



KIRIN HOLDINGS COMPANY, LIMITED

SUMMARY OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

August 6, 2009

(English Translation)

Fiscal year ending December 31, 2009

KIRIN HOLDINGS COMPANY, LIMITED

10-1, Shinkawa 2-chome, Chuo-ku, Tokyo, Japan (URL <http://www.kirinholdings.co.jp/english/>)

Code No.:	2503
Shares Listed:	Tokyo, Osaka, Nagoya, Sapporo and Fukuoka
Representative:	Mr. Kazuyasu Kato, President
For further information, please contact:	Mr. Ippei Maeda, Executive Officer, General Manager of Corporate Communications
	Telephone: 81- 3- 5540- 3455 from overseas
Submission date of quarterly securities report scheduled:	August 14, 2009
Commencement date of dividend distribution scheduled:	September 7, 2009

1. Consolidated business results and financial positions for the first six months of the current fiscal year (January 1, 2009 - June 30, 2009)

[Unit: Japanese yen (¥)]

(1) Results of operations (cumulative) : (Fractions less than ¥1 million have been omitted.)

	Sales (¥ millions)	Percentage change (%)	Operating income (¥ millions)	Percentage change (%)	Ordinary income (¥ millions)	Percentage change (%)
Six months ended						
June 30, 2009	1,060,423	-	40,175	-	56,388	-
June 30, 2008	1,047,817	25.3	47,565	10.9	47,643	4.3

	Net income (¥ millions)	Percentage change (%)	Net income per share (Primary) (¥)	Net income per share (Diluted) (¥)
Six months ended				
June 30, 2009	14,955	-	15.67	15.67
June 30, 2008	81,120	383.0	84.98	84.98

Note: Percentage change compares current results with those of the period of the previous year.

(2) Financial positions:

	Total assets (¥ millions)	Net assets (¥ millions)	Ratio of equity to total assets (%)	Net assets per share (¥)
June 30, 2009	2,630,034	1,181,799	36.5	1,006.32
December 31, 2008	2,619,623	1,149,998	35.4	972.19
Reference: Equity				
	June 30, 2009	960,289 million yen		
	December 31, 2008	927,812 million yen		

2. Dividends

Record date	Dividends per share				
	First quarter (¥)	Second quarter (¥)	Third quarter (¥)	Year-end (¥)	Total (Annual) (¥)
Fiscal year ended December 31, 2008	-	11.50	-	11.50	23.00
Fiscal year ending December 31, 2009	-	11.50			
Fiscal year ending December 31, 2009 (Forecast)			-	11.50	23.00

Note: Revision of the forecast in the second quarter of the fiscal year ending December 31, 2009: None

3. Forecast of consolidated business results for the current fiscal year (January 1, 2009 - December 31, 2009)

	Sales (¥ millions)	Percentage change (%)	Operating income (¥ millions)	Percentage change (%)	Ordinary income (¥ millions)	Percentage change (%)
Fiscal year ending December 31, 2009	2,300,000	(0.2)	125,000	(14.4)	136,000	32.0

	Net income (¥ millions)	Percentage change (%)	Net income per share (¥)
Fiscal year ending December 31, 2009	60,000	(25.2)	62.87

Note: Revision of the forecasts in the second quarter of the fiscal year ending December 31, 2009: Yes

Note: Percentage change compares forecast results with those of the period of the previous year.

4. Others

(1) Changes in significant subsidiaries during the period

(changes in specified subsidiaries accompanying change in scope of consolidation): None

(2) Application of simplified accounting as well as specific accounting for preparing the quarterly consolidated financial statements: Yes

Note: For details, please refer to 4. OTHERS of "QUALITATIVE INFORMATION AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, ETC." on page 10.

(3) Changes in accounting policies, procedures and methods of presentation for preparing the quarterly consolidated financial statements

(those to be described in the section of Significant Accounting Policies)

i. Changes due to amendment of accounting standards: Yes

ii. Changes due to other reasons: Yes

Note: For details, please refer to 4. OTHERS of "QUALITATIVE INFORMATION AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, ETC." on page 10.

(4) Number of shares outstanding (common stock)

i. Number of shares outstanding at the end of period (including treasury stock)

As of June 30, 2009 984,508,387 shares

As of December 31, 2008 984,508,387 shares

ii. Number of treasury stock at the end of period

As of June 30, 2009 30,250,552 shares

As of December 31, 2008 30,157,914 shares

iii. Average number of shares during the period (cumulative from the beginning of the fiscal year)

For the six months ended June 30, 2009 954,298,883 shares

For the six months ended June 30, 2008 954,567,992 shares

Information about proper usage of forecast of business results, and other special instructions

1. The statements concerning future performance that are presented in this document are based on judgments using information available to Kirin Holdings and the Kirin Group as of the release date of this material. Certain risks and uncertainties could cause the results of Kirin Holdings and the Kirin Group to differ materially from any projections presented herein. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, the economic circumstances surrounding the Company's businesses, market trends, and exchange rates.
2. From the current fiscal year, the Company has applied the "Accounting Standard for Quarterly Financial Reporting" (Accounting Standards Board of Japan (ASBJ) Statement No. 12) and the "Guidance on Accounting Standard for Quarterly Financial Reporting (ASBJ Guidance No. 14). The Company prepares its quarterly consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations for Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements.

QUALITATIVE INFORMATION AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, ETC.

Note: All comparisons are with the first six months of 2008 unless stated otherwise

1. CONSOLIDATED RESULTS FOR THE FIRST HALF OF 2009

During the first six months of 2009 the real economy remained in a severe condition worldwide, despite some positive impacts being seen in certain countries and regions from government economic stimulus packages. In Japan, the employment situation worsened rapidly, although a slight firming of consumer sentiment in some areas contributed to signs of a certain degree of easing in the tough economic environment.

At Kirin Group, we continued to actively engage in strategies to achieve qualitative expansion, strengthening our domestic business foundations, reaching agreement with the management of Lion Nathan in Australia to assume 100% ownership of the company, completing the acquisition of shares in San Miguel Brewery, and undertaking a range of other initiatives in Japan and overseas.

Consolidated sales for the six-month period ended June 30, 2009 increased, contributed to mainly by the consolidation of Kyowa Hakko Kirin. Operating income decreased, with solid performance in domestic and overseas alcohol beverage offset by currency translation adjustments on results at Lion Nathan in Australia and tough conditions in domestic soft drinks business and other. Ordinary income increased, supported by a gain on foreign exchange resulting from a favorable trend in the yen/Australian dollar exchange rate. Net income decreased, mainly due to gain on change in equity recorded on the share exchange (between Kyowa Hakko Kirin and Kirin Pharma) in the second quarter of 2008

Kirin Holdings Company, Limited 2009 first half results:

Consolidated sales	¥1,060.4 billion, up 1.2%
Consolidated operating income	¥40.1 billion, down 15.5%
Consolidated ordinary income	¥56.3 billion, up 18.4%
Consolidated net income	¥14.9 billion, down 81.6%

Results by business segment are outlined below.

Alcohol Beverages Business

During the period under review we continued to pursue Kirin Group's comprehensive beverages group strategy, with initiatives domestically and abroad.

At Kirin Brewery, we continued efforts to strengthen core products and increase overall demand by offering consumers appealing new product choices. In the beer market, we received strong customer support for the re-launch of *Kirin Ichiban Shibori Nama Beer* with 100% malt to mark the approach of its 20th year; sales volume increased, helping support a beer market that is increasingly being challenged by the growth of the new genre category. In the happo-shu market we continued to receive strong customer support for our core *Tanrei* series, with particularly strong growth in the on-premise market. In the fast-growing new genre market, our already-dominant *Kirin Nogogoshi Nama* continued to grow, and we supported expansion and diversification of the new genre market with the June launch of *Kirin Koku no Jikan*. As a result, combined sales volumes of beer, happo-shu and new genre increased.

In April we launched *Kirin Free*, the world's first non-alcohol beer-taste beverage¹ with an alcohol content of 0.00%, as part of our response to social responsibility issues such as preventing drink driving and promoting responsible drinking. *Kirin Free* became an immediate hit, leading to an upward revision of our annual sales volume target for the product after only one month on the market. We will be working to build on the initial success of *Kirin Free* by promoting its suitability for a range of social occasions.

In the RTD market, we created further demand for the popular *Hyoketsu* series with the March launch of *Kirin Chu-hi Hyoketsu Aperitif* and the release of a seasonal limited edition *Kirin Chu-hi Hyoketsu Pineapple Cooler*.

In the shochu market, we introduced *Kirin Shochu Tanrei Straight* in March, offering a new style of shochu that can be enjoyed chilled and unmixed. This product contributed to overall demand with wide support from younger adults and female consumers.

From June 2009 we began importing and marketing Guinness® and other products of the England-based multinational Diageo plc., and also established a joint venture company to handle the marketing of Diageo brands in Japan.

At Mercian Corporation, sales of daily wines remained firm on support from home consumers and certain areas of the on-premise market, but the market for mid-range to high-end wines was affected by the worsening economic environment. Although Mercian Corporation felt the impact of factors such as a reduction of consignment manufacturing of shochu and other products from Kirin Brewery along with weaker performance at some consolidated subsidiaries, measures to improve profitability in the wine business began to show results. In processing liquors, heightened consumer concern for safety and security led to favorable demand for alcohol preparations but the commercial market remained challenging in a weakening economy.

In our overseas alcohol beverages business, we pursued our strategy of focusing on enhancing our business foundation in Asia and Oceania. In Oceania, we formed an agreement with our Australian consolidated subsidiary Lion Nathan in May, under which Lion Nathan will become a wholly owned subsidiary of Kirin. Lion Nathan has shown sustained growth, and completion of the transaction will enable an acceleration of our comprehensive beverages group strategy in Oceania.

At Lion Nathan, although wine business was affected by the weaker economic environment, the core beer business continued to perform strongly, supported by the shift to premium and high value added products such as reduced sugar products. Sales and earnings both increased on a local currency basis, contributed to by brands from the January 2008 consolidation of J Boag & Son.

Our activities elsewhere in Asia included our May acquisition of shares in San Miguel Brewery, the dominant market leader in the Philippines, through which we have strengthened the foundation for our business strategy in Asia. Concomitant with this deal we sold all the shares we held in San Miguel Corporation. In the Shanghai and Zhuhai areas of China we expanded our lineup of premium and sub-premium beers, optimizing products to reflect the characteristics of each region.

¹ Source: Kirin research of products in the beer-taste category

Sales and operating income in the Alcohol Beverages business both decreased, primarily due to the impact of currency translation adjustments on results at Lion Nathan in Australia.

Alcohol Beverages Business 2009 first half results:

Consolidated sales	¥498.6 billion, down 8.6%
Consolidated operating income	¥38.3 billion, down 9.8%

Soft Drinks and Foods Business

In our domestic soft drink operations, Kirin Beverage recorded adverse results despite initiatives undertaken to focus on profitability, with sales volumes decreasing as consumers adopted increasingly defensive spending patterns. Performance was particularly impacted by a large fall in sales volumes of mineral water and green tea, products for which storefront price competition is severe and we have been prioritizing profitability by controlling sales and marketing expenses.

At the same time we successfully increased brand value and sales volumes in other product lines. In our *Kirin Gogono-Kocha* series we introduced *Kirin Gogono-Kocha Straight Plus*, a food for specified health use, and *Kirin Gogono-Kocha Asian Straight (sugar free)*. In our canned coffee brand *Kirin FIRE* we launched new products offering the quality and appeal of regular coffee.

Overseas, we made a full entry into the strongly growing market of Vietnam with the launch of a milk-based beverage through Vietnam Kirin Acecook Beverage, a joint venture formed with Ace Cook Group in Vietnam in this June.

At National Foods in Australia, the economic slowdown impacted performance, with a worsening of the product mix in dairy products from a consumer shift to lower-price points, and a slump in fruit juice sales. Raw dairy input prices eased, however, after having risen suddenly since the second half of 2007. Following the 100% acquisition of Dairy Farmers in November 2008, integration initiatives have been proceeding steadily, with indirect expenses and other cost reductions producing higher than expected cost savings, and certain operations have been sold in line with directives from the Australian Competition and Consumer Commission.

Sales in the Soft Drinks and Foods business increased, mainly from the consolidation of Dairy Farmers, while operating income decreased.

Soft Drinks and Foods Business 2009 first half results:

Consolidated sales	¥351.4 billion, up 2.1%
Consolidated operating loss	(¥6.4 billion)

Pharmaceuticals Business

At Kyowa Hakko Kirin, sales of core anemia medicines *NESP®* and *ESPO* trended favorably, supported by the May launch of *NESP® Injection Plastic Syringe*. Sales also increased for antiallergic medicine *ALLELOCK*, antiallergic eye drop *Patanol*, and secondary hyperparathyroidism treatment *REGPARA TABLETS*. We also made steady progress in R&D, with our humanized monoclonal antibody candidate KW-0761, which utilizes our proprietary *POTELLIGENT®* activated antibody technology, progressing to Phase II clinical trials in Japan.

Consolidated sales and operating income in the Pharmaceuticals business for the first half of the year both increased significantly, reflecting the one-off contract payment for outlicensing that boosted results in 2008 along with the consolidation of Kyowa Hakko from the second quarter of last year.

Pharmaceuticals Business 2009 first half results:

Consolidated sales	¥100.9 billion, up 44.8%
Consolidated operating income	¥18.0 billion, up 64.7%

Other Businesses

In the fine chemical business operated by Kyowa Hakko Bio, sales of amino acids for medical and industrial use showed a solid trend, despite an emerging impact from the global economic recession. In the healthcare business, which markets supplements and other health-support oriented food products, synergy benefits have been created through the supply of raw materials to group companies.

In the chemicals business operated by Kyowa Hakko Chemical the business environment remained very severe, with the deteriorating global economy leading to a steep decline in market demand and a negative impact from a weak market for finished products.

In agribio business run by Kirin Agribio, global economic stagnation created a tough market in the previously strong overseas sales area of Europe, while in Japan we were able to reduce costs in a shrinking market.

Consolidated sales in Other businesses increased as a result of the consolidation of Kyowa Hakko from the second quarter of last year. Operating income decreased, affected by the impact of the global economic downturn.

Other Businesses 2009 first half results:

Consolidated sales	¥109.3 billion, up 23.3%
Consolidated operating loss	(¥0.4 billion)

Results by region were as follows.

Japan

In the alcohol beverages business, Kirin Brewery produced good sales, supported by measures taken to strengthen core brands, including the renewal of *Kirin Ichiban Shibori*, and by the launch of new products such as *Kirin Free*. In the soft drinks and foods business, the business environment for Kirin Beverage remained severe, amid a range of initiatives to strengthen brands. In the pharmaceuticals business, sales of core products progressed favorably. In other businesses, conditions in the chemical business operated by Kyowa Hakko Kirin became severe due to a decrease in demand in the weak economic environment, and a weak market for finished products.

Consolidated sales	¥816.3 billion, up 4.9%
Consolidated operating income	¥33.7 billion, down 4.5%

Asia and Oceania

At Lion Nathan in Australia, sales in core beer operations were sound. At National Foods, raw dairy input costs eased and integration following the acquisition of Dairy Farmers proceeded smoothly. However, performance was affected by the negative impact of exchange rate movements.

Consolidated sales	¥208.4 billion, down 10.0%
Consolidated operating income	¥11.8 billion, down 29.1%

Other regions

Sales in the Americas, Europe and other regions were as follows.

Consolidated sales	¥35.6 billion, down 5.7%
Consolidated operating income	¥3.6 billion, up 1.3%

2. FINANCIAL POSITION

Total assets as of June 30, 2009 stood at ¥2,630.0 billion, an increase of ¥10.4 billion compared to December 31, 2008. Key elements of this increase were an increase in cash and cash equivalents from the issuance of commercial paper, and a decrease in trade notes and accounts receivable.

Total liabilities as of June 30, 2009 stood at ¥1,448.2 billion, a reduction of ¥21.3 billion compared to December 31, 2008. This was primarily due to a reduction in notes and accounts payable, trade and a reduction in accrued liquor taxes, which offset the increase in commercial paper.

Net assets as of June 30, 2009 stood at ¥1,181.7 billion, an increase of ¥31.8 billion, compared to December 31, 2008. The primary factor contributing to this outcome was an increase in foreign currency translation adjustments, along with other factors.

Consolidated cash flows were as follows:

Cash flows from operating activities

Net cash inflow from operating activities was ¥54.4 billion, ¥14.5 billion more than the net cash inflow recorded in the first half of 2008. Although income before taxes and minority interests decreased ¥82.2 billion, this was offset by a decrease in gain on change in equity of ¥72.6 billion, an increase in depreciation of ¥5.0 billion and other factors such as a reduction of ¥14.8 billion in income taxes paid.

Cash flows from investing activities

Net cash used in investing activities was ¥36.0 billion, ¥30.0 billion less than in the first half of 2008. Outlays of ¥51.0 billion were made for the acquisition of tangible and intangible fixed assets, which were ¥11.5 billion lower than in the first half of the previous year. Other outflows included ¥136.5 billion for the acquisition of marketable securities and investment securities. Inflows included ¥16.7 billion from the sale of tangible and intangible fixed assets, and ¥132.8 billion from the sale of marketable securities and investment securities.

Cash flows from financing activities

Net cash inflow from financing activities was ¥88.4 billion, ¥66.8 billion more than in the first half of 2008. The increased issue of commercial paper generated an inflow of ¥114.9 billion and borrowings increased ¥44.7 billion, while main items of outflow included ¥43.8 billion for the redemption of bonds and ¥22.8 billion for the payment of dividends.

Consolidated cash and cash equivalents ("cash") totaled ¥179.9 billion as of June 30, 2009, an increase of ¥111.5 billion compared to the end of the previous fiscal year.

3. CONSOLIDATED FORECASTS

Kirin Group's consolidated forecasts for the full year ending December 31, 2009 have been revised as follows, reflecting a review of foreign exchange rates and progress in each business area.

Revised full-year consolidated forecasts

Unit: million Japanese yen

	Sales	Operating income	Ordinary income	Net income	Net income per share (Yen)
Previously announced forecast (A)	2,300,000	121,000	125,000	57,000	¥59.73
New forecast (B)	2,300,000	125,000	136,000	60,000	¥62.87
Change (B-A)	—	4,000	11,000	3,000	—
Change (%)	—	3.3	8.8	5.3	—
(Reference) Actual results for the previous fiscal year	2,303,569	145,977	103,065	80,182	¥84.01

4. OTHERS

(1) Changes in significant subsidiaries during the period (changes in specified subsidiaries accompanying change in scope of consolidation):

There is no matter that fall under this item.

(2) Application of simplified accounting as well as specific accounting for preparing the quarterly consolidated financial statements:

(2)-1 Simplified accounting methods

1. Allowance for doubtful accounts except for certain identified doubtful receivables

The allowance for doubtful receivables for the period is based on actual default rates in the previous fiscal year unless default rates are deemed to have undergone a material change.

2. Valuation of inventories

Valuation of consolidated inventories at the end of the quarterly period is derived from a reasonable calculation based on actual inventories at the end of the previous fiscal year, without undertaking physical inventory count. Where inventories are deemed to have declined materially in value, the book value of such inventories is written down to estimated net realizable amounts.

3. Calculation of deferred tax assets and liabilities

The Company makes judgments of the recoverability of deferred tax assets based on the future earning forecast and tax planning used in the previous fiscal year, when there have been no significant changes in the management environment or other circumstances of occurrence of temporary difference since the end of the previous fiscal year.

(2)-2 Specific accounting methods for preparing the quarterly consolidated financial statements

Calculation of Income taxes

Income taxes for the six months period are calculated by income taxes for the six months and effective tax rate estimated reasonably using the estimated income before income taxes for the year after the application of tax effect accounting.

(3) Changes in accounting policies, procedures and methods of presentation for preparing the quarterly consolidated financial statements:

(3)-1 Accounting methods for formulation of quarterly financial statements

From the current fiscal year, the Company has applied the "Accounting Standard for Quarterly Financial Reporting" (Accounting Standards Board of Japan (ASBJ) Statement No. 12) and the "Guidance on Accounting Standard for Quarterly Financial Reporting" (ASBJ Guidance No. 14). The Company prepares its quarterly consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations for Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements.

(3)-2 Changes in valuation standards and methods

Inventories

Inventories held for sale in the ordinary course of business were previously stated using mainly the cost method. From the first quarter period, the Company has applied the "Accounting Standard for Measurement of Inventories" (ASBJ Statement No. 9 of July 5 2006), and inventories are now valued mainly using the cost method with book value written down to the net realizable value in cases where there has been a material decline in value.

As a result of this change, operating income declined by ¥1,273 million, ordinary income decreased by ¥205 million and income before income taxes and minority interests decreased by ¥1,147 million for the six months ended June 30, 2009.

(3)-3 Adoption of "Practical Solution on Unification of Accounting Policies Applied to Foreign Subsidiaries for Consolidated Financial Statements"

From the current fiscal year, the Company has applied the "Practical Solution on Unification of Accounting Policies

Applied to Foreign Subsidiaries for Consolidated Financial Statements” (ASBJ Practical Issues Task Force (PITF) No. 18 of May 17, 2006), and made the necessary adjustments to its financial statements.

As a result, beginning retained earnings decreased by ¥6,355 million due to the amortization of goodwill at overseas subsidiaries. The effect on net income for the six months ended June 30, 2009 of this change is immaterial.

(3)-4 Adoption of accounting standard for lease transactions

Finance leases, except for those leases under which the ownership of the leased assets was considered to be transferred to the lessee, were accounted for in the same method as operating leases. However, from the current fiscal year the Company has applied the “Accounting Standard for Lease Transactions” (ASBJ Statement No. 13 of June 17, 1993 (First Committee of the Business Accounting Council); revised on March 30, 2007) and the “Guidance on Accounting Standard for Lease Transactions” (ASBJ Guidance No. 16 of January 18, 1994 (Japanese Institute of Certified Public Accountants, Committee on Accounting Systems); revised on March 30, 2007), and accordingly such transactions are now based on capital lease method. For depreciation of leased assets for finance lease transactions other than those involving a transfer of title, useful life is based on the duration of the lease period and straight-line depreciation is applied with an assumed residual value of zero. For finance lease transactions other than those involving a transfer of title that began prior to the application of the new accounting standards, the previous operating lease method will continue to be applied.

The effect on net income for the six months ended June 30, 2009 of this change is immaterial.

Additional information

Change in useful life of tangible assets

In line with a revision of the Corporation Tax Law in fiscal 2008, from the current fiscal year the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries in Japan have changed their estimates for the useful lives of part of machinery.

As a result, operating income decreased by ¥2,592 million, and ordinary income and income before income taxes and minority interests each decreased by ¥2,589 million for the six months ended June 30, 2009.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS **CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

(¥ millions)

	As of June 30, 2009	As of December 31, 2008 (Summary)
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash	185,680	72,662
Notes and accounts receivable, trade	357,078	446,630
Merchandise and finished goods	157,537	152,289
Work in process	22,244	24,141
Raw materials and supplies	41,366	42,889
Other	75,807	89,489
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(1,757)	(1,879)
Total Current Assets	837,956	826,222
Fixed Assets		
Property, Plant and Equipment	783,312	791,311
Intangible Assets		
Goodwill	359,141	343,975
Other	106,595	105,493
Total	465,737	449,469
Investments and Other Assets		
Investment securities	424,180	425,384
Other	122,597	131,183
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(3,750)	(3,947)
Total	543,027	552,619
Total Fixed Assets	1,792,077	1,793,400
TOTAL ASSETS	2,630,034	2,619,623

(¥ millions)

	As of June 30, 2009	As of December 31, 2008 (Summary)
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Notes and accounts payable, trade	160,930	189,589
Short-term loans payable and long-term debt with current maturities	128,432	119,197
Commercial papers	114,968	-
Bonds due within one year	3,862	44,112
Income taxes payable	19,164	28,495
Reserves	6,998	7,250
Other	262,382	330,968
Total Current Liabilities	696,739	719,613
Long-term Liabilities		
Bonds	236,554	242,850
Long-term debt	287,349	257,731
Employees' pension and retirement benefits	83,235	82,704
Other reserves	5,800	6,498
Other	138,554	160,228
Total Long-term Liabilities	751,494	750,012
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,448,234	1,469,625

(¥ millions)

	As of June 30, 2009	As of December 31, 2008 (Summary)
NET ASSETS		
Shareholders' Equity		
Common stock	102,045	102,045
Capital surplus	71,543	71,536
Retained earnings	839,783	839,248
Treasury stock, at cost	(29,169)	(29,058)
Total Shareholders' Equity	984,202	983,772
Valuation and Translation Adjustments		
Net unrealized holding gains on securities	24,202	37,430
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	(824)	79
Land revaluation difference	(4,713)	(4,713)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(42,578)	(88,756)
Total Valuation and Translation Adjustments	(23,913)	(55,959)
Subscription rights to shares	143	162
Minority interests	221,366	222,023
TOTAL NET ASSETS	1,181,799	1,149,998
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	2,630,034	2,619,623

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME

(¥ millions)

	Six months ended June 30, 2009
Sales	1,060,423
Cost of sales	649,157
Gross profit	411,265
Selling, general and administrative expenses	371,089
Operating income	40,175
Non-operating income	
Interest income	938
Dividend income	4,163
Equity in earnings of affiliates	3,790
Foreign currency translation gain	16,418
Other	3,267
Total	28,577
Non-operating expenses	
Interest expense	9,340
Other	3,024
Total	12,365
Ordinary income	56,388
Special income	
Gain on sale of fixed assets	654
Reversal of allowance for doubtful accounts	209
Gain on sale of investment securities	22,535
Total	23,399
Special expenses	
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	3,015
Loss on sale of fixed assets	1,700
Loss on impairment	3,793
Loss on devaluation of investment securities	1,820
Loss on sale of investment securities	887
Loss on sale of shares of subsidiaries and affiliates	21,018
Expenses for integration	2,513
Loss on devaluation of inventories	942
Other	155
Total	35,846
Income before income taxes and minority interests	43,940
Income taxes	21,527
Minority interests	7,457
Net income	14,955

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(¥ millions)

	Six months ended June 30, 2009
Cash flows from operating activities	
Income before income taxes and minority interests	43,940
Depreciation and amortization	48,040
Amortization of goodwill	11,013
Interest and dividend income	(5,101)
Equity in losses (earnings) of affiliates	(3,790)
Interest expense	9,340
Foreign currency translation loss (gain)	(15,847)
Gain on sale of marketable securities and investment securities	(22,535)
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	4,715
Loss on sale of shares of subsidiaries and affiliates	21,018
Decrease (increase) in notes and accounts receivable, trade	92,351
Decrease (increase) in inventories	(2,366)
Increase (decrease) in notes and accounts payable, trade	(30,444)
Increase (decrease) in liquor taxes payable	(38,097)
Increase (decrease) in consumption taxes payable	(10,921)
Increase (decrease) in deposits received	(13,065)
Other	(1,002)
Sub-total	87,247
Interest and dividend received	7,173
Interest paid	(10,628)
Income taxes paid	(29,349)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	54,443
Cash flows from investing activities	
Payment for purchases of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(51,091)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	16,710
Payment for purchases of marketable securities and investment securities	(136,509)
Proceeds from sale and redemption of marketable securities and investment securities	132,883
Proceeds from sale of shares of subsidiaries with consolidation/de-consolidation	2,176
Other	(191)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(36,021)

(¥ millions)

	Six months ended June 30, 2009
Cash flows from financing activities	
Increase (decrease) in short-term loans payable	20,563
Increase (decrease) in commercial papers	114,968
Proceeds from long-term debt	62,083
Repayment of long-term debt	(37,936)
Payment for redemption of bonds	(43,862)
Payment for purchase of treasury stock	(217)
Proceeds from sale of treasury stock	113
Payment for purchase of treasury stock by the consolidated subsidiary	(3,874)
Cash dividends paid	(10,975)
Cash dividends paid to minority shareholders	(11,858)
Other	(516)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	88,487
Effect of exchange rate fluctuation on cash and cash equivalents	4,430
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	111,339
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	68,457
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents from new consolidation/de-consolidation of subsidiaries	178
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents from merger of a consolidated subsidiary	23
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	179,999

From the current fiscal year, the Company has applied the “Accounting Standard for Quarterly Financial Reporting” (Accounting Standards Board of Japan (ASBJ) Statement No. 12) and the “Guidance on Accounting Standard for Quarterly Financial Reporting” (ASBJ Guidance No. 14). The Company prepares its quarterly consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations for Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements.

NOTES ON PREMISE OF GOING CONCERN

There is no matter that fall under this item.

SEGMENT INFORMATION

a. Business segment information

(¥ millions)

Six months ended June 30, 2009							
	Alcohol Beverages	Soft Drinks and Foods	Pharmaceuticals	Others	Total	Eliminations or Corporate	Consolidated
Sales							
Unaffiliated customers	498,693	351,429	100,909	109,391	1,060,423	-	1,060,423
Inter-segment	14,477	2,817	413	15,934	33,642	(33,642)	-
Total sales	513,170	354,246	101,322	125,326	1,094,065	(33,642)	1,060,423
Operating income (loss)	38,384	(6,496)	18,003	(408)	49,483	(9,307)	40,175

Business segments are classified based on business management framework in consideration of the type and nature of products.

Main products by each business segment are as follows:

Business segment	Main products
Alcohol beverages	Beer, sparkling malt liquor (<i>happo-shu</i>), new genre, whiskey, spirits, wine, engineering, logistics, etc.
Soft drinks and Foods	Soft drinks, foods, health foods & functional foods, etc.
Pharmaceuticals	Pharmaceutical products
Others	Biochemical, chemical, floriculture, etc.

Unallocable operating expenses included in “Eliminations or Corporate” amount to ¥9,690 million, mainly consist of ¥8,280 million for Group administrative expenses in the Company as a pure holding company, and ¥1,409 million for research and development of basic technologies.

b. Geographical segment information

(¥ millions)

Six months ended June 30, 2009						
	Japan	Asia/ Oceania	Others	Total	Eliminations or Corporate	Consolidated
Sales						
Unaffiliated customers	816,300	208,441	35,680	1,060,423	-	1,060,423
Inter-segment	11,041	1,663	3,780	16,485	(16,485)	-
Total sales	827,341	210,105	39,461	1,076,908	(16,485)	1,060,423
Operating income	33,740	11,838	3,602	49,181	(9,005)	40,175

Geographical distances are considered in classification of country or area.

Major countries or areas included in each segment except for Japan are as follows:

Asia/Oceania	East Asia, Southeast Asia, Oceania
Others	U.S.A., Europe

Amounts and major items included in “Eliminations or Corporate” are the same as those described in “a. Business segment information.”

c. Overseas sales

(¥ millions)

Six months ended June 30, 2009			
	Asia/ Oceania	Others	Total
Overseas sales	218,157	46,535	264,693
Consolidated sales	-	-	1,060,423
Percentage of overseas sales over consolidated sales	20.6%	4.4%	25.0%

Geographical distances are considered in classification of country or area.

Major countries or areas included in each segment except for Japan are as follows:

Asia/Oceania	East Asia, Southeast Asia, Oceania
Others	U.S.A., Europe

Overseas sales represent sales of the Company and consolidated subsidiaries to countries and areas outside of Japan.

NOTES ON SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE AMOUNT OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

There is no matter that fall under this item.

(Reference)

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME

	(¥ millions)	
	Six months ended June 30, 2008	
	Amount	Percentage over sales
Sales	1,047,817	100.0
Cost of sales	629,508	60.1
Gross profit	418,308	39.9
Selling, general and administrative expenses	370,743	35.4
Operating income	47,565	4.5
Non-operating income		
Interest income	1,372	
Dividend income	2,601	
Equity in earnings of affiliates	2,972	
Foreign currency translation gain	5,512	
Other	4,009	
Total	16,468	1.6
Non-operating expenses		
Interest expense	12,735	
Other	3,654	
Total	16,390	1.6
Ordinary income	47,643	4.5
Special income		
Gain on sale of fixed assets	10,189	
Reversal of allowance for doubtful accounts	296	
Gain on sale of investment securities	134	
Gain on change in equity	72,654	
Total	83,275	7.9
Special expenses		
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	2,121	
Loss on sale of fixed assets	109	
Loss on impairment	1,308	
Loss on devaluation of investment securities	97	
Loss on sale of investment securities	605	
Business restructuring expense	441	
Total	4,683	0.4
Income before income taxes and minority interests	126,235	12.0
Income taxes	32,588	3.1
Minority interests	12,527	1.2
Net income	81,120	7.7

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(¥ millions)

	Six months ended June 30, 2008
Cash flows from operating activities	
Income before income taxes and minority interests	126,235
Depreciation and amortization	43,016
Amortization of goodwill	9,902
Increase (decrease) in employees' pension and retirement benefits	(656)
Interest and dividend income	(3,974)
Equity in earnings of affiliates	(2,972)
Interest expense	12,735
Gain on sale of fixed assets	(10,189)
Gain on sale of marketable securities and investment securities	(134)
Gain on change in equity	(72,654)
Loss on disposal and sale of fixed assets	2,230
Decrease (increase) in notes and accounts receivable, trade	83,425
Decrease (increase) in inventories	(19,845)
Increase (decrease) in notes and accounts payable, trade	6,781
Increase (decrease) in liquor taxes payable	(47,082)
Increase (decrease) in consumption taxes payable	(10,376)
Other	(25,482)
Sub-total	90,958
Interest and dividend received	5,859
Interest paid	(12,692)
Income taxes paid	(44,232)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	39,893
Cash flows from investing activities	
Payment for purchases of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(62,668)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	22,936
Payment for purchases of marketable securities and investment securities	(275)
Proceeds from sale and redemption of marketable securities and investment securities	2,065
Payment for purchases of shares of subsidiaries	(677)
Payment for purchases of shares of subsidiaries with new consolidation/de-consolidation	(31,887)
Proceeds from purchases of shares of subsidiaries with new consolidation/de-consolidation	1,880
Other	2,539
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(66,087)

	(¥ millions)
	Six months ended
	June 30, 2008
Cash flows from financing activities	
Increase (decrease) in short-term loans payable	(148,372)
Proceeds from long-term debt	66,859
Repayment of long-term debt	(64,249)
Proceeds from issue of bonds	199,934
Payment for redemption of bonds	(5,917)
Payment for purchase of treasury stock	(686)
Proceeds from sale of treasury stock	130
Cash dividends paid	(11,440)
Cash dividends paid to minority shareholders	(14,712)
Other	43
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	21,589
Effect of exchange rate fluctuation on cash and cash equivalents	(2,889)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(7,494)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	52,307
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents from new consolidation/de-consolidation of subsidiaries	43,740
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	88,553

SEGMENT INFORMATION

Business segment information

(¥ millions)

Six months ended June 30, 2008							
	Alcohol Beverages	Soft Drinks and Foods	Pharma- ceuticals	Others	Total	Eliminations or Corporate	Consolidated
Sales							
Unaffiliated customers	545,322	344,073	69,671	88,749	1,047,817	-	1,047,817
Inter-segment	16,244	1,737	128	15,603	33,714	(33,714)	-
Total sales	561,567	345,810	69,799	104,353	1,081,531	(33,714)	1,047,817
Operating expenses	519,035	351,472	58,867	97,050	1,026,425	(26,173)	1,000,251
Operating income (loss)	42,532	(5,661)	10,932	7,303	55,106	(7,540)	47,565

Geographical segment information

(¥ millions)

Six months ended June 30, 2008						
	Japan	Asia/ Oceania	Others	Total	Eliminations or Corporate	Consolidated
Sales						
Unaffiliated customers	778,306	231,653	37,856	1,047,817	-	1,047,817
Inter-segment	8,024	1,686	2,706	12,418	(12,418)	-
Total sales	786,331	233,340	40,563	1,060,235	(12,418)	1,047,817
Operating expenses	751,000	216,653	37,007	1,004,661	(4,409)	1,000,251
Operating income	35,330	16,687	3,555	55,574	(8,008)	47,565

Overseas sales

(¥ millions)

Six months ended June 30, 2008			
	Asia/ Oceania	Others	Total
Overseas sales	240,720	56,263	296,983
Consolidated sales	-	-	1,047,817
Percentage of overseas sales over consolidated sales	23.0%	5.3%	28.3%

Supplementary Documents to the Financial Statements for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2009

1. Results of Operations
2. Sales Details
3. Profit Breakdown for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2009 (Actual)
4. Major Expenses and Others
5. Major Fluctuations of Balance Sheets
6. Profit Breakdown for the Current Fiscal Year (Forecast)

(Reference Material)

1. Guide to Kirin Group Consolidated Financial Indices
2. Information by Segment
3. Results of Operations by Major Companies (Consolidated)
4. Sales Details of Alcohol Beverages (Kirin Brewery Company, Ltd.)
5. Sales Details of Soft Drink Beverages (Kirin Beverage Group)
6. Sales of Major Pharmaceuticals (Kyowa Hakko Kirin Co., Ltd.)

KIRIN HOLDINGS COMPANY, LIMITED

August 6, 2009

1. Results of Operations

(¥ billions)

	2008				2009			
	Six months ended June 30, Actual		Annual Actual		Six months ended June 30, Actual		Annual Forecast	
Sales (year-on-year rate)	1,047.8	25.3%	2,303.5	27.9%	1,060.4	1.2%	2,300.0	(0.2%)
Operating income	47.5	10.9%	145.9	21.0%	40.1	(15.5%)	125.0	(14.4%)
Ordinary income	47.6	4.3%	103.0	(16.5%)	56.3	18.4%	136.0	32.0%
Net income	81.1	383.0%	80.1	20.2%	14.9	(81.6%)	60.0	(25.2%)
EBITDA*1	109.3	27.6%	264.6	24.2%	90.5	(17.2%)	252.2	(4.7%)

*1 2008 Six months ended June 30, Actual EBITDA = ¥109.3 billion (excluding gain on change in equity):

Operating income ¥47.5 billion + equity in earnings of affiliates ¥2.9 billion + depreciation ¥43.0 billion + amortization of goodwill ¥9.9 billion + special income and expenses ¥5.9 billion

2008 Annual Actual EBITDA = ¥264.6 billion (excluding non-recurring depreciation and gain on change in equity):

Operating income ¥145.9 billion + equity in earnings of affiliates ¥11.8 billion + depreciation ¥95.9 billion + amortization of goodwill ¥20.8 billion + special income and expenses (¥9.9) billion

2009 Six months ended June 30, Actual EBITDA = ¥90.5 billion:

Operating income ¥40.1 billion + equity in earnings of affiliates ¥3.7 billion + depreciation ¥48.0 billion + amortization of goodwill ¥11.0 billion + special income and expenses (¥12.4) billion.

2009 Annual Forecast EBITDA = ¥252.2 billion:

Operating income ¥125.0 billion + equity in earnings of affiliates ¥8.2 billion + depreciation ¥100.0 billion + amortization of goodwill ¥22.0 billion + special income and expenses (¥3.0) billion

2. Sales Details

	2008				2009			
	Six months ended June 30, Actual		Annual Actual		Six months ended June 30, Actual		Annual Forecast	
Sales volume (year-on-year rate)								
Alcohol beverages	Thousand KL	Increase (Decrease)	Thousand KL	Increase (Decrease)	Thousand KL	Increase (Decrease)	Thousand KL	Increase (Decrease)
Beer, <i>Happo-shu</i> , and New genre	1,552	(3.3%)	3,325	(1.8%)	1,557	0.4%	3,277	(1.4%)
	Million cases		Million cases		Million cases		Million cases	
Soft drinks *1	113	1.0%	241	0.5%	107	(5.1%)	235	(2.4%)
Sales by business segment (year-on-year rate)	¥ billions	Increase (Decrease)	¥ billions	Increase (Decrease)	¥ billions	Increase (Decrease)	¥ billions	Increase (Decrease)
Total sales	1,047.8	25.3%	2,303.5	27.9%	1,060.4	1.2%	2,300.0	(0.2%)
Alcohol beverages	545.3	(0.5%)	1,181.5	(0.7%)	498.6	(8.6%)	1,103.0	(6.6%)
Beer, <i>Happo-shu</i> and New genre	442.3	(1.1%)	959.7	(1.1%)	408.7	(7.6%)	894.0	(6.8%)
Other alcohol beverages *2	79.7	(5.3%)	173.4	(6.0%)	76.1	(4.4%)	172.0	(0.9%)
Other	23.3	39.5%	48.3	41.7%	13.7	(40.9%)	37.0	(23.4%)
Soft drinks and Foods	344.0	54.6%	716.6	51.0%	351.4	2.1%	754.0	5.2%
Pharmaceuticals	69.6	121.3%	171.5	145.3%	100.9	44.8%	205.0	19.5%
Other business	88.7	162.8%	233.8	247.9%	109.3	23.3%	238.0	1.8%
Biochemical	20.2	-	59.1	-	36.8	82.4%	81.0	37.0%
Chemical	21.7	-	67.1	-	23.8	10.0%	54.0	(19.6%)
Agribio	11.9	(1.1%)	21.0	(2.5%)	9.2	(22.7%)	16.0	(23.9%)
Other	34.9	60.6%	86.4	89.5%	39.3	12.9%	87.0	0.6%

*1 These figures do not include the sales volume in soft drinks business of National Foods (235,018 KL for the six months ended June 30, 2008 (actual), 442,828 KL for the fiscal year 2008 (annual actual), 228,264 KL for the six months ended June 30, 2009 (actual) and 411,991 KL for the fiscal year 2009 (annual forecast)).

*2 The figures include beer-taste beverages.

3. Profit Breakdown for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2009 (Actual)

(¥ billions)

Segment	Company Name	Major factors	Difference	Description
Alcohol beverages	Kirin Brewery	Increase in marginal profit of alcohol beverages	5.0	Sales decrease in beer (23) thousand KL, (2.6) Sales decrease in <i>happo-shu</i> (30) thousand KL, (3.0) Sales increase in new genre 61 thousand KL, 6.5 Sales increase in RTD 8 thousand KL, 0.7 Decrease in marginal profit of <i>shochu</i> , whiskey and spirits (0.1) Influence of revision of prices and difference of change in products mix, etc.
		Cost reduction	0.3	Energy reduction 0.3
		Increase in raw material cost of alcohol beverages	(0.8)	Increase in cost of malt (0.7) Increase in price for packing materials (0.7) Decrease in cost of starch 0.5, etc.
		Decrease in selling cost	2.6	Decrease in sales promotion and advertising expenses 1.7; beer, <i>happo-shu</i> and new genre 1.3, RTD 0.2, <i>shochu</i> , whiskey and spirits 1.3, etc. Decrease in transportation cost 1.0, etc.
		Increase in other expenses	(3.9)	Increase in depreciation (2.9) (Including changes in useful lives (2.5)), etc.
	Total		3.3	
	Lion Nathan *1	Decrease in operating income	(8.7)	27.6 => 18.9
		Amortization of goodwill	0.2	(2.4) => (2.2)
		Brand amortization	1.2	(3.6) => (2.4)
	Total		(7.1)	
	Mercian		0.0	(0.7) => (0.7)
	Others		(0.4)	
Total			(4.2)	Six months ended June 30, 2008 Actual 42.5 => Six months ended June 30, 2009 Actual 38.3
Soft drinks and Foods	Kirin Beverage	Difference in volume of sales	(4.9)	Decrease in sales volume (4.36) million cases
		Cost reduction	0.7	Decrease in raw material cost, etc.
		Decrease in change of composition ratio of containers, etc.	(1.0)	Deduction of sales promotion expenses from sales (1.2), etc.
		Decrease in selling cost	2.3	Decrease in sales promotion and advertising expenses 1.5 (Deduction from sales 1.2 and influence of new consolidation (0.6), etc.) Decrease in transportation cost 0.8
		Decrease in other expenses	0.1	Increase in labor cost (0.4) Decrease in transportation and communication expenses 0.2 Decrease in sales equipment cost 0.2 Influence of new consolidation (0.6), etc.
	Total		(2.8)	
	National Foods	Increase in operating income	1.6	0.1 => 1.7
		Amortization of goodwill	0.3	(4.0) => (3.7) *2
		Brand amortization	0.3	(1.4) => (1.1) *2
	Total		2.2	
	Others		(0.2)	
	Total			(0.8)
Pharmaceuticals	Kyowa Hakko Kirin *3		7.1	Increase in gross profit 18.7 Increase in R&D expenses (0.0) Increase in other expenses (10.2) Amortization of goodwill (1.4)
Total			7.1	Six months ended June 30, 2008 Actual 10.9 => Six months ended June 30, 2009 Actual 18.0

(¥ billions)

Segment	Major factors	Difference	Description
Others	Kyowa Hakko Kirin Biochemical	(0.8)	2.9 => 2.1
	Kyowa Hakko Kirin Chemical	(6.1)	0.5 => (5.6)
	Others	(0.8)	
Total		(7.7)	Six months ended June 30, 2008 Actual 7.3 => Six months ended June 30, 2009 Actual (0.4)
Eliminations or Corporate		(1.8)	Six months ended June 30, 2008 Actual (7.5) => Six months ended June 30, 2009 Actual (9.3)
Decrease in operating income		(7.4)	Six months ended June 30, 2008 Actual 47.5 => Six months ended June 30, 2009 Actual 40.1
Non-operating income and expenses	Financial profit or loss, net	4.5	(8.7) => (4.2)
	Equity in earnings or losses of affiliates	0.8	San Miguel (1.5) Kyowa Hakko Kogyo 1.2 (Including amortization of consolidation difference for prior year 1.0), etc.
	Foreign currency translation gain	10.9	5.5 => 16.4
	Others	(0.1)	
Total		16.1	
Increase in ordinary income		8.7	Six months ended June 30, 2008 Actual 47.6 => Six months ended June 30, 2009 Actual 56.3
Special income and expenses	Gain on sale of fixed assets	(9.5)	Share exchange with Kyowa Hakko Kogyo for prior years
	Gain on sale of investment securities	22.4	
	Loss on sale of fixed assets	(1.6)	
	Loss on impairment	(2.5)	
	Loss on devaluation of investment securities	(1.7)	
	Loss on sale of shares of subsidiaries and affiliates	(21.0)	
	Expenses for integration	(2.5)	
	Gain on change in equity	(72.6)	
	Other	(2.0)	
Total		(91.0)	
Income taxes and minority interests	Income taxes	11.1	
	Minority interests	5.1	
Total		16.1	
Decrease in net income		(66.2)	Six months ended June 30, 2008 Actual 81.1 => Six months ended June 30, 2009 Actual 14.9

*1 As for Lion Nathan's actual result of fiscal year 2008, the Company reclassified certain amount of operating income and expenses into special income and expenses in the consolidated statements of income. The above figures are presented after reclassification.

*2 Six months ended June 30, 2008 Actual: Market value and others adapted to calculation of these figures are provisional.

Six months ended June 30, 2009 Actual: Market value and others adapted to calculation of acquisition of Dairy Farmers are provisional.

*3 The figures shown include those of former Kirin Pharma for the three months ended March 31, 2008 (actual). On October 1, 2008, former Kyowa Hakko Kogyo and former Kirin Pharma merged to a new company, Kyowa Hakko Kirin.

Exchange rate for overseas company	Six months ended June 30, 2008 Actual	Six months ended June 30, 2009 Actual
Lion Nathan (AUD)	¥98.11	¥63.20
National Foods (AUD)	¥97.59	¥68.87
San Miguel (PHP)	¥2.61	¥1.99

4. Major Expenses and Others

(¥ billions)

	2008		2009	
	Six months ended June 30, Actual	Annual Actual	Six months ended June 30, Actual	Annual Forecast
Sales promotion expenses	92.2	201.2	91.8	} 261.5
Advertising expenses	41.1	72.0	36.2	
(Sales promotion and advertising expenses include in the above)				
Kirin Brewery				
Sales promotion expenses	20.3	47.6	19.5	} 79.3
Advertising expenses	21.0	36.4	20.1	
Kirin Beverage *1				
Sales promotion	52.5	114.2	52.0	} 117.6
Advertising expenses	6.8	11.2	5.8	
Research and development expenses	25.1	54.0	26.5	60.5
Depreciation *2	43.0	95.9	48.0	100.0
Amortization of goodwill *3	9.9	22.3	11.0	22.0
Financial profit or loss, net	(8.7)	(16.4)	(4.2)	(12.5)
Capital expenditures	62.6	126.0	51.0	125.0
Cash flows	(7.4)	(27.5)	111.3	77.0
Operating activities	39.8	131.2	54.4	166.0
Investing activities	(66.0)	(169.3)	(36.0)	(86.0)
Financing activities	21.5	26.6	88.4	(0.6)

*1 The amounts of Soft drinks and Foods are those of consolidated Kirin Beverage.

*2 This amount includes brand amortization.

*3 Amortization of consolidation difference (including non-recurring depreciation), "Goodwill" amortization

5. Major Fluctuations of Balance Sheets

(¥ billions)

	As of December 31, 2008	As of June 30, 2009	Increase (Decrease)	Description
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash	72.6	185.6	113.0	Increase due to issue of commercial papers by Kirin Holdings and Kyowa Hakko Kirin, etc.
Notes and accounts receivable, trade	446.6	357.0	(89.6)	Decrease due to the year-end of previous year being a bank holiday, etc.
Fixed Assets				
Goodwill	343.9	359.1	15.2	Increase due to influence of exchange rate fluctuations at consolidated subsidiaries in Australia, etc.
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Notes and accounts payable, trade	189.5	160.9	(28.6)	Decrease due to the year-end of previous year being a bank holiday, etc.
Commercial papers	-	114.9	114.9	Increase due to issue of commercial papers by Kirin Holdings and Kyowa Hakko Kirin.
Bonds due within one year	44.1	3.8	(40.3)	Decrease due to redemption of bonds at Kirin Holdings
Other	330.9	262.3	(68.6)	Decrease in liquor taxes payable due to the year-end of previous year being a bank holiday, etc.
Long-term Liabilities				
Long-term debt	257.7	287.3	29.6	Increase at Kirin Holdings, etc.
NET ASSETS				
Net unrealized holding gains on securities	37.4	24.2	(13.2)	Decrease due to sale of investment securities at consolidated subsidiaries, etc.
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(88.7)	(42.5)	46.2	Increase due to the yen depreciation, etc.

* From the current fiscal year, comparison is made against the previous year-end (December 31).

6. Profit Breakdown for the Current Fiscal Year (Forecast)

(¥ billions)

(+ Billions)

Segment	Company Name	Major factors	Difference	Description
Alcohol beverages	Kirin Brewery	Increase in marginal profit of alcohol beverages	4.3	Sales decrease in beer (46) thousand KL, (5.4) Sales decrease in <i>happo-shu</i> (66) thousand KL, (6.6) Sales increase in new genre 100 thousand KL, 10.9 Sales increase in RTD 1 thousand KL, 0.3 Influence of revision of prices and difference of change in products mix, etc.
		Cost reduction	0.2	Energy reduction 0.2, etc.
		Increase in raw material cost of alcohol beverages	0.0	Increase in cost of malt Increase in price for packing materials Decrease in price of hops Decrease in cost of starch, etc.
		Decrease in selling cost	6.6	Decrease in sales promotion and advertising expenses 4.7 Decrease in transportation cost 1.8, etc.
		Increase in other expenses	(13.6)	Increase in depreciation (6.1) Increase in labor cost (1.9) Increase in information processing fee (0.5), etc.
	Total		(2.5)	
	Lion Nathan *1		(11.1)	Foreign currency translation difference, etc.
	Others		(0.3)	Mercian 1.2, etc.
Total			(13.9)	FY2008 Actual 109.9 => FY2009 Forecast 96.0
Soft drinks and Foods	Kirin Beverage	Difference in volume of sales	(5.8)	Decrease in sales volume (5.15) million cases
		Cost reduction	2.5	Decrease in cost of raw materials, etc.
		Decrease in change of composition ratio of containers, etc.	(4.2)	Deduction of sales promotion expenses from sales (3.8), etc.
		Decrease in selling cost	9.4	Decrease in sales promotion and advertising expenses 7.8 (Deduction from sales 3.8, influence of new consolidation (0.9), etc.) Decrease in transportation cost 1.5, etc.
		Increase in other expenses	(1.7)	Increase in labor cost (0.7) Increase in R&D expenses (0.4) Increase in sales equipment cost and depreciation cost due to increase in vending machine input (0.3) Influence of new consolidation (0.6), etc.
	Total		0.2	
	National Foods *2	Increase in operating income	1.9	8.1 => 10.0
		Amortization of goodwill	(0.8)	(6.8) => (7.6)
		Brand amortization	0.4	(2.7) => (2.3)
	Total		1.4	
Others		3.0		
Total			4.6	FY2008 Actual 6.4 => FY2009 Forecast 11.0
Pharmaceuticals	Kyowa Hakko Kirin *3		6.8	Increase in gross profit 22.4 Increase in R&D expenses (3.4) Increase in other expenses (10.8) Amortization of goodwill (1.4)
Total			6.8	FY2008 Actual 28.2 => FY2009 Forecast 35.0

(¥ billions)

Segment	Major factors	Difference	Description
Others	Kyowa Hakko Kirin Biochemical	(2.7)	7.4 => 4.7
	Kyowa Hakko Kirin Chemical	(8.0)	3.5 => (4.5)
	Others	(1.5)	
Total		(12.2)	FY2008 Actual 18.2 => FY2009 Forecast 6.0
Eliminations or Corporate		(6.1)	FY2008 Actual (16.9) => FY2009 Forecast (23.0)
Decrease in operating income		(20.9)	FY2008 Actual 145.9 => FY2009 Forecast 125.0
Non-operating income and expenses	Financial profit or loss, net	3.9	(16.4) => (12.5)
	Equity in earnings or losses of affiliates	(3.5)	San Miguel *4 (4.5) (Including elimination of unrealized gain on sale of investment securities for prior years 4.3)
			San Miguel Brewery *4 0.7 (Including amortization of consolidation difference (2.9) and brand amortization (0.7))
	Foreign currency translation gain or loss	53.0	Kyowa Hakko Kogyo 1.2 (Including amortization of consolidation difference for prior year 1.0), etc.
	Others	0.5	
Total		53.9	
Increase in ordinary income		33.0	FY2008 Actual 103.0 => FY2009 Forecast 136.0
Special income and expenses	Gain on change in equity	(72.6)	Share exchange with Kyowa Hakko Kogyo for prior years
	Compensation for expropriation	(9.5)	
	Loss on devaluation of investment securities	4.1	
	Loss on liquidation of business	2.7	
	Others	9.6	
Total		(65.7)	
Income taxes and minority interests	Income taxes	13.9	
	Minority interests	(1.3)	
Total		12.5	
Decrease in net income		(20.1)	FY2008 Actual 80.1 => FY2009 Forecast 60.0

*1 As for Lion Nathan's actual result of fiscal year 2008, the Company reclassified certain amount of operating income and expenses into special income and expenses in the consolidated statements of income. The above figures are presented after reclassification. Since Lion Nathan has not disclosed its forecast of business results, the Company uses operating results in foreign currency for the year ended 2008 as the forecast for the year ending December 31, 2009.

*2 These figures include Dairy Farmers. Market value and others adapted to calculation of brand amortization and amortization of goodwill of Dairy Farmers are provisional.

*3 The figures shown include those of former Kirin Pharma for the three months ended March 31, 2008 (actual). On October 1, 2008, former Kyowa Hakko Kogyo and former Kirin Pharma merged to a new company, Kyowa Hakko Kirin.

*4 In May 2009, the Company completed the sales of San Miguel's shares and the acquisition of San Miguel Brewery's shares. For the forecasts for the year ending December 2009, with regard to San Miguel, the Company uses its operating results for six months from October 2008 to March 2009, while with regard to San Miguel Brewery, since it has not disclosed its forecasts of business results, the Company uses its operating results in foreign currency for six months from April 2008 to September 2008.

Exchange rate for overseas company	2008 Actual	2009 Forecast
Lion Nathan (AUD)	¥97.38	¥70.00
National Foods (AUD)	¥88.00	¥73.00
San Miguel (PHP) *4	¥2.50	¥1.99
San Miguel Brewery (PHP) *4	-	¥2.00

(Reference Material)

1. Guide to Kirin Group Consolidated Financial Indices

(¥ billions)

			2008 Actual	Six months ended June 30, 2009 Actual	2009 Annual Forecast Disclosed on February 10, 2009	2009 Annual Forecast
Quantitative targets	Consolidated sales	Including liquor tax	2,303.5	1,060.4	2,300.0	2,300.0
		Excluding liquor tax	1,922.8	895.7	1,930.0	1,930.0
	Operating income		145.9	40.1	121.0	125.0
	Operating income ratio	Including liquor tax	6.3%	3.8%	5.3%	5.4%
		Excluding liquor tax	7.6%	4.5%	6.3%	6.5%
	ROE		8.1%	1.6%	6.0%	6.2%

Guideline	Sales by segment	Alcohol beverages	1,181.5	498.6	1,095.0	1,103.0
		Soft drinks and Foods	716.6	351.4	740.0	754.0
		Pharmaceuticals	171.5	100.9	200.0	205.0
		Others	233.8	109.3	265.0	238.0
	Operating income by segment	Alcohol beverages	109.9	38.3	90.0	96.0
		Soft drinks and Foods	6.4	(6.4)	12.0	11.0
		Pharmaceuticals	28.2	18.0	28.0	35.0
		Others	18.2	(0.4)	13.0	6.0
		Eliminations or Corporate	(16.9)	(9.3)	(22.0)	(23.0)
	Overseas ratio	Sales excluding liquor tax	27%	27%	24%	26%
	EBITDA		*1 264.6	90.5	269.1	252.2
	Amortization of goodwill etc.	1. Future portion (before 2006)	13.6	5.0	10.0	*2 10.7
		2. Investment after 2007	17.4	8.8	16.3	*3 21.8
		Total amortization of goodwill (1. + 2.)	31.0	13.9	26.4	32.6
	EPS (¥)	Prior to 2. amortization of goodwill etc.	*1 25	25	76	85
		After amortization of goodwill etc.	84	16	60	63
	D/E ratio		0.72	0.80	0.69	0.78

*1 The figures are calculated, excluding gain on change in equity (¥72.6 billion) arising from the share exchange with former Kyowa Hakko Kogyo.

*2 Amortization of goodwill etc. Future portion (before 2006) ¥10.7 billion:
 Lion Nathan ¥8.6 billion (brand amortization ¥5.0 billion, amortization of consolidation difference ¥2.5 billion, "Goodwill" amortization ¥0.9 billion)
 Kirin Beverage ¥1.9 billion (amortization of consolidation difference), etc.

*3 Amortization of goodwill etc. After investments in 2007 ¥21.8 billion:
 National Foods ¥10.0 billion (brand amortization ¥2.3 billion, amortization of consolidation difference ¥7.6 billion)
 Kyowa Hakko Kirin and Kirin Kyowa Foods ¥6.6 billion (amortization of consolidation difference)
 J. Boag & Son ¥1.5 billion (brand amortization ¥0.4 billion, amortization of consolidation difference ¥1.1 billion)
 San Miguel Brewery ¥3.6 billion (brand amortization ¥0.7 billion, amortization of consolidation difference ¥2.9 billion)

Exchange rate for overseas company	2008 Actual	Six months ended June 30, 2009 Actual	2009 Annual Forecast Disclosed on February 10, 2009	2009 Annual Forecast
Lion Nathan (AUD)	¥97.38	¥63.20	¥62.00	¥70.00
National Foods (AUD)	¥88.00	¥68.87	¥62.00	¥73.00
San Miguel (PHP)	¥2.50	¥1.99	¥2.00	¥1.99
San Miguel Brewery (PHP)	-	-	-	¥2.00

2. Information by Segment

<FY2008>

(¥ billions)

	Alcohol beverages		Soft drinks and Foods		Pharmaceuticals		Others		Eliminations or Corporate		Total	
	Six months ended June 30, Actual	Annual Actual	Six months ended June 30, Actual	Annual Actual	Six months ended June 30, Actual	Annual Actual	Six months ended June 30, Actual	Annual Actual	Six months ended June 30, Actual	Annual Actual	Six months ended June 30, Actual	Annual Actual
Depreciation *1	21.5	46.7	12.2	26.3	3.0	7.5	4.9	12.8	1.1	2.4	43.0	95.9
Amortization of goodwill *2	2.5	5.5	5.5	10.0	1.5	4.7	0.2	0.5	-	-	9.9	20.8
EBITDA *3	65.9	167.8	12.3	36.1	15.8	32.3	18.9	38.1	(3.6)	(9.9)	109.3	264.6
Capital expenditures	31.0	58.5	16.3	30.4	2.3	5.5	12.8	31.1	0.1	0.3	62.6	126.0
R&D expenses	2.6	5.5	0.9	2.5	18.3	38.3	1.7	4.6	1.4	2.8	25.1	54.0

*1 This amount Includes brand amortization.

*2 Amortization of consolidation difference, "Goodwill" amortization

*3 EBITDA = Operating income + equity in earnings and losses of affiliates + depreciation + amortization of goodwill (excluding non-recurring depreciation) + special income and expenses (excluding gain on change in equity)

<FY2009>

(¥ billions)

	Alcohol beverages		Soft drinks and Foods		Pharmaceuticals		Others		Eliminations or Corporate		Total	
	Six months ended June 30, Actual	Annual Forecast	Six months ended June 30, Actual	Annual Forecast	Six months ended June 30, Actual	Annual Forecast	Six months ended June 30, Actual	Annual Forecast	Six months ended June 30, Actual	Annual Forecast	Six months ended June 30, Actual	Annual Forecast
Depreciation *1	22.9	48.7	12.4	24.9	3.4	7.4	7.9	17.0	1.1	1.8	48.0	100.0
Amortization of goodwill *2	2.3	5.0	5.3	10.4	3.0	5.9	0.2	0.5	-	-	11.0	22.0
EBITDA *3	61.5	145.5	7.7	39.8	24.1	47.5	5.7	23.2	(8.6)	(3.8)	90.5	252.2
Capital expenditures	24.4	51.0	9.0	20.3	4.8	21.5	8.0	18.9	4.8	13.0	51.0	125.0
R&D expenses	2.4	5.7	1.4	3.1	18.6	41.5	2.7	6.2	1.2	3.7	26.5	60.5

*1 This amount Includes brand amortization.

*2 Amortization of consolidation difference, "Goodwill" amortization

*3 EBITDA = Operating income + equity in earnings and losses of affiliates + depreciation + amortization of goodwill + special income and expenses

3. Results of operations by Major Companies (Consolidated)

<The Six Months Ended June 30, 2009 Actual>

	(¥ billions)				
	Sales	Operating income	Ordinary income	Net income	Consolidated Net income
Kirin Brewery (consolidated subsidiary) *1	386.4	18.5	-	-	-
Mercian (consolidated subsidiary)	39.0	(0.3)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Lion Nathan (consolidated subsidiary)	74.9	18.9	15.5	11.1	5.1
Brand amortization		(2.4)	(2.4)	(2.4)	(1.1)
Amortization of goodwill		(2.2)	(2.2)	(2.2)	(1.7)
After adjustments of the above	74.9	14.3	10.8	6.4	2.2
Kirin Beverage (consolidated subsidiary)	178.7	(3.8)	-	-	-
Amortization of goodwill		(0.9)	-	-	-
After adjustments of the above	178.7	(4.8)	-	-	-
National Foods (consolidated subsidiary)	124.2	1.7	-	-	-
Brand amortization		(1.1)	-	-	-
Amortization of goodwill		(3.7)	-	-	-
After adjustments of the above	124.2	(3.1)	-	-	-
Kyowa Hakko Kirin (consolidated subsidiary) *2	194.7	13.5	15.6	6.9	3.4
Elimination of amortization of goodwill		4.7	4.7	4.7	2.3
Amortization of goodwill		(3.1)	(3.1)	(3.1)	(3.1)
After adjustments of the above	194.7	15.1	17.2	8.4	2.7
San Miguel (affiliated company)	174.6	14.6	3.0	2.3	* 0.4
Equity in earnings and losses of affiliates *			* 0.4	0.4	0.4
Amortization of consolidation difference *3			(1.0)	(1.0)	(1.0)
After adjustments of the above			(0.6)	(0.6)	(0.6)

*1 The amounts are non-consolidated.

*2 The above figures are reclassified for consolidated financial statements and presented after reclassification.

*3 Account title: Equity in earnings and losses of affiliates

<FY2009 Forecast>

	(¥ billions)				
	Sales	Operating income	Ordinary income	Net income	Consolidated Net income
Kirin Brewery (consolidated subsidiary) *1	862.4	56.0	-	-	-
Mercian (consolidated subsidiary)	87.0	2.1	2.0	0.9	0.4
Lion Nathan (consolidated subsidiary) *2	146.5	34.8	27.8	19.1	8.8
Brand amortization		(5.4)	(5.4)	(5.4)	(2.5)
Amortization of goodwill		(4.6)	(4.6)	(4.6)	(3.5)
After adjustments of the above	146.5	24.7	17.7	8.9	2.7
Kirin Beverage (consolidated subsidiary)	391.5	5.5	-	-	-
Amortization of goodwill		(1.9)	-	-	-
After adjustments of the above	391.5	3.5	-	-	-
National Foods (consolidated subsidiary)	257.1	10.0	-	-	-
Brand amortization		(2.3)	-	-	-
Amortization of goodwill		(7.6)	-	-	-
After adjustments of the above	257.1	0.0	-	-	-
Kyowa Hakko Kirin (consolidated subsidiary)	402.9	32.6	34.6	15.2	7.6
Elimination of amortization of goodwill		9.3	9.3	9.3	4.7
Amortization of goodwill		(6.2)	(6.2)	(6.2)	(6.2)
After adjustments of the above	402.9	35.7	37.7	18.3	6.0
San Miguel Brewery (affiliated company) *3	45.9	14.0	13.9	9.0	* 4.3
Equity in earnings and losses of affiliates *			* 4.3	4.3	4.3
Brand amortization *4			(0.7)	(0.7)	(0.7)
Amortization of consolidation difference *4			(2.9)	(2.9)	(2.9)
After adjustments of the above			0.7	0.7	0.7

*1 The amounts are non-consolidated.

*2 The above figures are reclassified for consolidated financial statements and presented after reclassification. Since Lion Nathan has not disclosed its forecast of business results, the Company uses operating results in foreign currency for the year ended 2008 as the forecast for the year ending December 31, 2009.

*3 The Company uses operating results in foreign currency from April 2008 to September 2008 as the forecast for the year ending December 31 2009.

*4 Account title: Equity in earnings and losses of affiliates

4. Sales Details of Alcohol Beverages (Kirin Brewery Company, Limited)

	2008				2009			
	Six months ended June 30, Actual		Annual Actual		Six months ended June 30, Actual		Annual Forecast	
Sales volume (year-on-year rate)	Thousand KL	Increase (Decrease)	Thousand KL	Increase (Decrease)	Thousand KL	Increase (Decrease)	Thousand KL	Increase (Decrease)
Beer	381	(15.5%)	867	(13.4%)	358	(6.2%)	821	(5.4%)
<i>Happo-shu</i>	378	(0.5%)	811	(1.6%)	348	(8.1%)	745	(8.2%)
New genre	251	8.2%	606	11.5%	312	24.0%	706	16.5%
Subtotal	1,012	(5.0%)	2,285	(3.5%)	1,018	0.6%	2,272	(0.6%)
RTD	83	5.1%	203	1.6%	91	9.6%	204	0.1%
Beer-taste beverages	2	(15.5%)	5	(15.4%)	14	497.8%	33	487.7%
Breakdown of sales (year-on-year rate)	¥ billions		¥ billions		¥ billions		¥ billions	
Beer	155.8	(13.5%)	356.7	(11.4%)	147.2	(5.5%)	339.0	(5.1%)
<i>Happo-shu</i>	114.7	2.2%	246.6	1.4%	106.1	(7.5%)	227.0	(8.0%)
New genre	65.8	10.2%	158.7	13.7%	81.9	24.5%	185.0	16.7%
Subtotal	336.4	(4.5%)	762.0	(3.0%)	335.3	(0.3%)	751.0	(1.5%)
RTD	22.4	4.2%	54.4	2.2%	24.5	9.6%	55.0	2.3%
Shochu, Whiskey and Spirits, etc.	21.5	32.7%	43.6	2.8%	22.3	4.0%	47.0	7.5%

The above sales volume and sales include exports.

5. Sales Details of Soft Drink Beverages (Kirin Beverage Group)

<Category>

Soft drink beverages			2008 Six months ended June 30, Actual		2009 Six months ended June 30, Actual				2008 Annual Actual		2009 Annual Forecast
			Sales Volume	Composition ratio	Sales Volume	Composition ratio	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage over the previous year	Sales Volume	Composition ratio	Sales Volume
Category	Tea drinks	Japanese Tea	1,391	15%	1,202	13%	(189)	86%	2,911	14%	2,400
		Oolong Tea	157	1%	155	2%	(2)	99%	329	2%	350
		Black tea	1,716	18%	1,772	20%	56	103%	3,763	18%	3,800
		Sub-total	3,264	34%	3,129	35%	(135)	96%	7,003	34%	6,550
	Coffee		1,681	18%	1,761	19%	80	105%	3,518	17%	3,700
	Fruit and vegetable juice		1,176	12%	1,098	12%	(78)	93%	2,484	12%	2,200
	Carbonated beverage		431	4%	355	4%	(76)	82%	926	5%	900
	Water		1,784	19%	1,626	18%	(158)	91%	3,943	20%	3,700
	Other		746	8%	735	8%	(11)	99%	1,731	8%	1,870
	Domestic soft drink beverage market total		9,082	95%	8,704	96%	(378)	96%	19,605	96%	18,920
Overseas markets	Overseas soft drink beverage market total		430	5%	372	4%	(58)	87%	810	4%	980
Total	Soft drink beverages total		9,512	100%	9,076	100%	(436)	95%	20,415	100%	19,900

<Container Type>

Soft drink beverages			2008 Six months ended June 30, Actual		2009 Six months ended June 30, Actual				2008 Annual Actual		2009 Annual Forecast
			Sales Volume	Composition ratio	Sales Volume	Composition ratio	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage over the previous year	Sales Volume	Composition ratio	Sales Volume
Cans	Can	Including bottle styled cans	1,999	21%	2,286	25%	287	114%	4,390	22%	4,800
PET Bottles	Large-sized PET Bottles	2L	1,792	19%	1,613	18%	(179)	90%	3,947	19%	3,500
		1.5L, 1L, 900ml, 750ml	782	8%	744	8%	(38)	95%	1,724	8%	1,600
		Large-sized PET Bottles total	2,574	27%	2,357	26%	(217)	92%	5,671	27%	5,100
	Small-sized PET Bottles	500ml	2,394	25%	2,384	26%	(10)	100%	5,363	26%	5,400
		350ml or less	1,103	12%	606	7%	(497)	55%	1,952	10%	1,400
		Small-sized PET Bottles total	3,497	37%	2,990	33%	(507)	86%	7,315	36%	6,800
	PET Bottles total		6,071	64%	5,347	59%	(724)	88%	12,986	63%	11,900
Other containers	One-way/Returnable bottles, paper, gifts, etc.		1,012	10%	1,071	12%	59	106%	2,229	11%	2,220
Overseas markets	Soft drink beverages total		430	5%	372	4%	(58)	87%	810	4%	980
All containers	Container total		9,512	100%	9,076	100%	(436)	95%	20,415	100%	19,900

6. Sales of Major Pharmaceuticals (Kyowa Hakko Kirin Co., Ltd.)

(¥ billions)

	2008		2009	
	Six months ended June 30, Actual	Annual Actual	Six months ended June 30, Actual	Annual Forecast
NESP [®] / ESPO [®]	15.7	39.9	22.1	46.2
GRAN [®] / Neu-up [®]	6.6	16.5	7.6	16.6
Coniel [®]	6.0	18.1	11.0	22.7
Allelock [®]	5.1	15.6	15.2	26.4
REGPARA [®]	1.4	3.9	2.9	6.3
Patanol [®]	0.6	2.2	5.3	7.6
Topina [®]	0.1	0.6	0.6	1.4

Actual and forecast amounts are based on domestic settlement price except for rebates.

The figures shown include those of former Kirin Pharma for the three months ended March 31, 2008 (actual).