operating Income	15.9	-8.4	-34.6%	16.0	-0.1	-0.4%
Recurring Income	16.7	-8.8	-34.6%	17.5	-0.7	-4.0%
Net Income	3.2	-13.8	-81.0%	4.5	-1.2	-27.9%

(3) FY2016 Isetan Mitsukoshi SG&A (Non-consolidated)



(Billions of yen)	FY2016 Full-year results	YoY change YoY difference		Forecast Nov. 2016	Difference from the forecast	
Advertising expenses	9.9	-1.0	-9.6%	10.2	-0.3	-3.0%
Point program-related expenses	11.2	+11.2	—	12.1	-0.8	-7.3%
Labor cost	56.3	-2.1	-3.7%	56.5	-0.1	-0.3%
Depreciation and amortization	10.5	-0.4	-4.2%	10.2	+0.3	+3.1%
Rent	12.8	+0.8	+6.8%	12.9	-0.1	-1.0%
Business consignment expenses	20.6	+1.1	+6.2%	21.4	-0.7	-3.5%
Other expenses	61.8	+0.2	+0.3%	64.0	-2.2	-3.4%
Total SG&A (excluding point program-related expenses)	183.4 (172.1)	+9.7 (-1.5)	+5.6%	187.5 (175.3)	-4.1 (-3.2)	-2.2%



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(1) FY2017 Consolidated Quantitative Targets



(Billions of yen)	FY2017 Full year	YoY change YoY difference		YoY change YoY difference (excluding new consolidation)	
Net Sales	1,265.0	+11.5	+0.9%	-16.4	-1.3%
Gross Profit (Margin)	372.0 (29.41%)	+6.3 (+0.24%)	+1.7%	-2.1 (+0.22%)	-0.6%
SG&A	354.0	+12.3	+3.6%	+3.3	+1.0%
Operating Income	18.0	-5.9	-24.8%	-5.4	-22.7%
Recurring Income	20.0	-7.4	-27.1%	—	—
Net Income	10.0	-4.9	-33.2%	—	—

(2) FY2017 Isetan Mitsukoshi (Non-consolidated)

Quantitative Targets



(Billions of yen)	FY2017 Full year	YoY change YoY difference	
Net Sales	633.5	-26.6	-4.0%
Gross Profit (Margin)	180.4 (28.48%)	-5.9 (+0.24%)	-3.2%
SG&A	183.3	±0.0	±0.0%
Operating Income	10.0	-5.9	-37.3%
Recurring Income	10.0	-6.7	-40.5%
Net Income	5.5	+2.2	+69.4%



Agenda

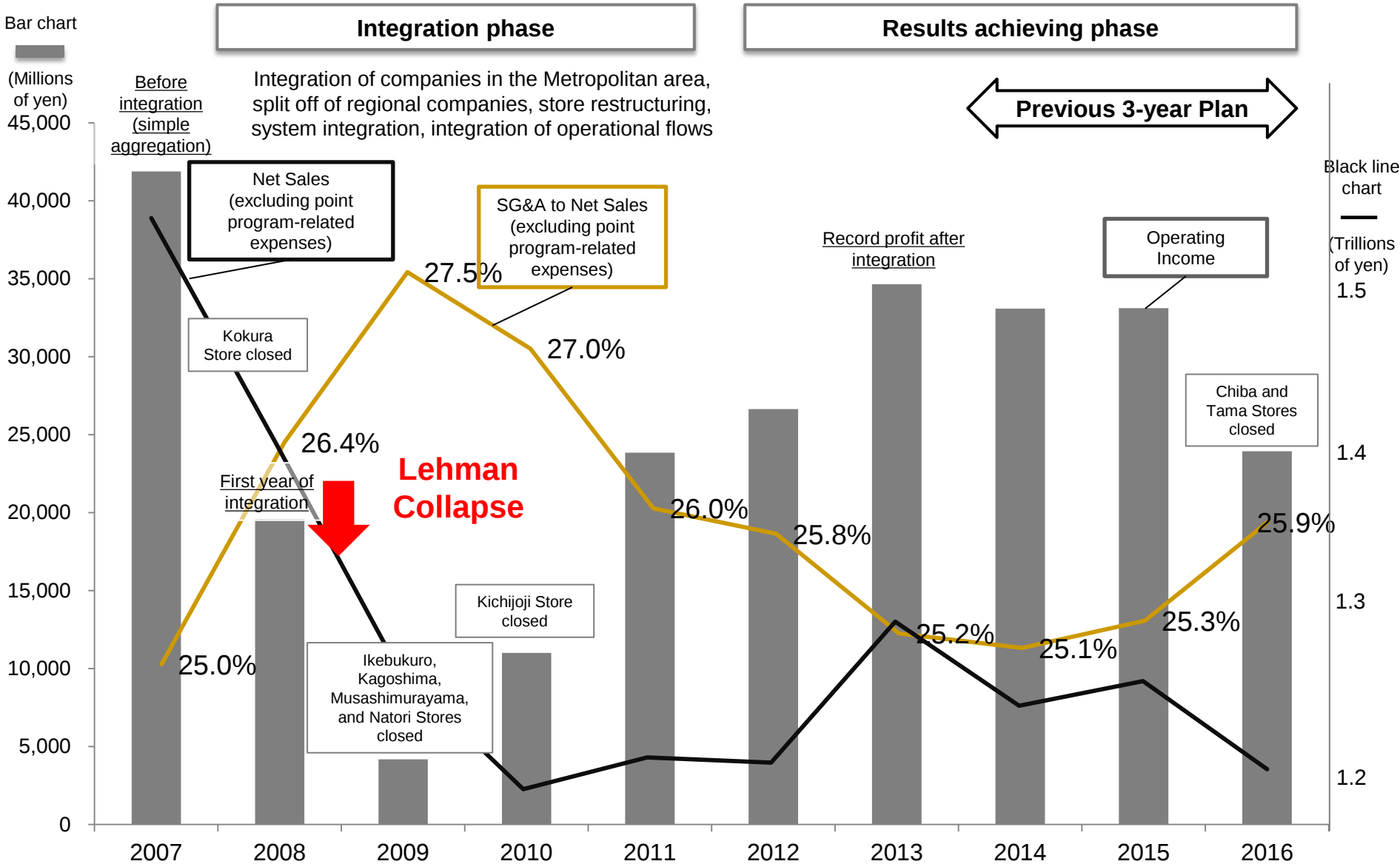
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(1) Review of the Medium-term Plan



(2) Review of the Medium-term Plan



〔First year of integration〕 〔Record profit after integration〕

(Billions of yen, %)	FY2008	% of sales	FY2013	% of sales	FY2016	% of sales
Consolidated net sales	1,426.7	100.0%	1,321.5	100.0%	1,253.4	100.0%
Consolidated gross profit	397.4	27.9%	370.0	28.0%	365.6	29.2%
Consolidated SG&A (excluding point program-related expenses)	377.9	26.5% (26.4%)	335.4	25.4% (25.2%) →	341.6	27.3% (25.9%) ↗
Labor cost	142.7	10.0%	121.5	9.2% →	118.0	9.4% ↗
Advertising expenses	36.0	2.5%	27.5	2.1% →	21.7	1.7% →
Point program-related expenses	1.6	0.1%	2.5	0.2% →	23.0	1.8% ↗
Taxes and dues	8.8	0.6%	8.5	0.6% →	10.1	0.8% ↗
Rent	48.5	3.4%	41.8	3.2% →	41.1	3.3% ↗
Depreciation and amortization	24.3	1.7%	22.2	1.7% →	23.6	1.9% ↗
Consolidated operating Income	19.6	1.4%	34.6	2.6% ↗	23.9	1.9% →

(3) Review of the Medium-term Plan <Previous 3-year Plan> <Measures>



Key strategies of the 3-year Plan (FY2014-FY2016), Presentation on May 12, 2014

(Billions of yen)

Measures		Principal KPIs	FY2016 targets (released on May 12, 2014)	FY2016 results	Difference from target	Operating Income compared with FY2013
Domestic store strategy	Flagship stores	Isetan Mitsukoshi operating income	25.5	15.9	-9.6	-7.1
	Regional stores	Operating income	5.5	0.5	-5.0	-4.0
	Small- to medium- sized stores	Net sales	42.0	34.0	-8.0	-0.8
Purchasing structure innovation		Cumulative contribution to profit (Margin of domestic department stores, compared with FY2013)	14.5	18.0 (-0.19%)	+3.5	-0.5 to -4.0
Overseas business strategy		Operating income	2.5	0.4	-2.1	-0.7
Web strategy		Net sales	25.0	12.9	-12.1	-0.5
Core businesses	Food and SM	Operating income	0.8	-1.1	-1.9	-1.0
	Card	External transaction volume	400.0	431.5	+31.5	±0.0
	Fashion brands	Net sales	5.0	2.0	-3.0	-0.1
	Travel	Net sales	6.0	4.8	-1.2	-0.2
	Real estate	Operating income	—	6.4	-	±0.0
Consolidated operating income		Operating income	42.0	23.9	-18.1	-10.7

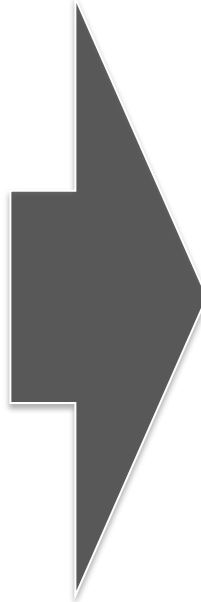


<Reflection>

• **Emphasis on quantitative targets**



• **Emphasis on new initiatives advanced and dispersed**
• **Less emphasis on structural innovation**



<Future directions>

Shrink & Grow

▶ **Structural innovation**
[Business model restructuring]

▶ **Selection & concentration in new growth businesses**



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Integration phase

- Card system integration (FY2010)
- Integration of operating companies in the Tokyo Metropolitan area (FY2011)
- Reorganization of regional operating companies (FY2009-FY2011)

- Completion of integration of companies and functions
- Proceed to results achieving phase

Results achieving phase (previous 3 years)

Advance
investment in
growth businesses

**Large shortfall of the
previous 3-year plan**

Future directions

- Restructuring of department stores
- Selection and concentration in growth businesses

**Execute thorough
structural innovation
in 2017-2018**

**Policy on structural
innovation**

**Growth strategy ⇒
Structural innovation**

**Structural innovation ⇒
Growth strategy**



Restructuring of the department store business

<Flagship stores>

Profit maximization

<Branches, regional stores, overseas stores, small- to medium-sized stores>

Business model restructuring

<Experience and content to complement department stores>

Concentration on restaurants, travel, and beauty care

Selection and concentration in growth businesses

<Real estate business>

<Card business>

<EC business>

Laying the foundation

<HR system, IT system infrastructure, management system>

(1) Restructuring of department stores

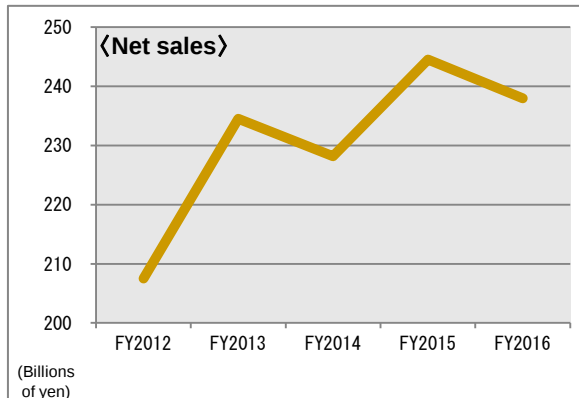
1) Structural innovation of flagship stores



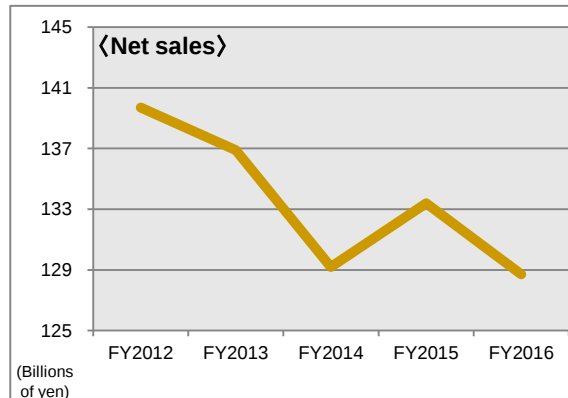
**Change
of the
strategy**

- ➡ Thoroughly strengthen earnings power
- ➡ Clarify directions of each store

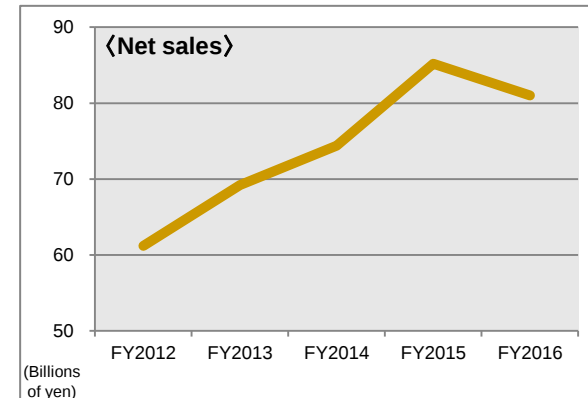
Shinjuku Main Store



Nihombashi Main Store



Ginza Store



**Return to
Isetan = Fashion**

**Store development
focusing on affluent
segment and executives**

**Make the town a flagship
〈Increase the conversion
rate〉**



**Change
of the
strategy**

- ➔ **Business model restructuring for each store in light of location, competition, and environment**
- ➔ **Thorough cost reduction**

Location

- Market area
- Population
- Household income

Competition

- Ratio of No. 1 store in regions
- Other department stores
- Other retail formats (GMS, SC, CVS, EC)

Environment

- Group's property / leased property
- LCC
- Staff policy

MD
(Remodeling)

×

**Fixed-
term rent**
(Tenant mix)

×

Sublease
(Resizing)

×

**Smaller
stores**

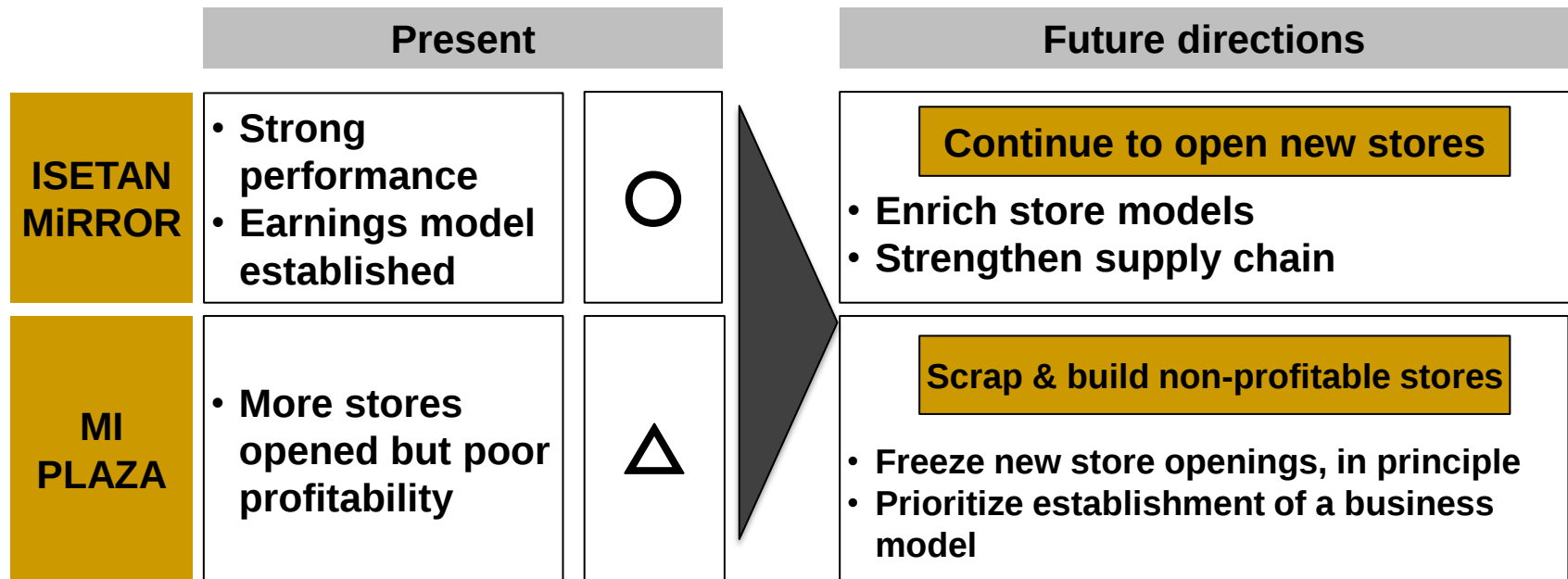
(1) Restructuring of department stores

3) Small and medium-sized stores (including overseas) etc.



Change of the strategy

- Japan: Change to a highly profitable business model
- Overseas: Establish a business model geared to future expansion



Lowering of the priority



(1) Restructuring of department stores (Purchasing structure innovation)



Review

<Comparison between
FY2012 and FY2016>

(Billions of yen)	Change due to purchasing structure innovation
Increase in margin	+16.0
(of which revision to margin)	+4.4
Cost of MD integration (Labor cost, advertising expenses, research expenses)	-2.6
Sales staff cost	-2.0
Inventory disposal expenses	-7.5
Total	+4.0
(Excluding revision to margin)	-0.5 to -4.0(*)

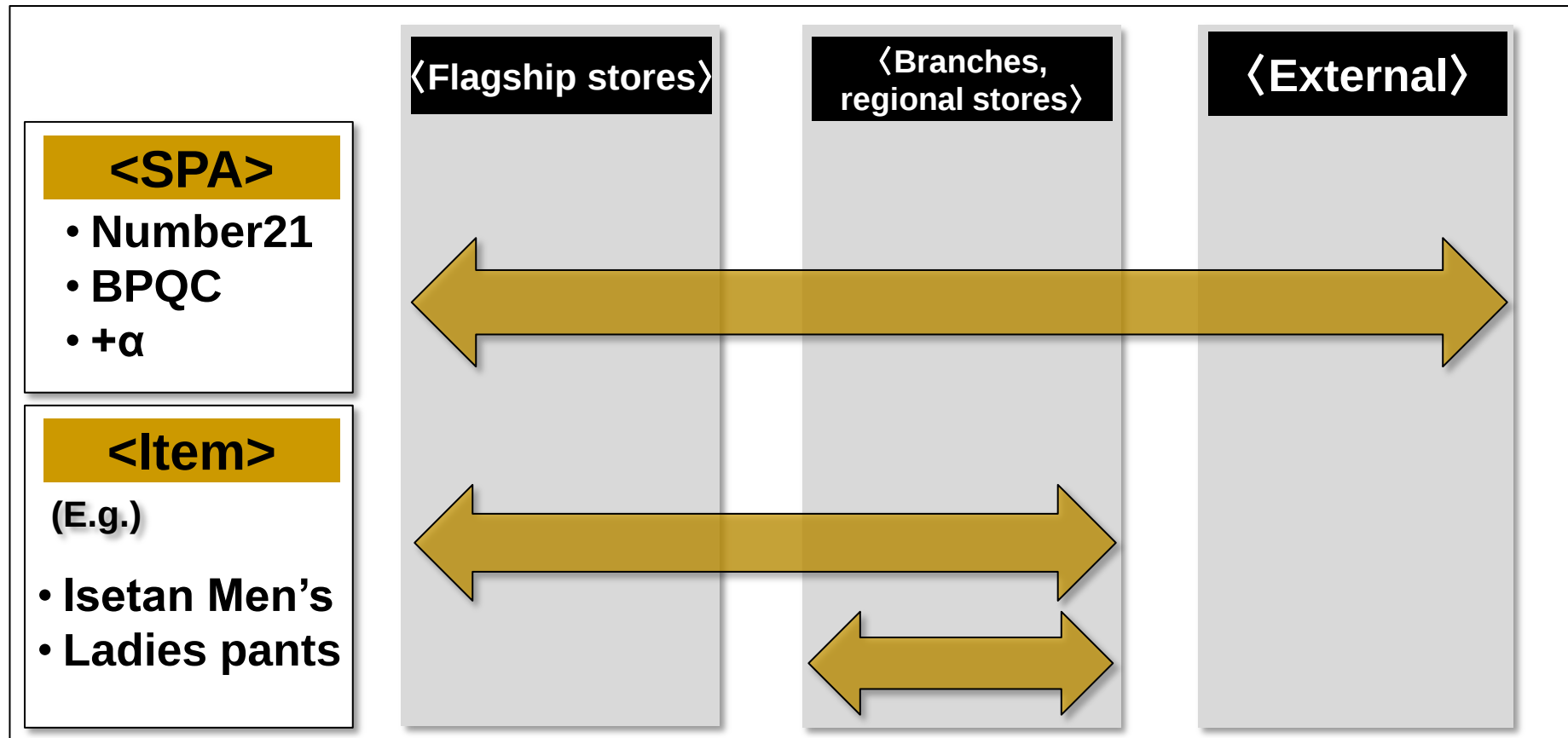
(*) Including inventory disposal expenses in FY2017

(1) Restructuring of department stores (Purchasing structure innovation)



**Change
of the
strategy**

- Stop volume expansion
- Evolve SPA best practices
- Continue successful initiatives item by item

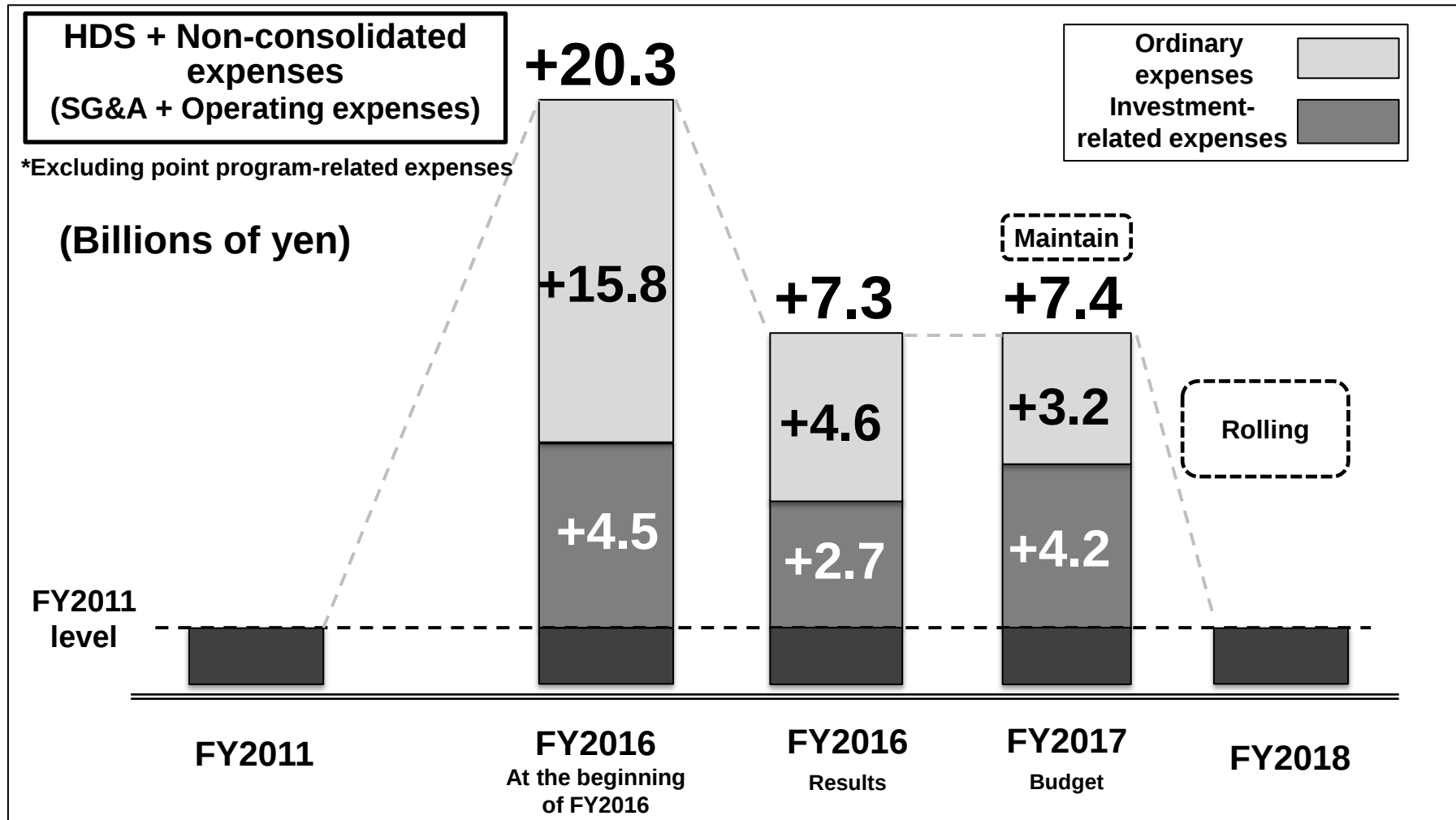


(1) Restructuring of department stores (Control of expenses)



**Change
of the
strategy**

➔ Implement thorough control of expenses, starting with the stores (including HDS) in Tokyo Metropolitan area





**Narrow
down**

➔ **Change the positioning from growth businesses to businesses complementing the department store business**

Travel

- TOB for NIKKO TRAVEL in March 2017, which has strengths in the senior market
- Achieve synergy with ISETAN MITSUKOSHI TRAVEL early

ニッコトラベル

Beauty care

- SOCIE WORLD became a subsidiary in January 2017
- Achieve synergy with the beauty content of department stores and the network of existing stores

SOCIE

Restaurants

- Accelerate opening of cafes and restaurants through JV with TRANSIT
- ◇SHINJUKU BOX (Shinjuku South Exit, March 2017)
 - ◇Fratelli Paradiso (Omotesando, April 2017)
 - ◇Modern Thai restaurant (Ebisu, scheduled to open in August 2017)



TRANSIT
GENERAL OFFICE INC.

Other

- Consider feasibility of the sharing economy that is expected to grow

(2) Stricter screening of growth businesses

1) Real estate business



Continue

➡ Effectively utilize real estate owned by the Group and maximize profit

Japan

Effective utilization of the Group's real estate

Shinjuku

Nihombashi

Elsewhere

Other real estate

Commercial facilities

Residential property

Overseas

Singapore

Malaysia

New

JV

Real estate investment



**Change
of the
strategy**

➡ **From house card to core business**

Until 2007

House card

Incentive program

- Locking-in of department store customers
- Marketing support

From 2008

Visa/Amex
introduced

Effective utilization
of department
store resources

- Promote utilization of external resources
- Gain revenue from outside the Group

◆ From now on

**Establish as a freestanding
business**

◆ Strengthen issue of affinity
cards

◆ Proprietary card (entry-level
card)
⇒ Increase new memberships

◆ Transform the revenue structure
(Increased use of revolving and installment payment)

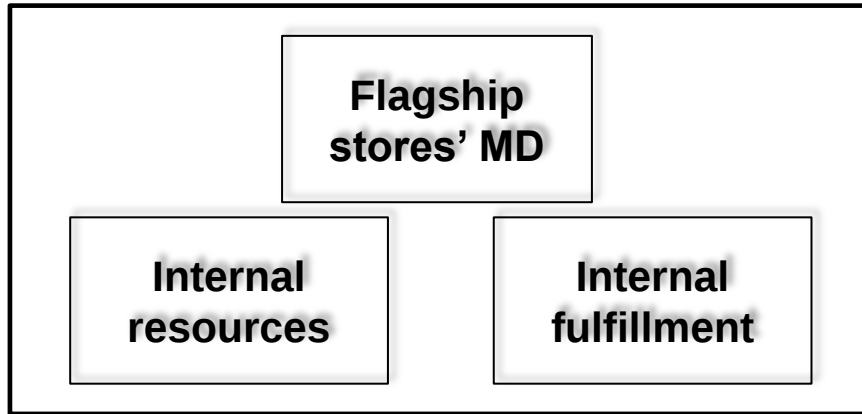
◆ Enrich new services



**Change
of the
strategy**

➔ Restructure the EC business

Until now



**There is a limit to the
current approach**

From now on

Continue existing MD



Enrich products
(Expand high-end items)



**Establish inventory-
linked platform**



Strengthen

➡ Strengthen PDCA of management

<Until now>

Change
KPIs

- Sales
- Margin (margin ratio)
- Number of new initiatives

Promote
visualization

- By company, by store

Lack of C_{heck} & A_{ction}

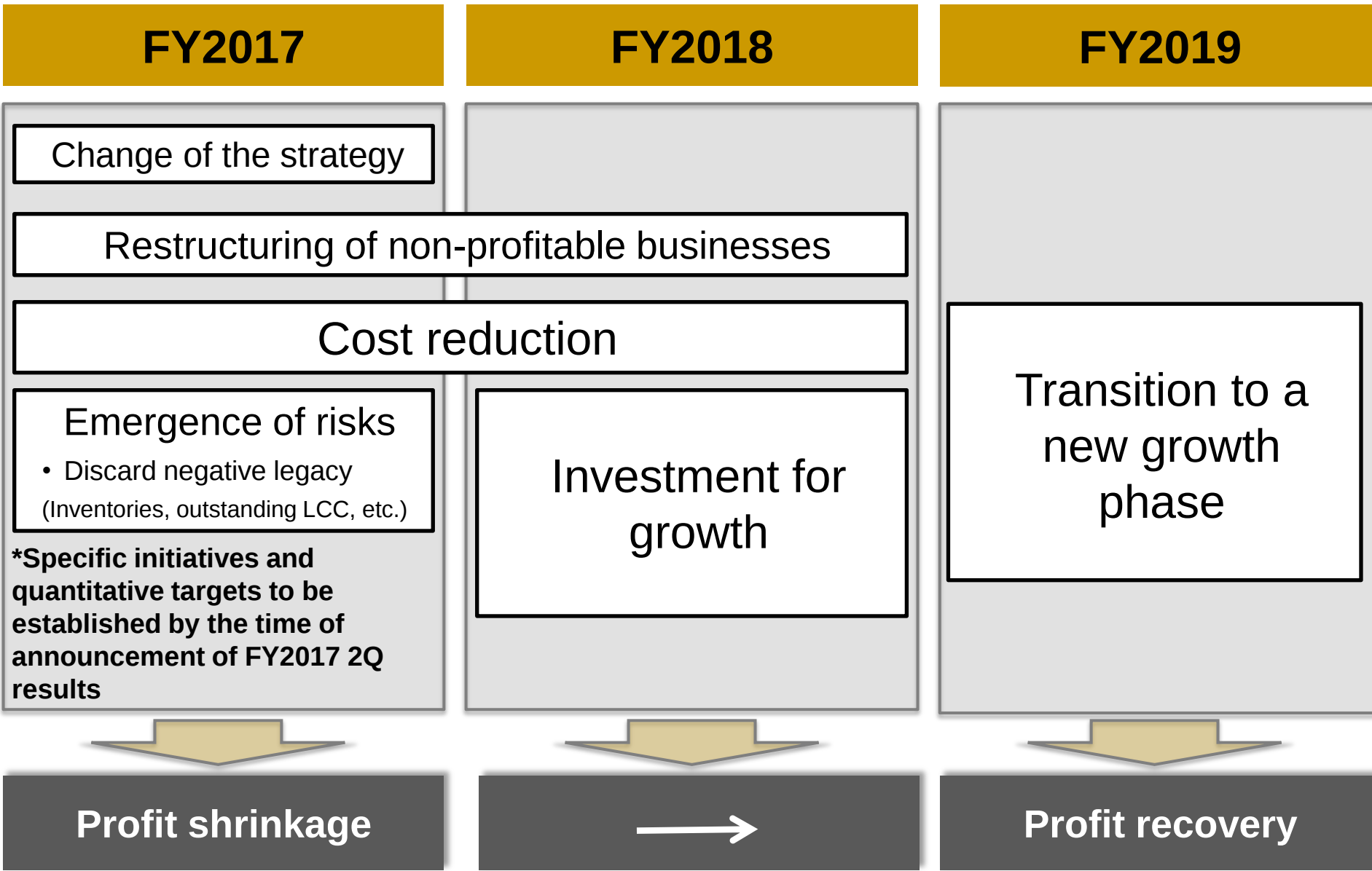
<From now on>

- ➡ Pursuit of profit
- ➡ Thorough visualization

- ➡ By business, floor, initiative

**Strengthen
CA→P_{lan} D_o cycle**

Revise the mechanism and the system





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