## Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2017

# Results Briefing

Nov 17, 2016 MORINAGA & CO., LTD

#### **About forward-looking statements**

This material includes forward-looking statements, such as forecasts, plans, and targets for the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries. These statements are based on judgments and assumptions on the basis of information that the Company has obtained and may be different from actual results and developments in the future.

# Six Months Ended September 30, 2016 (2Q)

# **Financial Results**

(April 2016 to September 2016)



## Consolidated Results for 2Q 2016 (April 2016 to September 2016)

- Net sales : Growth in the mainstay Food Manufacturing segment
- Income: Record highs for operating income, ordinary income and net income, driven mainly by efforts to improve the cost of sales ratio

	(Million yen)					
	2Q ended September 30, 2016	2Q ended September 30, 2015	Y/Y (%)			
Net sales	99,005	91,851	+7,154 (107.8%)			
Operating income	11,213	6,601	+4,612 (169.9%)			
Ordinary income	11,564	6,930	+4,634 (166.9%)			
Profit attributable to owners of parent	7,828	4,975	+2,853 (157.4%)			



# Segment Information (consolidated) for 2Q 2016 (April 2016 through September 2016)

(Million yen)

Segment (Component ratio)	Net sales Y/Y change (%)	Segment income (Y/Y change)
Food Manufacturing (95.6%)	94,643 (108.1%)	11,168 (+4,810)
Food Merchandise (2.9%)	2,837 (106.0%)	180 (+21)
Real Estate and Services (1.3%)	1,245 (95.5%)	342 (-15)
Other Services (0.3%)	278 (83.7%)	29 (-17)

#### **Food Manufacturing**

#### ■ Net sales

- Strong domestic sales of frozen desserts and health products Sales recovery of in Jelly series (Y/Y change: 125%)
- Overseas sales recovered. Mainly due to increase of sales in the U.S.

#### ■ Income

#### Positive factors

- Cost reduction by improvement of production efficiency, revision of products standards, etc. Effective injection of selling expenses
- Among domestic subsidiaries, improvewment in income of Takasaki Morinaga and Kino Indonesia, etc.

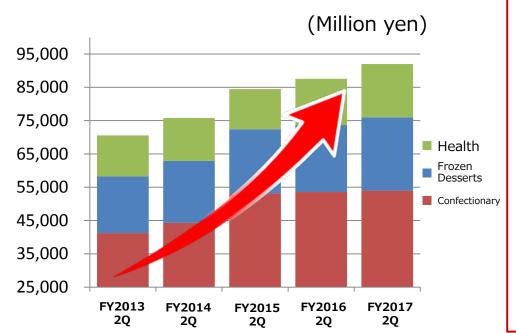


# Food Manufacturing Net Sales and Operating Income (April 2016 through September 2016)

(Million yen)

	Net Sales			Op	Operating income		
	2Q Total	Y/Y change	Y/Y change (%)	2Q Total	Y/Y change	Y/Y change (%)	
Consolidated net sales	99,005	+7,154	107.8%	11,213	+4,612	+69.9%	
Food Manufacturing	94,643	+7,107	108.1%	11,168	+4,810	+75.6%	
Confectionery & Foodstuffs	55,072	+1,507	102.8%	3,603	+2,746	+320.2%	
Frozen Desserts	22,433	+2,332	111.6%	3,609	+556	+18.2%	
Health Products	17,138	+3,269	123.6%	3,955	+1,507	+61.6%	
Sales by business sites	2Q	2Q results Y		Y/Y change	Y/Y ch	Y/Y change (%)	
Domestic sales		88,282		+6,00	60	107.4%	
Overseas sales		6,361		+1,04	47	119.7%	
Overseas sales ratio	6.4%		<u>+0.0</u>	<u>6P</u>			

## **Growth Factor for Net Sales in Food Manufacturing**



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#### Confectionery

# Strong domestic confectionery business [Growth in the domestic confectionery market: Y/Y change 100.3%]

\*The sum of candy, chocolate, biscuits, and snack categories

#### **Strengthening of existing brands**

Source: SRI Morinaga

- Confectionery: Concentrate resources into staple products focusing on brand enhancement
- Foodstuff: Amazake sold well Y/Y change: 176%

# Continued development of high value-added products

 Creation of consumer needs by "appealing health" focused on high-cacao-content products

# **Expansion of sales volumnes in overseas** business

Favorable sales of the U.S. retailing

#### Frozen desserts

#### **Continued fosterage of Monaka categories**

Favorable sales of *Jumbo G Y/Y* change: 108%

#### Health

# in Jelly showed significant growth capturing summer demand.

Captured consumer needs for hydration and summer heat measures due to average temperature rise in main areas

#### **Growth Factors for Operating Income in Food Manufacturing**

# Improvement of product mix

- Reinforced efficient production system of highly profitable products and sales
  - Concentration of resources into main products like in Jelly
- Reduced number of items in confectionery & foodstuffs fields
  - Reduction of low profit items like seasonal products
- Company-wide efforts to reduce production costs
  - Continued cost improvement such as raw materials cost and heating and lighting expenses

## **Effect of reduction of selling expenses**

- Strategic use of selling expenses (Y/Y change: 0.9%)
- Optimization of operation costs at overseas subsidiaries



Cost of sales ratio

**-2.5%** 



**SGA** ratio

**-1.7%** 

## <<Existing fields>> Domestic : Confectionary & Foodstuffs

## Building the foundation for steady profit generation

Development of products with high unit cost and high added value

# Centering on value enhancement

- Promote branding to appeal "health"
- Focus on nurturing "core users"

From now on, reinforce product lineup targeting on the growth of high-cacao-content market Sep. 2015: 1 product system

May 2016 : 5 products system

**Item number reduction** 

Number of sales items of confectionery at the end of Sep. FY2017

Y/Y change -19%

⇒Substantial reduction mainly in seasonal products/low profit products

Revision of products standards

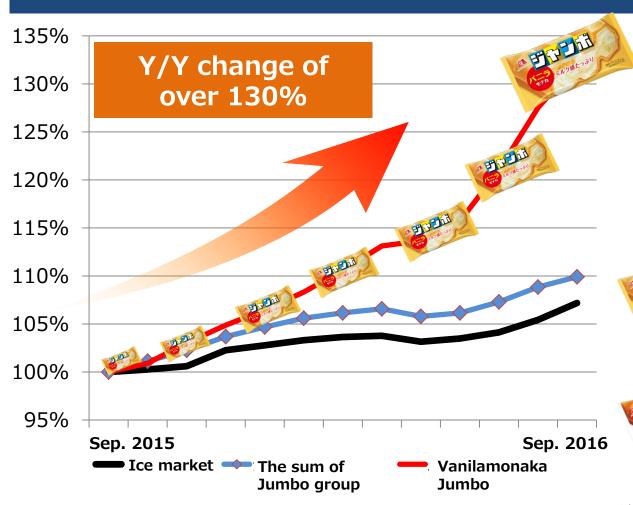
Continue changes of packagings and standsards to meet consumer needs ⇒Continue response to solve challenges of profitability of present items

While promoting brand development and enhancement, start fundamental improvement of profitability.

Through improved profitability in confectionery & foodstuff fields, generated profits of the company increases rapidly.

## <<Existing fields>> Domestic : Frozen Desserts

## Building the foundation for steady profit generation



# Sales of frozen desserts field

■ Comparison with growth rate of the ice market for 3 years

·Market G rate: 106%

·Morinaga's G: 121%

#### **(Base reinforcement)**

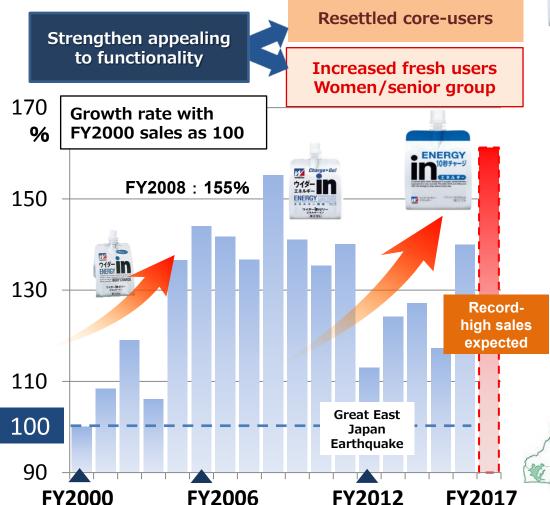
·Strengthen brand power

Thorough branding efforts after nationwide debut in 2013

- ·Increased store ratio
- ·Vanilamonaka share UP

Further increased store turnover in midsummer season <<Growth fields>> Health: in Jelly

Focus on further expanding the scale of sales.



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Strengthning measures of production system

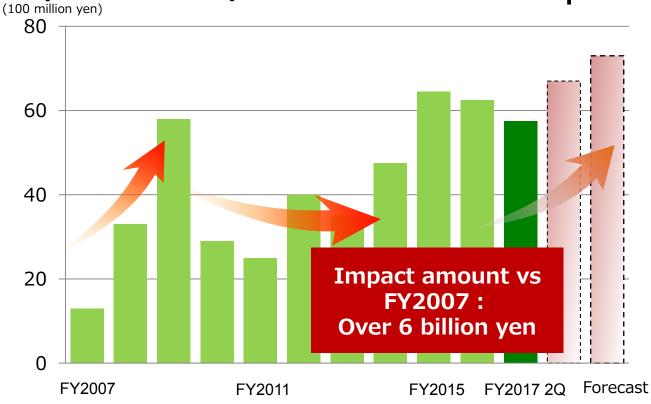
Expanded production lines at Mishima Factory with approx. 30% increase in production capacity

Planned start of operation in the next FY toward further expanded sales volumn of *in Jelly* 





## (Other factors) Effects of raw material price fluctuations



#### (Present state)

Impact of hiked raw material prices since FY2007 was the cause for approx. 5.8 billion yen lower profit.

# (Forecast of impact in the current FY)

- ①Price hike of raw materials like cacaos and nuts
- ②Declined prices of dairy products
  While Initially no change was expected
  from the previous term due to the
  impact as mentioned above, width of
  decline of overseas dairy products has
  turned out to be a major factor for
  temporary higher profit.

#### **Future risks**

- •Market price of cacao beans surged substantially Vs FY2007: 190% Vs FY2001: 334%
- •Market price of sugar also surged Vs FY2007: 117%, Vs FY2001: 215%

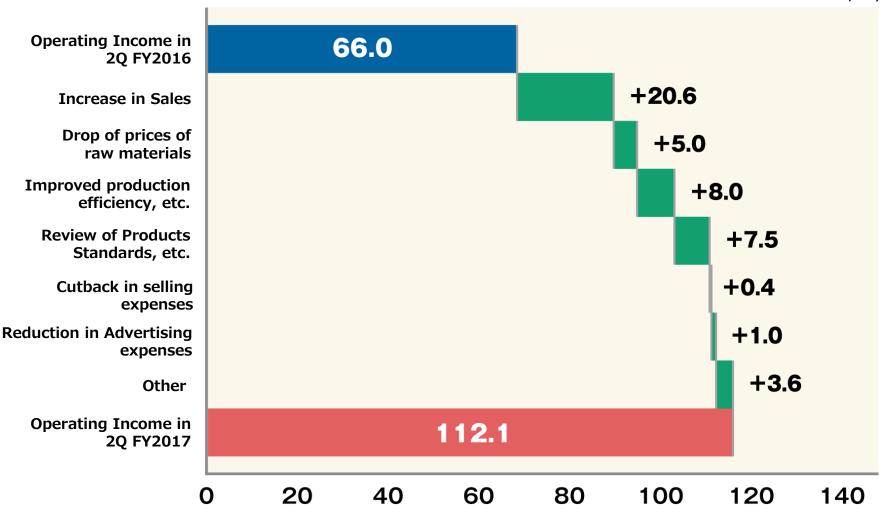
#### **Future responses**

•Response flexibly to drastic changes in raw material prices with review of product standards, etc.



#### Consolidated Results for 2Q FY2017: Operating Income Change Analysis

(100 million yen)



## Sales by Category (April 2016 through September 2016)

(%)

	Market data*1			
Category	Market Y/Y	Morinaga Y/Y	Share (Y/Y change)	
Caramel, candy	100	90	8.4 (-0.9)	
Biscuits	100	99	10.2 (-0.1)	
Chocolate	105	101	8.2 (-0.3)	
Snack	96	112	4.9 (+0.7)	
Cocoa	95	101	44.7 (+2.6)	
Ice	105	105	7.9 ( <del>-</del> )	
Pouch with mouth stopper *PB items are included from current term	116	116	39.3 (+0.2)	

<sup>\*1</sup> Source of category data: intage SRI data Nationwide, classification by Morinaga's definition, sales amount base



## Sales by Category (April 2016 through September 2016)

(100 million)

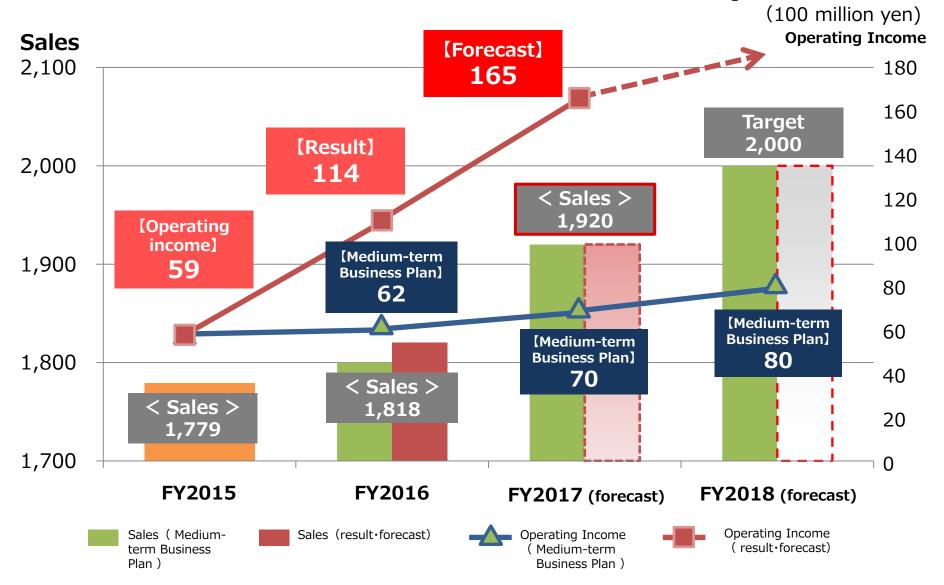
	Consolidated Net sales			Morinaga's	Sales
Category	Current Year	Previous Year	Y/Y change	main brand	(Y/Y change)
Confectionary & Foodstuffs	550	535	+15 (103%)		
Caramel, candy	134	143	- 9 (93%)	Milk Caramel HI-CHEW	100 98
Biscuits	106	110	-3 (97%)	Morinaga Biscuits	93
Chocolate	124	121	+ 3 (102%)	Chocoball DARS	94 98
Snack	75	72	+ 3 (106%)	Ottotto	124
Cocoa	17	16	+ 0 (105%)	Milk Cocoa	102
Other (include powdered juice)	92	72	+20 (128%)		
Frozen Desserts	224	201	+23 (112%)	Jumbo group	108
Health	171	138	+33 (124%)	Weider in Jelly	125



# **Future Responses**



#### 2015 Medium-Term Business Plan: As of the end of 2Q FY2017



## Achieving stable growth of profitability



#### **Growth fields**

Overseas business Health business

Old stage

Operating
Income
5 billion yen

Operating Income **10** billion yen level

**Existing fields** 

Pursue efficiency and profits

FY2016

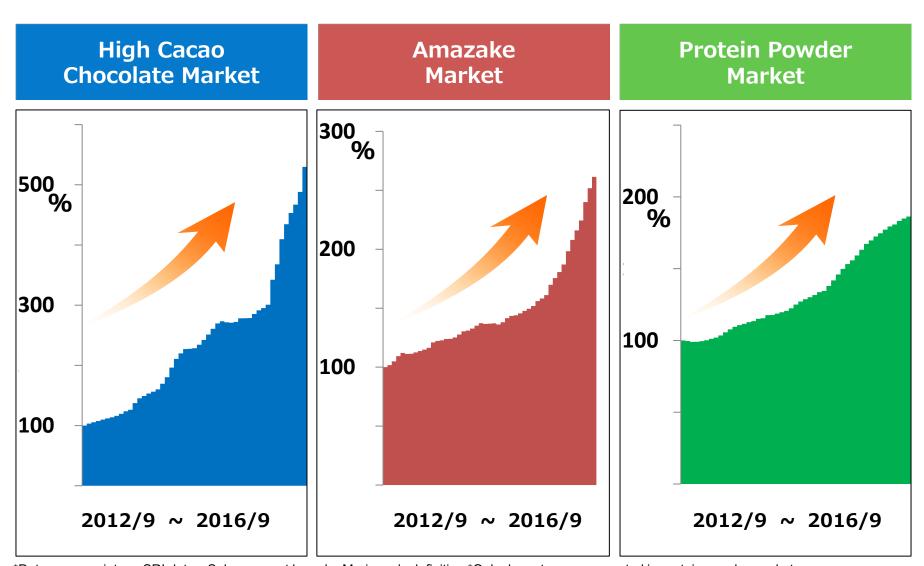
FY2017 FY2018

## **Healthy: Company-wide engagement**





#### Growth fields: Growth on market on the theme of health



<sup>\*</sup>Data source: intage SRI data Sales amount base by Morinaga's definition \*Only drug stores are counted in protein powder market



# Growth fields: Reinforced product development on the theme of health





# **Growth fields: Sales trend of overseas business** (Comparison of 2nd quarter)

(100 million yen)

Areas (convert into Yen)	Result in 2Q FY2015	Result in 2Q FY2016	Result in 2Q FY2017	Y/Y change (%)	★ local currency basis
United States	10	13	16	121%	<u>144%</u>
Indonesia	31	19	24	126%	146%
China, Taiwan, Exports	17	19	22	113%	<u>131%</u>
Total	59	53	63	120%	<u>140%</u>

Overseas sales	FY2017 plan (announced on beginning of period)	FY2017 forecast (End of 2Q FY2017)	
	160	<u>143</u>	

## Overseas business: Egagements in the U.S.

Start of sales

Mainly selling in Japanese-affiliated stores/Asian corners in the West Coast



Territorial cultivation and active marketing

140 %

March 2016

**Candy counters of American stores** 

120

100

Walmart (candy counters)



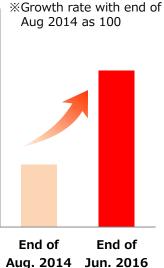
(candy counters)



(in front of cash registers/ candy counters)

# **SKU** increase

#### Trading ratio by the U.S. retail stores





chanel grew substantially in line with the rising trade ratio

#### Measures to enhance HI-CHEW recognition

Start TV advertisement

**Focus on sampling** 

Use of media





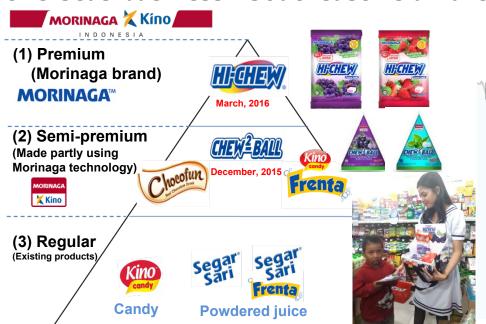
**Arousal of purchasing behavior** 

Understand **Enhanced recognition** 

Experience

Creation of *HI-CHEW* fans

#### Overseas business: Southeast Asian area



Strengthen cultivation of Southeast Asian market



Hanging sales at stores

# Toward enhanced brand recognition and expanded brand share



#### Thai representative office:

Information gathering of the entire Southeast area

Supply from China, Taiwan and Indonesia to determind areas to introduce.

Toward MT·GT market in each nation









# Sharp growth of Thai market

Market trend (Y/Y change) While entire candy market grew 9.5%,

HI-CHEW sales: Up 41%

■Market share rank
14th ⇒ Rose to 10th





# **Results Forecast**

(April 2016 through March 2017)

#### Full-Year Consolidated Results Forecast (April 2016 through March 2017)

■ November 9: The Company revised consolidated results forecasts for the FY2017.

Increased sales up to 2nd quarter in health/frozen dessers fields. Persistent cost reduction efforts has been reflected in the full-year results forecast.

	Year ending March 2017	Result in previous fiscal year	Y/Y change (%)	Comparison with forecast for FY2017 (announced on August 10)		
Net sales	192,000	181,868	+10,132 (105.6%)	+3,100 (101.6%)		
Operating income	16,500	11,456	+5,044 (144.0%)	+2,200 (115.4%)		
Ordinary income	17,000	12,062	+4,938 (140.9%)	+2,200 (114.9%)		
Net income attributable to owners of parent	11,500	8,092	+3,408 (142.1%)	+1,500 (115.0%)		

Operating income margin **8 6**%

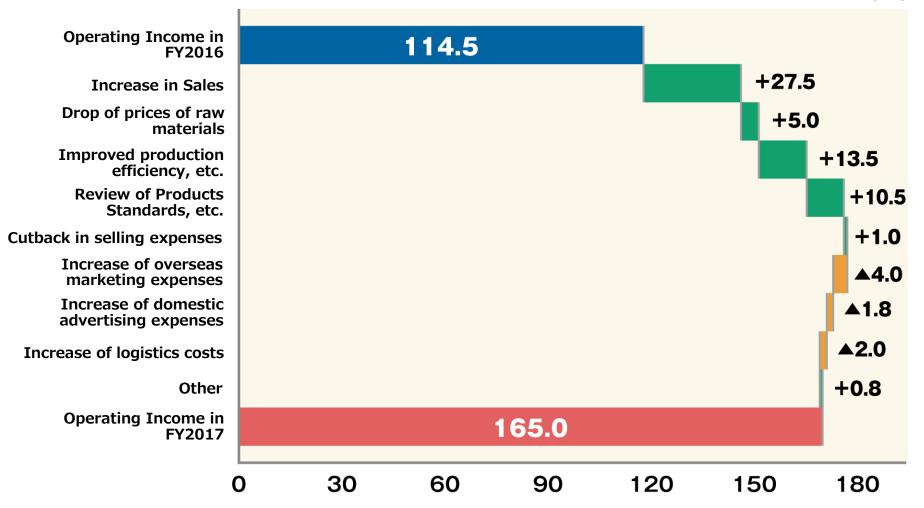
Overseas sales ratio 7.5%

(Million ven)



#### Factors in Change in Full-Year Consolidated Operating Income

(100 million yen)



## **Our policy of Financial Strategy**

# Building of a stable earning base



Reinforced financial base

Response to future risk

**Capital Investment** 

Re-organization of more ideal production system

Return to shareholders

Policy of dividend payout ratio