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Corporate Governance Report

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

SHIMIZU CORPORATION

Last Update: June 26, 2026

SHIMIZU CORPORATION

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Securities code: 1803

<https://www.shimz.co.jp/en/>

The corporate governance of SHIMIZU CORPORATION (“Shimizu” or the “Company”) is described below.

I. Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Attributes, and Other Key Information

1. Basic Views

Based on our Credo, The Analects and the Abacus, Shimizu strives to fulfill social responsibilities through our business activities, thereby earning a greater degree of trust from our shareholders and investors, and all other stakeholders, including clients, employees, and local communities. We also aim to manage the company in an expeditious, efficient, transparent, and lawful manner to achieve sustained growth and increase corporate value over the medium- to long-term.

To achieve this, Shimizu has established a structure that enables the Board of Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members to appropriately supervise and audit the performance of duties, based on separation of the management strategy decision-making function from the execution of duties function. Concurrently, our basic policy on corporate governance is for our directors, executive officers, Audit & Supervisory Board members, and employees to practice compliance management based on high ethical standards.

Reasons for Non-compliance with the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code

Shimizu complies with all principles of the Revised Corporate Governance Code issued in June 2021, including principles for those listed on the Prime Market.

Disclosure Based on each Principle of the Corporate Governance Code Updated

[Principle 1.4 Securities Holdings]

(1) Policy on Securities Holdings

When there is a necessity from the viewpoint of business development, the Company acquires and retains shares of “clients and business partners to strengthen and maintain relationships”. Acquisition of major securities is determined by the Board of Directors, taking comprehensive consideration of benefits to the Company, acquisition cost, risk of stock price changes, and other factors. The Board of Directors examines the necessity of securities holdings for individual stocks each year, taking into consideration its economic rationality, including cost and risk of holding them, and business development benefits. Even in cases where the rationale for holding the shares

and their economic rationality is recognized, we proceed with negotiations for their sale to achieve the reduction targets for securities holdings, while carefully considering our relationships with business partners and prevailing market conditions.

(2) Status of Reduction of Securities Holdings

At the Board of Directors' Meeting held on November 12, 2024, the Company established the reduction targets for securities holdings (to less than 20% of consolidated net assets by the end of March 2026, and to less than 10% by the end of March 2027), and has been engaging in ongoing negotiations with our business partners to achieve it. Due to the rise in stock prices, the ratio of the outstanding amount of securities holdings to consolidated net assets is 24.4% as of the end of March 2026, a slight decrease from the end of the previous fiscal year. However, this ratio would be 9.1% if shares for which we have reached an agreement on sale with the business partners were excluded from the balance.

The Company sold shares of 39 listed companies during fiscal 2025 (including shares of which part of the holdings were sold). The proceeds were 109.1 billion yen. From fiscal 2018 to fiscal 2025, the total number of listed companies of which the Company sold its holdings was 120 (including shares of which part of the holdings were sold). The proceeds were 317.8 billion yen. As a result, the number of listed companies the Company held shares decreased from 187 as of the end of March 2018 to 93 as of the end of March 2026.

Due to the increasing uncertainty in the business environment surrounding the Company, including the situation in the Middle East, we have decided, upon consultation with the relevant business partners, to carry out the sale of certain shares over fiscal 2027 and fiscal 2028.

(3) Exercise Criteria for Voting Rights Pertaining to Securities Holdings

The Company exercises voting rights on securities holdings after comprehensively examining the contents of proposals, referring to the Policy on securities holdings above, and judging whether to vote for or against each proposal from the perspective of whether the corporate value of the Company and business partners may increase.

(4) Policy in case the Securities Holder Has Expressed their Intention to Sell the Shares

In case the securities holder has expressed their intention to sell the shares, we will not act to prevent the sale by, for example, suggesting that we will reduce transactions with the company concerned.

[Principle 1.7 Related Party Transactions]

The Company implements the following pre- and post-transaction procedures to ensure that related party transactions do not harm the mutual interests of the Company and its shareholders.

In principle, transactions with directors undergo legal checks by the Legal Affairs Department or a corporate lawyer and are only approved by the Board of Directors after a thorough screening, including the appropriateness of the transaction's conditions based on laws, regulations, and the Company's internal rules. After approval, oversight is ensured through reports to the Board of Directors.

Transactions with other executives and parties such as major shareholders undergo, when necessary, legal checks by the Legal Affairs Department or a corporate lawyer, as well as checks of matters including the appropriateness of the transaction's conditions through proscribed approval procedures based on the Company's internal rules.

Additionally, the content and conditions of related party transactions are audited by the Audit & Supervisory Board members, the accounting auditor, and the Audit Department. The audit covers items including legality and appropriateness, and are also disclosed in materials including Annual Securities Report.

[Supplementary Principle 2.4.1 Ensuring Diversity in the Promotion to Core Human Resources]

(1) Policy for Ensuring Diversity

In 2009, the Company established the Diversity Promotion Office to advance initiatives related to diversity, and it focused on promoting the active participation of human resources with diverse values, ways of thinking, and skills.

Furthermore, since April 2023, it has positioned Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (DE&I) as a new management strategy, adding an equity perspective to the existing Diversity and Inclusion strategy, and has established the DE&I Promotion Department to strengthen frameworks for advancing this strategy.

The Company will aim to further raise corporate value through greater encouragement for free creativity and the taking on of new challenges, alongside the fostering of a corporate culture that enables everyone to work energetically and demonstrate their abilities. It will achieve this by focusing on not only in terms of race, religion, nationality, age, gender, gender identity, sexual orientation, and whether an individual is disabled or not, but also diversity such as expertise, sense of values, and career.

(2) Voluntary, Measurable Goals for Ensuring Diversity and Progress

* Employee numbers for each fiscal year are for the beginning of that year

The Company set targets related to promoting the advancement of women and other areas as a KPI for promoting DE&I, and has advanced structured initiatives for achieving these targets. Furthermore, it respects diversity and promotes employees to management positions based on an evaluation of skills and character.

As of April 2026, the ratio of women in management positions has become approx. 6.2% (306 persons) of all management positions compared to the KPI of 6% or more by fiscal 2026. Going forward, the Company aims to increase the ratio of women in management positions to 7% or more by fiscal 2027, and 10% or more by fiscal 2030. It will continue advancing initiatives to achieve these targets.

The number of foreign national employees was 207 in fiscal 2026, including 15 in management positions (approx. 0.3% of all management positions). Going forward, the Company will work to raise the percentage of foreign national employees in management positions.

The number of mid-career hired employees was 1,533 in fiscal 2026, including 532 in management positions (approx. 10.7% of all management positions).

The Company is diversifying the recruitment methods such as through “referral hiring” and “alumni hiring,” considering that job-hunting styles are becoming more diverse. With regard to new graduate hiring, we have been implementing year-round recruitment without restricting the start date, and we have been focusing on securing the next generation of core talent who possess diverse skills and experience.

(3) Talent Development and Workplace Policies for Ensuring Diversity and Current Progress

In the Mid-Term Business Plan <2024-2026>, the Company has identified “talent development and organizational capabilities improvement” as one of our basic concepts of the business foundation. By having systems to achieve these goals in place, we are nurturing “diverse talent who is willing to take on challenges and co-create.”

In particular, from the perspective of ensuring diversity, we are implementing DE&I measures to attract a diverse talent, creating a work environment where each individual can live a purposeful life and feel satisfied and improving employee well-being.

<Main Initiatives>

- Introduction of a Paternity Leave System in advance of the legal enactment of the revised Act on Childcare Leave/Caregiver Leave.

- Introduction of Meeting about Career and Childcare Dialogues aimed at ensuring employees can take leave with peace of mind by coordinating their work arrangements before and after maternity leave with their superiors as the situation requires after confirming pregnancy.
- Introduction of subsidies for fertility treatments.
- Carrying out of Shin Diversity activities to support employees in harmonizing their work engagement with their personal life.
- Established a club to promote understanding and inclusion of LGBTQ+ and distributing ALLY-themed items.
- Provision of Inclusive Leader Training that aims to raise the understanding and utilization of diversity among managers.
- Holding of Challenge Forum events to promote the further advancement of employees with disabilities and raise awareness among employees.
- Revising the personnel system to include a same-sex partner and a person who is in a de facto marital relationship in the definition of an employee's spouse, and expanding the scope of application of various systems, such as rental of company housing for spouses, childcare and nursing care.
- Revising the personnel system to promote flexible working styles, such as the introduction of a flextime employment system.
- Introducing the referral hiring system and alumni hiring system to secure talent with diverse experiences and knowledge.
- Providing e-learning courses on health issues specific to women.
- In addition to the entrance ceremony for new graduate employees in April, holding of periodic entrance ceremonies for mid-career hires and new graduates recruited throughout the year.
- Promoting organizational development to create a fulfilling and attractive workplace.

For more details, please visit the following URL on our corporate website.

<https://www.shimz.co.jp/en/company/about/diversity/>

[Principle 2.6 Roles of Corporate Pension Funds as Asset Owner]

The Company has introduced a defined benefit corporate pension plan, and it ensures that this system is managed stably for the benefit of corporate pension recipients through the measures outlined below.

- The Pension Asset Management Committee comprises the general managers of the Finance, Human Resources, Accounting, and Corporate Planning Departments. It is chaired by the Director in charge of Finance, and the Executive Officer in charge of Human Resources is a vice chairperson.
- The committee deliberates on asset management performance and financial simulations to review and revise the basic policy on pension asset management and asset mix. It also monitors the status of management by the contracted management company and reports to the Board of Directors annually.

[Principle 3.1 Enhancement of Information Disclosure]

(1) The Company discloses its Credo, Management Principles, long-term vision, and mid-term business plan through its corporate website and other channels.

For more details, please visit the following URL on our corporate website.

<https://www.shimz.co.jp/en/company/about/strategy/>

(2) In accordance with our Credo, The Analects and the Abacus, Shimizu strives to fulfill social responsibilities through our business activities, thereby earning a greater degree of trust from our

shareholders and investors, and all other stakeholders, including clients, employees, and local communities. We also aim to manage the company in an expeditious, efficient, transparent, and lawful manner to achieve sustained growth and increase corporate value over the medium- to long-term.

To achieve this, Shimizu has established a structure that enables the Board of Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members to appropriately supervise and audit the performance of duties, based on separation of the management strategy decision-making function from the execution of duties function. Concurrently, our basic policy on corporate governance is for our directors, executive officers, Audit & Supervisory Board members, and employees to practice compliance management based on high ethical standards.

(3) For the policy and procedure that the Board of the Directors determines the compensation for senior management and directors, please refer to “II. 1. [Director Remuneration] Disclosure of Policy on Determining Remuneration Amounts and Calculation Methods” in this report.

(4) The Company selects candidates for director based on their character, knowledge, experience and capabilities, placing importance on the diversity of composition of the Board of Directors.

Individuals with abundant expert knowledge and experience, gained while working at the Company, are selected as candidates for Executive Officers in charge of the execution of business. Individuals with abundant knowledge and experience in their respective fields and deep insight are selected as candidates for non-executive directors including outside directors.

Also, individuals with appropriate knowledge of finance and accounting, knowledge of legal and compliance matters, abundant expertise and experience regarding the Company’s business areas, and abundant knowledge and experience in their respective fields, are selected as candidates for Audit & Supervisory Board members while keeping a good balance of candidates and after receiving the consent of the Audit & Supervisory Board.

The Company’s Board of Directors decides the appointment/dismissal of directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members (candidates) based on its recognition of the aforementioned qualities after deliberation by the Nomination and Compensation Committee, of which the majority of members are outside directors, and which is chaired by a non-executive director.

(5) When appointing/dismissing directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members (candidates), the Company’s Notice of the General Meeting of Shareholders will provide each candidate’s career summary (including significant concurrent positions) and their reason for nomination/dismissal.

Additionally, the reasons for the nomination of outside directors and outside Audit & Supervisory Board members are stated in II. 1 Outside Directors’ Relationship with the Company (2) and Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members’ Relationship with the Company (2) within this report. For directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members other than outside directors and outside Audit & Supervisory Board members, each candidate is nominated once it is recognized that they possess the qualities outlined in (4) above based on their career summary.

[Supplementary Principle 3.1.3 Sustainability Initiatives, etc.]

(1) Approach to Sustainability and Related Initiatives

Shimizu’s Credo is The Analects and the Abacus, and based on this, Shimizu has set “With devotion and a spirit of innovation, we work to create value that exceeds expectations and contribute to a sustainable tomorrow” as its Management Principles. It advances business activities with an unwavering commitment to the sustainability of the Company, society, and the environment.

In regard to sustainability promotion and governance structure, the Company has established the Sustainability Committee chaired by the President. The committee deliberates and makes decisions on the Shimizu Group’s sustainability policy, major initiatives, and sustainability-related

disclosures, with important matters being reported to the Board of Directors to elaborate the system to supervise.

The long-term SHIMZ VISION 2030 looks ahead to 2030, and it states the three ways in which the Shimizu Group provides social value: 1) realizing a resilient society where everyone can feel safe and secure, 2) realizing an inclusive society where all people can live together in comfort and health, and 3) realizing a sustainable society where future generations can inherit a well-cared for environment.

Following the Mid-Term Business Plan <2024-2026>, we will increase cross-functional collaboration in the Shimizu Group to build a stronger business foundation and practice Sustainability Management, balancing fulfilling social responsibility and cultivating business opportunities.

In considering materiality, the Company valued our business activities from the viewpoints of “impact on society” and “impact for our company,” considering social issues (SDGs) as well as our Credo, Management Principles, and long-term vision. The identified activities of high materiality are promoted with an unwavering commitment to sustainability.

For more details, please visit the following URL on our corporate website.

<https://www.shimz.co.jp/en/company/csr/materiality/>

The group environmental vision SHIMZ Beyond Zero 2050 envisions a sustainable society as “zero-carbon society,” “resource recycling society,” and “society that coexists harmoniously with nature.” It will contribute to realizing a sustainable society that is the goal of the SDGs by not only eliminating the negative effects on the environment of our Group’s activities, including reducing CO₂ emissions to zero by 2050, but also providing positive environmental value to clients and society.

For more details, please visit the following URL on our corporate website.

https://www.shimz.co.jp/beyondzero/index_en.html

In October 2025, we formulated and announced a roadmap toward achieving our group environmental vision SHIMZ Beyond Zero 2050.

For more details, please visit the following URL on our corporate website.

https://www.shimz.co.jp/en/company/csr/environment/roadmap/pdf_index_01.pdf

Our Group considers the impact of climate change and nature-related issues on our business to be one of the important management issues. With regard to climate change, we started disclosing information based on the TCFD recommendations in 2020, and with regard to natural-related issues, we started disclosing information based on the TNFD recommendations in 2024. We are updating the relevant information every year.

In analyzing risks and opportunities and developing strategies, we are implementing measures to realize the sustainable society that the Group aims for, and engaging with stakeholders to have the foundation for our new strategies in place, while also being conscious of decarbonization, coexistence with nature, and synergies and trade-offs including resource recycling.

For more details, please visit the following URL on our corporate website.

Climate-related disclosures according to the TCFD recommendations

<https://www.shimz.co.jp/en/company/csr/environment/tcf/>

Nature-related disclosures according to the TNFD recommendations

<https://www.shimz.co.jp/en/company/csr/environment/tnfd/>

(2) Investing for Human Capital and Intellectual Properties

We regard human capital as the most important element of management capital, and consider that the skills, knowledge, and experiences of our employees are the foundation for improving competitiveness of each business line.

As stated in the Mid-Term Business Plan <2024-2026>, 40 billion yen for the 3-year period has

been earmarked for investment in human resources to acquire and nurture highly capable talent, implement DE&I initiatives and promote employees' well-being. And for productivity improvement & R&D including intellectual properties, we plan to invest 85 billion yen for the 3-year period to develop cutting-edge technologies and machinery and to invest in digital-related fields.

According to our long-term vision, SHIMZ VISION 2030, our goal is to become a Smart Innovation Company who co-creates with diverse partners beyond construction to create new value. To achieve this goal, we are operating Smart Innovation Ecosystem NOVARE as a hub to promote business innovation, technological innovation and talent innovation and a place to facilitate good communication with society.

[Supplementary Principle 4.1.1 Scope of Matters Delegated to Management]

In accordance with internal rules concerning authority for making decisions on important matters stipulated by resolution of the Board of Directors, the Board of Directors will deliberate and decide on matters stipulated by laws, regulations, and the Articles of Incorporation, as well as other important management matters.

Other matters deemed important to the execution of business will, in principle, be entrusted to the President. Under the same internal rules, other matters will be entrusted to an approval body, consulting department, or the management in accordance with factors such as content or monetary amount involved.

[Principle 4.9 Standards and Qualifications Regarding the Independence of Independent Outside Directors]

Shimizu's standards of independence for outside directors are posted on its corporate website. For more details, please visit the following URL.

<https://www.shimz.co.jp/company/about/governance/pdf/151224.pdf> (in Japanese)

Additionally, the Board of Directors nominates Independent Outside director candidates who possess excellent character, knowledge, experience, and capabilities, as well as extensive expertise and experience in their respective specialties, and who can be expected to contribute to the Board of Directors in a frank, dynamic, and constructive manner.

[Supplementary Principle 4.10.1 Independence, Authority, and Roles, etc. of the Nomination and Compensation Committee Structure]

The Company has established a Nomination and Compensation Committee, which has a majority of independent outside directors, to ensure fair and transparent decision-making on the appointment/dismissal of directors, Audit & Supervisory Board members, and executive officers, and on evaluation and compensation of directors and executive officers.

The committee is made up of all independent outside directors, the non-executive inside director (one), and the President and Director, and the Chairperson is elected each year by a mutual vote from the non-executive directors.

The committee deliberates on important matters, including the setting of Board of Directors' Meeting agenda items concerning important human resource matters, such as the nomination /dismissal of directors, Audit & Supervisory Board members, and executive officers, and the evaluation and determination of individual compensation of directors and executive officers based on the evaluation and compensation standards formulated in the Regulations on Director Compensation. These deliberations incorporate diverse perspectives including the external perspectives of independent outside directors. The committee is judged to be sufficiently independent and objective.

[Supplementary Principle 4.11.1 Composition of the Board of Directors and Nomination Procedures]

In order to respond quickly to changes in the business environment and to achieve sustained growth and medium- to long-term improvement in corporate value, the Company aims to maintain the appropriate size and diversity of the Board of Directors and also to optimize the Board of Directors as a whole and maximize its functions by organically combining the knowledge, experience, and abilities of each director.

The maximum number of members of the Company's Board of Directors is set to 12 in the Articles of Incorporation, and the Board of Directors is composed of executive directors that are familiar with each area of the Company's business, and non-executive directors, including multiple outside directors that possess abundant knowledge and experience from their respective backgrounds. Consequently, the Board of Directors is the optimal team and personnel to take charge of the Company's management based on business environment, management policy, and business strategy, etc.

Moreover, the ratio of outside directors to the total number of directors is one third or higher.

When selecting directors, the Company selects candidates for directors based on their character, knowledge, experience, and capabilities, placing importance on the diversity of composition of the Board of Directors.

Individuals with abundant expert knowledge and experience gained while working at the Company are selected as candidates for executive directors in charge of the execution of business. Individuals with abundant knowledge and experience in their respective fields and deep insight are selected as candidates for non-executive directors including outside directors.

The Company's Board of Directors decides the appointment of directors after the creation by the President of a nomination proposal containing candidates recognized to be in possession of these qualities, and the deliberation of this nomination proposal by the Nomination and Compensation Committee, of which the majority of members are outside directors, and which is chaired by a non-executive director.

A "skills matrix" of the directors is included at the end of this report.

[Supplementary Principle 4.11.2 Status of Concurrent Position of Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members]

When selecting director and Audit & Supervisory Board member candidates, the Company checks whether they hold any concurrent positions as an executive of a listed company and confirms that there are no impediments to them properly fulfilling the roles and responsibilities of a director or Audit & Supervisory Board member of the Company.

Additionally, in cases where a director or Audit & Supervisory Board member of the Company accepts a position as an executive of another company (excluding affiliated companies), the Company confirms in advance that there are no impediments to them properly fulfilling their roles and responsibilities as a director or Audit & Supervisory Board member of the Company.

Each year the Company discloses the significant concurrent positions held by directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members in its Business Report.

[Supplementary Principle 4.11.3 Evaluation of the Effectiveness of the Board of Directors]

The Company's Board of Directors conducts the analysis and evaluation of effectiveness of the Board of Directors as a whole once a year.

The outline of the method of evaluation and the results thereof in fiscal 2025 are as follows:

(1) Evaluation Method

An anonymous questionnaire with open-ended questions was sent to all directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members. Based on an analysis by a third party (a lawyer), all directors and

Audit & Supervisory Board members have discussions (self-evaluation) at the Board of Directors.

- Report period: April 2025–March 2026
- Dates of evaluation: Board of Directors’ Meetings held on March 6 and March 27, 2026
- Main evaluation items: The Board of Directors’ structure, operation, management strategy and supervision functions, corporate ethics and risk management, solutions to sustainability-related issues, process of determining nominations and compensation, human development, communication with outside directors and management personnel, dialogue with shareholders and investors, and more.

(2) Outline of the Evaluation Results

Conclusion: The effectiveness of the Board of Directors of the Company as a whole is ensured.

(i) Response to issues identified in the previous effectiveness evaluation in fiscal 2024 (Report period: April 2024–March 2025)

The Board of Directors has made consistent efforts to resolve issues and make improvements as follows.

The Board of Directors will continue to strive for further improvement.

- a. Hold in-depth discussions on business portfolio optimization to enhance corporate value
 - Hold more in-depth discussions on growth strategies for each line of business considering the cost of capital at the Board of Directors meetings, and clearly define roles of each line of business in a company-wide scheme to enhance corporate value.
 - => At the Board of Directors meetings discussions were held on growth strategies and key challenges for each business, including those conducted during off-site meetings.
 - At the “Dialogue Session on the Mid-Term Business Plan” held for all employees, the senior management explained the roles and expectations for each business, and the feedback received from employees was shared with the Board of Directors.
 - b. Further improve internal control and risk management systems to realize teachings of our Credo, the Analects and the Abacus, in our operation
 - Establishment of a more rapid reporting system for high-risk cases, and systematization of reporting on the progress and completion of responses.
 - => The reporting structure for incidents such as disasters explicitly includes reporting lines to non-executive directors and the Board of Audit & Supervisory Board members. With regard to follow-up progress reports, ensure they are conducted thoroughly by utilizing opportunities such as advance briefings to the Board of Directors.
 - c. Enhance the communication between our senior management and outside directors/outside Audit & Supervisory Board members
 - Provide more opportunities for our senior management and outside directors/outside Audit & Supervisory Board members to talk to each other in person outside the Board of Directors’ Meeting.
 - => Opinion exchange meetings were held between non-executive directors/outside Audit & Supervisory Board members and division heads or branch executives, utilizing time after the Board of Directors meetings or opportunities during construction site visits.
- ### (ii) Major issues to be considered identified in the effectiveness evaluation
- a. Enhance discussions on embedding cost-of-capital awareness and build an appropriate business portfolio.
 - Enforce capital discipline in investment decisions across all lines of business based on discussions regarding the cost of capital, and deepen our deliberations to achieve an optimal business portfolio from a company-wide perspective.
 - b. Further enhance the efficiency and effectiveness of the Board of Directors to facilitate high-level, strategic discussions.

- Enrich the information provided prior to Board of Directors meetings to improve the quality of deliberations on increasingly diverse and complex matters, thereby expanding the scope of strategic discussions.

c. Enhance discussions and visualize the progress of succession planning.

- Report to the Board of Directors as appropriate regarding development plans for key management personnel and initiatives to enhance the experience of potential successors.

(3) Future Initiatives

Based on the results of the evaluation of the effectiveness of the Board of Directors, the Company aims to enhance the effectiveness of the Board of Directors and further expand and reinforce corporate governance through the PDCA cycle to improve on issues.

[Supplementary Principle 4.14.2 Policy for Training of Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members]

The Company holds training for new directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members, including explanations of matters such as the legal roles and responsibilities of directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members, as required.

It also provides outside directors and outside Audit & Supervisory Board members with opportunities to deepen their understanding of the details and current state of the Company's business as required, including briefings by relevant departments, workplace observation tours, and exchanges of opinions with employees.

In addition to the above, it provides directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members with opportunities to acquire and enhance the knowledge required by their role, including holding study sessions, briefings by relevant departments, and providing notification about and bearing the cost of external seminars.

[Principle 5.1 Policy for Constructive Dialogue with Shareholders]

Members of the Company's senior management, such as the President, Director in charge of Finance and IR, attend events for institutional investors and analysts, including financial results meetings and IR meetings. In addition to this, where possible, members of the senior management including the President also handle other initiatives advanced by the Company to foster dialogue with shareholders.

(1) The Company shall select a person in charge of IR from among its directors and executive officers.

(2) In order to promote dialogues with shareholders and investors and build stable relations with them, the Investor and Shareholder Relations Department, Accounting Department, General Affairs Department, others collaborate with the Corporate Planning Department, and other relevant departments to respond to IR meetings, SR meetings, ESG meetings, etc. with shareholders and investors.

(3) The Company will implement the following initiatives in addition to individual meetings as means of dialogue:

- Tours of company facilities and construction sites, etc. for individual shareholders.
- Business briefings and facility tours, etc. for individual investors.
- Financial results briefings, participating in conferences organized by securities companies, business briefings, facility tours, etc. for institutional investors and analysts.

(4) The Company's Executive Officer in charge of IR reports to the Board of Directors on the opinions of shareholders and investors obtained through IR activities (e.g. IR meetings, SR meetings) as appropriate.

(5) Information disclosure in dialogue is conducted in accordance with the Company's regulations

for the prevention of insider trading, etc., and in compliance with relevant laws and regulations.

[Status of Dialogue with Shareholders]

We believe that information disclosure and dialogue with shareholders and institutional investors is important to achieve sustained growth and increase the corporate value of the Shimizu Group. For the status of dialogue implementation, please visit the following URL on our corporate website.

<https://www.shimz.co.jp/en/company/ir/management/communication/>

Action to Implement the Management that is Conscious of Cost of Capital and Stock Price

Contents	Disclosure of initiatives (updated)
Availability of disclosure materials in English	Available
Last updated Updated	June 26, 2026

Explanation for Applicable Items Updated

In order to realize management that is conscious of cost of capital and stock price, we will steadily implement business strategies, investing for growth, a capital policy, and shareholder return as outlined in the Mid-Term Business Plan <2024-2026>. In addition to achieving and maintaining profitability that exceeds the cost of shareholders' equity, we will aim to increase corporate value and improve PBR in the near future by working to create expectations for sustained growth.

Please refer to the URL below on our corporate website for detailed information on our Mid-Term Business Plan <2024-2026> and the progress of initiatives in fiscal 2025.

<https://www.shimz.co.jp/en/company/about/strategy/index.html#sec4>

At the Board of Directors' Meeting held on November 12, 2024, we established the targets of reduction of securities holdings to less than 10% of consolidated net assets, so that we can accelerate the implementation of "management that is conscious of cost of capital and stock price." For details, please refer to [Principle 1.4 Securities Holdings].

2. Capital Structure

Foreign Shareholding Ratio	20% or more but less than 30%
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Status of Major Shareholders Updated

Name or Company Name	Number of Shares Owned	Percentage (%)
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account)	89,462,000	13.17
SHIMIZU & CO., LTD	82,730,000	12.18
SHIMIZU FOUNDATION	38,767,500	5.71
Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account)	29,639,200	4.36
HOUSING RESEARCH FOUNDATION JYUSO-KEN	23,665,964	3.48
Employee's Stock Ownership Plan of the Shimizu Group	18,538,820	2.73
STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY 505001	15,136,455	2.23

Fukoku Mutual Life Insurance Company	13,552,000	2.00
Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Taxable Money Trust Account)	10,741,800	1.58
JP MORGAN CHASE BANK 385642	9,303,516	1.37

Name of Controlling Shareholder, if applicable (excluding Parent Companies) -----

Name of Parent Company, if applicable None

Supplementary Explanation Updated

(1) The above Status of Major Shareholders is described based on the shareholder register as of March 31, 2026.

(2) Although a Statement of Large-Volume Holdings (Statement of Changes) released to the public on March 4, 2026 states BlackRock Japan Co., Ltd. and other joint holders hold the following shares as of February 27, 2026, we are unable to confirm the actual number of shares as of March 31, 2026, and therefore they are not included in the above-mentioned status of major shareholders.

[Name or Company Name/Number of Shares Owned/Percentage]

BlackRock Japan Co., Ltd. and 10 others/44,557,595/6.22%

3. Corporate Attributes

Listed Stock Exchange and Market Segment	Tokyo Stock Exchange, Prime Market Nagoya Stock Exchange, Premier Market
Fiscal Year-End	March
Business Sector	Construction
Number of Employees (Consolidated) as of the End of the Previous Fiscal Year	1,000 or more
Net Sales (Consolidated) for the Previous Fiscal Year	1 trillion yen or more
Number of Consolidated Subsidiaries as of the End of the Previous Fiscal Year	100 or more but fewer than 300

4. Policy on Measures to Protect Minority Shareholders in Conducting Transactions with Controlling Shareholder

5. Other Special Circumstances Which May Have a Material Impact on Corporate Governance Updated

(1) Approach to Group Management and Policies

The Shimizu Group has established the Mid-Term Business Plan <2024-2026> with the basic concept of “A Stronger Business Foundation for Sustained Growth” to increase our corporate value and achieve the SDGs. Following this Plan with a new mindset of “Choukensetsu”, we will create an environment where every member of our team can take on challenges to realize their dreams and provide value exceeding the expectations of clients and society. We continue to work to build a flexible and speedy Group management structure and strengthen governance with respect to group management.

The Company has a stake in Property Data Bank, Inc. (equity ratio: 27.27%), a listed affiliate. We will periodically review the rationality of maintaining listing of listed Group companies, and appropriately disclose the rationality of our decision and the governance structure of listed Group companies from the perspective of maximizing the corporate value of the Group.

Regarding THE NIPPON ROAD CO., LTD., a former listed subsidiary (the “Subsidiary”), we executed a series of transactions aimed at making the Subsidiary a wholly owned subsidiary. Consequently, it was delisted on October 10, 2025, and became our wholly owned subsidiary on October 15, 2025. Therefore, as of the filing date of this report, we have no listed subsidiaries.

(2) Meaning of having a listed affiliate and a policy on securing the effectiveness of the governance structure

As of March 31, 2026, we have a stake in Property Data Bank, Inc. (equity ratio: 27.27%, the “Affiliate”).

The Affiliate was listed on the Mothers section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange (currently, Tokyo Stock Exchange Growth) on June 27, 2018, to enhance its neutrality, independence, and social credibility, and it continues to be listed on the stock exchange. The Affiliate was established in October 2000 through our Corporate Venturing System. It provides the “@property” service which supports the operation and management of real estate and facilities mainly in Japan. We position it as an operation related to services in our Group.

The executive structure of the Affiliate is determined based on its voluntary judgment. However, only when we dispatch executives, the decision is made after prior consultation with or reporting to us.

With regard to the nomination of management personnel, it is important to nominate candidates from the viewpoint of whether they contribute to enhancing the corporate value of the Affiliate. We believe it is necessary for us to collaborate with the Affiliate while ensuring that they select candidates from an independent standpoint, in order to enhance the effectiveness of their governance.

Currently, two executive directors from the Company have been appointed, and one outside director has been dispatched from the Company to serve at the Affiliate. However, the terms and conditions of transactions, such as those regarding the cloud services between the Affiliate and us, are the same as those for other users. In addition, the proportion of sales and purchases from us and our subsidiaries in the Affiliate is insignificant. We intend to keep the equity in the Affiliate to maintain its status as our affiliate.

II. Business Management Organization and Other Corporate Governance Systems regarding Decision-making, Execution of Business, and Oversight

1. Organizational Composition and Operation

Corporate Governance System	Company with Audit and Supervisory Board
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Directors

Number of Directors Stipulated in Articles of Incorporation	12
Directors' Term of Office Stipulated in Articles of Incorporation	one year
Chairperson of the Board	Chairperson (unless the Chairperson also serves as the President)
Number of Directors	11
Election of Outside Directors	Elected
Number of Outside Directors	4
Number of Independent Directors	4

Outside Directors' Relationship with the Company (1) Updated

Name	Attributes	Relationship with the Company*											
		a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	
Junichi Kawada	From another company												
Mayumi Tamura	From another company												
Yumiko Jozuka	Other												
Yoshio Kometani	From another company								△				

* Categories for "Relationship with the Company."

* Use "○" when the person presently falls or has recently fallen under the category; "△" when the person fell under the category in the past.

* Use "●" when a close relative of the person presently falls or has recently fallen under the category; and "▲" when a close relative of the person fell under the category in the past.

- a. Person who executes business for the Company or its subsidiary
- b. Person who executes business for or a non-executive director of the Company's parent company
- c. Person who executes business for a fellow subsidiary
- d. Person/entity for which the Company is a major client or a person who executes business for said person/entity
- e. Major client of the Company or a person who executes business for said client
- f. Consultant, accounting expert, or legal expert who receives large amounts of cash or other assets from the Company in addition to compensation as a director/Audit & Supervisory Board member
- g. Major shareholder of the Company (in cases where the shareholder is a corporation, a person who executes business for the corporation)
- h. Person who executes business for a client of the Company (excluding persons categorized as any of d, e, or f above) (applies to the person him/herself only)
- i. Person who executes business for another company that holds cross-directorships/cross-auditorships with the Company (applies to the person him/herself only)
- j. Person who executes business for an entity receiving donations from the Company (applies to the

- person him/herself only)
 k. Other

Outside Directors' Relationship with the Company (2) Updated

Name	Designation as Independent Director	Supplementary Explanation of the Relationship	Reasons for Appointment
Junichi Kawada	○	_____	<p>Junichi Kawada possesses abundant experience and a high level of knowledge through his many years in corporate management as a corporate executive of a listed company, particularly in the areas of compliance and corporate governance in corporate group management, and uses these attributes to supervise the Company's management from an objective and neutral position. Therefore, the Company determines that he is qualified as an outside director. He meets the standards for independence set out by the Tokyo Stock Exchange and the Standards regarding the Independence of Directors and Audit and Supervisory Board Members set by the Company, and there is no risk of a conflict of interests with general shareholders. The Company has therefore designated him as an independent director.</p>
Mayumi Tamura	○	_____	<p>Mayumi Tamura possesses abundant management experience and a high level of knowledge on financial/accounting matters, having served as CFO at multiple global companies for many years, and uses these attributes to supervise the Company's management from an objective and neutral position. Therefore, the Company determines that she is qualified as an outside director. She meets the standards for independence set out by the Tokyo Stock Exchange and the Standards regarding the Independence of Directors and Audit and Supervisory Board Members set by the Company, and there is no risk of a conflict of interests with general shareholders. The Company has</p>

			therefore designated her as an independent director.
Yumiko Jozuka	○	————	Yumiko Jozuka has accumulated experience and knowledge through many years of involvement in health, labor, and welfare administration and, in particular, has extensive experience and insight in areas such as diversity, empowerment of women, working style reform and human resource development, and uses these attributes to supervise the management of the Company from an objective and neutral position. Therefore, the Company determines that she is qualified as an outside director. She meets the standards for independence set out by the Tokyo Stock Exchange and the Standards regarding the Independence of Directors and Audit and Supervisory Board Members set by the Company, and there is no risk of a conflict of interests with general shareholders. The Company has therefore designated her as an independent director.
Yoshio Kometani	○	Yoshio Kometani served as a Director at Mitsui & Co., Ltd., a company with which we have a business relationship, until June 2023; however, the scale and nature of our transactions with that company in the most recent fiscal year do not affect his independence.	Yoshio Kometani has been involved in corporate management for many years as a director of a listed company and possesses extensive experience and deep insight in fields such as machinery and infrastructure, as well as ICT and digital technologies. The Company determines that, by leveraging these attributes, he is capable of supervising our management from an objective and neutral standpoint. He meets the standards for independence set out by the Tokyo Stock Exchange and the Standards regarding the Independence of Directors and Audit and Supervisory Board Members set by the Company, and there is no risk of a conflict of interests with general shareholders. The Company has therefore designated him as an independent director.

Voluntary Establishment of Committee(s) equivalent to Nomination Committee or Remuneration Committee

Established

Status of Voluntarily Established Committee(s), Attributes of Members Constituting the Committee and the Committee Chairperson Updated

	Committee's Name	All Members	Full-time Members	Inside Directors	Outside Directors	Outside Experts	Other	Chairperson
Voluntarily Established Committee Equivalent to Nomination Committee	Nomination and Compensation Committee	6	0	2	4	0	0	Outside Director
Voluntarily Established Committee Equivalent to Remuneration Committee	Nomination and Compensation Committee	6	0	2	4	0	0	Outside Director

Supplementary Explanation Updated

· The Company has established a Nomination and Compensation Committee, which has a majority of outside directors and is chaired by a non-executive director, to ensure fair and transparent decision-making on the appointment/dismissal of directors, Audit & Supervisory Board members, and executive officers, and on evaluation and compensation of directors and executive officers.

· Nomination and Compensation Committee's composition (total of 6 members)

Chairperson: Junichi Kawada (Outside Director) (Note 1)

Committee Members:

Outside Directors Mayumi Tamura, Yumiko Jozuka, and Yoshio Kometani

Inside Director Tatsuya Shimmura (President and Representative Director),
Noriaki Shimizu (Non-Executive Director)

The following is a summary of activities during the most recent fiscal year. (Positions are as of the end of the most recent fiscal year.)

Position	Name	Attendance
Director Chairperson	Noriaki Shimizu	11/11 (100%)
Outside Director	Tamotsu Iwamoto	11/11 (100%)
Outside Director	Junichi Kawada	11/11 (100%)
Outside Director	Mayumi Tamura	10/11 (90.9%)
Outside Director	Yumiko Jozuka	10/11 (90.9%)
President and Representative Director	Tatsuya Shimmura	10/10 (100%) (Note 2)

(Note 1) After the directors of the Company were appointed at the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 26, 2026, the members of the Nomination and Compensation Committee were appointed at the Extraordinary Board of Directors' Meeting held on the same day, and he was elected as Chairperson by mutual vote of the committee members.

(Note 2) Tatsuya Shimmura was appointed as President and Director at the extraordinary meeting of the Board of Directors held on June 27, 2025, and subsequently assumed the

position of a member of the Nomination and Compensation Committee at the second meeting of the same committee held on the same day.

(Main Agenda Items)

Formulation of personnel proposals for directors/executive officers and individual evaluations; total amount of bonuses for directors/executive officers and individual bonuses; individual monthly compensation for the following fiscal year; succession plans; organizational Composition; verification and review of related rules and regulations, etc.

Audit and Supervisory Board Member

Establishment of Audit and Supervisory Board	Established
Number of Audit and Supervisory Board Members Stipulated in Articles of Incorporation	5
Number of Audit and Supervisory Board Members	5

Cooperation among Audit and Supervisory Board Members, Accounting Auditors, and Internal Audit Departments

(1) Audit and supervisory board members hear about the audit system, audit-related quality control, and other matters when the accounting auditor's audit plan is formulated. They also receive reports on audit results and interim reviews, and cooperate with the accounting auditor by attending audits, etc. as appropriate.

(2) The Audit Department has been established to conduct internal audits of the overall business activities of the Company and its Group Companies. It accesses risks and issues for each auditee and prepares an audit plan. After the Board of Directors approves the plan, it conducts internal audits. Audit results are reported to all directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members after each audit. The information about the operation of the Audit Department is shared with the Audit & Supervisory Board members and the accounting auditor as necessary. In addition to reporting audit results, they share the information on their operation.

Appointment of Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members	Appointed
Number of Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members	3
Number of Independent Audit and Supervisory Board Members	3

Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members' Relationship with the Company (1)

Name	Attributes	Relationship with the Company*												
		a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m
Kaoru Ishikawa	Other	▲									○			
Toshie Ikenaga	Other													
Ko Shikata	Academic									○				

* Categories for "Relationship with the Company."

* Use “○” when the person presently falls or has recently fallen under the category; “△” when the person fell under the category in the past.

* “●” when a close relative of the person presently falls or has recently fallen under the category; and “▲” when a close relative of the person fell under the category in the past.

- a. Person who executes business for the Company or its subsidiary
- b. A non-executive director or an accounting advisor of the Company or its subsidiaries
- c. Person who executes business for or a non-executive director of the Company’s parent company
- d. An Audit and Supervisory Board member of a parent company of the Company
- e. Person who executes business for a fellow subsidiary
- f. Person/entity for which the Company is a major client or a person who executes business for said person/entity
- g. Major client of the Company or a person who executes business for said client
- h. Consultant, accounting expert, or legal expert who receives large amounts of cash or other assets from the Company in addition to compensation as a director/Audit & Supervisory Board member
- i. Major shareholder of the Company (in cases where the shareholder is a corporation, a person who executes business for the corporation)
- j. Person who executes business for a client of the Company (excluding persons categorized as any of f, g, or h above) (applies to the person him/herself only)
- k. Person who executes business for another company that holds cross-directorships/cross-auditorships with the Company (applies to the person him/herself only)
- l. Person who executes business for an entity receiving donations from the Company (applies to the person him/herself only)
- m. Other

Name	Designation as Independent Audit and Supervisory Board Member	Supplementary Explanation of the Relationship	Reasons for Appointment
Kaoru Ishikawa	○	Kaoru Ishikawa is a Director at present at Kawamura Gakuen School Corporation, an educational corporation with which the Company has conducted transactions. However, the scale and nature of the transactions with the said corporation for the most recent fiscal year do not affect his independence.	<p>Kaoru Ishikawa has played a leading role in the field of diplomacy for many years, and has abundant experience as a diplomat and expertise on international relations and the sustainability field, and uses these attributes to supervise the Company's management from an objective and neutral position and from a global perspective. Therefore, the Company determines that he is qualified as an outside Audit & Supervisory Board member.</p> <p>As his attributes are as described on the left, he meets the standards for independence set out by the Tokyo Stock Exchange and the Standards regarding the Independence of Directors and Audit and Supervisory Board Members set by the Company, and there is no risk of a conflict of interests with general shareholders. The Company has therefore designated him as an independent Audit & Supervisory Board member.</p>
Toshie Ikenaga	○	-----	<p>Through many years of involvement in government agencies, Toshie Ikenaga has been active in many fields, including analysis of economic conditions and policy issues, running a local government organization as Vice-Governor of Shiga Prefecture, and promoting diversity, and she has academic knowledge and wide-ranging experience and insight into economics and management, and uses these attributes to supervise the Company's management from an objective and neutral position. Therefore, the Company determines that she is qualified as an outside Audit & Supervisory Board member.</p> <p>She meets the standards for independence set out by the Tokyo Stock Exchange and the Standards regarding the Independence of Directors and Audit and Supervisory Board Members set by the Company, and there is no risk of a conflict of interests with general shareholders. The Company has therefore designated her as an independent Audit &</p>

			Supervisory Board member.
Ko Shikata	○	Ko Shikata currently is a professor at present at Chuo University, an educational corporation with which the Company has conducted transactions. However, the scale and nature of the transactions with the said corporation in the most recent fiscal year do not affect his independence.	Ko Shikata has contributed to maintaining and improving a safe and secure society, including cybersecurity, through his many years of involvement in police administration. He has also worked in policy research and education and support as a university professor, has academic knowledge and broad experience and knowledge of the legal and policy field, and uses these attributes to supervise the Company's management from an objective and neutral position. Therefore, the Company determines that he is qualified as an outside Audit & Supervisory Board member. As his attributes are as described on the left, he meets the standards for independence set out by the Tokyo Stock Exchange and the Standards regarding the Independence of Directors and Audit and Supervisory Board Members set by the Company, and there is no risk of a conflict of interests with general shareholders. The Company has therefore designated him as an independent Audit & Supervisory Board member.

Matters Concerning Independent Directors and Independent Audit and Supervisory Board Members

Number of Independent Directors and Independent Audit and Supervisory Board Members

7

Other Matters Concerning Independent Directors and Independent Audit and Supervisory Board Members

The Company designates all outside directors and outside Audit & Supervisory Board members who meet the qualifications for independent directors and independent Audit & Supervisory Board members as independent directors and independent Audit & Supervisory Board members.

Incentives

Implementation Status of Measures related to Incentives Granted to Directors Updated

Introduction of Performance-linked Compensation Plan

Supplementary Explanation for Applicable Items

Please refer to “II. 1. [Director Remuneration] Disclosure of Policy on Determining Remuneration Amounts and Calculation Methods” in this report for details.

Supplementary Explanation for Applicable Items

Director Remuneration

Status of Disclosure of Individual Director's Remuneration

Disclosure for Selected Directors

Supplementary Explanation for Applicable Items Updated

(1) Compensation paid to the Company's Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members in the most recent fiscal year was as follows:

Directors (excluding Outside Directors)	8 persons	937 million yen
Audit & Supervisory Board Members (excluding Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members)	3 persons	70 million yen
Outside Directors and Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members	7 persons	108 million yen

(2) The following four Directors received total compensation of 100 million yen or more in the most recent fiscal year:

Kazuyuki Inoue	Total of 204 million yen (monthly compensation: 118 million yen, bonus: 85 million yen, amount of the bonus intended for a purchase of the shares of the Company: 17 million yen)
Tatsuya Shimmura	Total of 243 million yen (monthly compensation: 129 million yen, bonus: 113 million yen, amount of the bonus intended for a purchase of the shares of the Company: 22 million yen)
Kentaro Ikeda	Total of 121 million yen (monthly compensation: 74 million yen, bonus: 46 million yen, amount of the bonus intended for a purchase of the shares of the Company: 9 million yen)
Takeshi Sekiguchi	Total of 117 million yen (monthly compensation: 74 million yen, bonus: 42 million yen, amount of the bonus intended for a purchase of the shares of the Company: 8 million yen)

Policy on Determining Remuneration Amounts and Calculation Methods Updated

Established

Disclosure of Policy on Determining Remuneration Amounts and Calculation Methods

The compensation of each director, which consisted of fixed-amount monthly salary as basic compensation, and bonus as performance-linked compensation, and compensation for purchasing the Company's shares. From fiscal 2026 the previously provided compensation for purchasing the Company's shares is abolished, and a performance-linked share-based compensation plan (the "Plan") has been newly introduced, wherein the Company's shares are delivered as compensation. Thereby, the compensation for directors shall consist of "fixed-amount monthly salary," "bonus as short-term performance-linked compensation," and "medium-term performance-linked share-based

compensation” under the Plan. The compensation shall be decided through deliberations by the Nomination and Compensation Committee, which is made up of a majority of outside directors and is chaired by a non-executive director, and which was established to evaluate the performance of directors and decide on their compensation in a fair and transparent manner, based on a resolution passed at the Board of Directors.

Non-executive directors including outside directors and audit & supervisory board members are paid only fixed-amount monthly salary for the purpose of enhancing the supervisory functions of management.

The Company, at the Board of Directors’ Meeting held on February 24, 2021, established the Regulations on Director Compensation, that set forth the policy for determining the compensation for each director. Subsequently, at the Board of Directors Meeting held on June 26, 2026, the revision of the relevant regulations in conjunction with the introduction of the Plan was resolved. Its outline is as follows:

- Policy on fixed-amount monthly salary as basic compensation

Of the compensation, etc. for directors of the Company, the fixed-amount monthly salary as basic compensation is a maximum total of 90 million yen a month (including a maximum of 10 million yen for outside directors) based on a resolution passed at the 117th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 27, 2019. As of the closing of the 117th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders, the number of directors was 12 (including 3 outside directors).

Compensation for Audit & Supervisory Board members is a maximum total of 13 million yen a month pursuant to a resolution passed at the 89th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 27, 1991, and is decided through discussions at the Audit & Supervisory Board. As of the closing of the 89th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders, the number of Audit & Supervisory Board members was 4.

- Policy on bonus as short-term performance-linked compensation

Of the compensation, etc. for directors of the Company, bonus as short-term performance-linked compensation for executive directors is a maximum total of 500 million yen a year based on a resolution at the 118th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 26, 2020, and the Nomination and Compensation Committee deliberates on whether or not a bonus shall be paid and on what amount shall be paid. The bonus amount is calculated according to the following method based on consolidated net income, the final results of the Group’s business activities for a business year. As of the closing of the 118th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders, the number of executive directors was 7. The “earnings coefficient” used to calculate the bonus amount has been updated at the Board of Directors’ Meeting held on January 31, 2025, considering a proposal for deliberation presented by the Nomination and Compensation Committee to make it more clearly defined and provide management more incentives. The new coefficient is applied from the fiscal year starting on April 1, 2025.

(Method of calculating individual performance-linked compensation (bonus))

Consolidated earnings^{*1} × Earnings coefficient^{*2} × Positional index^{*3} × Individual evaluation coefficient^{*4} = Individual bonus amount

*1 Consolidated net income for the current fiscal year (Net income attributable to shareholders of the Company)

*2 The Nomination and Compensation Committee determines the earnings coefficient using ordinary income which represents the result of basic business development of the Company and an achievement rate against the targets set for the fiscal year of awards profitability of the construction business, a leading indicator of the business results for coming fiscal years, as main evaluation items. Other items are selected from non-financial KPIs from the Mid-Term Business Plan and added by the Nomination and Compensation Committee based on priority in terms of

enhancing medium- to long-term corporate value and objectivity of evaluation. The Nomination and Compensation Committee then considers whether or not there is any material violation of laws and decides the earnings coefficient based on the evaluation value derived by weighted average of each item.

*3 An index determined for each director's position

*4 The Nomination and Compensation Committee determines an individual evaluation coefficient based on the results of evaluations of the level of achievement of targets set for each director based on interviews with executive directors at the beginning and end of the fiscal year. (Evaluation coefficient range from 65% to 135%)

The multifaceted evaluations cover the short-term performance of each director in addition to their level of contribution to achieving the targets of the Mid-Term Business Plan, their efforts to strengthen the management base, their contributions to sustainability, and their performance as directorships.

Notably, only the non-executive directors of the Nomination and Compensation Committee members make decisions regarding executive director evaluations.

· Policy on performance-linked share-based compensation

Of the compensation, etc. for directors of the Company, the medium-term performance-linked share-based compensation for executive directors is with the purpose to increase directors' motivation to improve financial results, and to heighten awareness among directors of their contribution to the Company's sustained growth and medium- to long-term corporate value by ensuring that they share the risk and reward associated with changes in the stock price with those of shareholders. For the Plan, we have adopted a framework called the director's compensation Board Incentive Plan (BIP) trust. The Plan is designed to deliver the Company's shares (or, in some cases, an amount of cash equivalent to the proceeds from the sale of such shares; "Company Shares, etc.") to executive directors through the trust, based on their positions, the degree of achievement of performance targets, and others during the fiscal years covered by the Mid-Term Business Plan.

The number of Company Shares, etc. delivered to directors is determined by the number of "share delivery points." Share delivery points are accumulated based on standard points granted annually in June. After the target period of the Mid-Term Business Plan ends, this accumulated value is multiplied by a performance coefficient, which is determined by the Nomination and Compensation Committee, within a range of 70% to 130% based on the achievement of performance targets. For indicators regarding degree of achievement of performance targets, etc., ROE and evaluation items selected by the Nomination and Compensation Committee from financial and non-financial KPIs, etc. listed in the Mid-Term Business Plan are adopted, taking into account the priority for enhancing medium- to long-term corporate value, the objectivity of measurement, and the correlation with performance evaluations used for short-term performance-linked compensation.

According to the resolution of the 124th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 26, 2026, the upper limit on the number of points to be granted to directors during the target period of the Mid-Term Business Plan is 200,000 points multiplied by the number of years in the target period.

In principle, the directors who satisfy the beneficiary requirements shall receive the delivery of the number of Company's Shares, etc. calculated based on the above upon the resignation, and the Company shares based on share delivery points shall continue to be held for a certain period after resignation.

Support System for Outside Directors (and/or Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members)

The Company has established a system mainly consisting of the headquarters administrative departments to provide timely information and other materials to assist outside directors and other non-executive directors in performing their management supervisory duties.

The Audit & Supervisory Board Members Office was established as a dedicated organization to support Audit & Supervisory Board members. This office secures the necessary support staff to assist outside Audit & Supervisory Board members in conducting audits.

When a Board of Directors' Meeting is held, materials are distributed in advance, and the Board of Directors Administrative Office and other divisions provide explanations in advance to the outside directors and outside Audit & Supervisory Board members.

Status of Persons who have Retired as President and Representative Director, etc.

Information on Persons Holding Advisory Positions (Sodanyaku, Komon, etc.) after Retiring as President and Representative Director, etc.

Name	Job title/ position	Responsibilities	Terms and Conditions of Employment (Full/part time, with/without remuneration, etc.)	Date when former role as President/ CEO ended	Term
Yoichi Miyamoto	Advisor	Providing guidance on passing on our Corporate Principles to the next generation, accepting key positions at important external groups and the like	Full time, with compensation	April 1, 2016	Regulated

Number of Persons Holding Advisory Positions (Sodanyaku, Komon, etc.) After Retiring as President and Representative Director, etc.

1

Other Related Matters

Mr. Yoichi Miyamoto retired from his position as the President and Representative Director on April 1, 2016, and became the Chairperson and Representative Director. He was appointed the Advisor and Director on April 1, 2025, and retired from his position as the Director upon the completion of his term on June 27, 2025.

2. Matters Concerning Functions of Business Execution, Auditing and Supervision, Nomination, and Remuneration Decisions (Overview of Current Corporate Governance System) Updated

(1) Current Corporate Governance System

- The Company shall have a small number of directors and shall utilize the executive officer system to ensure efficient business management by distinguishing between strategy/management supervision and the execution of business operations. The term of office of directors and executive officers is one year.
- The Company has established the Nomination and Compensation Committee, chaired by a non-executive director and composed of a majority of outside directors, to ensure the fair and transparent decision-making on the appointment/dismissal of directors, Audit & Supervisory Board members, and executive officers, and on evaluation and compensation of directors and executive officers.
- The Board of Directors' Meeting, chaired by the Chairperson of the Company, is held once a month as a rule, and as needed. It deliberates and decides on matters stipulated by law and the Articles of Incorporation, as well as important management matters, and supervises the execution of duties.

The Board of Directors' Meeting is held 18 times in fiscal 2025, and the attendance of each director is as described in Proposal 2: Election of Eleven (11) Directors in the Notice of the 124th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders.

- In order to further invigorate deliberation by the Board of Directors and enhance the function of the supervision of management, the Company shall appoint outside directors for at least one-third of the total number of directors.
- Non-executive directors, including outside directors, and outside Audit & Supervisory Board members, monitor and supervise management and provide necessary advice from time to time using their abundant experience and deep insight based on their respective backgrounds.

(2) Processes for Enhancing Business Execution, Supervisory Functions, etc.

- Management decisions made by the Board of Directors are communicated and conveyed at the Executive Officers' Meeting (held every month) and the Division Directors' Meeting (held every other month), and the progress of business execution is confirmed.
In addition, the Company has structured meetings to efficiently make decisions on important matters related to the execution of business operations and determine strategies.
- The Company established a structure mainly consisting of the headquarters administrative departments to provide timely information and other materials to assist outside directors and other non-executive directors in performing their management supervisory duties (including tours of offices, construction sites, etc.).
- The relevant divisions provide guidance on the Company in general, description of its businesses, and other relevant information to new outside directors and outside Audit & Supervisory Board members.
- When a Board of Directors' Meeting is held, the Board of Directors Administrative Office and other divisions provide explanations in advance to the outside directors, non-executive directors, and Audit & Supervisory Board members.
- Outside directors and other non-executive directors regularly exchange opinions with the Chairperson and President. The Chairperson and President also exchanges opinions with outside Audit & Supervisory Board members in the same manner.
- Outside directors and outside Audit & Supervisory Board members hold the Outside Directors/Outside Audit & Supervisory Members Opinion Exchange Meeting, and outside directors and all Audit & Supervisory Board members hold the Outside Directors/Audit & Supervisory Board Member Liaison Meeting regularly to exchange opinions.
- The Company has entered into an audit contract with Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC to conduct

a fair audit of its accounting under the Companies Act and the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan.

- The Audit Department has been established to conduct internal audits of the overall business activities of the Company and its Group Companies. It accesses risks and issues for each auditee and prepares an audit plan. After the Board of Directors approves the plan, it conducts internal audits. Audit results are reported to all directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members after each audit. The information about the operation of the Audit Department is shared with the Audit & Supervisory Board members and the accounting auditor as necessary. In addition to reporting audit results and sharing the information on their operation, the information on risk assessment and others are shared with the internal control divisions and operations are coordinated.

(3) Status of Securing Human Resources and Systems to Support Audits by Audit & Supervisory Board Members

- The Company shall put in place the Audit & Supervisory Board Members Office (full-time staff) to assist the Audit & Supervisory Board members to exercise their authority as specified in relevant laws and regulations and to efficiently perform their audits. The staffs at the Audit & Supervisory Board Members Office shall be persons with experience and knowledge in legal, accounting, etc. and shall perform their duties under the direction of the Audit & Supervisory Board members shall have the authority to collect information necessary for auditing.

Transfers, etc. of staffs of the Audit & Supervisory Board Members Office shall be with the advance consent of the Audit & Supervisory Board.

- Audit & supervisory board members improve the effectiveness of management supervision by attending important meetings and obtaining sufficient information from executives and employees without delay.
- The status of other initiatives to strengthen the function of Audit & Supervisory Board members is described in the [Audit & Supervisory Board Member] section.

(4) Limited Liability Agreement

- The Company entered into a limited liability agreement with all of the outside directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members pursuant to the provisions of Article 427, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act and Articles 26 and 33 of the Articles of Incorporation, to the effect that if an outside director or an Audit & Supervisory Board member causes damage to the Company by neglecting to perform his or her duties, provided such an outside director or an Audit & Supervisory Board member has acted in good faith and without gross negligence, his or her liability shall be limited to the minimum amount of liability stipulated in Article 425, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act.

3. Reasons for Adoption of Current Corporate Governance System

Shimizu has adopted the structure of a company with an Audit & Supervisory Board. We have chosen this system based on the belief that we have established a system to supervise and oversee management from an objective and neutral perspective. This was achieved by limiting the number of directors and introducing an executive officer system to clearly separate the management strategy decision making and oversight functions from the business execution function, by taking steps to encourage energetic debate at the Board of Directors, and by electing outside directors, other non-executive directors, and outside Audit & Supervisory Board members who maintain a high degree of independence.

III. Implementation of Measures for Shareholders and Other Stakeholders

1. Measures to Vitalize General Meetings of Shareholders and Facilitate Exercise of Voting Rights Updated

	Supplementary Explanation
Early Dispatch of the Notice of the General Meeting of Shareholders	In order for shareholders to have enough time to study agenda items and exercise their voting rights, we dispatched the Notice of the General Meeting of Shareholders for the 124th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders more than 3 weeks before the date of the Meeting. For early disclosure of the information, we disclosed it on the website of the Company and the Tokyo Stock Exchange before dispatching the Notice.
Exercising Voting Rights by Electronic or Magnetic Means	The “Platform for the Exercise of Voting Rights for Institutional Investors” operated by ICJ, Inc. has been adopted since the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held in June 2014.
Participation in a Platform for the Electronic Exercise of Voting Rights and Other Initiatives to Enhance Environment for Institutional Investors to Exercise Voting Rights	The “Platform for the Exercise of Voting Rights for Institutional Investors” operated by ICJ, Inc. has been adopted since the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held in June 2014.
Provision of Notice (or Summary of Notice) of the General Meeting of Shareholders in English	An English translation of the Notice of the General Meeting of Shareholders is prepared and submitted to the Tokyo Stock Exchange and posted on our corporate website.
Other	The results of resolutions of the General Meeting of Shareholders, including the number of votes for and against, are posted on our corporate website. This information is posted on our corporate website.

2. Status of IR-related Activities Updated

	Supplementary Explanation	Explanation by the Representative Director or Representative Executive Officer
Formulation and Publication of Disclosure Policies	For more details, please visit the following URL on our corporate website. https://www.shimz.co.jp/en/company/ir/management/disclosure/	
Regular Investor Briefings held for Analysts and Institutional Investors	Financial results meetings are held four times a year (each financial results announcement date) for financial analysts and institutional investors with senior management in attendance. We also hold an annual Sustainability Management Briefing (the fiscal 2025	Held

	<p>session was held on October 27), which was attended by the Senior Managing Officer and Representative Director.</p> <p>https://www.shimz.co.jp/en/information/others/20251027.html</p>	
Regular Investor Briefings held for Overseas Investors	<p>IR meetings are held individually for institutional investors in Europe, the U.S., Singapore, and other countries.</p> <p>We also participate in conferences organized by securities companies as appropriate.</p>	Held
Online Disclosure of IR Information	<p>The Company has created a “Investor Relations” section on its corporate website, where we post information on financial results and other topics.</p> <p>For more details, please visit the following URL on our corporate website.</p> <p>https://www.shimz.co.jp/en/company/ir/</p>	
Establishment of Department and/or Placement of a Manager in Charge of IR	<p>The Investor and Shareholder Relations Department is in charge of IR-related operations.</p>	
Other	<p>For financial analysts and institutional investors, business briefings on management topics and construction site tours by senior management and other events are held several times a year.</p> <p>https://www.shimz.co.jp/en/company/ir/management/communication/</p> <p>For individual investors, we hold business briefings and facility tours to help them deepen their understanding of our business activities.</p> <p>https://www.shimz.co.jp/company/ir/events/individual/ (in Japanese)</p> <p>For individual shareholders, the Company continuously implements IR events and a shareholder special benefit program to help them deepen their understanding of the Company.</p> <p>https://www.shimz.co.jp/company/ir/individual/ (in Japanese)</p>	

3. Status of Measures to Ensure Due Respect for Stakeholders Updated

Supplementary Explanation	
Establishment of Internal Rules Stipulating Respect for the Position of Stakeholders	<p>The Company has adopted The Analects and the Abacus as its Credo.</p> <p>The Code of Corporate Ethics and Conduct, which was established in accordance with the spirit of the Credo, clearly states our respect for the position of each stakeholder, including being “A Company That Values People,” “Pursuing Business</p>

	<p>Activities that Meet the Needs of the Community,” “Coexisting with Local Communities,” and “Maintaining Partnerships with subcontractors/suppliers.”</p>
<p>Implementation of Environmental Preservation Activities and CSR Activities, etc.</p>	<p>Based on the group environmental vision SHIMZ Beyond Zero 2050, the Company not only eliminates the negative effects of our activities, but also provides positive environmental value to our clients and society.</p> <p>In addition, the Company has established the Shimizu Group Basic Policy on CSR Procurement and Shimizu Group CSR Procurement Guidelines to build a sustainable supply chain with subcontractors/suppliers that are good partners.</p> <p>In addition, the Company is striving to develop human resources who will lead Japan’s Monozukuri (craftsmanship) in the future through the Shimizu Takumi Training Center, an education and training facility for skilled workers, and the Shimizu Open Academy, a public lecture course.</p> <p>For specific initiatives, please visit the following URL on our corporate website.</p> <p>https://www.shimz.co.jp/en/company/csr/</p>
<p>Formulation of Policies, etc. on Provision of Information to Stakeholders</p>	<p>The Company strives to disclose the important information about us in a timely and appropriate manner to our shareholders and investors.</p> <p>We comply with relevant laws and regulations, such as the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act, and timely disclosure rules set by the Tokyo Stock Exchange, and disclose information in a transparent, timely, and fair manner.</p> <p>We endeavor to disclose the information which is deemed to be useful for shareholders/investors in a most proactive and fair manner, even if its disclosure is not mandated according to relevant laws and regulations, and timely disclosure rules.</p> <p>https://www.shimz.co.jp/en/company/ir/management/disclosure/</p>
<p>Other</p>	<p>The Company defines a “fulfilling and attractive workplace” as “a workplace where all people working at the Company are healthy in mind and body, accepts each other, and can maximize their individual characteristics and strengths,” and we are committed to creating corporate value (performance) through the continuous improvement of “job satisfaction.”</p> <p>To enhance interpersonal relationships in the workplace and revitalize the organization, we are working to visualize and address organizational issues through dialogues and surveys. The fiscal 2025 employee engagement survey revealed that employees who are satisfied with the dialogue initiatives tend to have higher scores compared to others. Through dialogues, we can expect to build a virtuous cycle in which each employee works as a team, drawing on each other’s abilities and strengths to not only improve business performance, but also to create innovation and secure excellent human resources. We continue to promote changes in individual awareness and behavior, as well as the strengthening of collaboration within the workplace and</p>

between organizations, through dialogues.

In addition, the Company has established a company-wide promotion system for employee health and is continuously implementing necessary measures based on “Declaration of Health and Productivity Management” and “Health and Productivity Management Strategy Map.”

<Main Initiatives>

○Dialogue and Survey

- Implement 1-on-1 meetings to support subordinate growth and facilitate the achievement of results.
- Implement workplace dialogue sessions to enhance trust and foster the growth of individuals and teams.
- Implement cross-organizational dialogue sessions to promote functional collaboration beyond organizational boundaries.
- Quantitative assessment through pulse surveys and employee engagement surveys.

○Health and Productivity Management

- Prohibiting smoking during working hours, and removal of smoking areas in the Corporate Headquarters Bldg.
- Strengthen the mental health support system (e.g., posting occupational health staff to each regional office).
- Implement more follow-up measures to improve the working environment (workplace observation tours, interviews with those who want to talk, etc.).
- Execute measures to improve the quality of food, sleep, and exercise across the Company.
- Introduce a health management system where employees can check the results of their own health check and others.
- Operation of an internal health portal site aimed at promoting health and improving health literacy.

IV. Matters Concerning the Internal Control System

1. Basic Views on Internal Control System and Status of Development

In order to develop a system that ensures the propriety of business operations, the Company's "Basic Policy on Developing an Internal Control System," was approved by a resolution of the Board of Directors.

1. Legal and Ethical Compliance System

(1) In order to ensure that executives and employees perform their duties in compliance with laws and regulations and the Articles of Incorporation, the Company shall implement its Code of Corporate Ethics and Conduct and work to thoroughly promote corporate ethics including legal compliance.

(2) In order to thoroughly promote its Code of Corporate Ethics and Conduct and put it into practice by executives and employees, the Company shall educate and train its workforce and develop an internal structure by such means as appointing Executive Officer in charge of Corporate Ethics, putting in place a Corporate Ethics Committee, a Corporate Ethics Office, and a Corporate Ethics Help-Line Office, and establishing a whistle-blowing system.

(3) In order to further promote thorough compliance with the Construction Business Act, the Company shall introduce and thoroughly promote measures to secure proper contracts and payments when dealing with subcontractors/suppliers, and shall develop an internal structure for establishing systems to maintain construction system ledgers.

(4) In order to eliminate violations of the Antimonopoly Act, the Company shall undertake an appropriate review of its program for compliance with the Antimonopoly Act, and shall develop and thoroughly promote internal systems by such means as carrying out periodic transfers of business development personnel, thoroughly implementing education and training, establishing an internal check system and a system for whistle blowing to outside law offices, formulating a code of conduct, and implementing strict internal punishments for offenders.

(5) In order to completely sever relations with anti-social forces or groups, the Company shall clearly indicate a policy of "eradication of anti-social activity" in its Code of Corporate Ethics and Conduct, and shall develop and thoroughly promote internal systems to put this into practice by such means as carrying out education and training, selecting employees to be in charge of preventing unfair demands, developing a reporting system for cases where unfair demands are received, and having clauses clearly indicating zero tolerance for relations with organized crime groups, etc. in contracts with subcontractors/suppliers.

(6) In order to prevent bribery globally, the Company shall clearly indicate prohibition of bribery in its Code of Corporate Ethics and Conduct, establish "Anti-Bribery Rules," and develop an internal system, which includes an implementation system, undertaking education and training activities, and strict punishments for offenders.

2. Internal Audit System

The Company will put in place the Audit Department to function in an internal control and checking role. It shall perform comprehensive audits of the activities of business execution sections based on audit plans approved by the Board of Directors. The audit results shall be reported to the directors and also to the Audit & Supervisory Board members.

3. Risk Management System

(1) The Company shall formulate rules concerning general risk management. It will also develop a system enabling the management of all risks with the potential to have a serious impact on the corporate group, composed of the Company and its subsidiaries, as well as providing accurate responses when risks are manifested.

(2) For various types of risk, quality, safety, environment, natural disasters, information, and business loss, etc., the Company shall develop a system enabling prevention of occurrences and reoccurrences accurately by putting in place bodies such as divisions, departments, and committees to respond to individual risks by function.

4. Structure for Efficient Execution of Business Operations

(1) The Company shall have a small number of directors and shall utilize the executive officer system to ensure efficient business management by distinguishing between strategy/management supervision and the execution of business operations.

(2) In order to further invigorate deliberation by the Board of Directors and enhance the function of the supervision of management, the Company shall appoint outside directors.

(3) The Company shall structure meetings to efficiently carry out the functions necessary for business operations, including the approval of material matters relating to the execution of operations and the determination of strategy. Matters shall be deliberated on, decided and implemented based on the “Material Matter Authorization Table” appended to the rules of the Board of Directors specified by the Board of Directors.

(4) The Company shall establish a Nomination and Compensation Committee, with a majority of outside directors, to ensure fair and transparent decision-making on the appointment/dismissal, evaluation, and compensation of directors and executive officers.

(5) Executive Officers shall execute operations in accordance with the rules on office organization, division of operations, and delegation of authority, as specified by the Board of Directors.

5. Retention and Management of Information on the Execution of Business Operations

The Company shall specify rules on documents and an information security policy, and shall appropriately retain and manage minutes of the Board of Directors’ Meetings, internal circulars for managerial decisions, various contract documents, and other important information showing the status of the execution of operations. In addition, the Company shall develop an internal system for the safe and effective use of electronic information.

6. Systems for Appropriate Business Operations at the Corporate Group

(1) The Company shall hold regular meetings to share information with its subsidiaries, manage material matters related to subsidiaries’ conduct of operations, and require that subsidiaries report on and obtain the approval of the Company for these matters as stipulated in the “Subsidiary Management Rules.”

(2) The Company shall perform internal audits through its Audit Department and monitor the proper execution of business operations of subsidiaries as necessary by such means as seconding auditors.

(3) In order to ensure the appropriate business operations, subsidiaries shall develop internal rules depending on their business fields and develop internal systems, including establishing a whistle-blowing system.

(4) The Company shall develop and operate an internal control system necessary to ensure the reliability of financial reporting and to help maintain and enhance societal trust.

7. Systems for Audit & Supervisory Board Members

(1) The Company shall put in place the Audit & Supervisory Board Members Office (full-time staff)

of full-time employees to assist the Audit & Supervisory Board members to exercise their authority as specified in relevant laws and regulations and to efficiently perform their audits.

(2) The employees at the Audit & Supervisory Board Members Office shall perform their duties under the direction of the Audit & Supervisory Board members and shall have the authority to collect information necessary for auditing.

Transfers, etc. of employees of the Audit & Supervisory Board Members Office shall be with the advance consent of the Audit & Supervisory Board.

8. System for Making Reports to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members Regarding the Execution of Business Operations

(1) Executives and employees shall make reports to the Audit & Supervisory Board members without delay in cases of occurrences of matters relating to the Company and its subsidiaries, including statutory matters, events with the potential to cause serious loss of trust in or damage to the Company or its subsidiaries, and serious misconduct or offences against laws and regulations.

Also, the results of internal audits performed by the Audit Department and the status of reporting through the whistle-blowing system are reported to the Audit & Supervisory Board members.

(2) The Company shall develop a system to ensure that executives and employees of the Company and its subsidiaries are not treated disadvantageously due to their making reports to the Audit & Supervisory Board members.

9. Matters Regarding Expenses and Liabilities that Arise as a Result of Audit & Supervisory Board Members Performing Their Duties

Expenses and liabilities that arise as a result of Audit & Supervisory Board members performing their duties shall be promptly handled by the Company based on claims submitted by Audit & Supervisory Board members.

10. Ensuring the Authority of Audit & Supervisory Board Members to Attend Important Meetings

In order to ensure that audits of business operations by Audit & Supervisory Board members are performed effectively, the Representative Directors and the Audit & Supervisory Board members shall have regular opportunities to share management information, and Audit & Supervisory Board members nominated by the Audit & Supervisory Board shall attend “Chief Executives’ Meeting,” “Division Directors’ Meeting,” and other important meetings.

11. Matters Regarding Audits of the Consolidated Financial Statements and Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, etc. by the Audit & Supervisory Board Members

(1) In order for the Audit & Supervisory Board members to judge the appropriateness of the audit methods and results of audits by the accounting auditor, and to ensure the independence of the accounting auditor from the directors, the Audit & Supervisory Board members shall confirm the annual audit plan of the accounting auditor in advance and receive successive reports on the audit results.

(2) The Audit & Supervisory Board members and the accounting auditor shall be in coordination with each other, thus ensuring a system that enables effective auditing.

2. Basic Views on Measures for Eliminating Anti-Social Forces and Status of Development

This information is included in 1. (5) of 1. “Basic Views on Internal Control System and Status of Development” above.

V. Other

1. Whether or not There is a Policy to Respond to Hostile Takeovers (Anti-Takeover Measures)

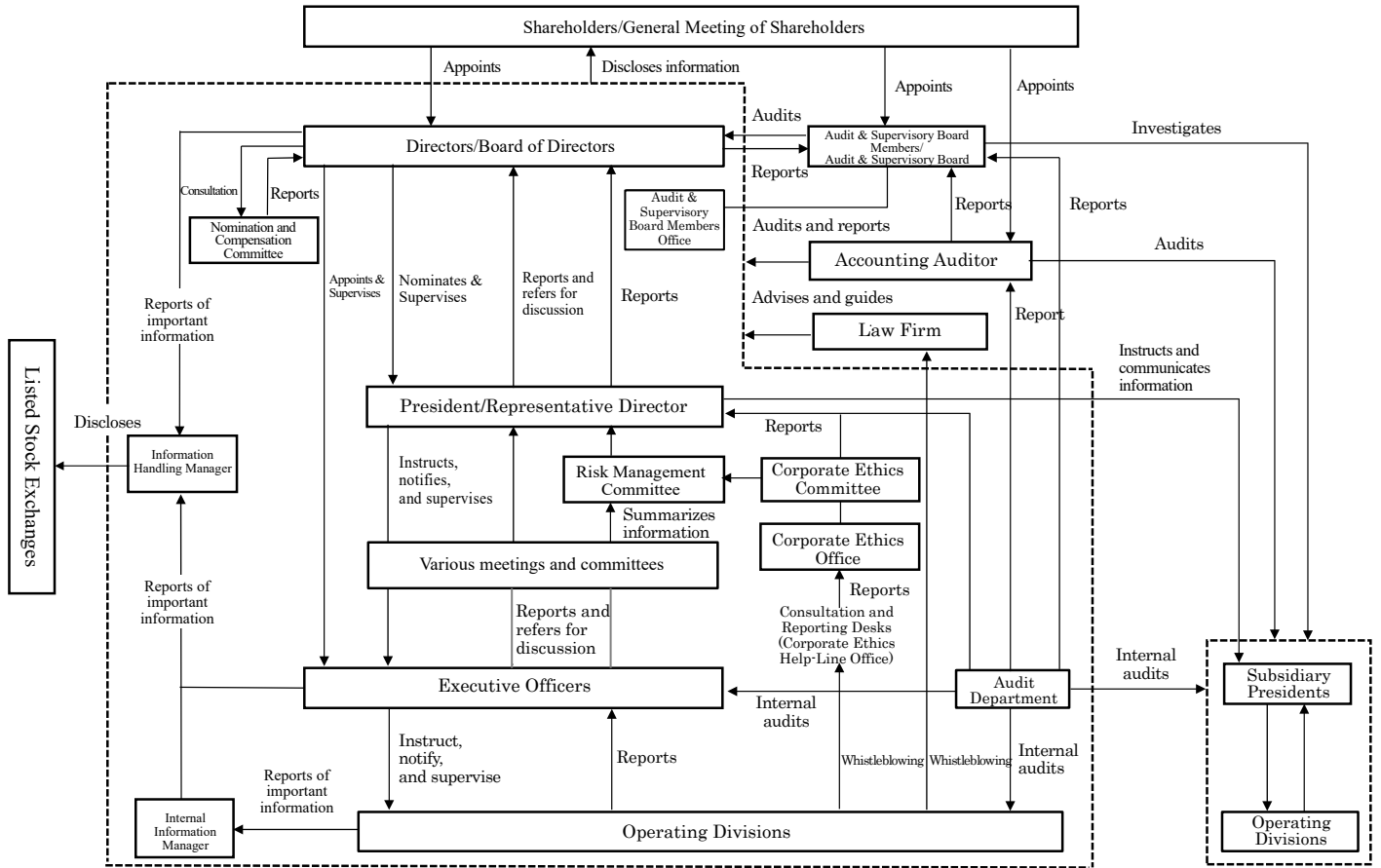
Whether or not There is a Policy to Respond to Hostile Takeovers (Anti-Takeover Measures)	None
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Supplementary Explanation for Applicable Items

2. Other Matters Concerning the Corporate Governance System

[Reference Documents: Diagrams]

Corporate Governance Structure of Shimizu Corporation (including Overview of Internal Control System and Timely Disclosure System)



[Director Skills Matrix]

The Company identified skills (knowledge, experience, abilities, etc.) necessary to respond quickly to changes in the business environment and to achieve sustained growth and medium- to long-term improvement in corporate value as below. We aim to maintain the appropriate size and diversity of the Board of Directors and also to optimize the Board of Directors as a whole and maximize its functions by organically combining skills of each director.

Name	Common Skills Our Credo, The Analects and the Abacus, & Sustainability	Expertise (skills particularly expected, four items at maximum)							
		Corporate Management	Human Resource Development & DE&I	Global Experience	DX	Production & Technology	Sales & Marketing	Finance & Accounting	Legal affairs & Risk Management
Kazuyuki Inoue	○	○	○			○	○		
Tatsuya Shimmura	○	○		○		○	○		
Yoshito Tsutsumi	○	○				○	○		○
Takefumi Saito	○				○	○	○		
Mitsuo Morii	○			○	○	○			○
Michiho Yamaguchi	○			○				○	○
Noriaki Shimizu	○				○	○	○		
Junichi Kawada	○	○	○				○		○
Mayumi Tamura	○		○	○				○	
Yumiko Jozuka	○		○	○					○
Yoshio Kometani	○	○		○	○			○	

* The Company's Credo "The Analects and the Abacus" and "Sustainability" are both principles that underlie sustainable management, and we consider these qualities as requirements for directors (common skills).

* Expertise presents a maximum of four skills particularly expected of skills possessed by each of the director, with ○ marks, and does not represent all the knowledge and expertise possessed by each of the director.

* Each of these skill categories has been determined by the Board of Directors after deliberation at the Nomination and Compensation Committee.